

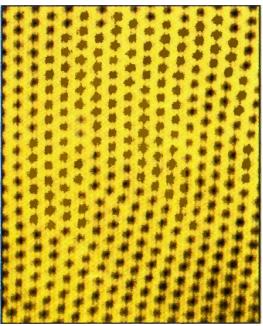
Phase Behaviour of Polyelectrolyte/Homopolymer Blends

Ashkan Dehghan, Youhai Sun and An-Chang Shi

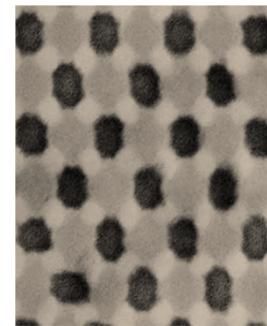
Department of Physics and Astronomy, McMaster University, Hamilton, Canada



Pattern Formation In Nature:

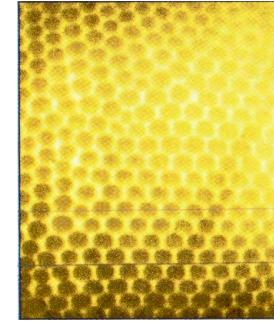


Ferrofluid

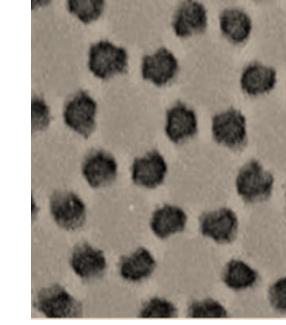
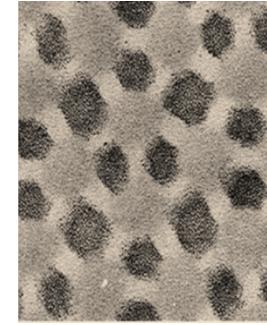


Polymers

Organic Films



Polymers



Magnetic



Colloids

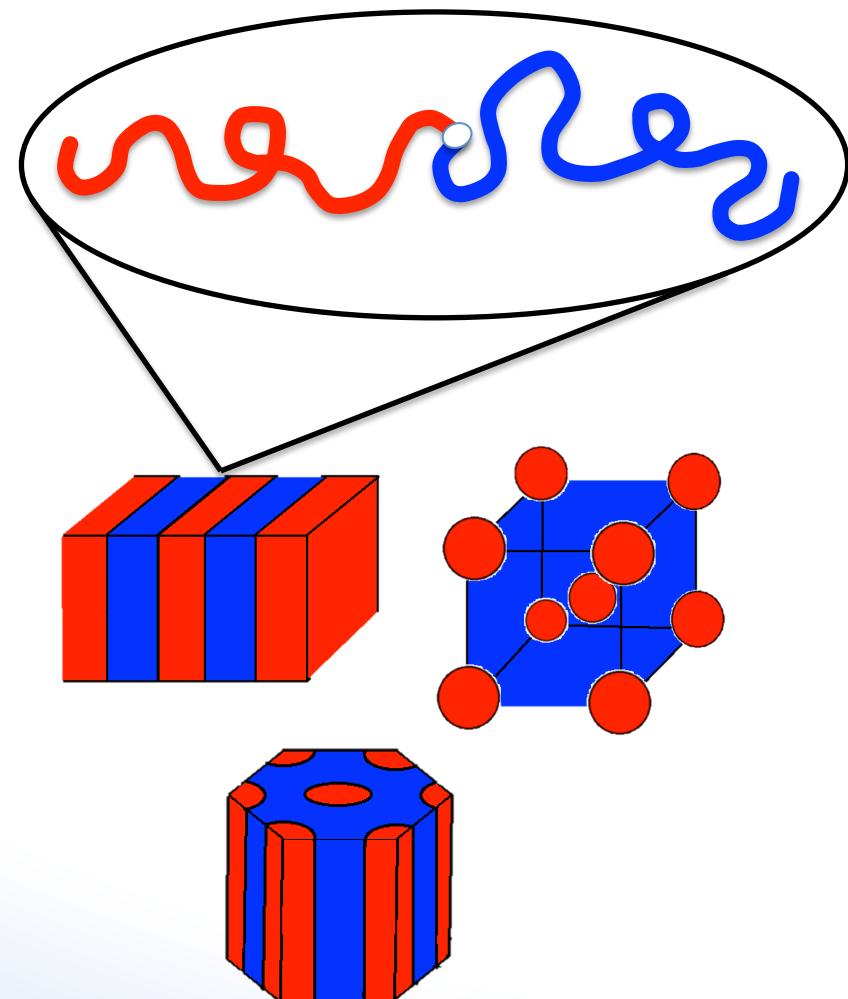
<http://physics.nyu.edu/grierlab/surface14c/>

Seul, Michael, and David Andelman. "Domain shapes and patterns: the phenomenology of modulated phases." *Science* 267.5197 (1995): 476-483.

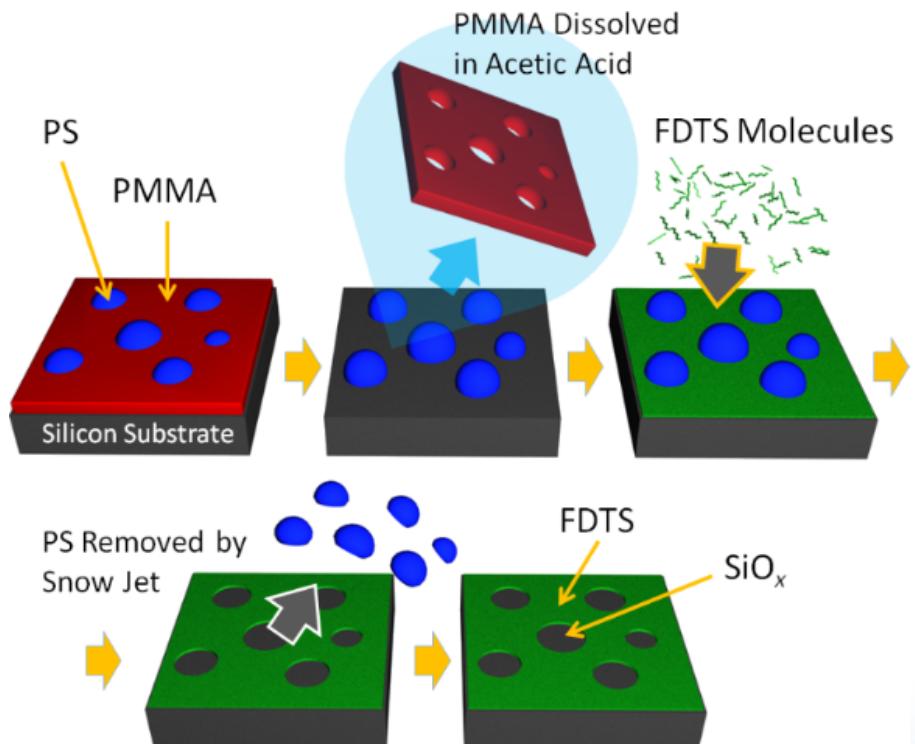
Observation of Cylinder-Based Microphase-Separated Structures from ABC Star-Shaped Terpolymers Investigated by Electron Computerized Tomography

A. Takano,^{*,†,‡,,} S. Wada,^{‡,} S. Sato,^{†,} T. Araki,^{†,} K. Hirahara,^{†,} T. Kazama,^{†,} S. Kawahara,^{†,}
B. Y. Isono,^{†,} A. Ohno,^{§,} N. Tanaka,[§] and, and Y. Matsushita[‡]
Macromolecules 2004 37 (26), 9941-9946

Self-Assembly in Polymers:



Lithography



Cheng Huang^{1,2,3}, Markus Moosmann^{1,2}, Jiehong Jin^{1,2}, Tobias Heiler^{1,2}, Stefan Walheim^{1,2} and Thomas Schimmel^{1,2}

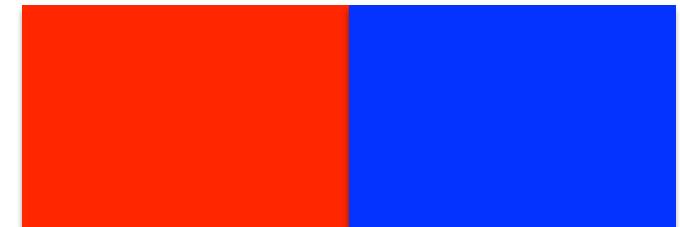
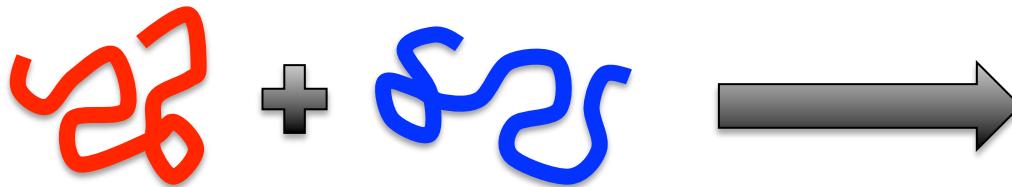
¹Institute of Nanotechnology (INT), Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT), 76021 Karlsruhe, Germany

²Institute of Applied Physics and Center for Functional Nanostructures (CFN), Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT), 76128 Karlsruhe, Germany

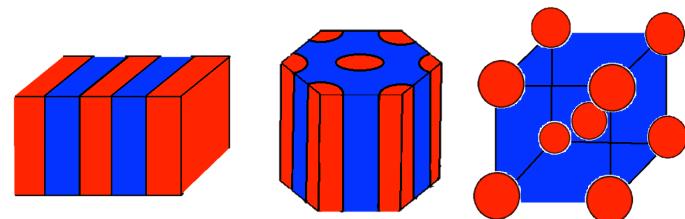
³Joint Research Laboratory Nanomaterials Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT)/Darmstadt University of Technology, 64287 Darmstadt, Germany

Introducing the Model:

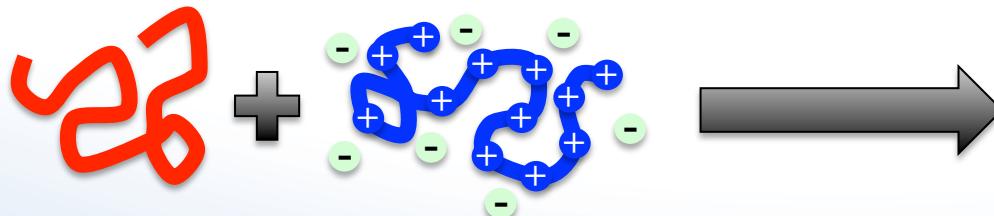
Binary Blends of Homopolymers:



Block Copolymer Blends:

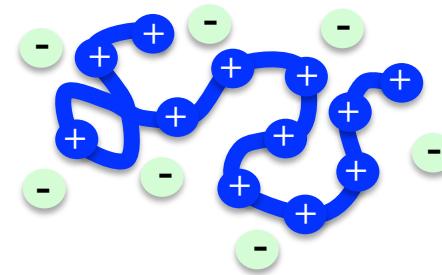
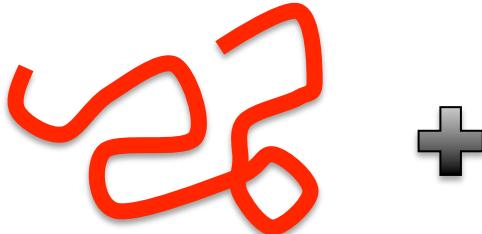


Polyelectrolyte/Homopolymer Blends:



?

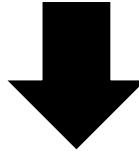
Introducing the Model:



$$H_0 = \frac{3}{2b^2} \int_0^N ds \left[\frac{d\mathbf{R}(s)}{ds} \right]^2$$

$$H_1 = \int d\mathbf{r} \chi \phi_A(\mathbf{r}) \phi(\mathbf{r})$$

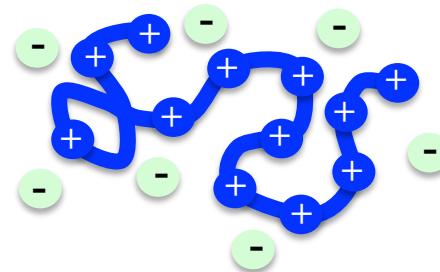
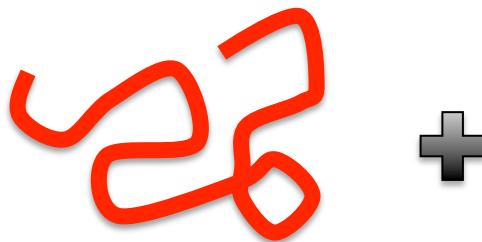
$$H_2 = \int d\mathbf{r} \left[\phi_e(\mathbf{r}) \psi(\mathbf{r}) - \frac{\epsilon}{8\pi e^2} |\nabla \psi(\mathbf{r})|^2 \right]$$



$$\frac{\partial q(\mathbf{r}, s)}{\partial s} = [\nabla^2 - \omega(\mathbf{r})] q(\mathbf{r}, s)$$

$$\nabla \cdot [\epsilon \nabla \psi(\mathbf{r})] = -\phi_e(\mathbf{r})$$

Introducing the Model:



$$\phi_A(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{\bar{\phi}_A}{Q_A} \int_0^1 ds q_A(\mathbf{r}, s) q_A(\mathbf{r}, 1-s)$$

$$\phi_C(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{\bar{\phi}_C}{Q_C \kappa} \int_0^\kappa ds q_C(\mathbf{r}, s) q_C(\mathbf{r}, \kappa - s)$$

$$\phi_I(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{\bar{\phi}_I}{Q_I} q_I(\mathbf{r}, \frac{1}{N})$$

$$\omega_A(\mathbf{r}) = \chi_{AC} \phi_C(\mathbf{r}) + \eta + P_A \psi(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\omega_C(\mathbf{r}) = \chi_{AC} \phi_A(\mathbf{r}) + \eta$$

$$\omega_I(\mathbf{r}) = -\psi(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\nabla^2 \psi(\mathbf{r}) = -\frac{N}{\epsilon} \left[P_A \phi_A(\mathbf{r}) - \phi_I(\mathbf{r}) \right]$$

$$1 = \phi_A(\mathbf{r}) + \phi_C(\mathbf{r})$$

Parameters:

$$\phi_A(\mathbf{r}) \quad \phi_C(\mathbf{r})$$

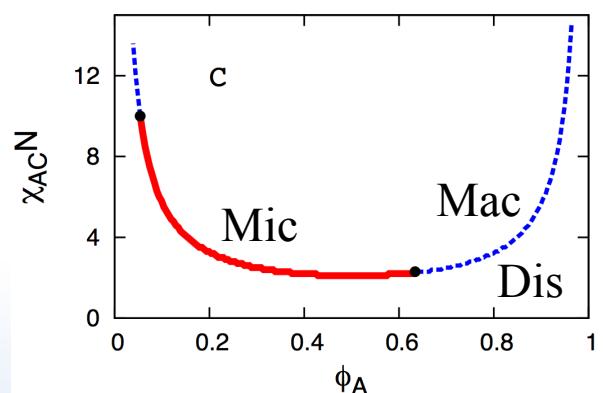
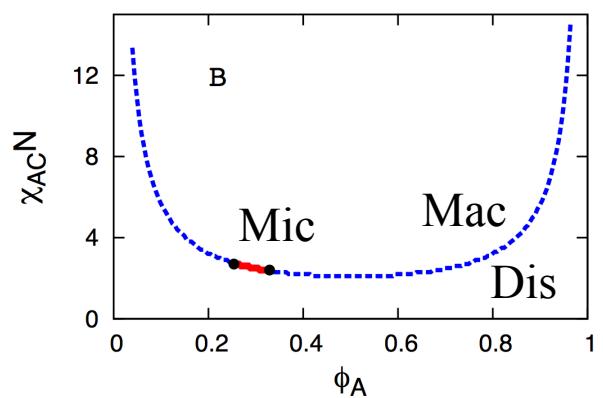
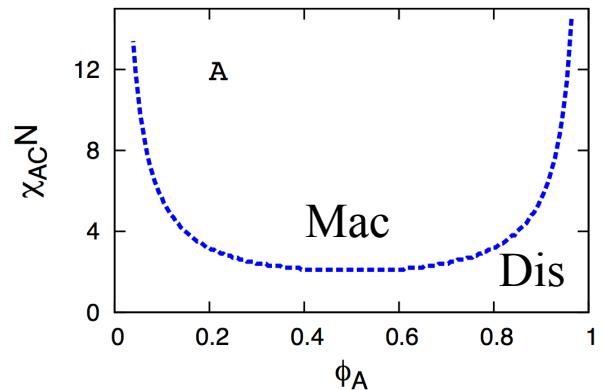
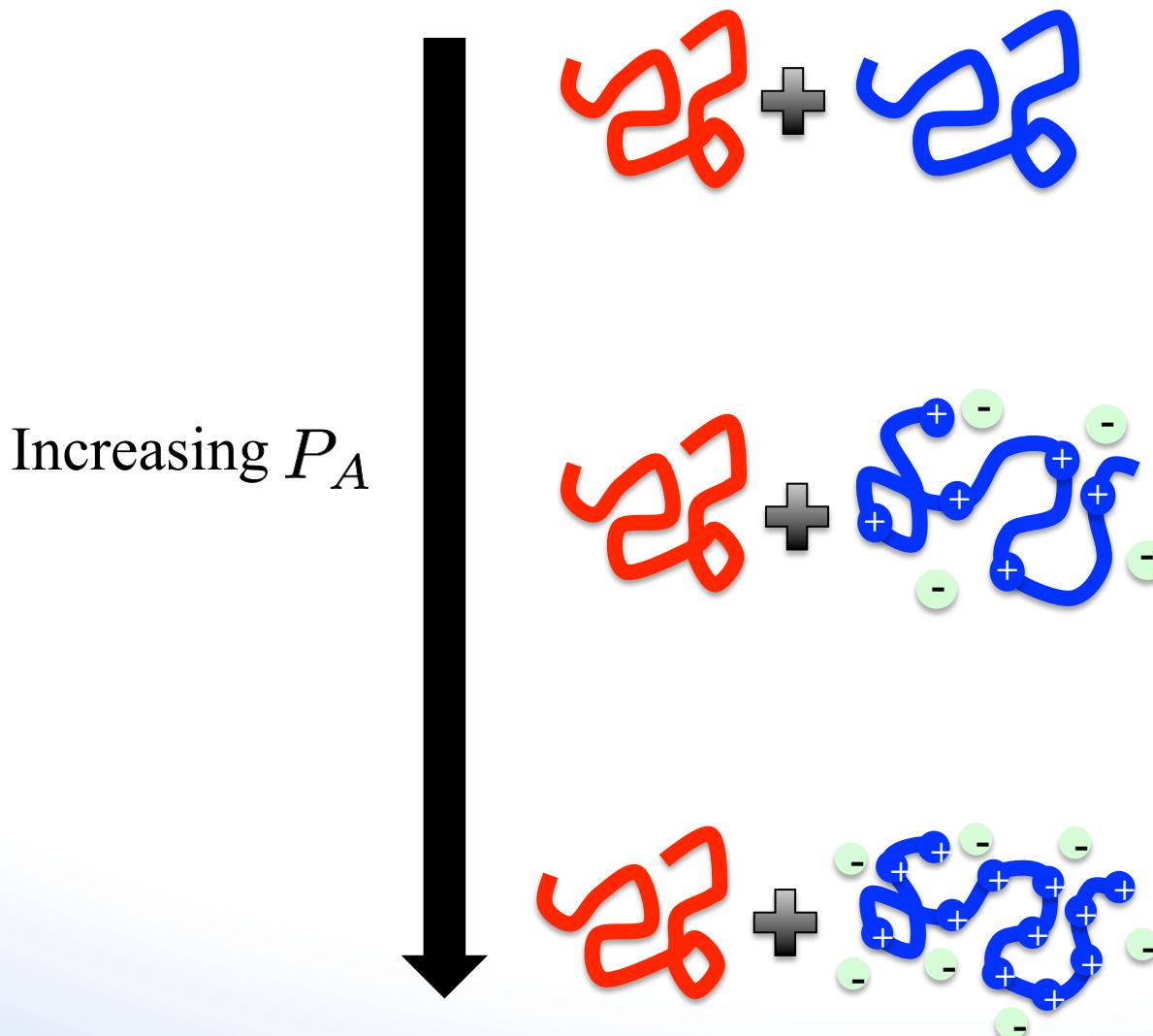
$$\kappa = \frac{N_C}{N_A}$$

$$\epsilon$$

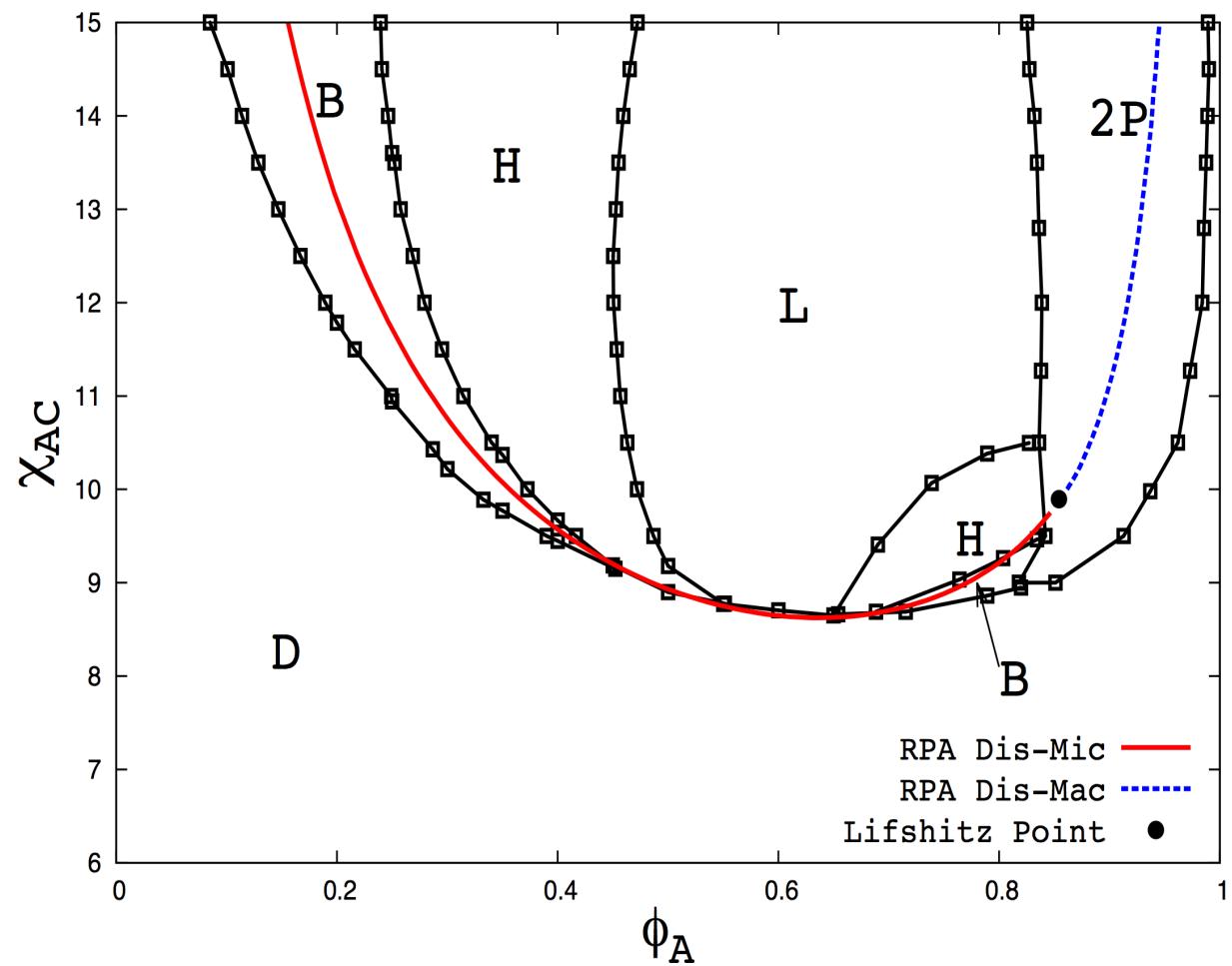
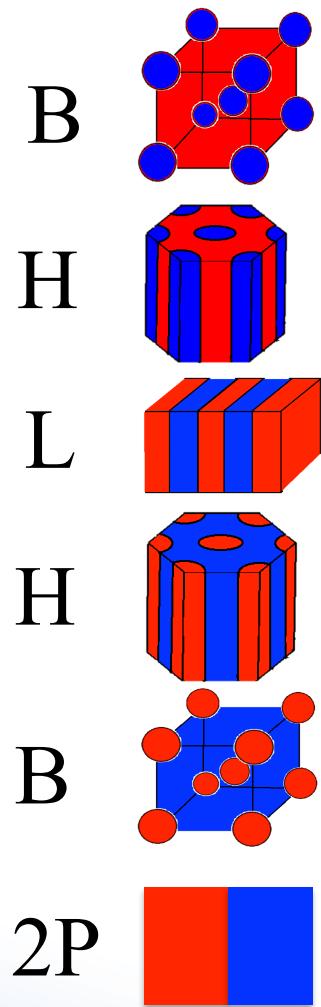
$$P_A$$

$$\chi_{AC}$$

Studying the Phase Diagram Using Random Phase Approximation:

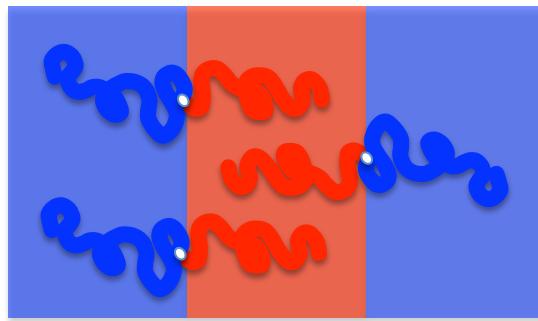


Studying the Phase Diagram Using Self-Consistent Field Theory:

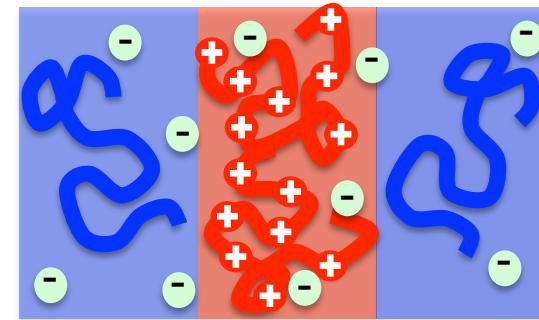


Unique Properties of The Polyelectrolyte/ Homopolymer System:

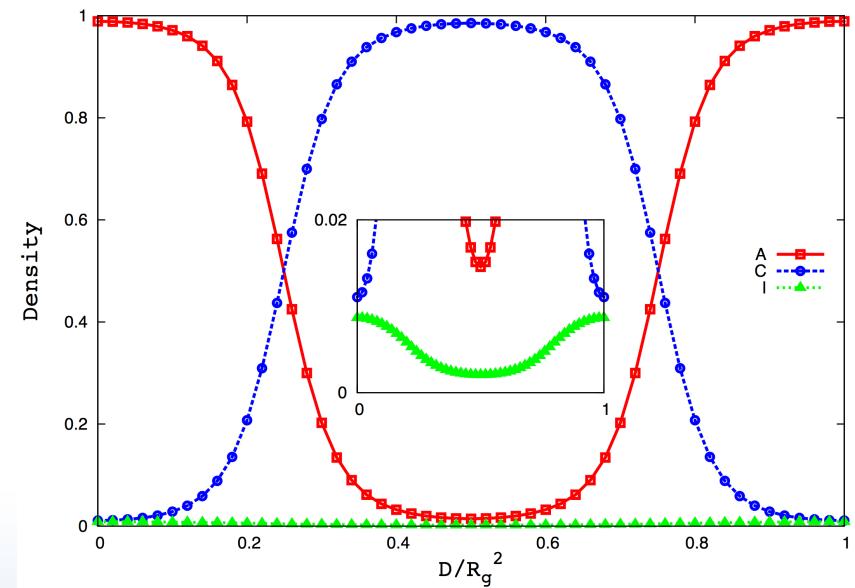
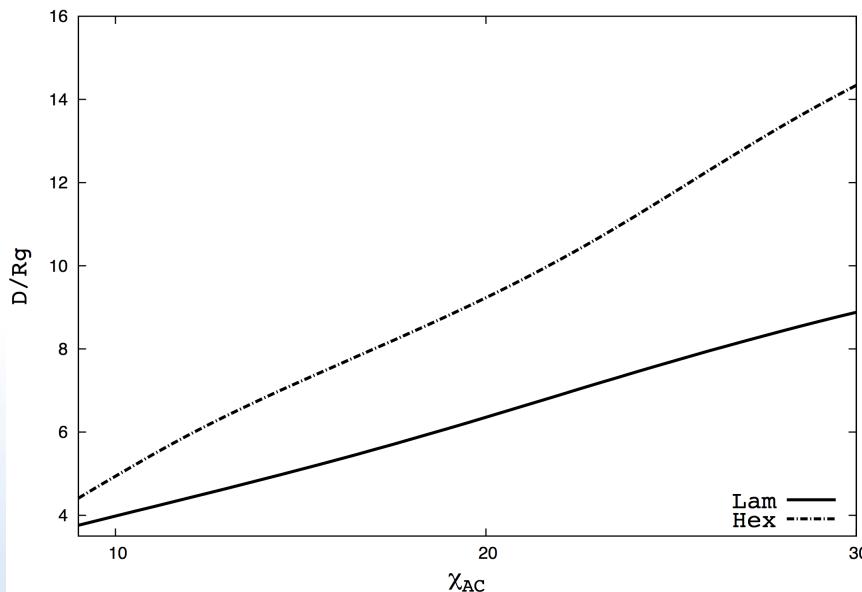
Block Copolymer Blends



Polyelectrolyte/Homopolymer Blends



Polyelectrolyte/Homopolymer Blends



Understanding the Underlying Physics:

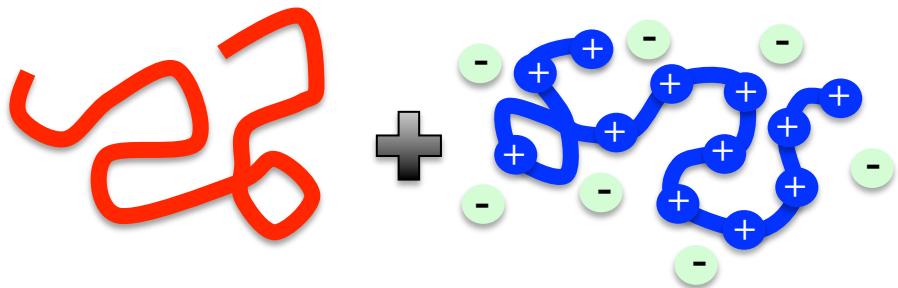
Demixing

Repulsive interaction between the A and C segments.

Electrostatic interaction between Ions and Counter-Ions.

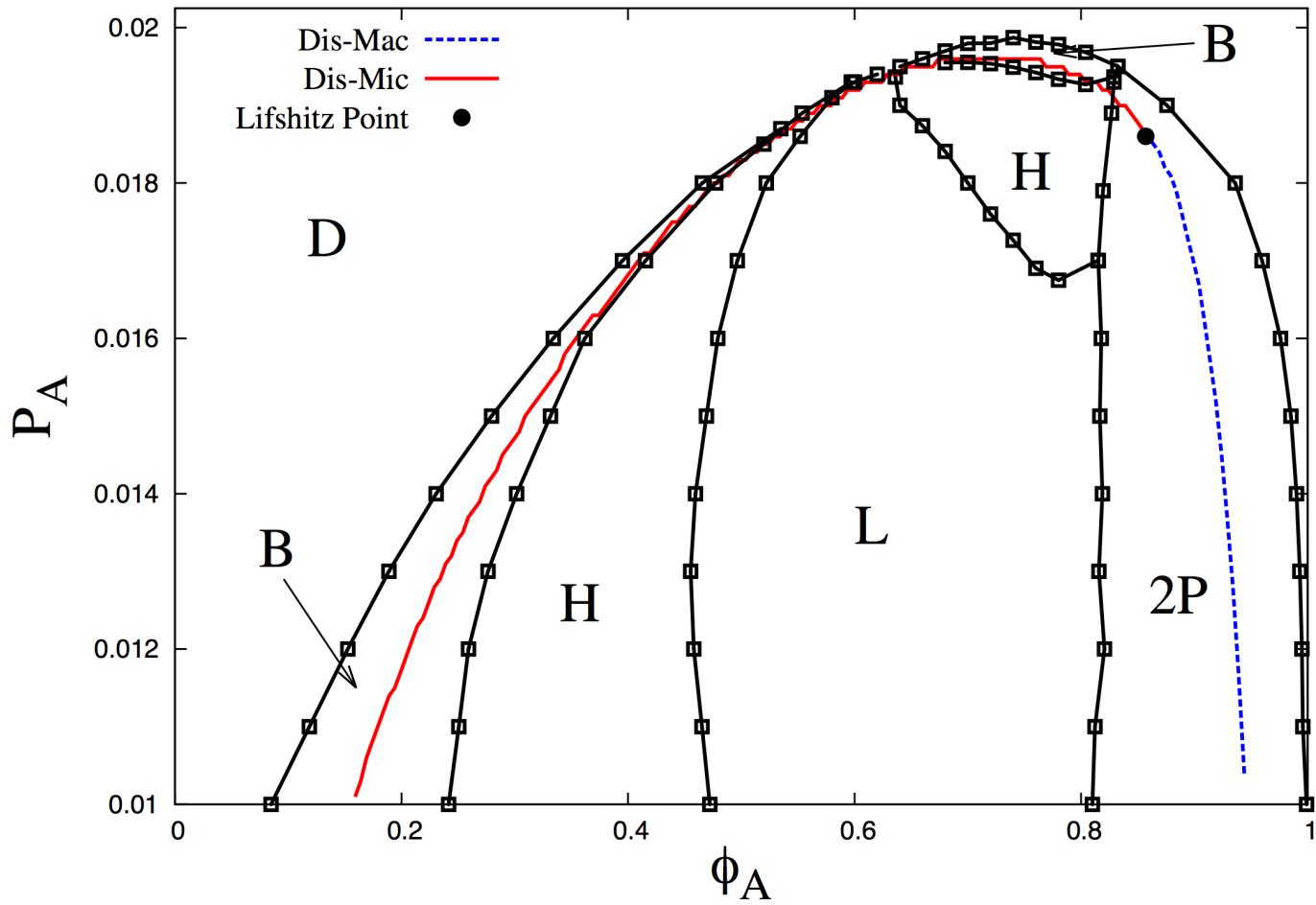
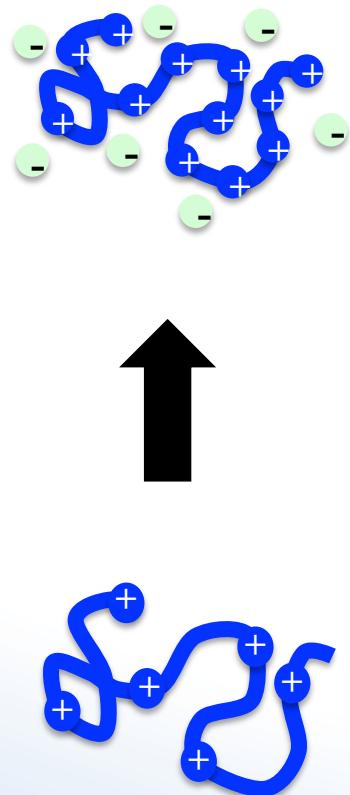
Mixing

Mixing entropy of polymers and Ions.



Balance between the short/long interactions and the mixing entropy.

Sensitivity of The System to Charge Density:



Conclusion:

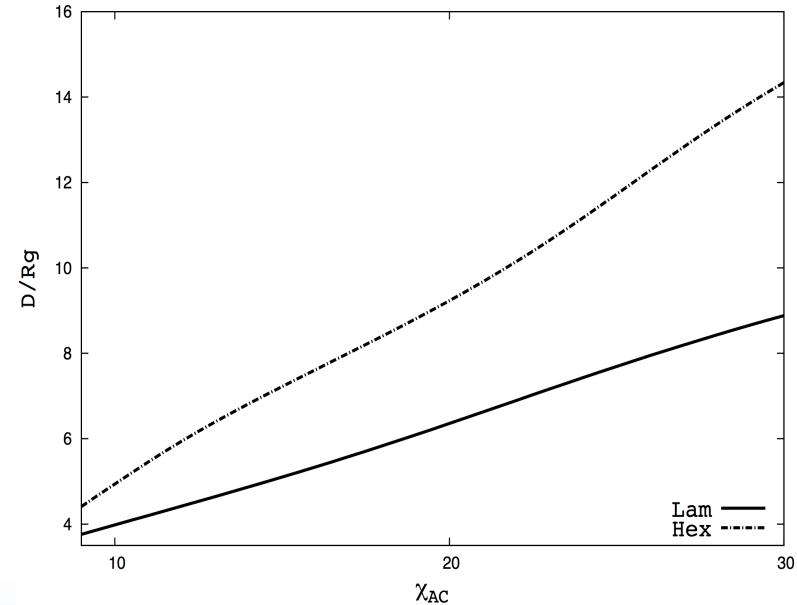
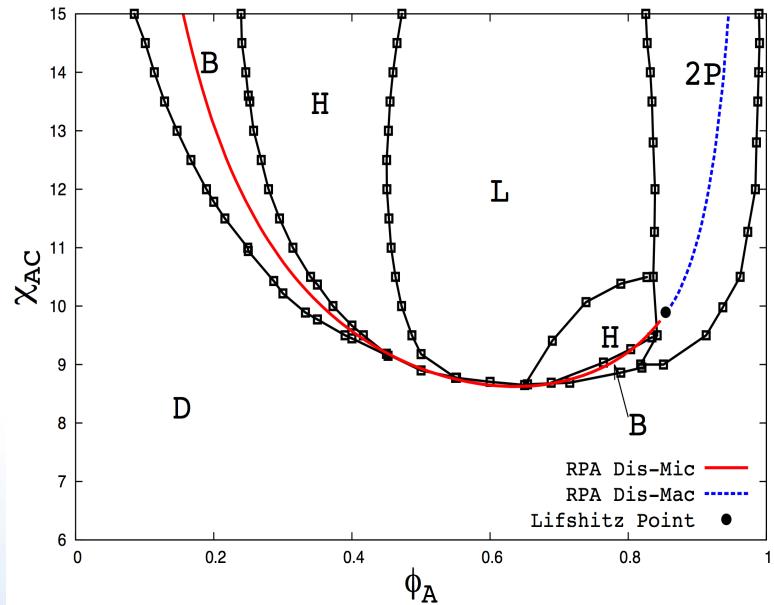
1. The phase behavior of the Homopolymer/Polyelectrolyte blends includes:

Microphase Separation

and

Macrophase Separation

2. Highly tunable domain sizes.



Collaborators and Resources:



Dr. Youhai Sun



Dr. An-Chang Shi

