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## Improve Determination of $^{99}\text{Tc}$ in Environmental Samples by ICP-MS using TRU® Resin

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Technetium-99 ( $^{99}\text{Tc}$ ) is one of the most important fission products of  $^{235}\text{U}$  (~6% yield). It is a long lived radioisotope (2.11X10<sup>5</sup> years half-life), which decays by emitting beta radiation.  $^{99}\text{Tc}$  is of environmental concern because it is very mobile in the environment as Tc(VII) ( $\text{TcO}_4^-$ ) and can be bio-accumulated in some plants and animals.  $^{99}\text{Tc}$  can be measured by ICP-MS, but ruthenium (Ru) ( $^{99}\text{Ru}^+$ ) and molybdenum (Mo) ( $^{98}\text{Mo}^1\text{H}^+$ ) interfere and have to be chemically removed.  $^{99}\text{Tc}$  is frequently purified from these interferents using an anion exchange or TEVA® resin. The main issue regarding these resins is that  $^{99}\text{Tc}$  is eluted with a high acid concentration solution, which cannot be directly introduced into an ICP-MS without causing corrosion issues. The acid solution has to be evaporated, but Tc(VII) is partially volatile in acidic solutions. Also, there is no adequate long-lived Tc isotope that could be used as a tracer to correct the recovery losses.

We have demonstrated that  $^{99}\text{Tc}$  can be rapidly and selectively extracted on a TRU resin. It can be easily eluted from the resin using near boiling water, a solvent compatible with ICP-MS instrument. Rhenium (VII) (Re) has a similar chemical behavior to Tc(VII) on the resin in some conditions and can be used as a recovery tracer. Ru and Mo interferents can be removed effectively. A method was developed to determine  $^{99}\text{Tc}$  in environmental waters.  $^{99}\text{Tc}$  was pre-concentrated from a 1 L water sample using an anion exchange resin and then purified with a TRU® resin. There was no heating step for this method.

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