

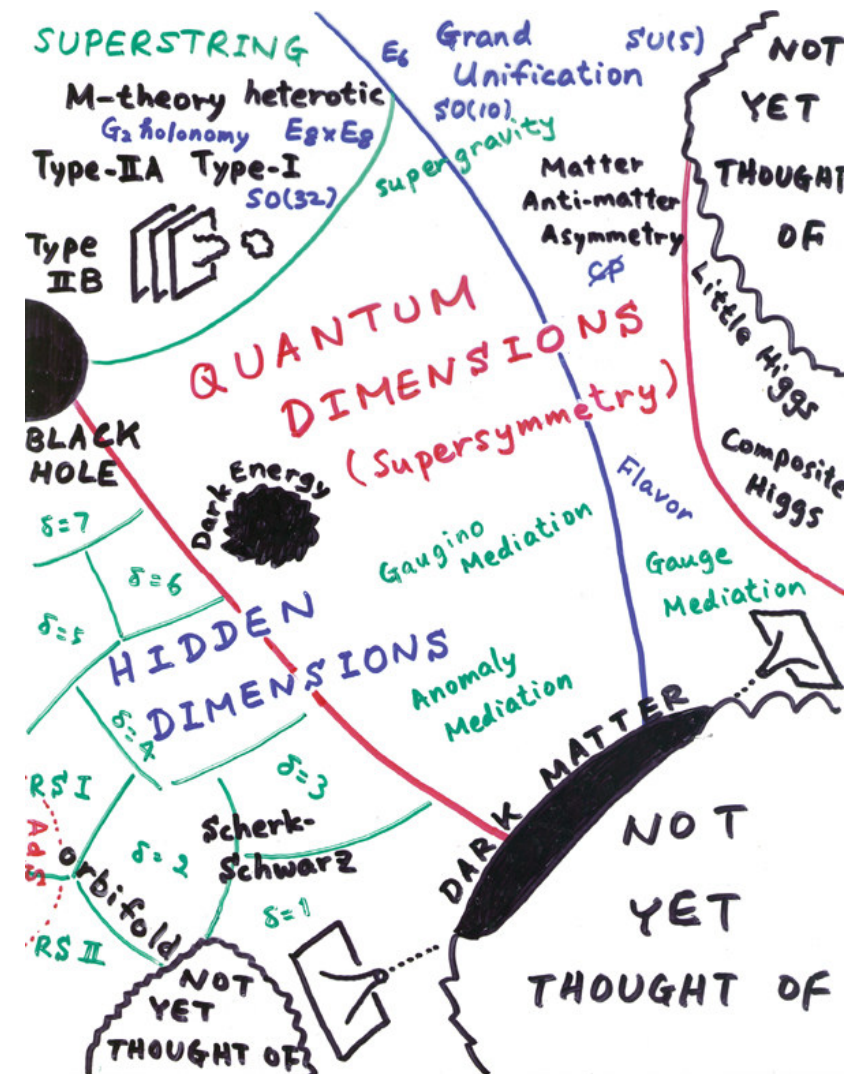
Search for supersymmetry and exotica with ATLAS and CMS

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Joint annual HEPP and APP Conference
Institute of Physics
21-23 March 2016, University of Sussex, Brighton

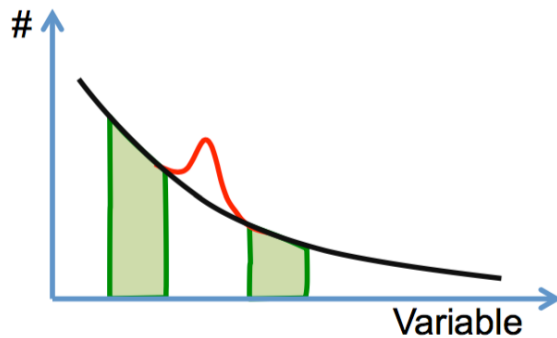
LHC: searches for BSM physics

- **Theoretical considerations** (interaction unification, hierarchy,...) and **cosmological measurements** (dark matter, baryogenesis, ...) call for physics phenomena **not included in SM**.
- The LHC is a tool **built to tear down the wall of the Standard Model**:
 - **Full exploration** of TeV scale and EW symmetry breaking
- Direct searches are a **vast field of research** in both collaborations:
 - **About half** of the published CMS and ATLAS papers **are searches**



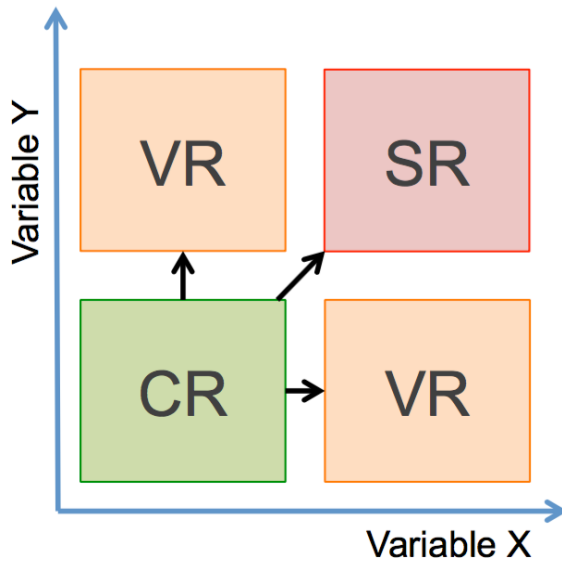
Taken from www.linearcollider.org, courtesy of Hitoshi Murayama

Perform a search (in a nutshell)



Searching for a **localised excess** on a smooth distribution (e.g., mass resonance)

- Background determined usually **from data** (fit background with a **smooth function** or in **sidebands**)



Constrained to two variables
for visualization only

Or for an **excess of events** for specific selections

- Background determined either **from data** or in “**control regions**” (Standard Model-dominated phase space regions)

- MC is **key** for **extrapolating** between regions

Courtesy of Frederich Rühr

BSM models as a guideline

- Different searches **inspired to different physics models**
 - Often used for **optimisation** of selection and **result interpretation**
- Widely used models include (together with many others):

Supersymmetry

Solves hierarchy problem, facilitates interaction unification, could provide a dark matter candidate

Signature

Excess of events with high E_T^{miss} (assuming R-parity conservation)

Models with additional heavy vector boson

Signature

Resonance in di-fermion or diboson mass spectra

Extra-dimensions (UED, RS, ADD)

Solves hierarchy problem, facilitates interaction unification

Signature

Resonant or non-resonant graviton production giving rise to peaks or excesses in di-fermion or diboson mass distributions; direct graviton production; black holes formation

Generic effective theories

HVT, scalar-tensor DM

Signature

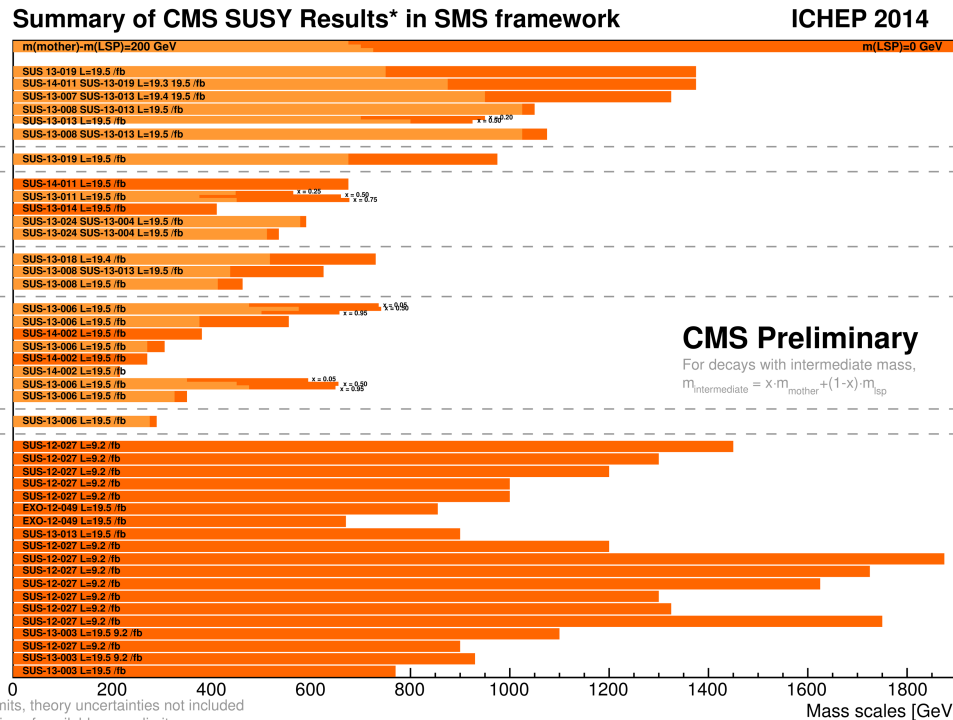
mono-X (excess of events with E_T^{miss} recoiling against jets), resonances

Run 1 legacy...

- Depending on interaction involved, run 1 sensitivity **already knocked on the multi-TeV scale door**

<http://cms.web.cern.ch/org/cms-papers-and-results>

<https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/CombinedSummaryPlots/EXOTICS/>
ATLAS Exotics Summary/ATLAS Exotics Summary.png



*Observed limits, theory uncertainties not included
Only a selection of available mass limits
Probe 'up to' the quoted mass limit

ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary
√s = 7, 8 TeV
∫L dt = (4.7 - 20.3) fb⁻¹

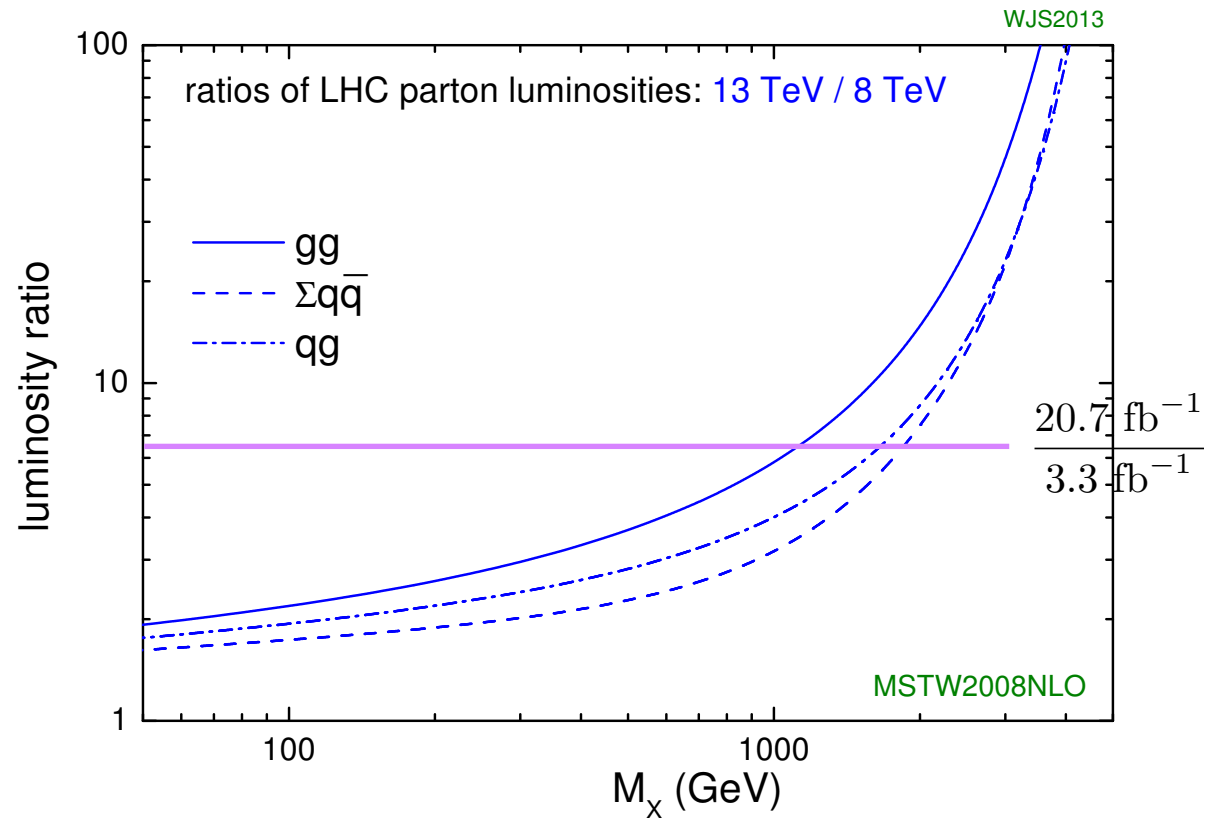
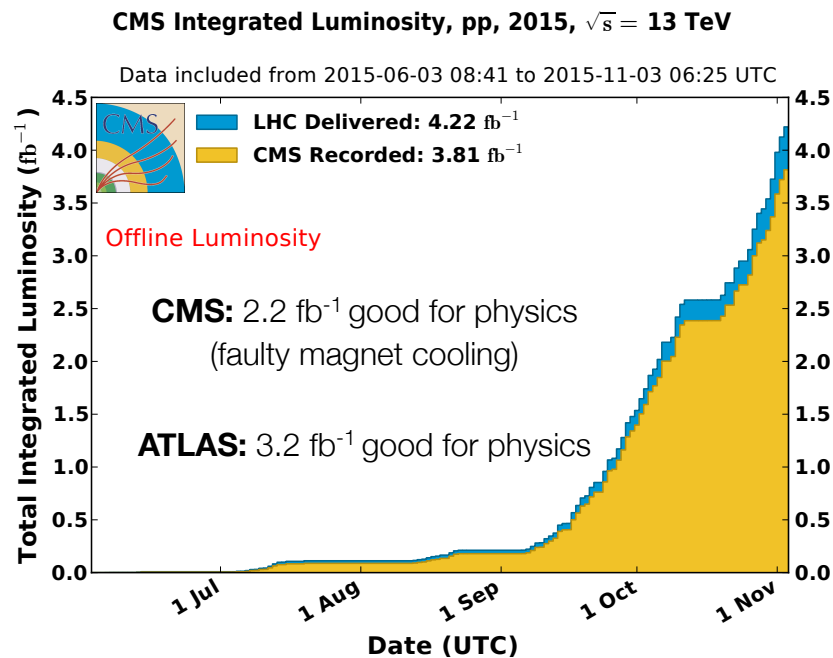
Model	ℓ, γ	Jets	E _T ^{miss}	[L dt][fb ⁻¹]	Limit	Reference	
Extra dimensions	ADD G _{KK} + g/4	-	≥ 1j	Yes	20.3	M ₅ mass 5.26 TeV	n = 2
	ADD non-resonant ℓℓ	2e, μ	-	-	20.3	M ₅ mass 4.7 TeV	n = 3 HzLZ
	ADD OBH → ℓq	1 e, μ	1j	-	20.3	M ₅ mass 5.2 TeV	n = 6
	ADD GBH	-	2j	-	20.3	M ₅ mass 5.2 TeV	n = 6
	ADD BH high N _{jet}	2 μ (SS)	-	-	20.3	M ₅ mass 4.7 TeV	n = 6, M _D = 3 TeV, non-rot BH
	ADD BH high Σ _{pT}	≥ 1 e, μ	≥ 2j	-	20.3	M ₅ mass 5.8 TeV	n = 6, M _D = 3 TeV, non-rot BH
	ADD BH high multijet	2 e, μ	≥ 2j	-	20.3	M ₅ mass 5.8 TeV	n = 6, M _D = 3 TeV, non-rot BH
	RS1 G _{KK} → ℓℓ	2 e, μ	-	-	20.3	G _{KK} mass 2.88 TeV	k/M ₅ = 0.1
	RS1 G _{KK} → γγ	2 γ	-	-	20.3	G _{KK} mass 2.86 TeV	k/M ₅ = 0.1
	Bulk RS G _{KK} → ZZ → qqℓℓ	2 e, μ	2j/1J	-	20.3	G _{KK} mass 740 GeV	k/M ₅ = 1.0
Bulk RS G _{KK} → WW → qqℓν	1 e, μ	2j/1J	Yes	20.3	W mass 760 GeV	k/M ₅ = 1.0	
Bulk RS G _{KK} → HH → bb̄bb̄	-	4b	-	19.5	G _{KK} mass 500-720 GeV	k/M ₅ = 1.0	
Bulk RS G _{KK} → tt	1 e, μ	≥ 1 b, ≥ 1J/2	Yes	20.3	G _{KK} mass 740 GeV	BR = 0.925	
2UED / RPP	2 e, μ (SS)	≥ 1 b, ≥ 1j	Yes	20.3	KK mass 950 GeV		
Gauge bosons	SSM Z' → ℓℓ	2 e, μ	-	-	20.3	Z' mass 2.9 TeV	
	SSM Z' → ττ	2 τ	-	-	19.5	Z' mass 2.02 TeV	
	SSM W' → ℓν	1 e, μ	-	Yes	20.3	W' mass 3.24 TeV	
	EGM W' → WZ → ℓνℓℓ	3 e, μ	-	Yes	20.3	W' mass 1.52 TeV	
	EGM W' → WZ → qqℓℓ	2 e, μ	2j/1J	-	20.3	W' mass 1.59 TeV	
	EGM W' → WZ → qqqq	-	2J	-	20.3	W' mass 1.3-1.6 TeV	
CI	CI qq̄q̄	-	2j	-	17.3	A 12.0 TeV	g _{LL} = -1
	CI qq̄ℓℓ	2 e, μ	-	-	20.3	A 21.6 TeV	g _{LL} = -1
	CI uutt	2 e, μ (SS)	≥ 1 b, ≥ 1j	Yes	20.3	A 6.3 TeV	C _{LL} = 1
	EFT D5 operator (Dirac)	0 e, μ	≥ 1j	Yes	20.3	M ₅ mass 974 GeV	at 90% CL for m _(x) < 100 GeV
DM	EFT D5 operator (Dirac)	0 e, μ	1j, ≥ 1j	Yes	20.3	M ₅ mass 974 GeV	at 90% CL for m _(x) < 100 GeV
	Scalar LQ 1 st gen	2 e, μ	≥ 2j	-	20.3	LQ mass 1.05 TeV	β = 1
	Scalar LQ 2 nd gen	2 μ	≥ 2j	-	20.3	LQ mass 1.0 TeV	β = 1
Heavy quarks	Scalar LQ 3 rd gen	1 e, μ	≥ 1 b, ≥ 3j	Yes	20.3	LQ mass 640 GeV	β = 0
	VLQ 77 → Ht + X	1 e, μ	≥ 2 b, ≥ 3j	Yes	20.3	T mass 855 GeV	T in (B) doublet
	VLQ YY → Wb + X	1 e, μ	≥ 1 b, ≥ 3j	Yes	20.3	Y mass 770 GeV	Y in (B,Y) doublet
	VLQ BB → Hb + X	1 e, μ	≥ 2 b, ≥ 3j	Yes	20.3	B mass 755 GeV	isospin singlet
Excited fermions	VLQ BB → Zb + X	2b, 2e, μ	≥ 2b, 2j	-	20.3	B mass 755 GeV	B in (B,Y) doublet
	T _{5/3} → Wt	1 e, μ	≥ 1 b, ≥ 5j	Yes	20.3	T _{5/3} mass 840 GeV	
	Excited quark q* → qγ	1 γ	1j	-	20.3	q* mass 3.5 TeV	only u' and d', A = m(q')
	Excited quark q* → qg	-	2j	-	20.3	q* mass 4.09 TeV	only u' and d', A = m(q')
	Excited quark b* → Wt	1 or 2 e, μ, 1 b, 2j or 1j	Yes	4.7	b* mass 870 GeV	left-handed coupling	
Other	Excited lepton ℓ* → ℓγ	2 e, μ, 1 γ	-	-	15.0	ℓ* mass 2.5 TeV	A = 2.2 TeV
	Excited lepton ν* → ℓW, νZ	3 e, μ, τ	-	-	20.3	ν* mass 1.6 TeV	A = 1.6 TeV
	LSTC γ → Wγ	1 e, μ, 1 γ	-	Yes	20.3	h ₀ mass 950 GeV	m(W ₀) = 2.4 TeV, no mixing
LRSM Majorana ν	2 e, μ	2j	-	20.3	N ₁ mass 2.0 TeV	ν ₁ production, BR(H ₁ ^{±±} → ℓℓ)=1	
Higgs triplet H ^{±±} → ℓℓ	2 e, μ (SS)	-	-	20.3	H ^{±±} mass 581 GeV	DY production, BR(H ₁ ^{±±} → ℓℓ)=1	
Higgs triplet H ^{±±} → ττ	3 e, μ, τ	-	-	20.3	H ^{±±} mass 400 GeV	DY production, BR(H ₁ ^{±±} → ττ)=1	
Monopole (non-res prod)	1 e, μ	1b	Yes	20.3	monopole mass 927 GeV	g _{SM} = 0.2	
Multi-charged particles	-	-	Yes	20.3	multi-charged particles mass 785 GeV	DY production, g = 5e	
Magnetic monopoles	-	-	-	7.0	monopole mass 1.34 TeV	DY production, g = 1g _D , spin 1/2	

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

Is Run 2 better than Run 1?

Parton luminosities at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV are larger than at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV

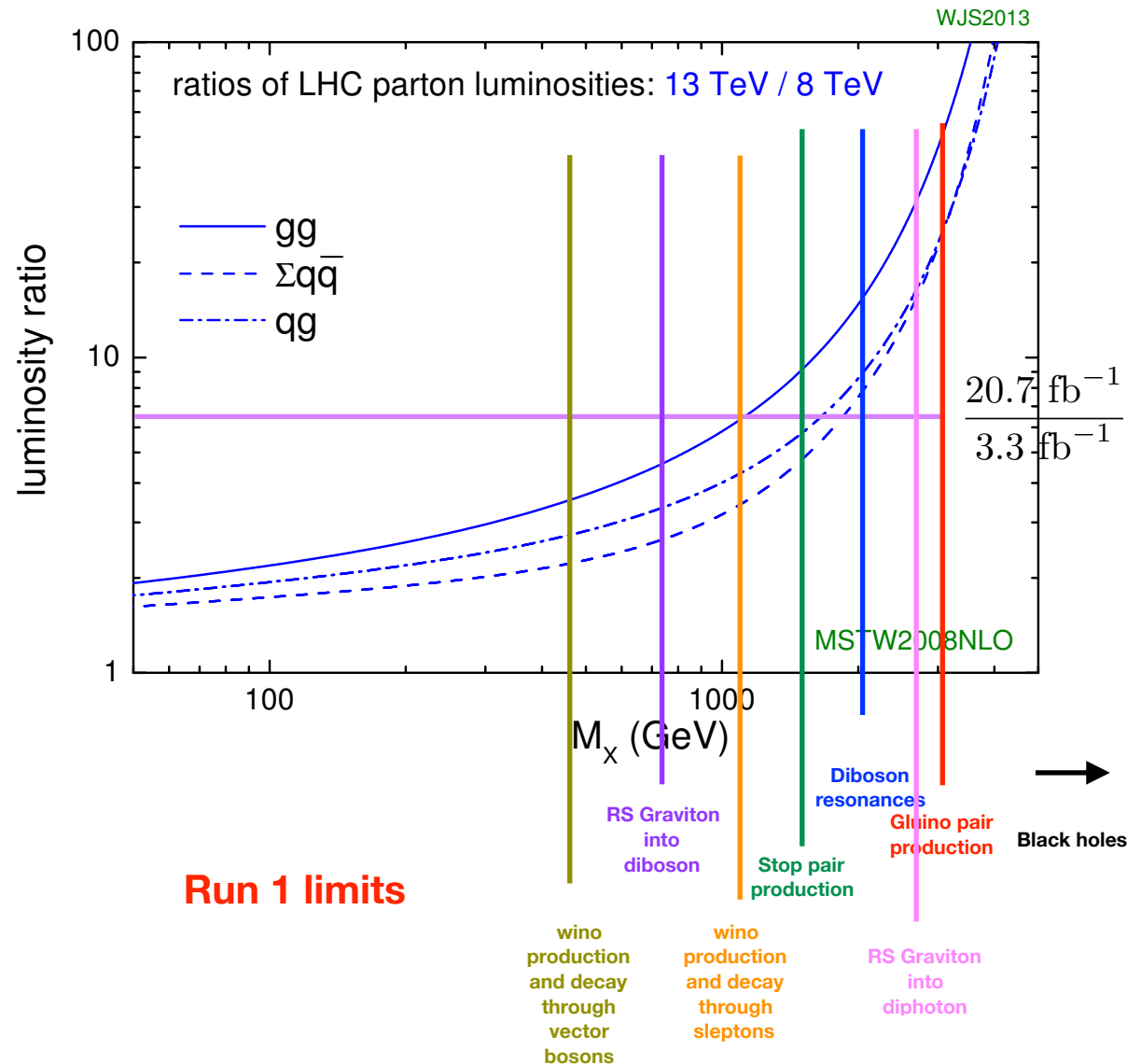
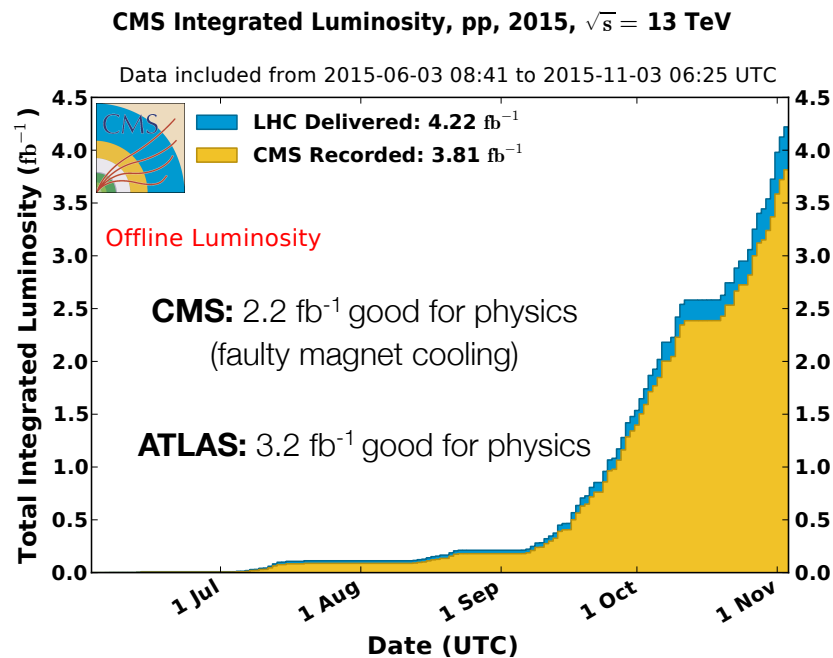
For heavy final states the new Run 2 dataset is already beating Run 1



Is Run 2 better than Run 1?

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How multipurpose is a multipurpose experiment

CMS exotica

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsEXO>
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsB2G>

Journal Publications - 2015 Run

Analysis	ArXiv Entry	Luminosity	Publication Status	Approved Plots
Search for narrow resonances decaying to dijets NEW	arXiv:1512.01224	2.4 fb ⁻¹	10.1103/PhysRevLett.116.071801	EXO15001

Preliminary Results - 2015 Run

Analysis	Approved Plots	CDS Entry	Luminosity
Search for resonances decaying into pairs of boosted W and Z bosons NEW	EXO15002	PAS EXO-15-002	2.6 fb ⁻¹
Search for dark matter in events with jets and missing transverse energy NEW	EXO15003	PAS EXO-15-003	2.1 fb ⁻¹
Search for resonances in diphoton events NEW	EXO15004	PAS EXO-15-004	2.6 fb ⁻¹
Search for Z in dilepton events NEW	EXO15005	PAS EXO-15-005	2.6-2.8 fb ⁻¹
Search for W in lepton+MET events NEW	EXO15006	PAS EXO-15-006	2.2 fb ⁻¹
Search for black holes NEW	EXO15007	PAS EXO-15-007	2.2 fb ⁻¹
Search for quark contact interactions and extra spatial dimensions with dijet angular distributions NEW	EXO15009	PAS EXO-15-009	2.6 fb ⁻¹
Search for heavy stable charged particles NEW	EXO15010	PAS EXO-15-010	2.4 fb ⁻¹

ATLAS exotica

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ExoticsPublicResults>

Papers with 2015 data

Title	Journal	Papers and Plots	Int. Luminosity	Date
Search for new phenomena with photon+jet events in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector	Published in JHEP	Plots and more info ; arxiv:1512.05910 ; JHEP 03 (2016) 041	3.2/fb	Dec 2015
Search for strong gravity in multijet final states produced in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV using the ATLAS detector at the LHC	Published in JHEP	Plots and more info ; arxiv:1512.02586 ; JHEP 03 (2016) 026	3.6/fb	Dec 2015
Search for new phenomena in dijet mass and angular distributions from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector	Published in PLB	Plots and more info ; arxiv:1512.01530 ; PLB 754 (2016) 302-322	3.6/fb	Dec 2015

Conference Notes with 2015 data

Title	Conference Note and Plots	Int. Luminosity	Date
Search for heavy resonances decaying to a Z boson and a photon in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2016-010	3.2/fb	Mar 2016
Search for TeV-scale gravity signatures in high-mass final states with leptons and jets with the ATLAS detector at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2016-006	3.2/fb	Mar 2016
Search for new resonances in events with one lepton and missing transverse momentum in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-063	3.2/fb	Dec 2015
Search for diboson resonances in the vvqq final state in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-068	3.2/fb	Dec 2015
Search for new phenomena in the dilepton final state using proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-070	3.2/fb	Dec 2015
Search for diboson resonances in the llqq final state in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-071	3.2/fb	Dec 2015
Search for beyond the Standard Model phenomena in eμ final states in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-071	3.2/fb	Dec 2015
Search for resonances with boson-tagged jets in 3.2/fb of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV collected with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-073	3.2/fb	Dec 2015
Search for new resonances decaying to a W or Z boson and a Higgs boson in the llbbbar, lvbbbar, and wbbbar channels in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-074	3.2/fb	Dec 2015
Search for WWVWZ resonance production in the lvqq final state at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector at the LHC	ATLAS-CONF-2015-075	3.2/fb	Dec 2015
Search for dark matter produced in association with a hadronically decaying vector boson in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector at the LHC	ATLAS-CONF-2015-080	3.2/fb	Dec 2015
Search for resonances decaying to photon pairs in 3.2/fb of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-081	3.2/fb	Dec 2015
Search for TeV-scale gravity signatures in high-mass final states with leptons and jets with the ATLAS detector at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2015-046	80/pb	Sept 2015
Search for New Phenomena in Dijet Mass and Angular Distributions with the ATLAS Detector at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2015-042	80/pb	Aug 2015
Search for evidence for strong gravity in jet final states produced in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV using the ATLAS detector at the LHC	ATLAS-CONF-2015-043	80/pb	Aug 2015

CMS SUSY

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsSUS>

CMS-SUS-15-002	Search for supersymmetry in the multijet and missing transverse momentum channel in pp collisions at 13 TeV	Submitted to PLB
CMS-PAS-SUS-15-003	Search for new physics in the all-hadronic final state with the M_{T2} variable	
CMS-PAS-SUS-15-005	Search for new physics in final states with jets and missing transverse momentum in $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV pp collisions with the α_T variable	
CMS-PAS-SUS-15-004	Inclusive search for supersymmetry using the razor variables at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	
CMS-PAS-SUS-15-007	Search for supersymmetry in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV in the single-lepton final state using the sum of masses of large radius jets	
CMS-PAS-SUS-15-008	Search for SUSY in same-sign dilepton events at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	
CMS-PAS-SUS-15-011	Search for new physics in final states with two opposite-sign same-flavor leptons, jets and E_T^{miss} in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	

ATLAS SUSY

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/SupersymmetryPublicResults>

papers

Short Title of Paper	Date	\sqrt{s} (TeV)	L (fb ⁻¹)	Document	Plots+Aux. Material	Journal
2 same sign or 3 leptons NEW	02/2016	13	3.2	1602.09058	Link	Submitted to EPJ C
0L 7-10 jets NEW	02/2016	13	3.2	1602.06194	Link	Submitted to Phys. Lett. B

conference notes

Short Title of preliminary conference note	Date	\sqrt{s} (TeV)	L (fb ⁻¹)	Document	Plots
1L stop NEW	3/2016	13	3.2	ATLAS-CONF-2016-007	Link
2L stop NEW	3/2016	13	3.2	ATLAS-CONF-2016-009	Link
0L 2-6 jets	12/2015	13	3.2	ATLAS-CONF-2015-062	Link
1L + jets	12/2015	13	3.2	ATLAS-CONF-2015-076	Link
2L Z+MET	12/2015	13	3.2	ATLAS-CONF-2015-082	Link
multi b-jets	12/2015	13	3.2	ATLAS-CONF-2015-067	Link
2b + MET	12/2015	13	3.2	ATLAS-CONF-2015-066	Link

Screenshots taken on Wednesday, March 17

How multipurpose is a multipurpose experiment

- More than **50 Run 2 public results** (not counting searches involving Higgs bosons) produced by **ATLAS and CMS**

A (admittedly biased) selection of the result

Supersymmetry

Dark Matter/strong gravity

Di-jet/di-lepton resonance searches

Diboson resonance searches

Diphoton resonance searches

Not covered

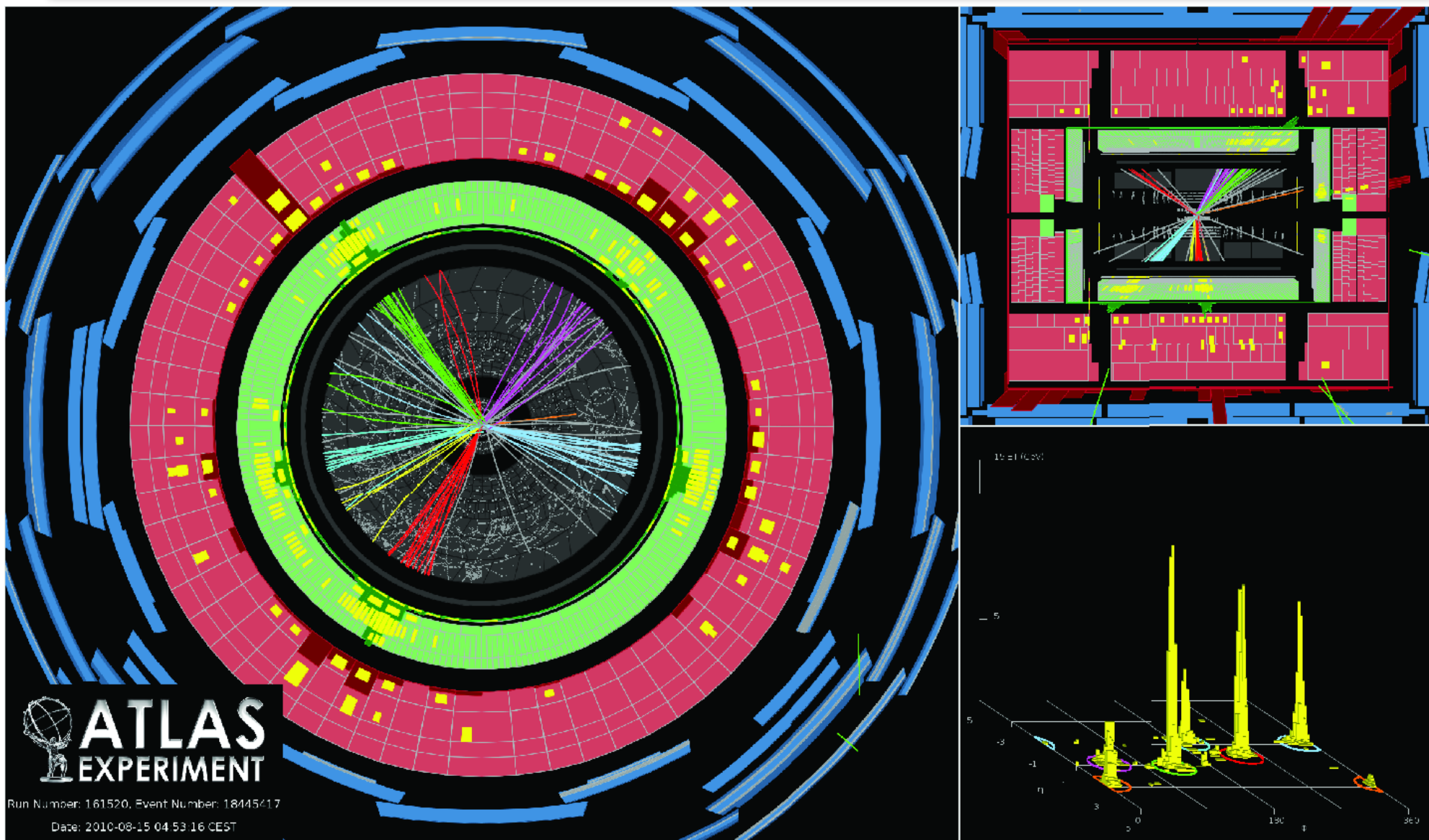
Other resonances (Di-top quark, photon/Z, etc.)

Vector like quarks

Leptoquarks

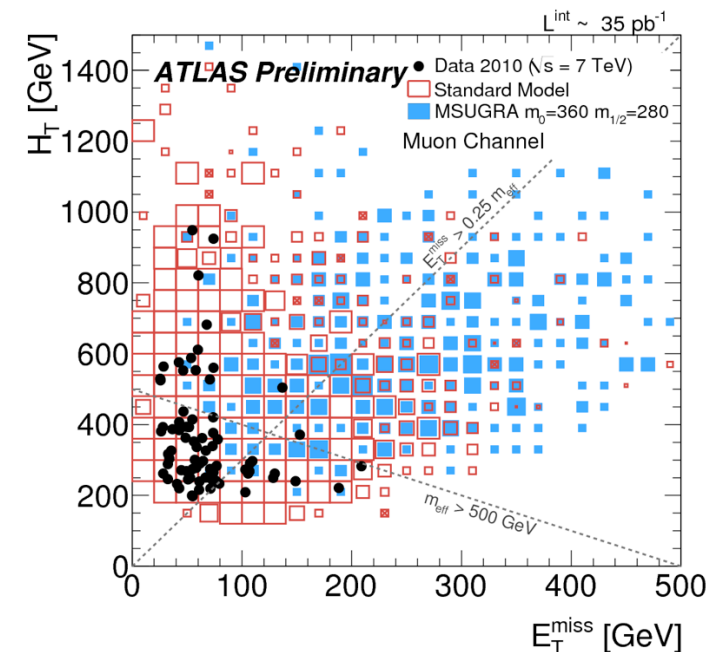
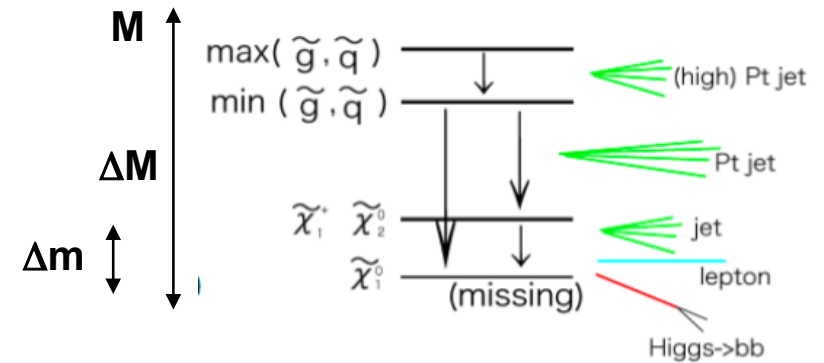
Non-conventional signatures (long lived particles, etc.)

Supersymmetry



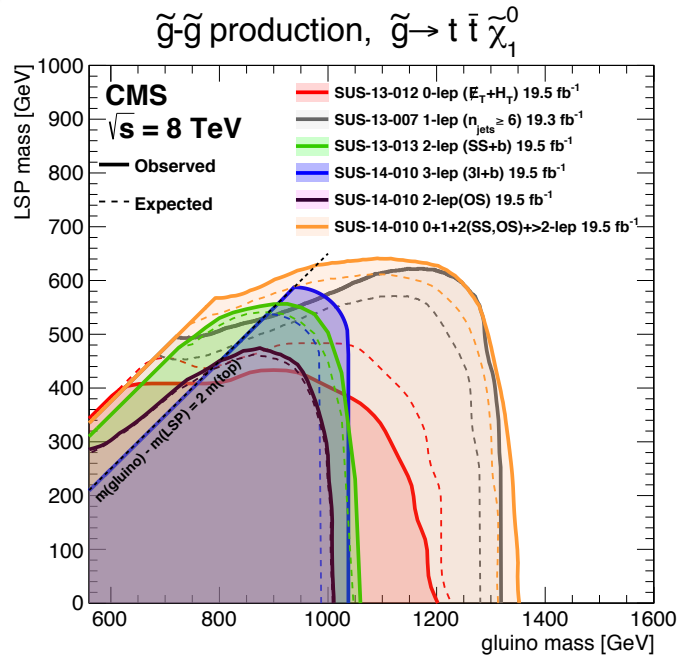
R-parity conserving (RPC) SUSY

- **Heavy sparticles produced** in the primary collision
- They **decay into lighter objects**, emitting (high) p_T jets and possibly other objects (leptons, photons) and E_T^{miss} (LSP)
- A “typical” RPC SUSY event will have **large MET and large H_T**



$$H_T = \sum_{jets} p_T^{jets} (+ \sum_l p_T^l + \dots)$$

The run 1 legacy



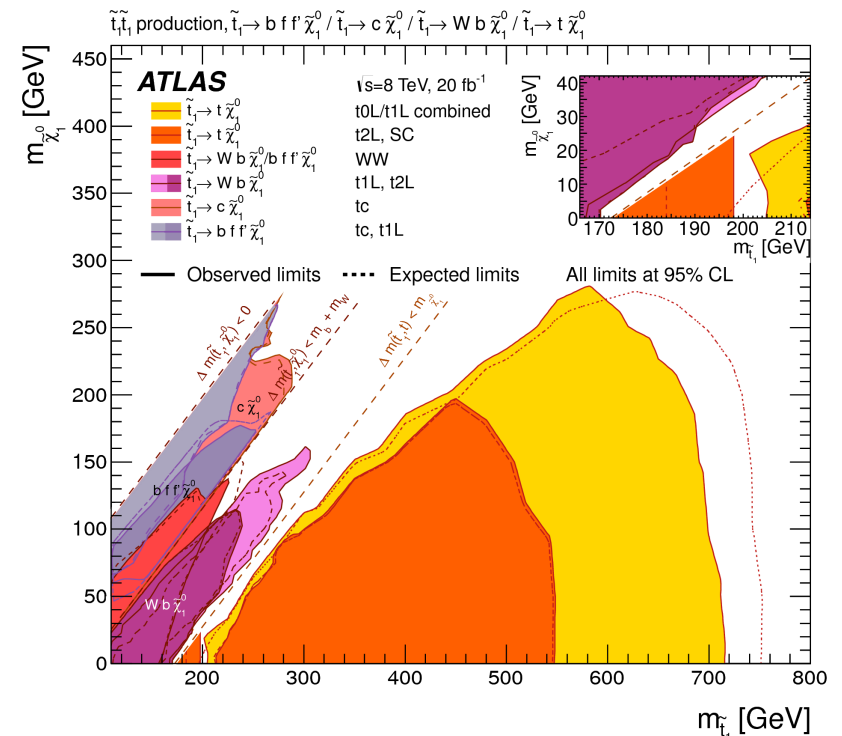
• Run 1 told us:

- that simple “vanilla” SUSY does not exist
- favourite pre-LHC models (e.g. mSUGRA/CMSSM) disfavoured

Gluginos excluded **almost independently of any hypothesis** below $\sim 800 \text{ GeV}$

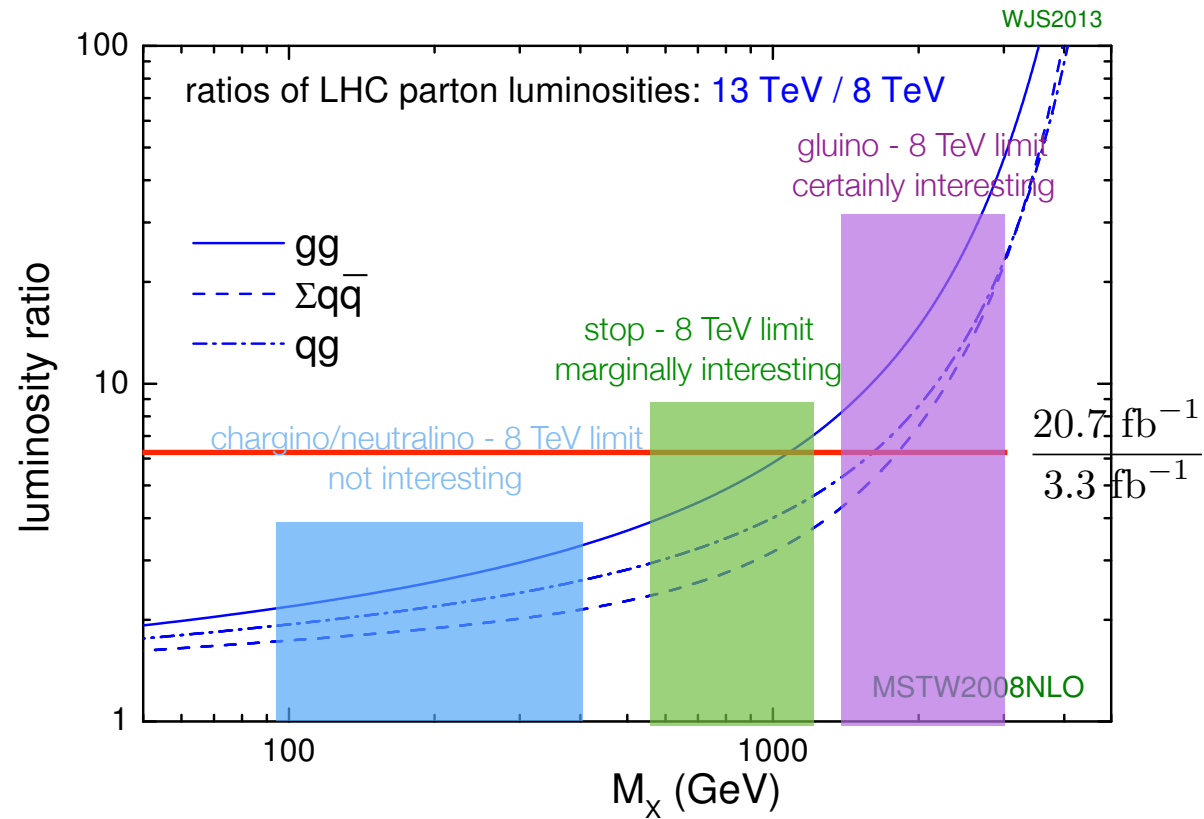
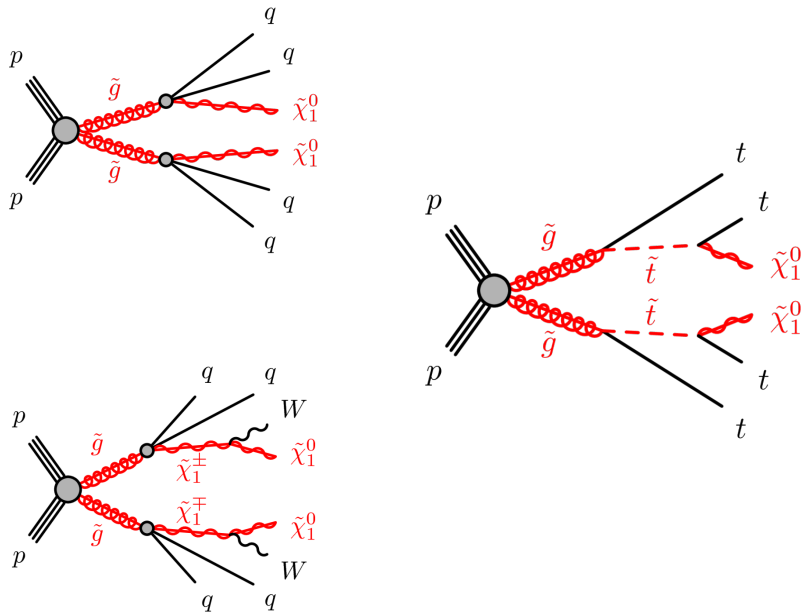
stops excluded (under certain hypotheses) **up to $\sim 700 \text{ GeV}$**

electroweakinos **less constrained** (but excluded up to 200-300 GeV under common assumptions)



2015: the year of strong production

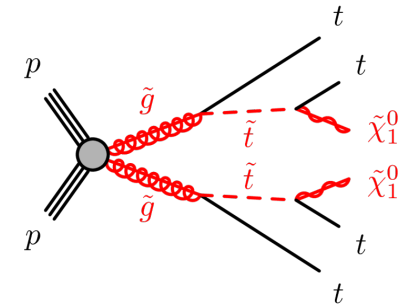
**Glino pair production:
sensitivity already beating by
far the run 1**



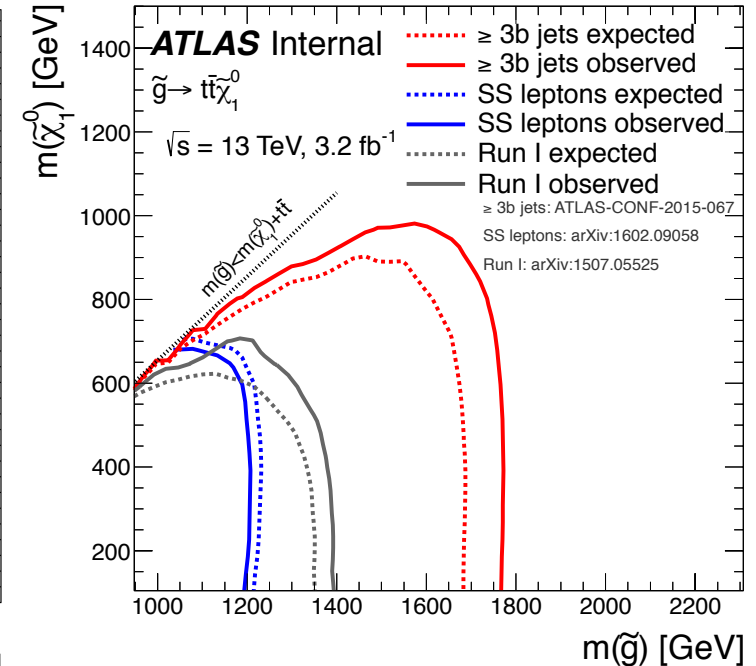
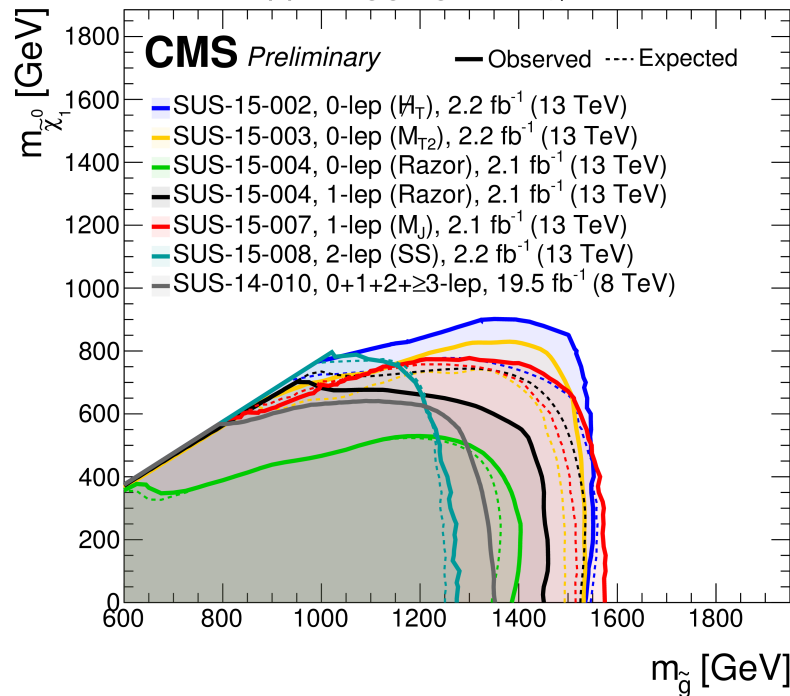
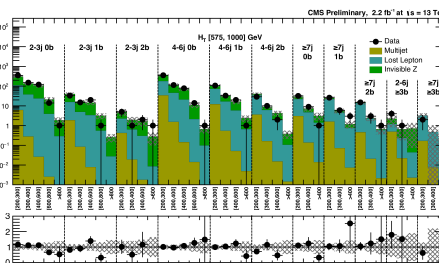
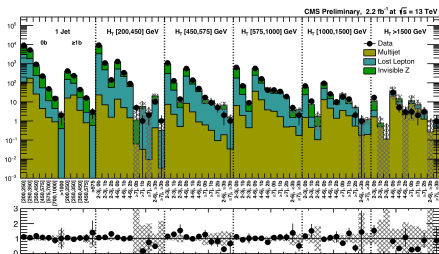
(2 M_x for pair-produced particles)

Example: gluino decay in top quarks

- Up to 4 b-jets, 12 jets, 4 leptons, **SS leptons**, **boosted top quarks**
- Several different approaches to this final state



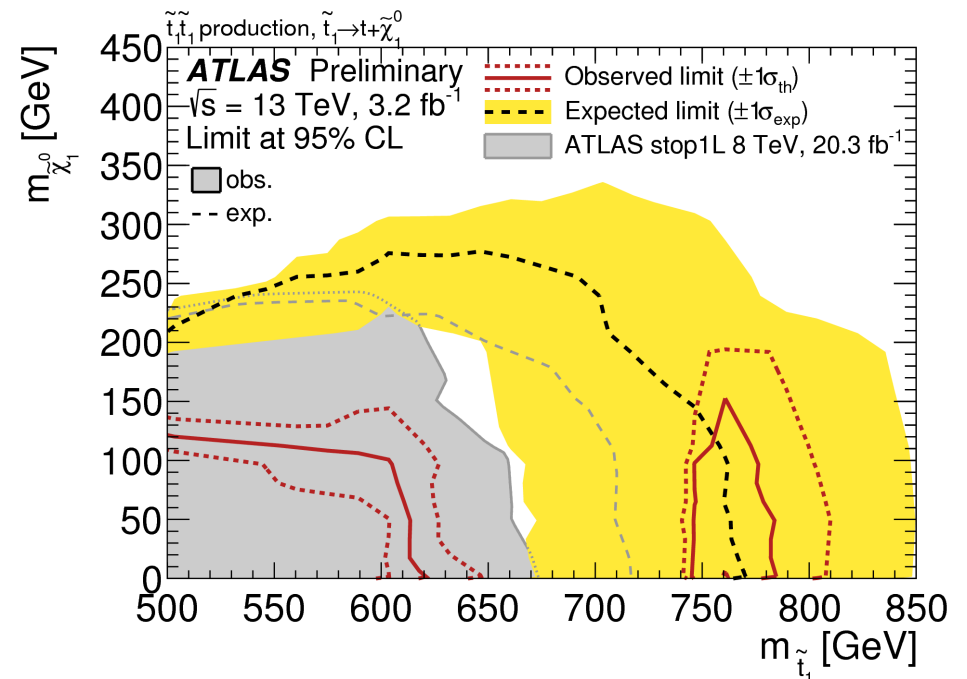
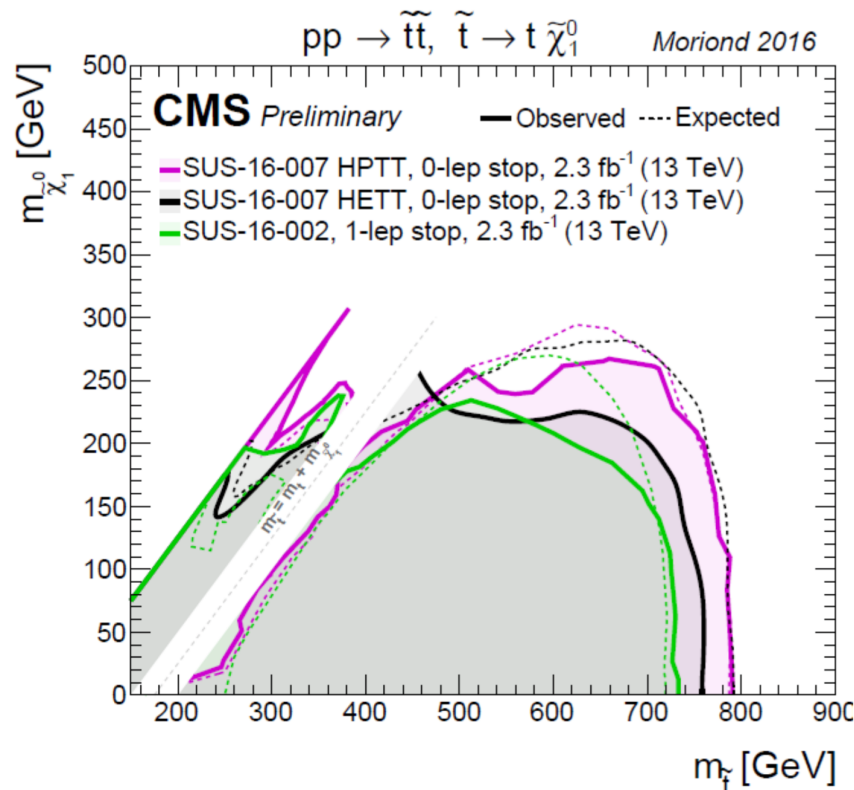
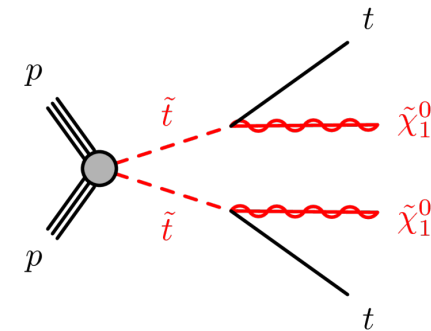
$pp \rightarrow \tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ Dec 2015



Third generation pair production highlights

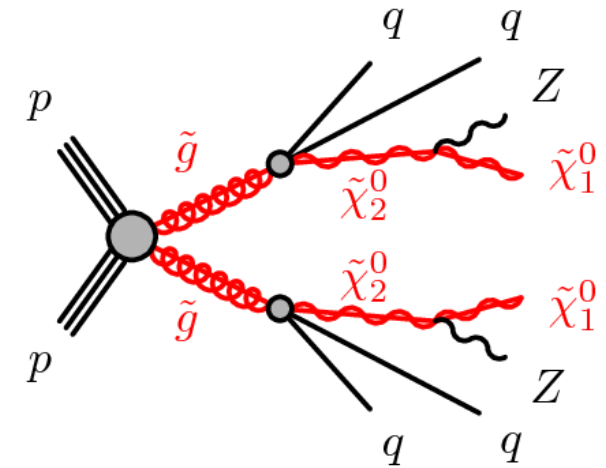
- Stops (and sbottoms) **expected light** because of **naturalness arguments**.
- Run 2 sensitivity **already larger than Run 1**

Hp: BR 100%

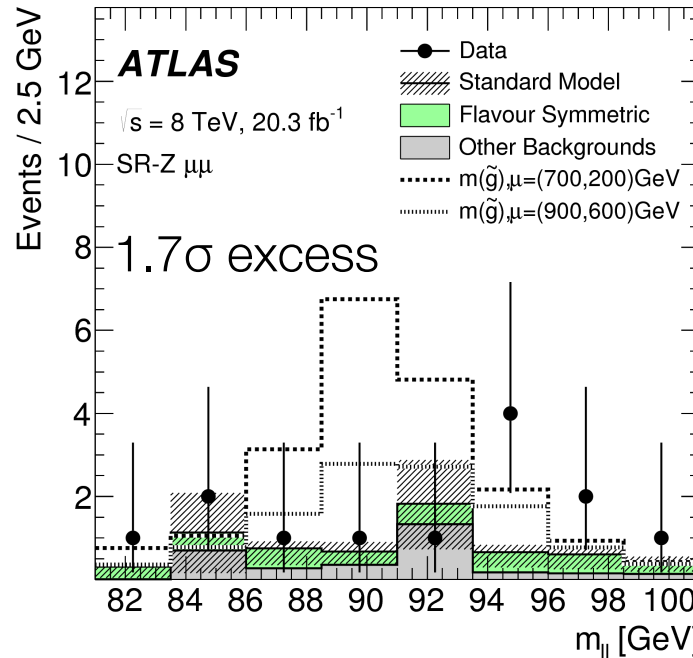
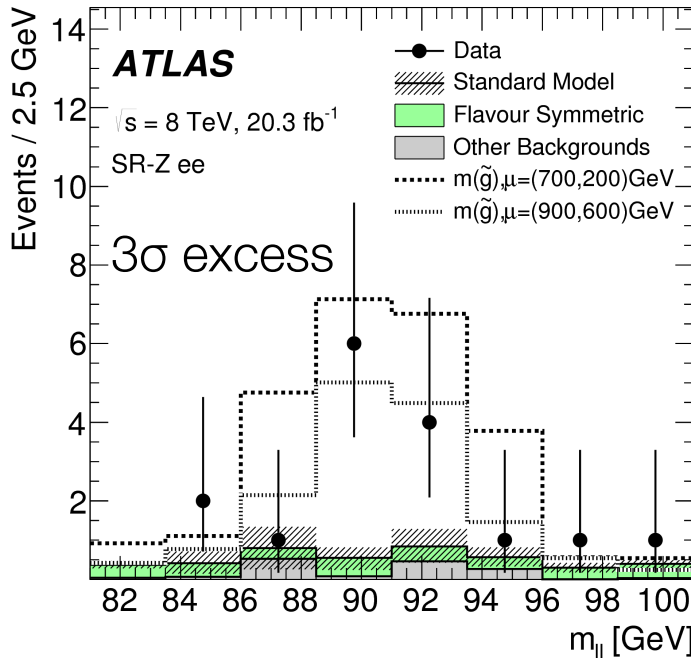


Something to keep an eye on

- **Basic idea:** Z boson + E_T^{miss} is a final state with **very limited SM background** (essentially WZ and ZZ production)
- Selection: 2 jets, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 225$ GeV, $H_T > 600$ GeV



arXiv:1503.03290

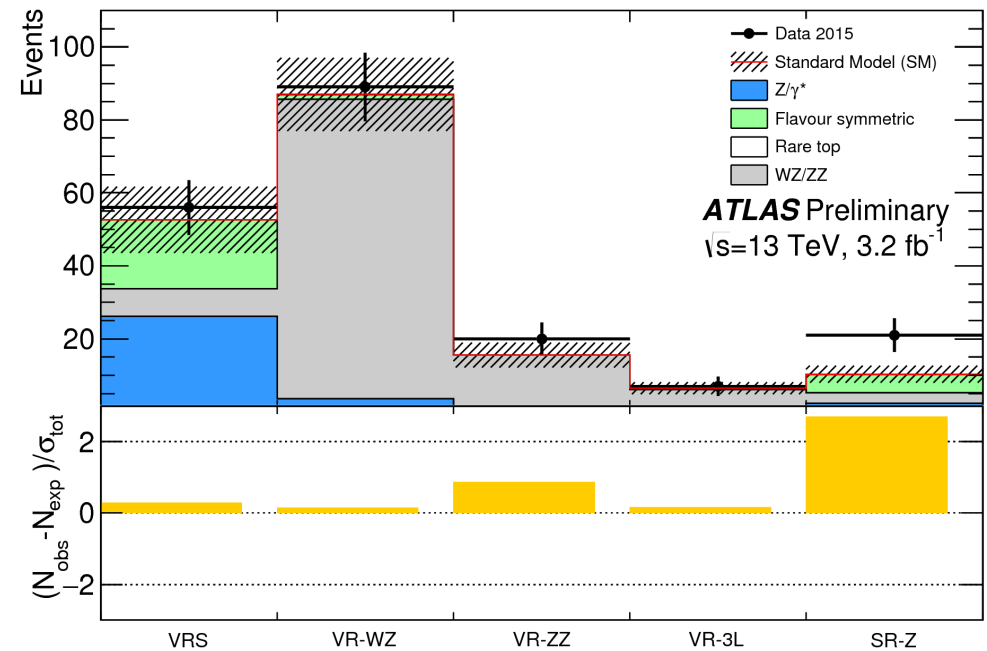
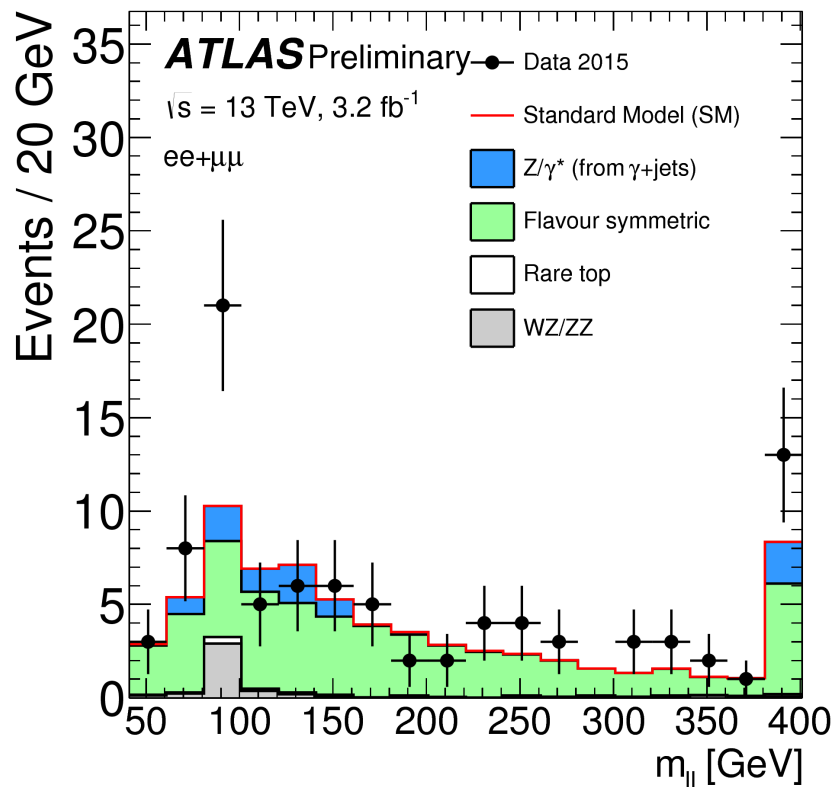


Excess in run 1

non-resonant background
dominated by flavour
symmetric processes
(mainly ttbar)

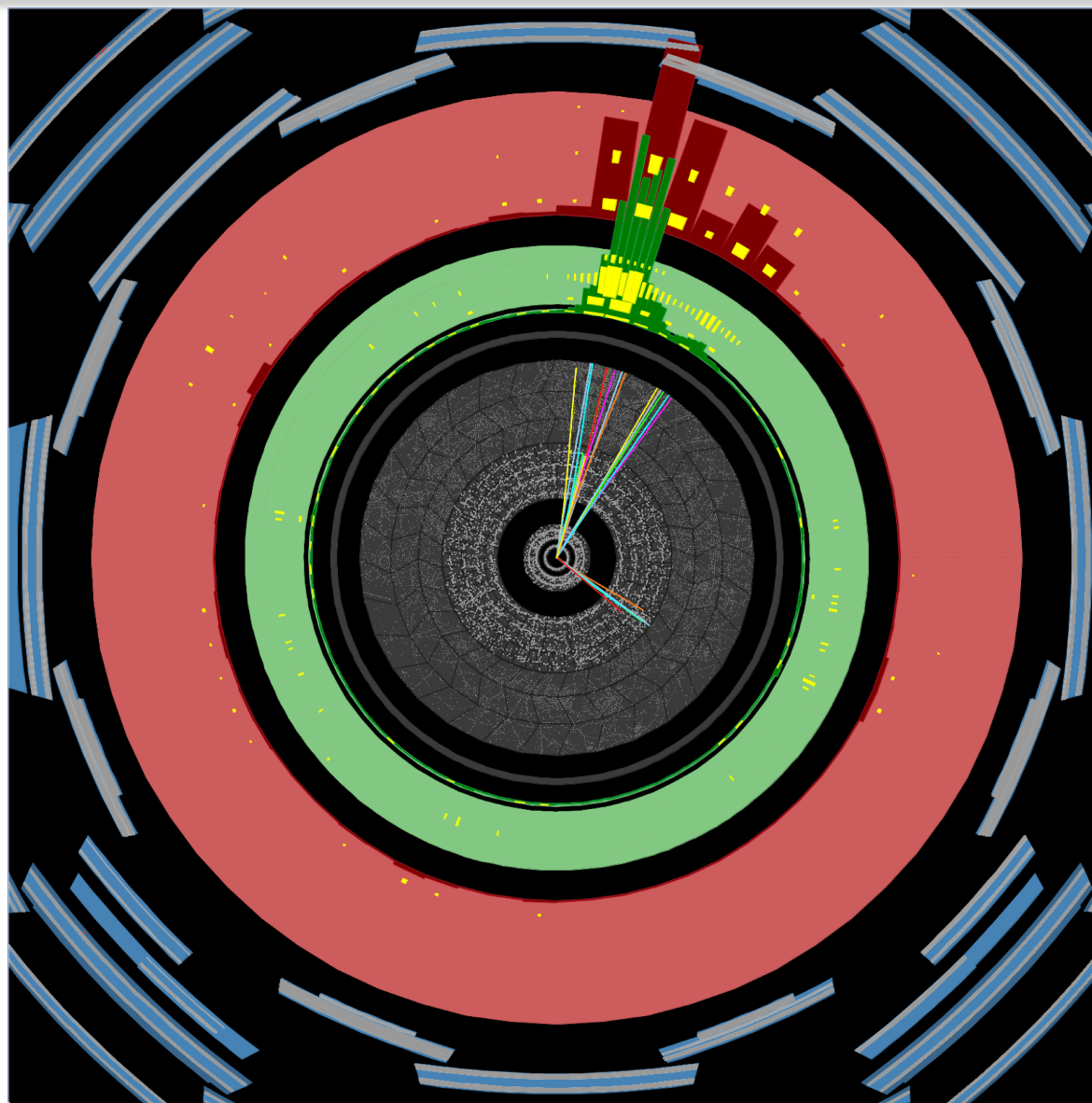
Something to keep an eye on

Excess still there in run 2!



Expected events: 10.3 ± 2.3
 Observed: **21** (2.2σ)
 10 in ee, 11 in $\mu\mu$
 CMS expects and observes **12 events** in a similar region

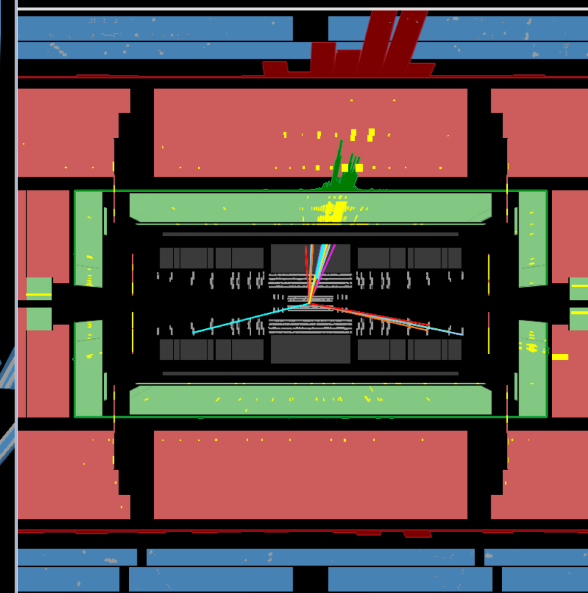
Dark Matter



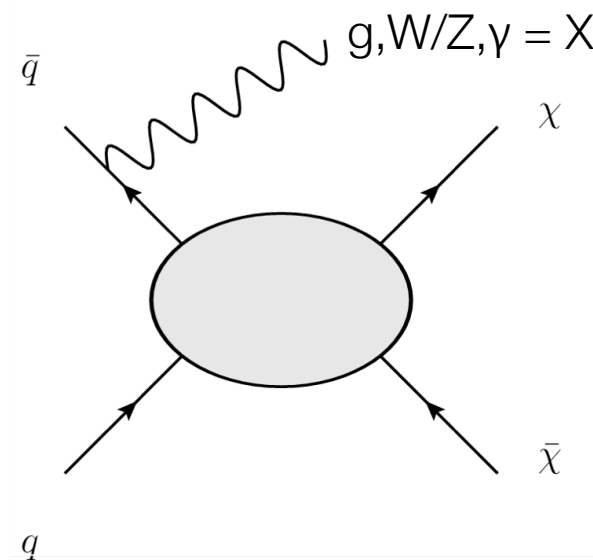
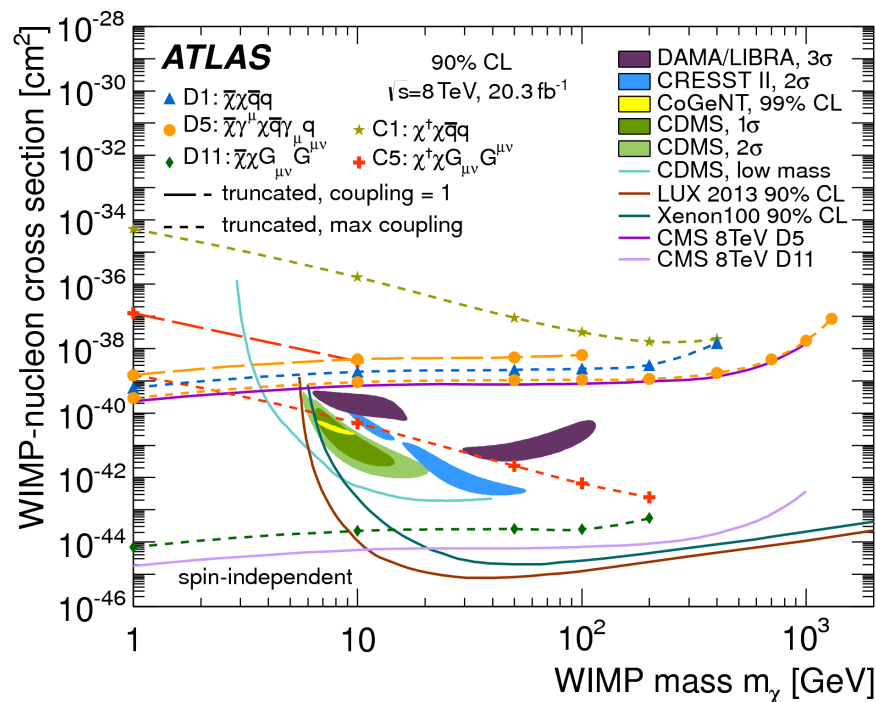
ATLAS EXPERIMENT

Run Number: 206962, Event Number: 55091306

Date: 2012-07-14 10:42:26 CEST



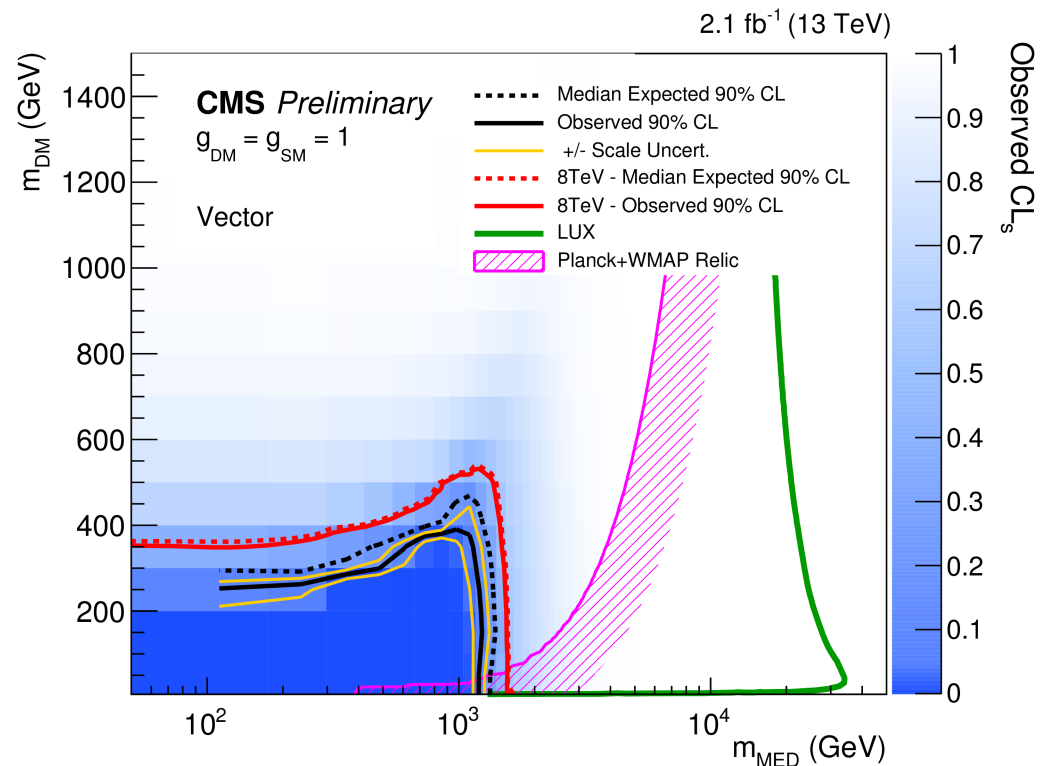
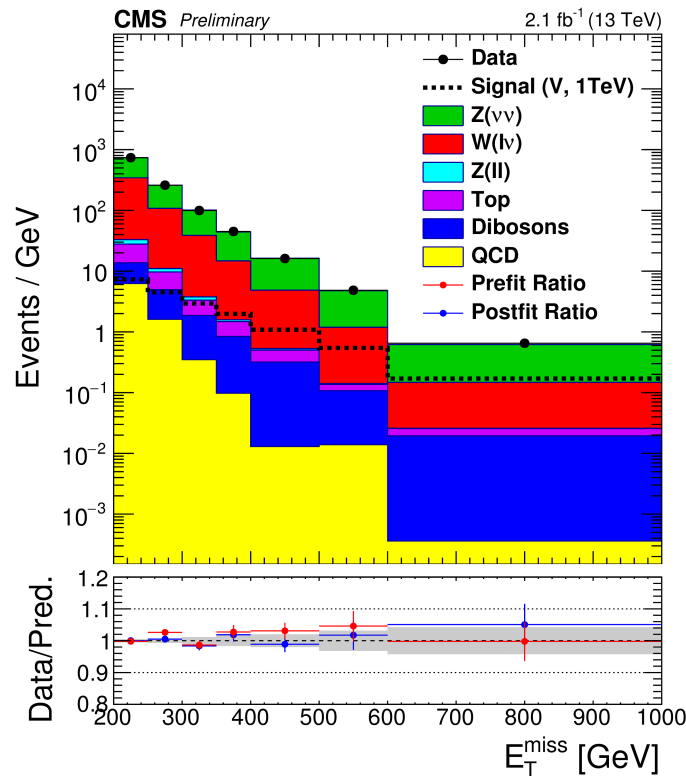
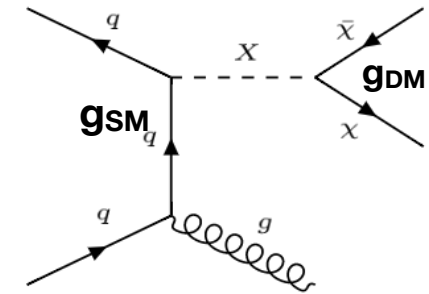
Dark matter (at the LHC)



- LHC can complement direct searches limits
- **Signal:** production of DM particles recoiling against X ($X=g,W/Z,\gamma$)
 - **Effective theory approach** (EFT) mostly used in Run 1 (mass of the mediator large)
 - Similar signatures for direct graviton production in, e.g., ADD models

Dark matter signatures

- A huge amount of work went into the definition of **benchmark simplified models** (see arXiv: 1506.03116, arXiv:1507.00966, arXiv:1407.8257)
- Relevant also for, e.g., compressed SUSY scenarios



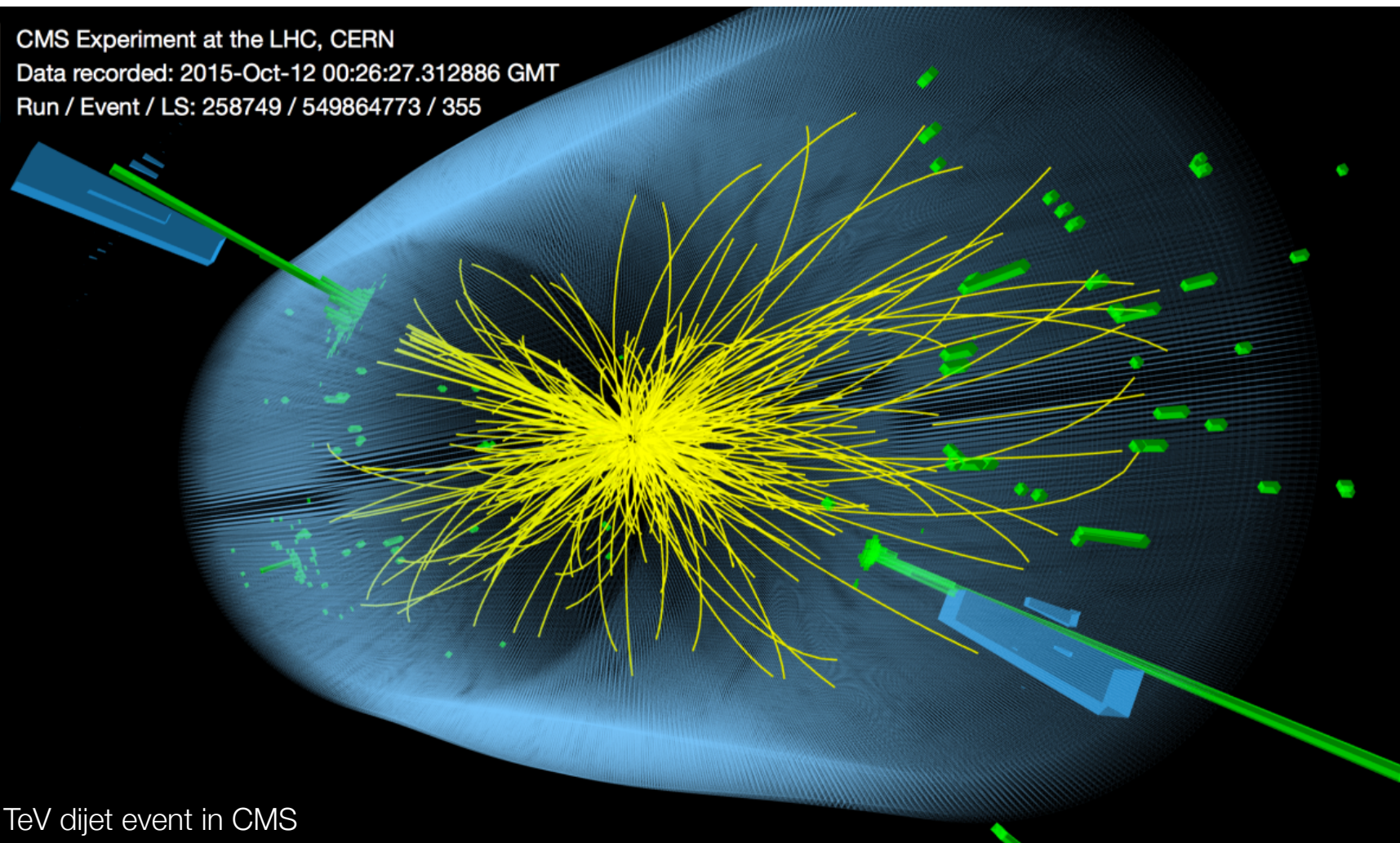
High-mass resonances



CMS Experiment at the LHC, CERN

Data recorded: 2015-Oct-12 00:26:27.312886 GMT

Run / Event / LS: 258749 / 549864773 / 355



A 6.14 TeV dijet event in CMS

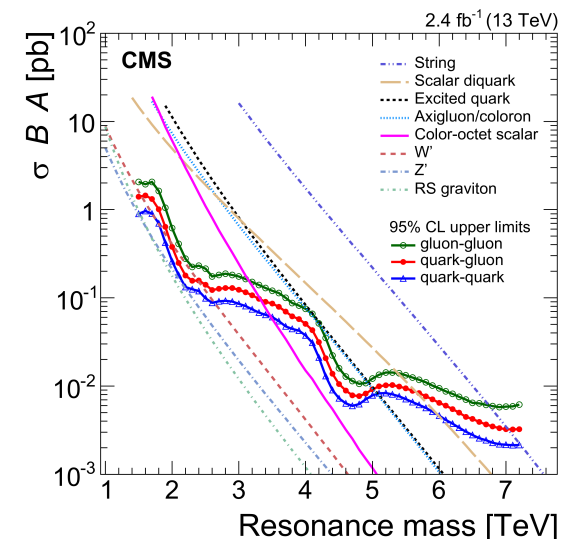
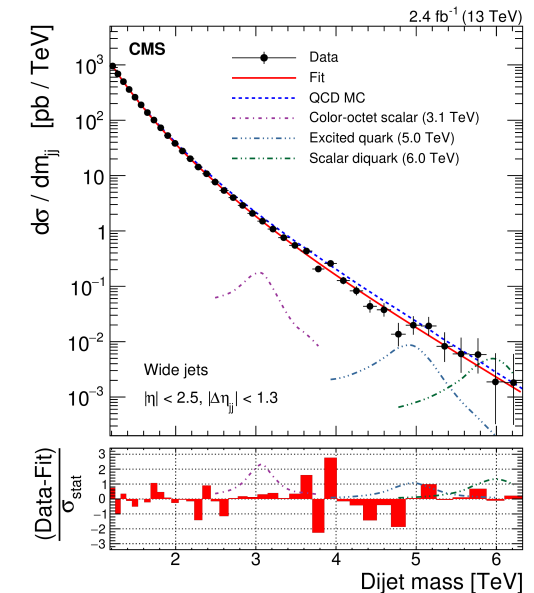
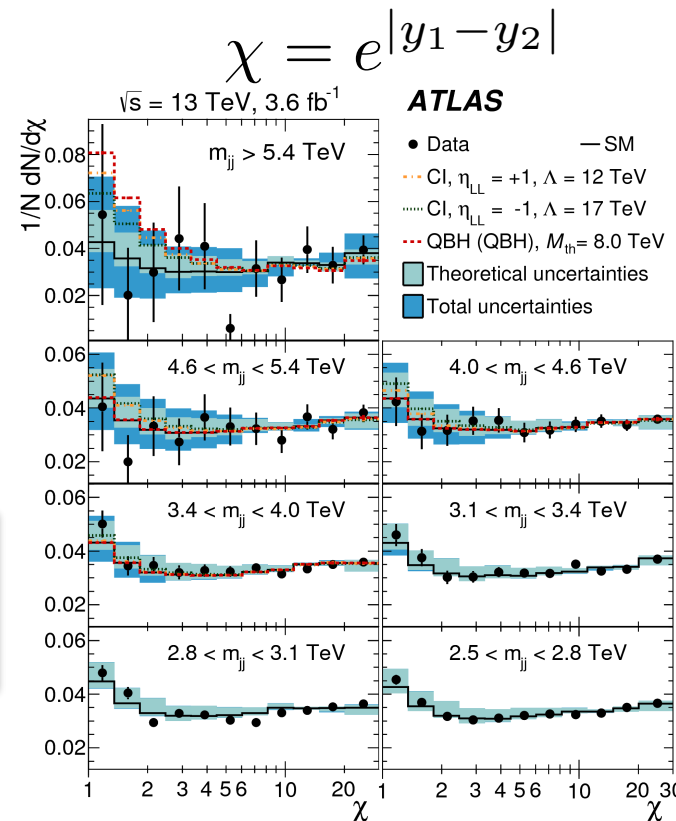
High-mass di-jet resonances

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{jj}} = \frac{P_0(1-x)^{P_1}}{x^{P_2+P_3} \ln(x)}$$

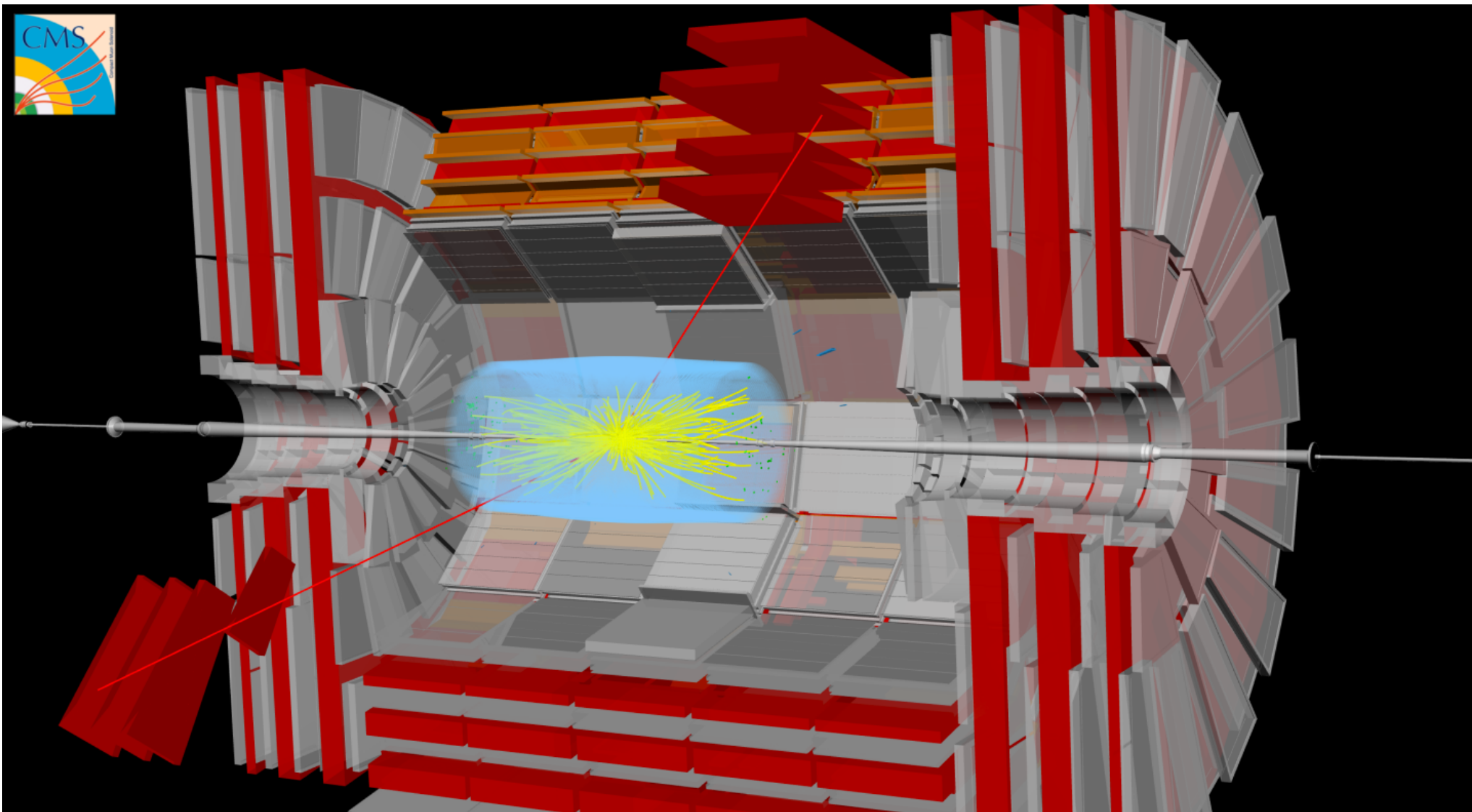
- **Di-jet resonances** are predicted in many **BSM models**
- Run 1 limits already in the **multi-TeV range** → **large cross section gain** in Run 2
- **Di-jet angular distributions** sensitive to contact interactions, extra-dimensions, etc

Limits on **contact interactions at 17 TeV** (constructive interference), **QBH (ADD) at 8 TeV**

CMS PAS EXO-15-009
Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 071801
PLB 754 (2016) 302-322

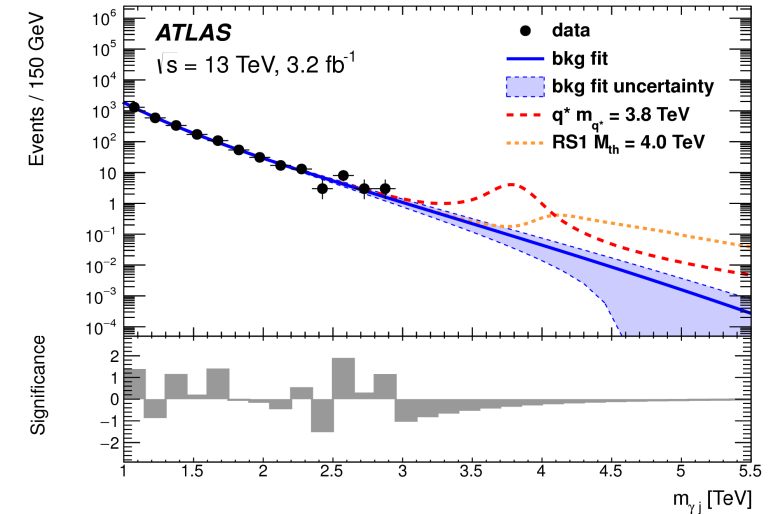


High-mass resonances

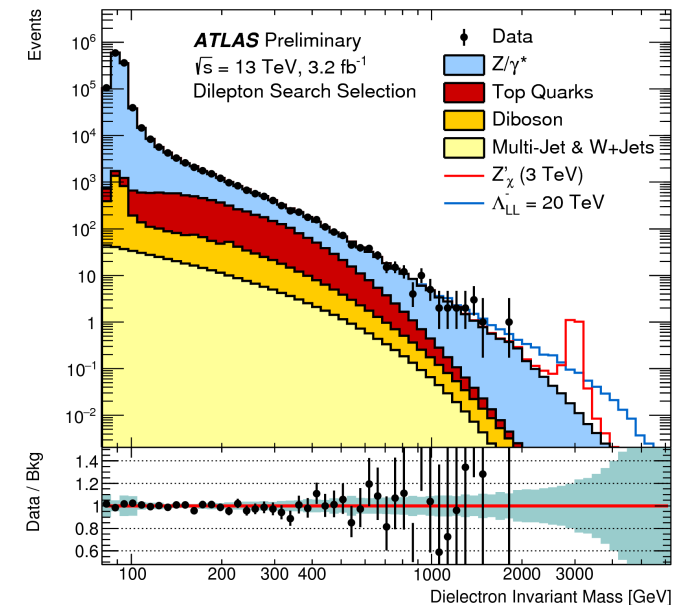
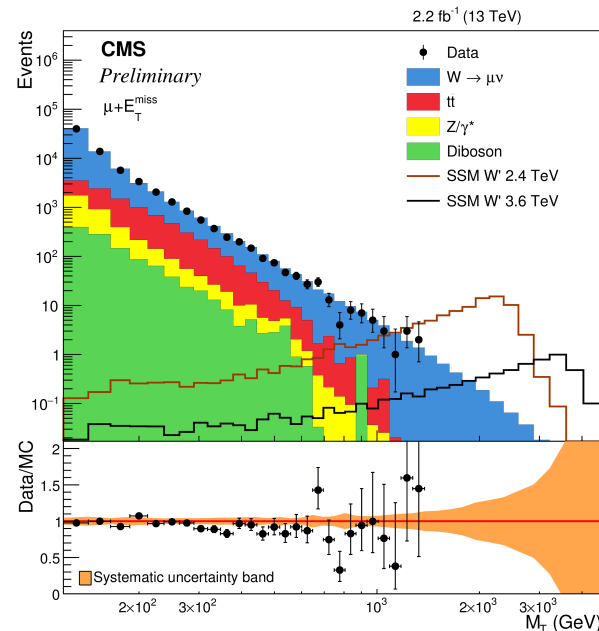


High-mass resonances

- Di-lepton (Z'), photon+jet (excited quarks, QBH), lepton+ E_T^{miss} (W'):
 - look at the m_{ll} , $m_{\gamma j}$, or at the m_T if invisible decay products involved
 - Also sensitive to **non-resonant production** (extra-dimensions, etc.)



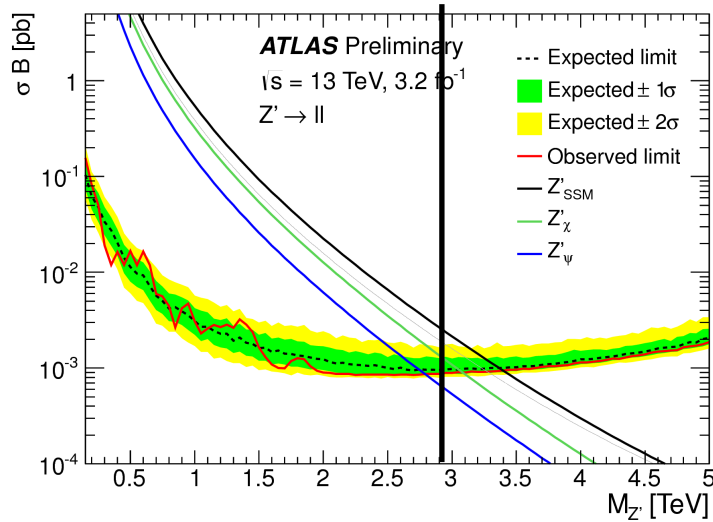
ATLAS
arXiv:1512.05910
ATLAS-CONF-2015-063
ATLAS-CONF-2015-070
CMS
CMS-PAS-EXO-15-005
CMS-PAS-EXO-15-006



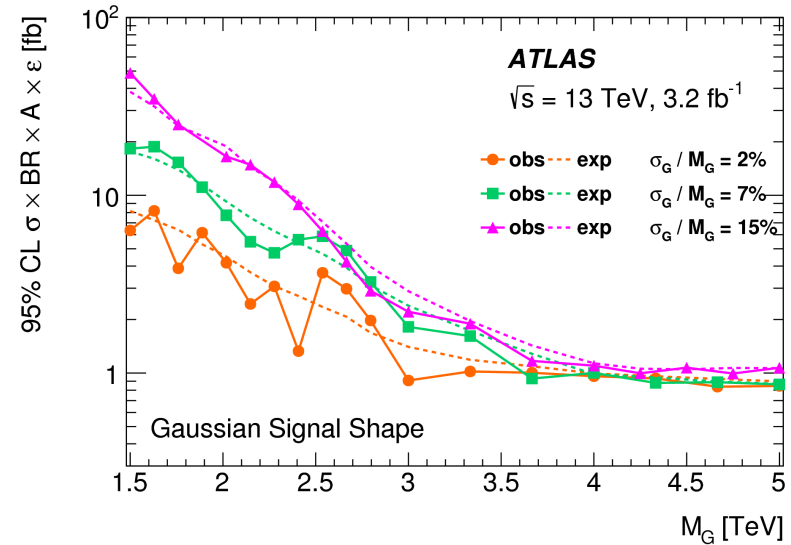
$$m_T = \sqrt{2p_T^\ell E_T^{\text{miss}}(1 - \cos \Delta\phi)}$$

High-mass resonances

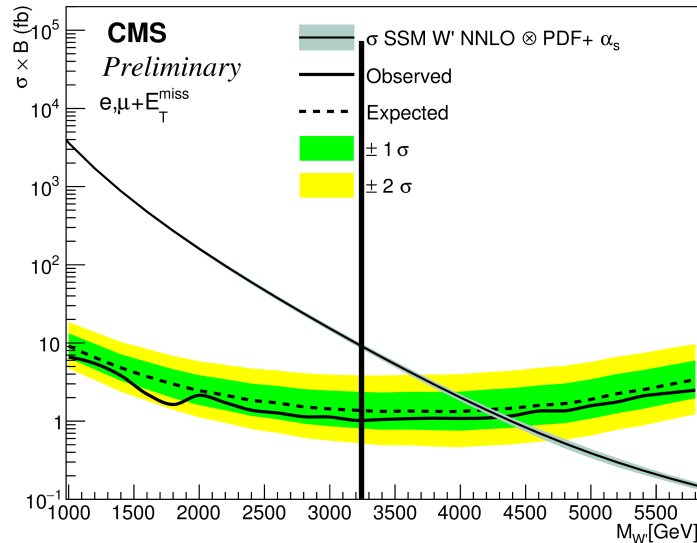
Run 1 limit on Z'_{SSM}



Limits from photon-jet resonance for different widths



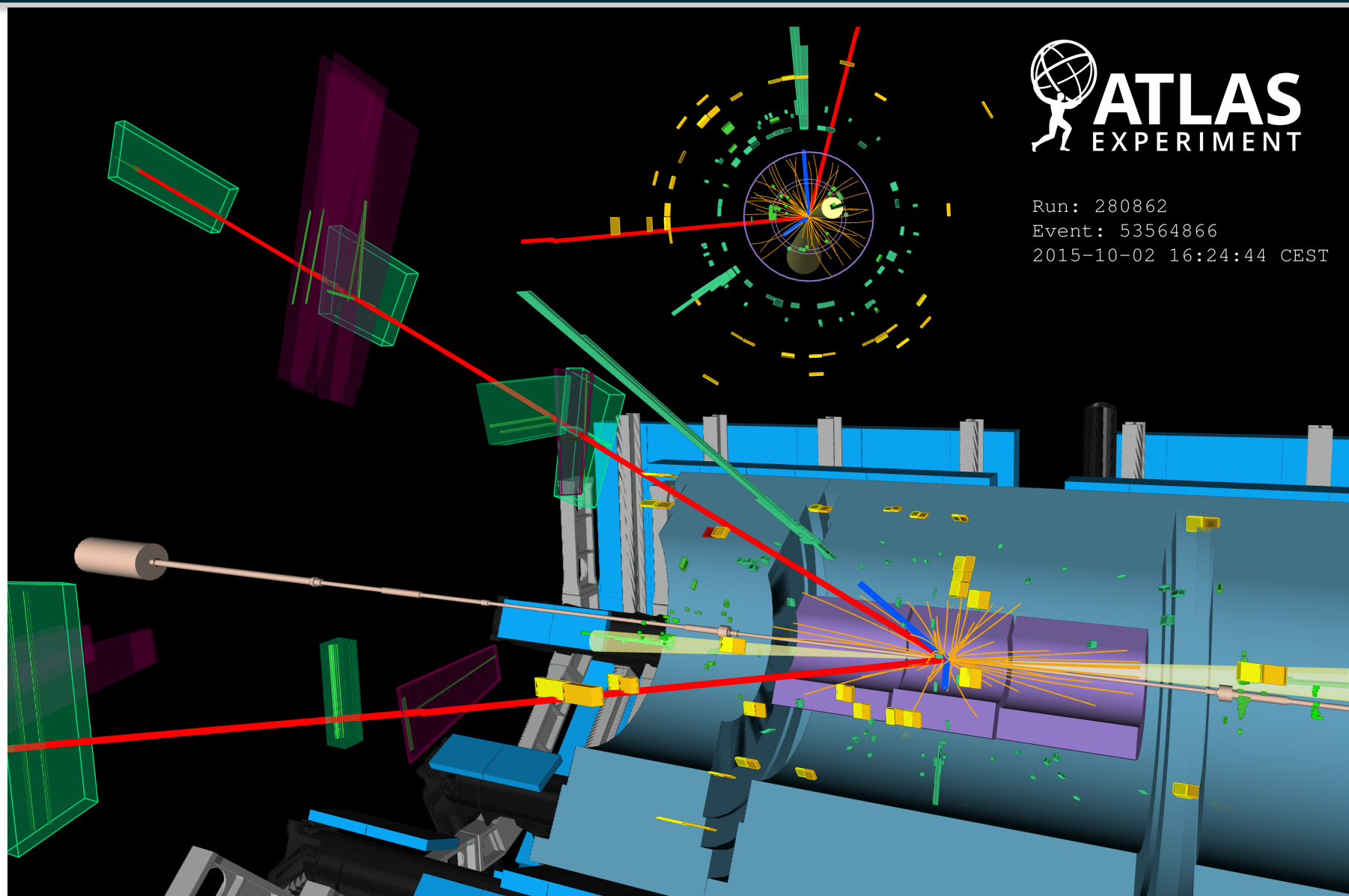
Run 1 limit
 $2.2 \text{ fb}^{-1} (13 \text{ TeV})$



No significant excess observed

Sensitivity significantly extended with respect to Run 1

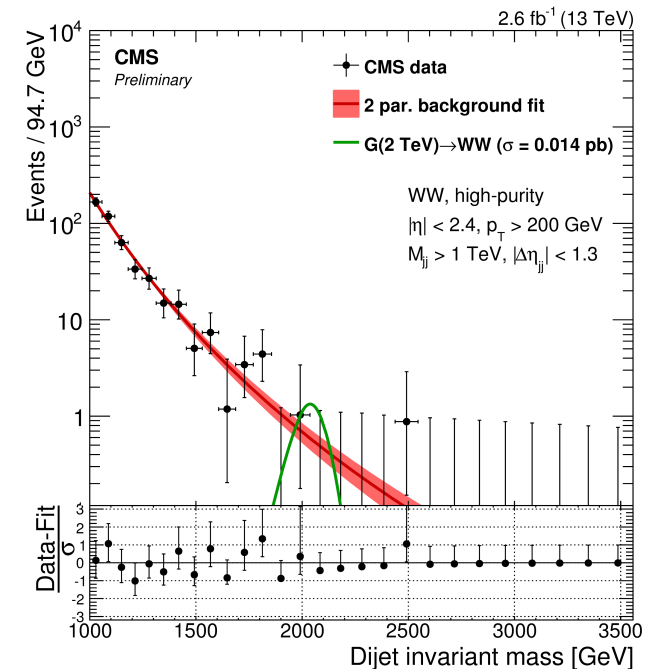
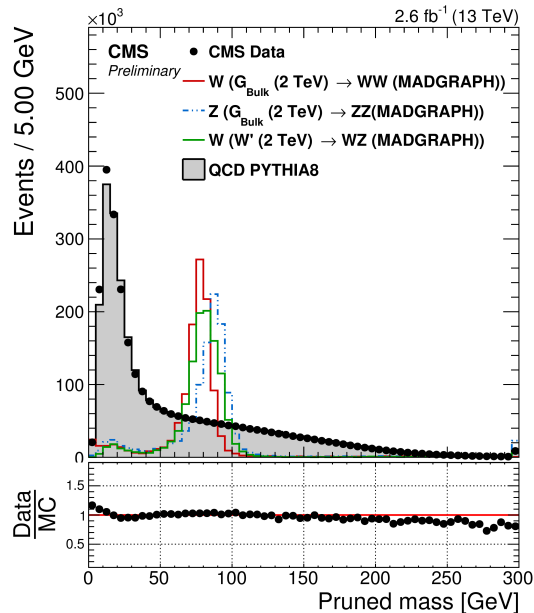
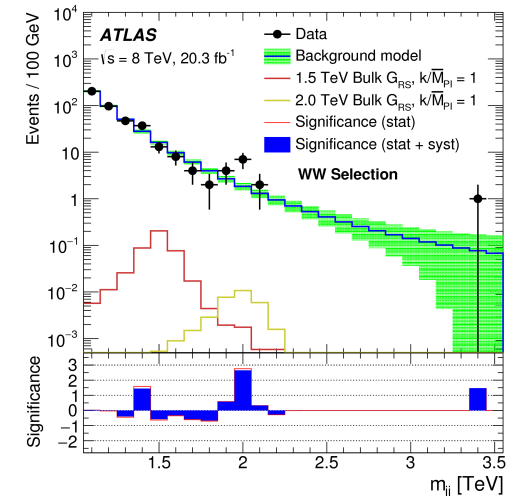
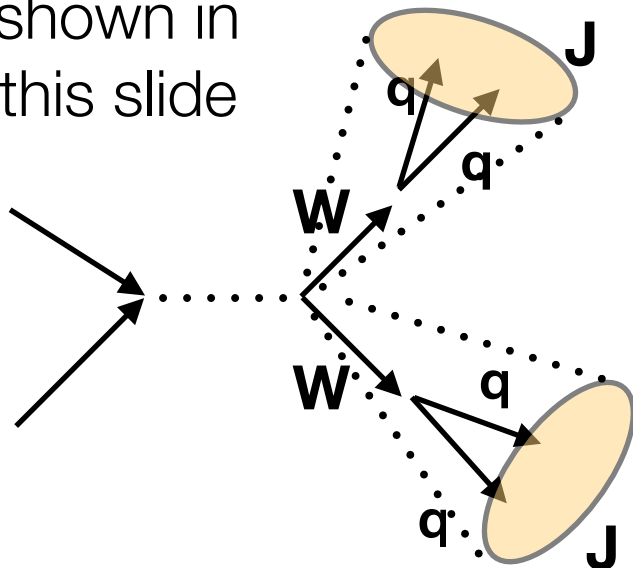
Di-boson resonances



Di-boson resonances

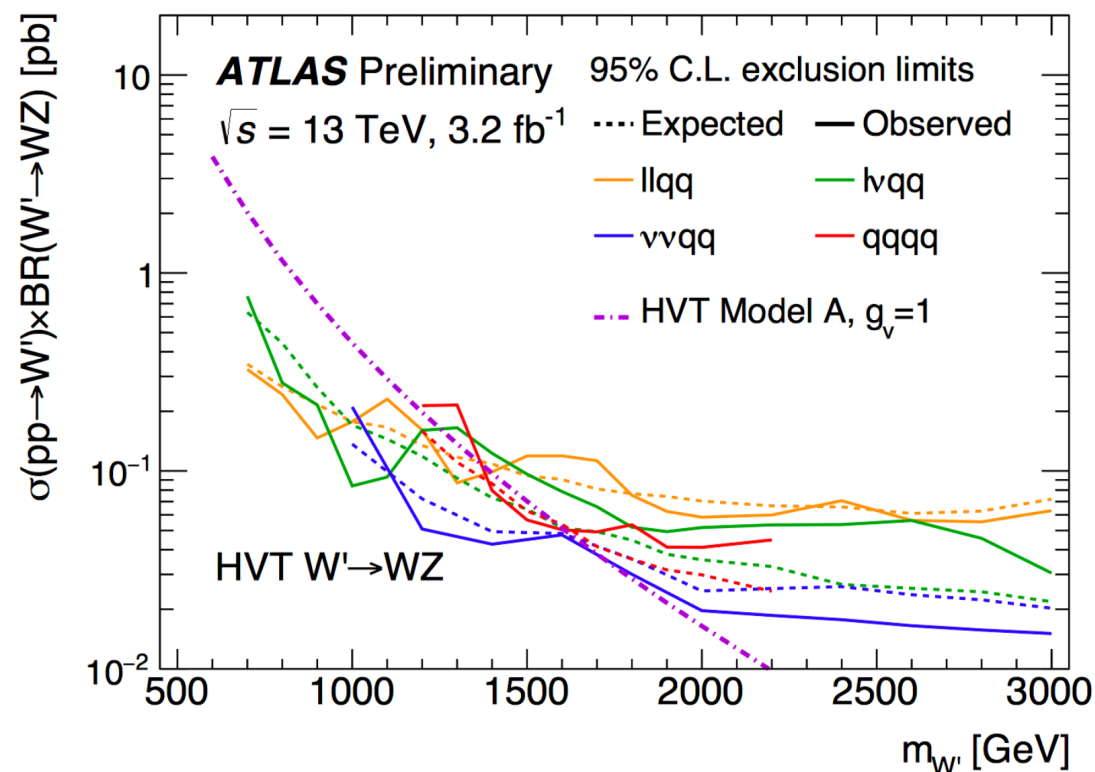
- Looking for the decay of a **heavy resonance in vector boson pairs**
- Several possible **final states** investigated
- Run 1: a **mild excess**, mostly in the di-jet channel
 - Other **minor excesses** in other channels, not **conclusively consistent with each other**

shown in this slide



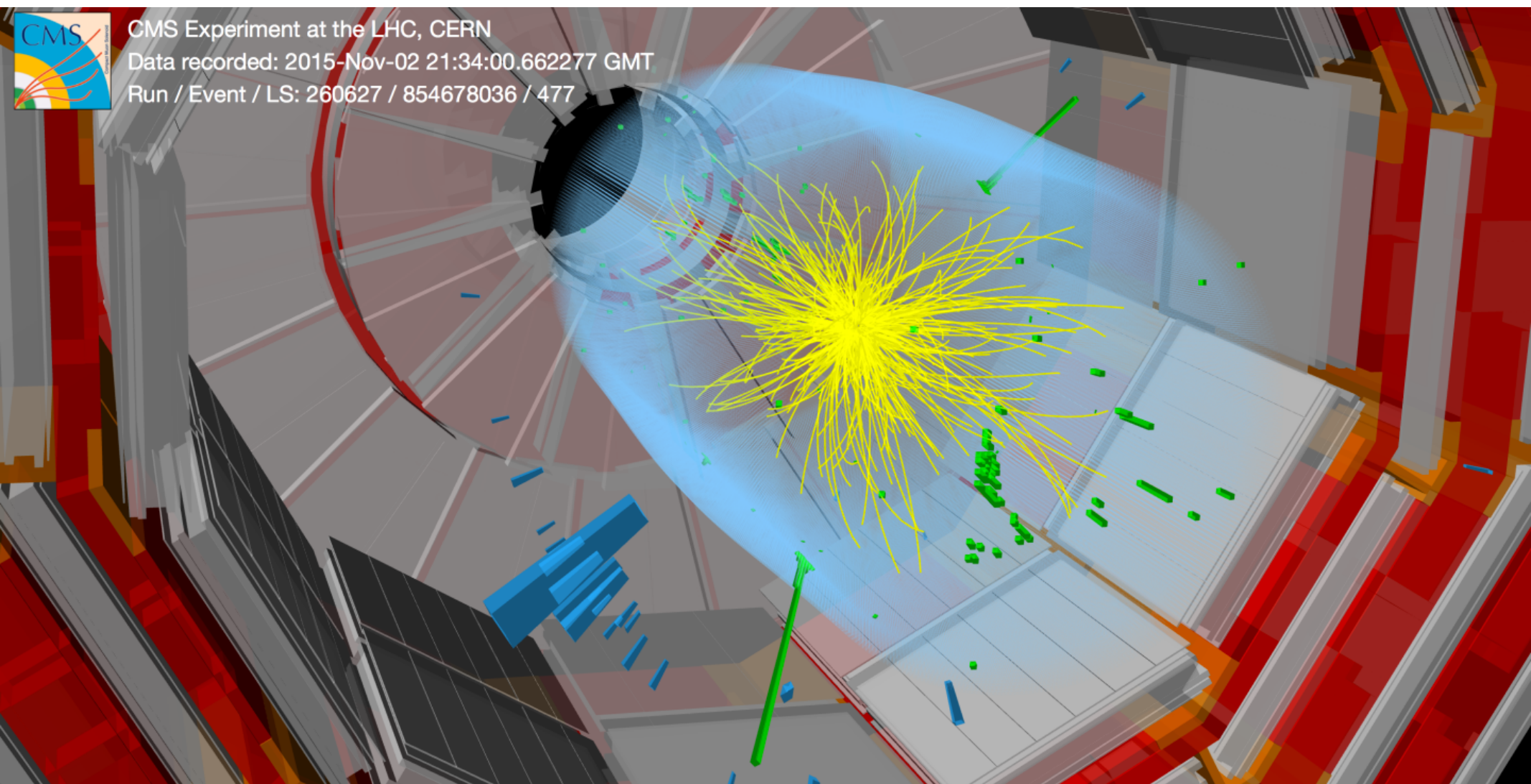
Di-boson resonances

- Run 2 searches **well underway**
- Most of the **possible final states** already **under investigation**
- **No excess** above standard model...
- ...but **sensitivity not yet at the level of run 1** for the individual channels
- **HVT: Heavy Vector Triplet** model (<http://arxiv.org/pdf/1402.4431v2.pdf>) - spin 1 particles
- But also interpreted in terms of **RS graviton (spin 2)** and a **spin 0 Higgs boson**



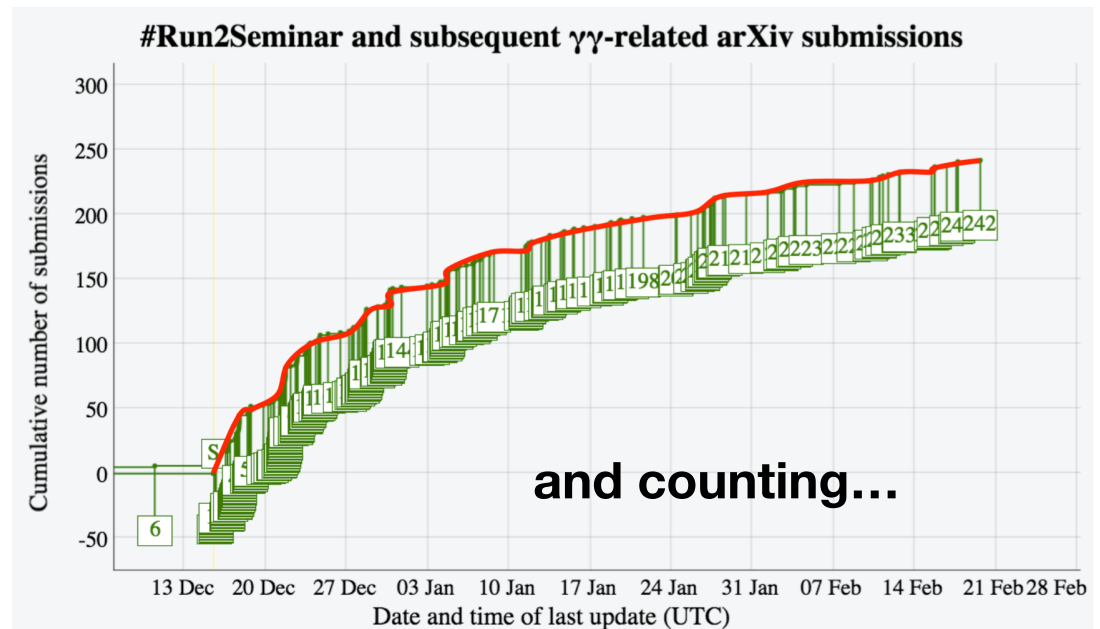
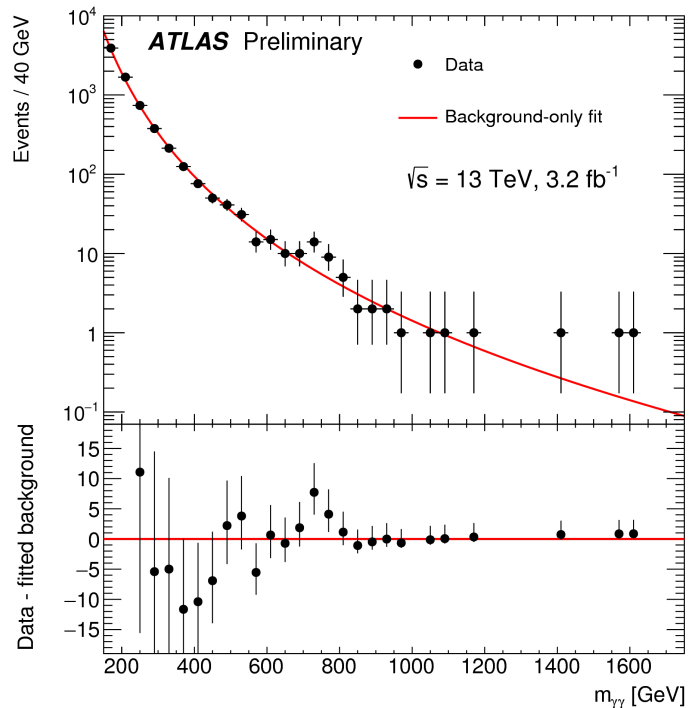
ATLAS-CONF-2015-073 $WV \rightarrow qqqq$
 ATLAS-CONF-2015-075 $WV \rightarrow lvqq$
 ATLAS-CONF-2015-071 $ZV \rightarrow llqq$
 ATLAS-CONF-2015-068 $ZV \rightarrow \nu\nu qq$
 ATLAS-CONF-2015-074 VH
 CMS-PAS-EXO-15-002 $WV \rightarrow qqqq, lvqq$

Di-photon resonances



Diphoton resonances

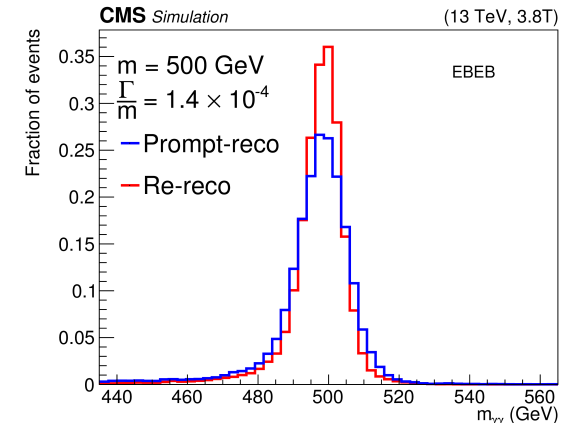
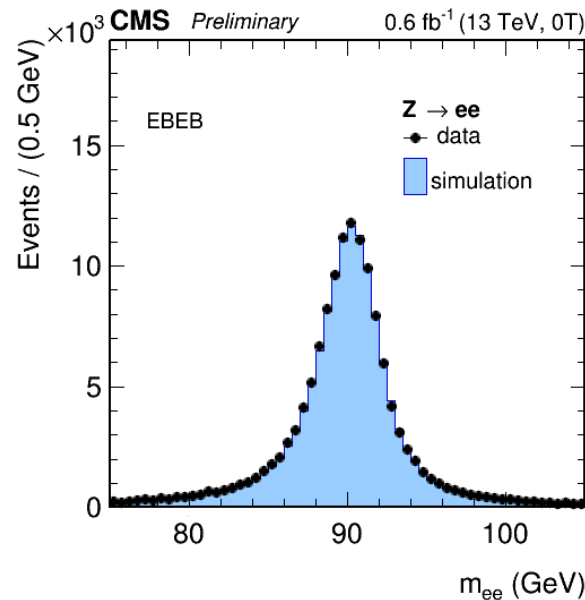
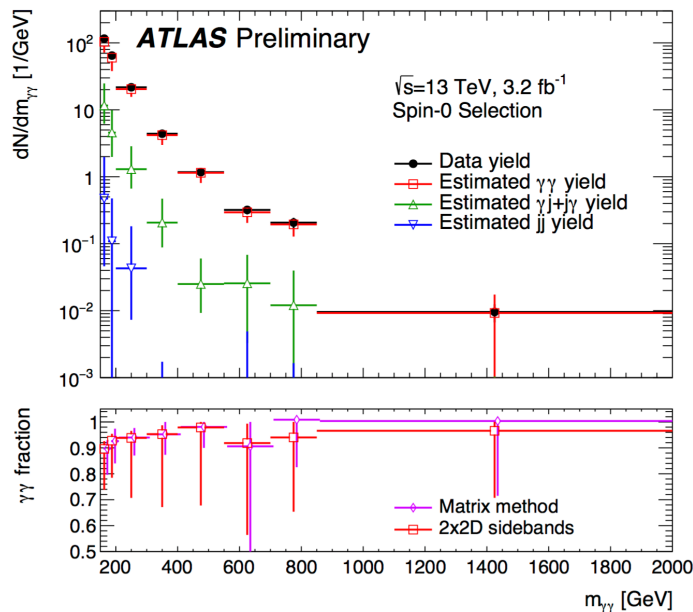
- **Great excitement** caused in the community by an excess of events around 750 GeV seen by **both experiments**
- A flood of possible interpretations by the theory community



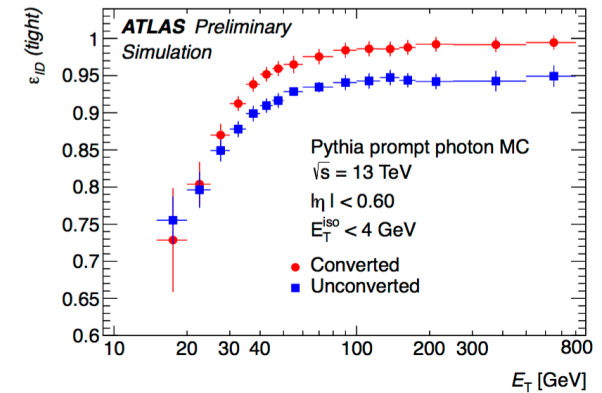
New results from last week

- Both ATLAS and CMS have presented:
 - A **spin 0** and a **spin 2** analysis
 - Results at 13 TeV and 8 TeV (combined, in the CMS case)
 - CMS has analysed **0.6 fb⁻¹** recorded **with no magnetic field**

$$P_{\gamma\gamma} = 93^{+3}_{-8} \%$$



improved calibration



di-photon purity - ATLAS

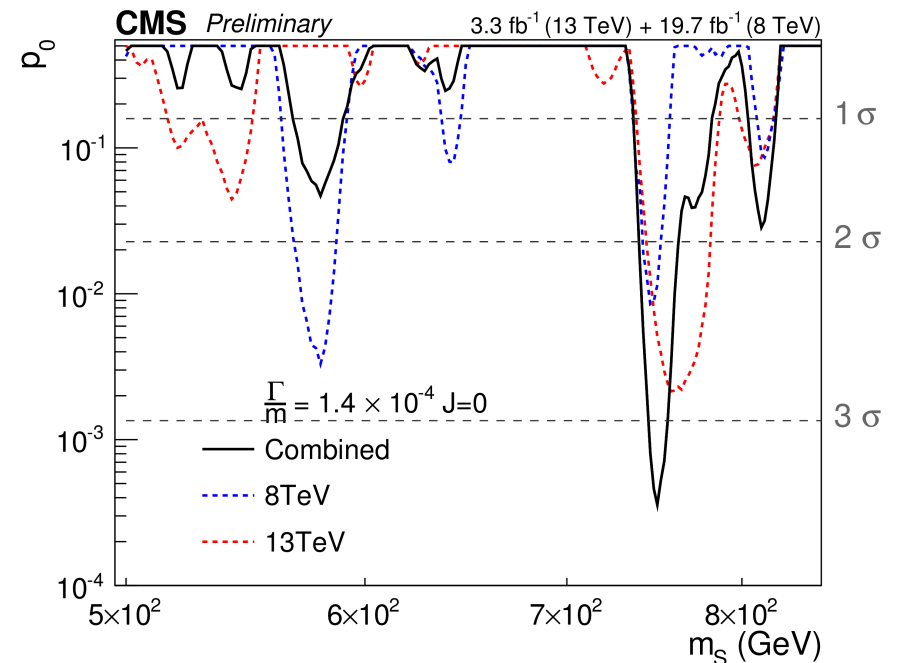
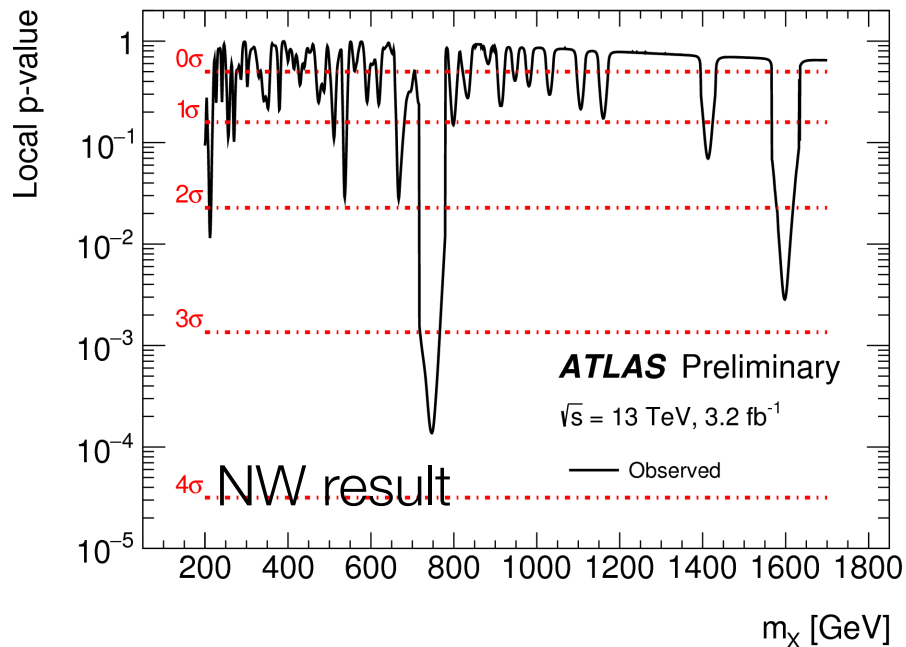
egamma calibration with no magnetic field, CMS

good efficiency for converted and unconverted photons

Significance of the excess

- ATLAS quotes:
 - Spin 2: **3.6 σ local** (1.8 σ global) for **$m_G = 750$ GeV, $\Gamma_G = 7\%$ m_G**
 - Spin 0: **3.9 σ local** (2.3 σ global) for variable width (largest deviation for **$\Gamma = 45$ GeV**)
 - Run 1 results (spin 0) compatible with the excess at **1.2 σ for gg**.
- CMS quotes **3.4 σ local** (1.6 σ global) combined with run 1 (2.9 local in run 2 alone). Best fit for **narrow width and $m = 750$ GeV**.

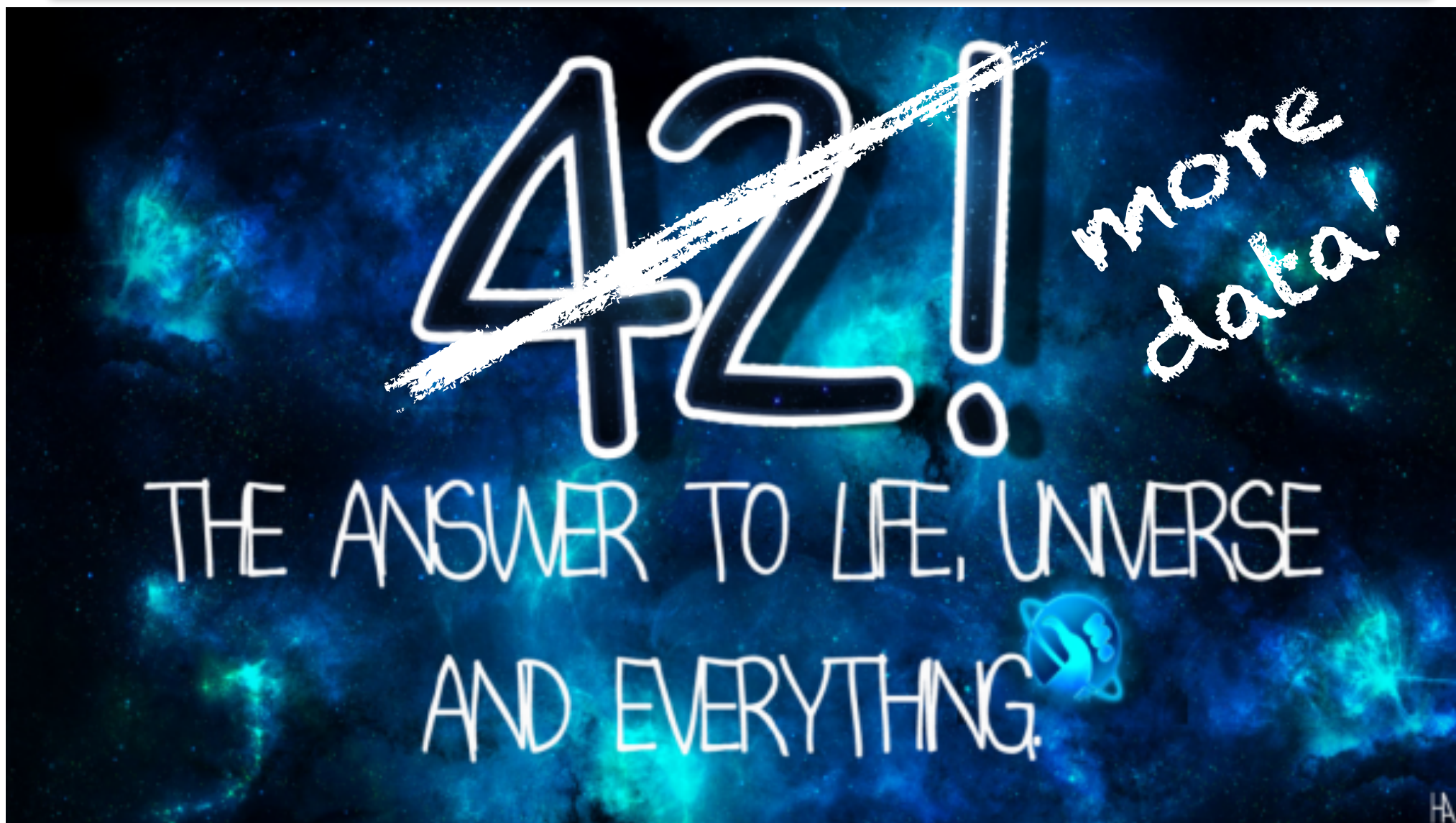
ATLAS-CONF-2015-081
CMS-PAS-EXO-2015-004
CMS-PAS-EXO-2016-018
plus material from Moriond
Conferences



Summary

- The LHC opened up a **new energy frontier** (twice!)
- Direct searches (together with Higgs measurements and precision measurements) **do have severe impact** on constraining BSM physics.
- Few interesting excesses spotted (above all the **diphoton bump** at 750 GeV)
 - We need **more data...**
 - ... but **they are coming real soon!**

Summary

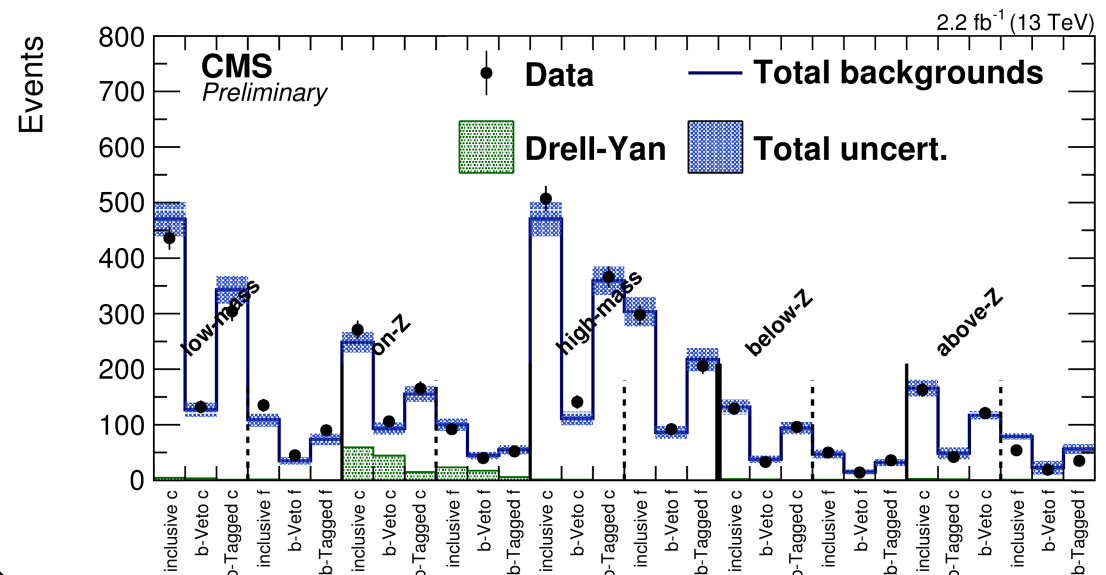
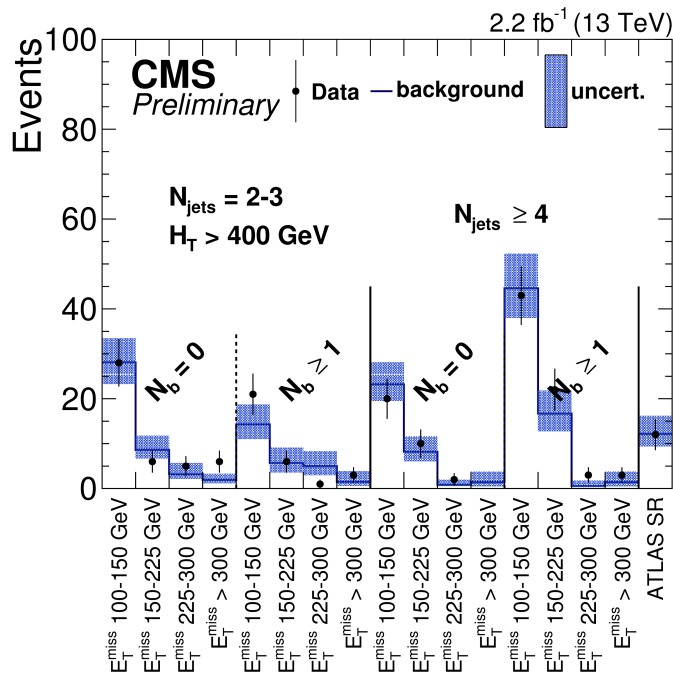


Backup

What does CMS say?

CMS-PAS-SUS-15-011

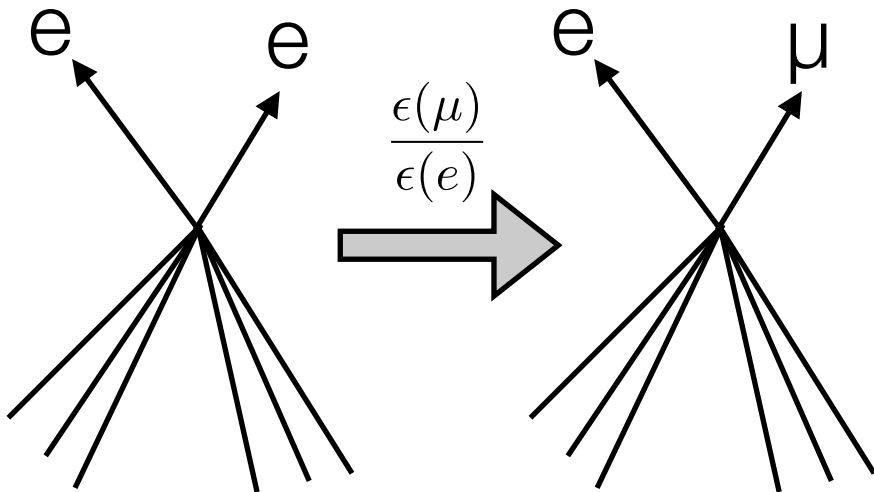
- **47 signal regions**, looking on- and off-Z (CMS had 2.6 σ below the Z peak)
 - Defined with different **jet and b-jet multiplicity**, E_T^{miss} , H_T , m_{ll}
 - Background estimation **similar to the ATLAS case**.



This is identical to the ATLAS selection

ATLAS $Z+E_T^{\text{miss}}$

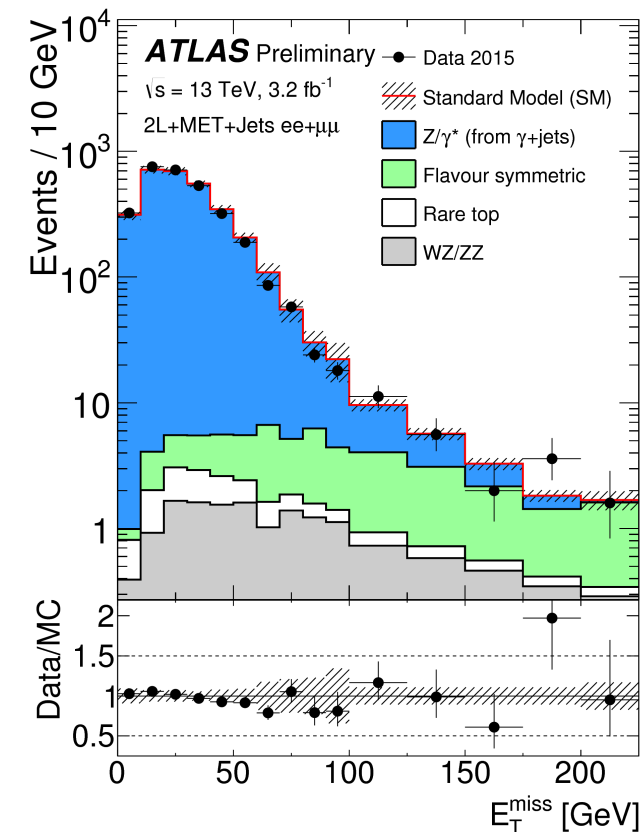
- **Flavour symmetric** background (top pair production, WW, etc.): ee: $\mu\mu$:e μ events are in ratio 1:1:2
- Validated with a sideband fit to m_{ll}



- **$Z+E_T^{\text{miss}}$ background** tricky (it mainly comes from detector effects)
- Estimated from γ +jets events

- idea: γ +jets and Z+jets events are the same (beside Z mass and lepton/photon resolution)

- measure E_T^{miss} shape in γ +jets and use it to predict signal region yields



Additional info ATLAS

- At $E_T^Y > 100-200$ GeV, resolution dominated by constant term...

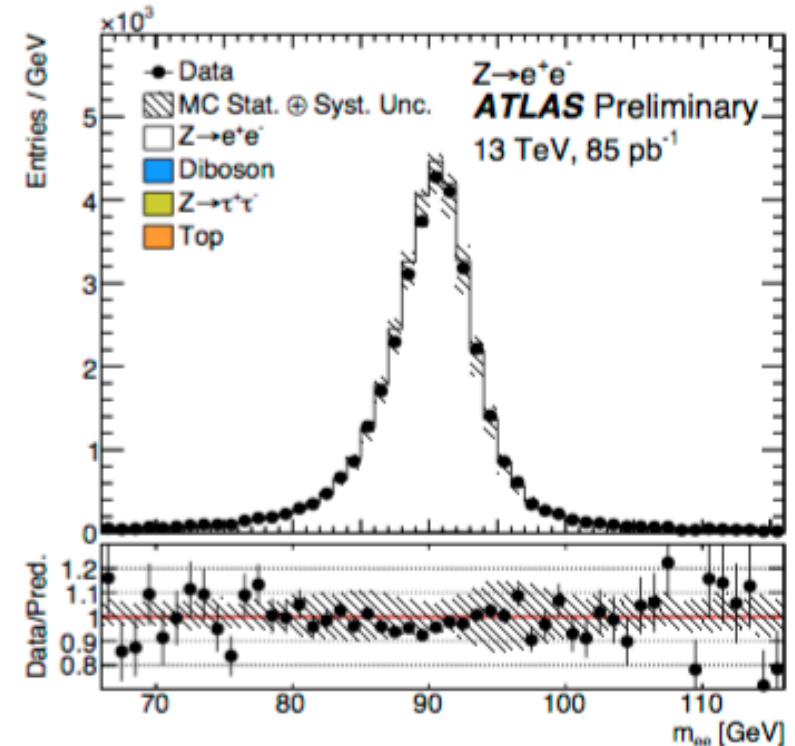
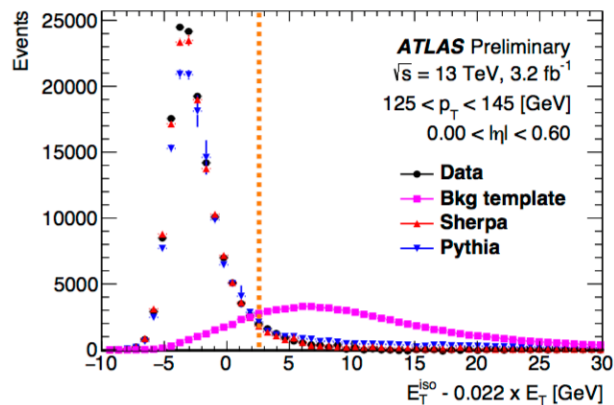
✓ $c = 0.6\% - 1.5\%$

$$\frac{\sigma E}{E} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus \frac{b}{E} \oplus c$$

- Uncertainties

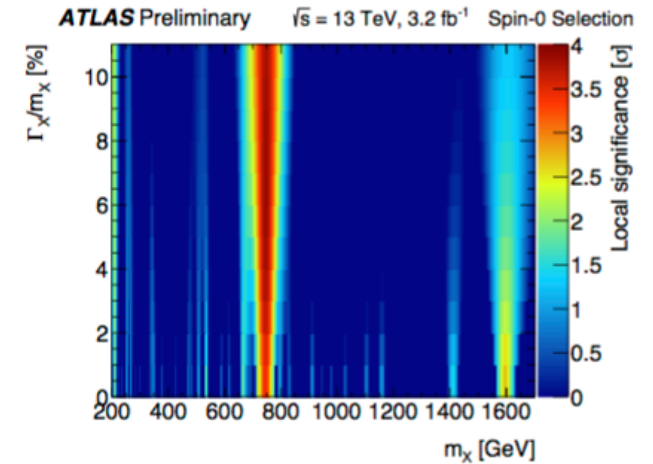
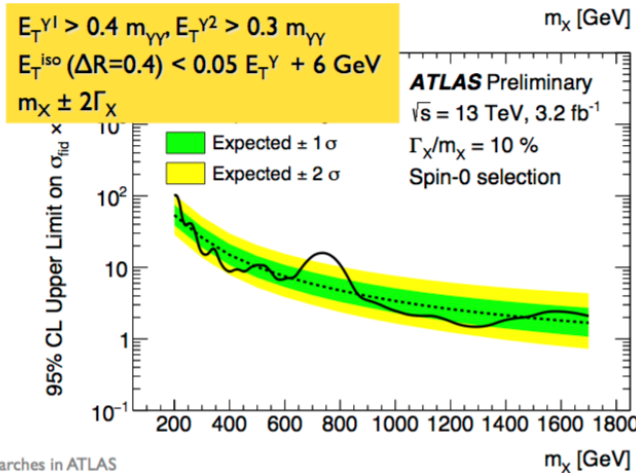
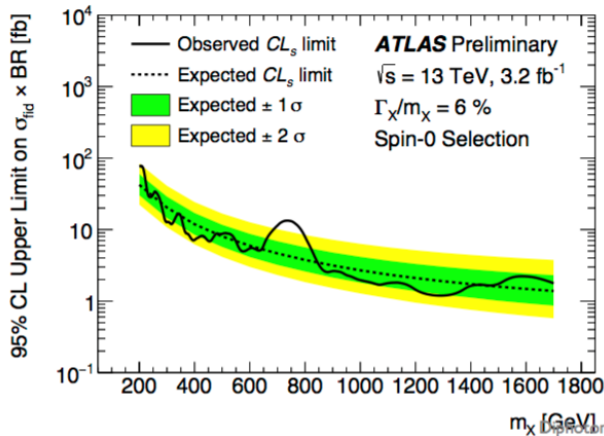
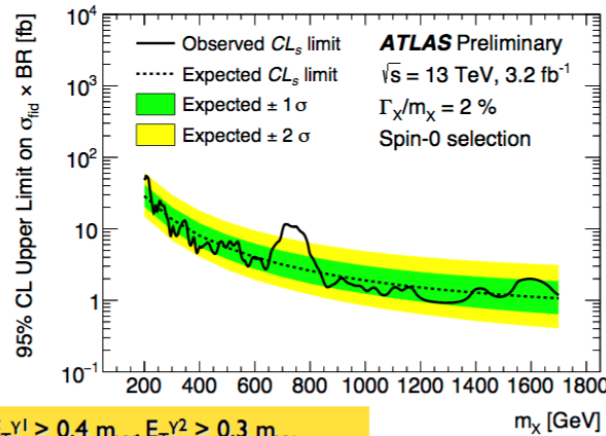
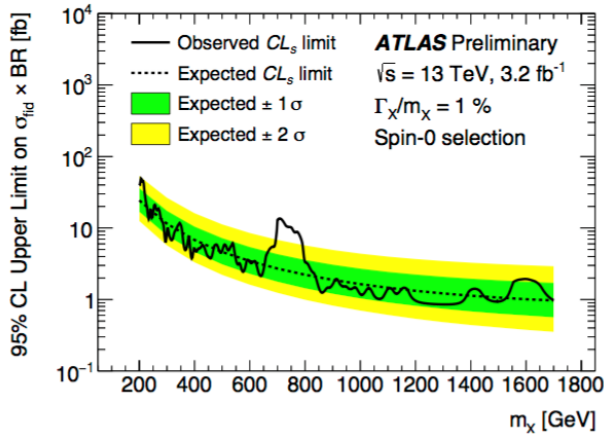
✓ Energy scale: $\pm(0.4\%-2\%)$

✓ Energy resolution ($E_T^Y=300$ GeV): $\pm(80\%-100\%)$



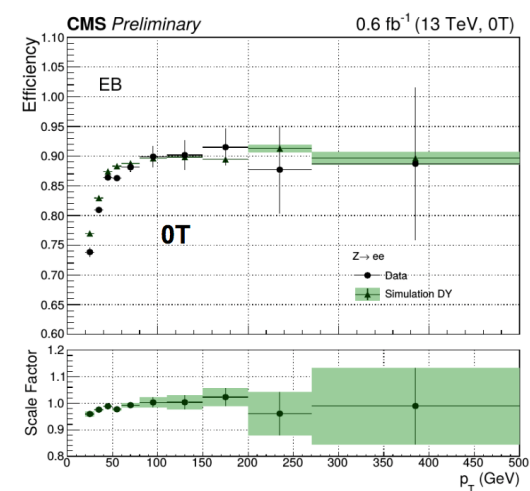
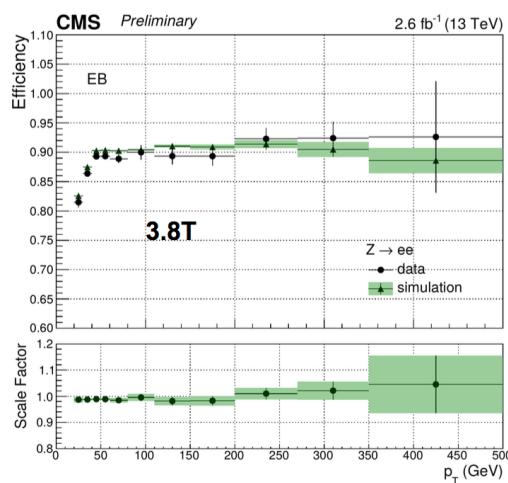
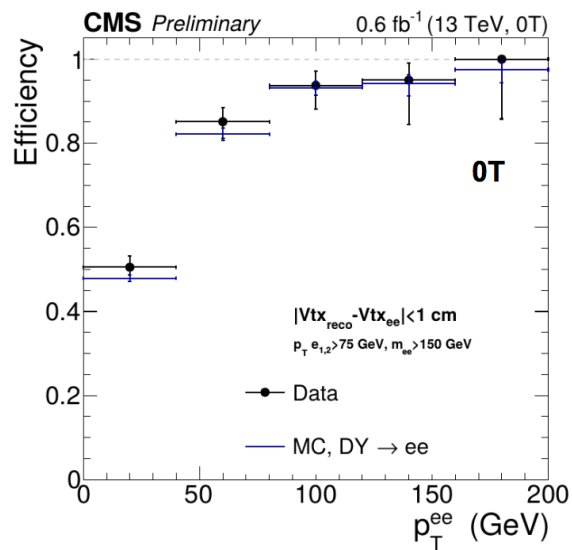
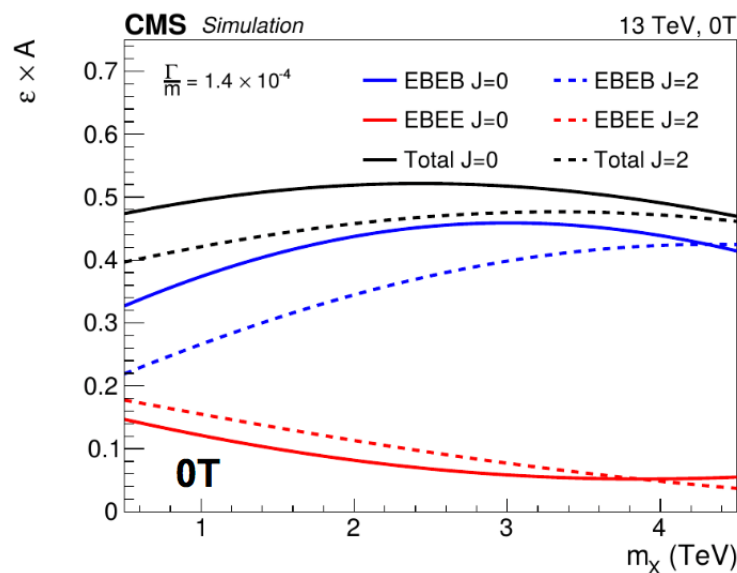
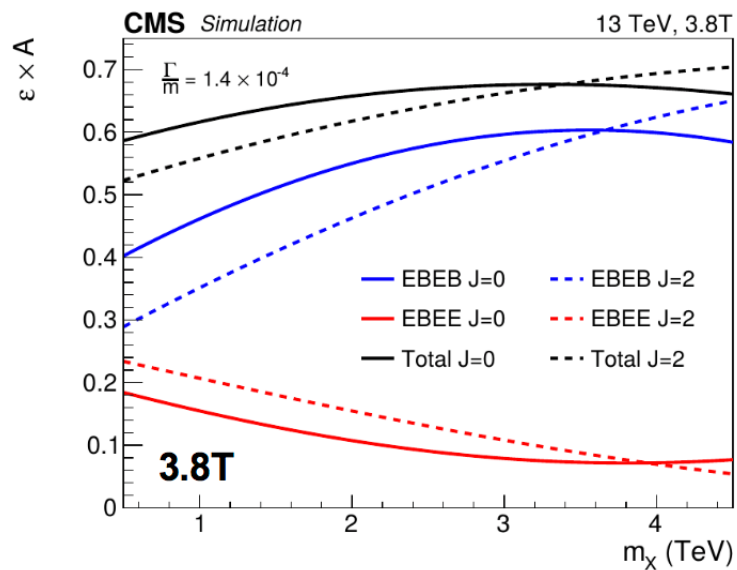
From Marco Del Mastro's talk at Moriond EW

Additional info ATLAS

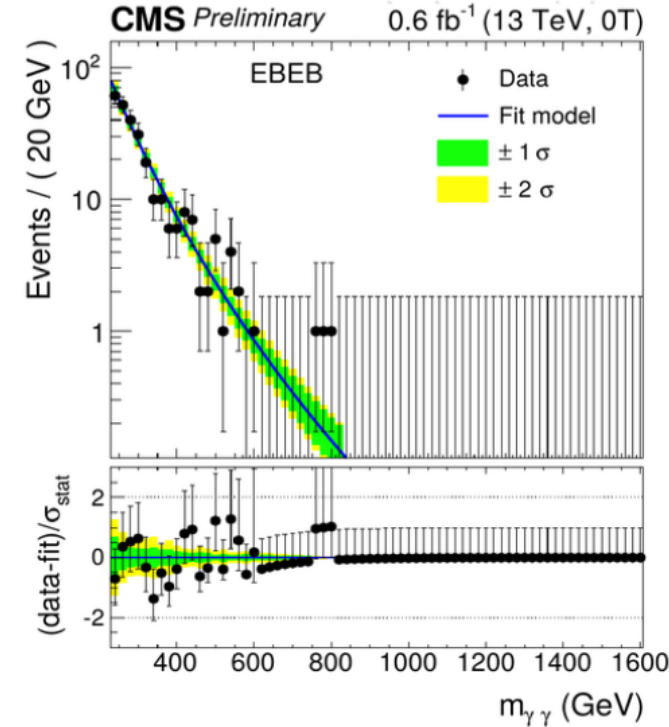
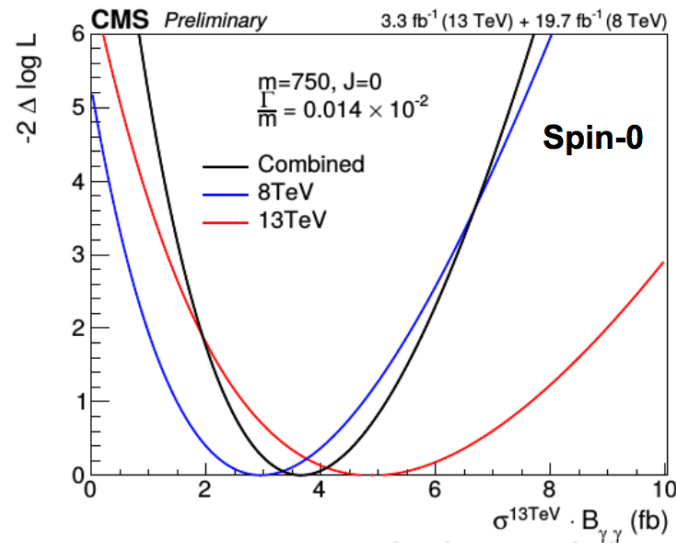
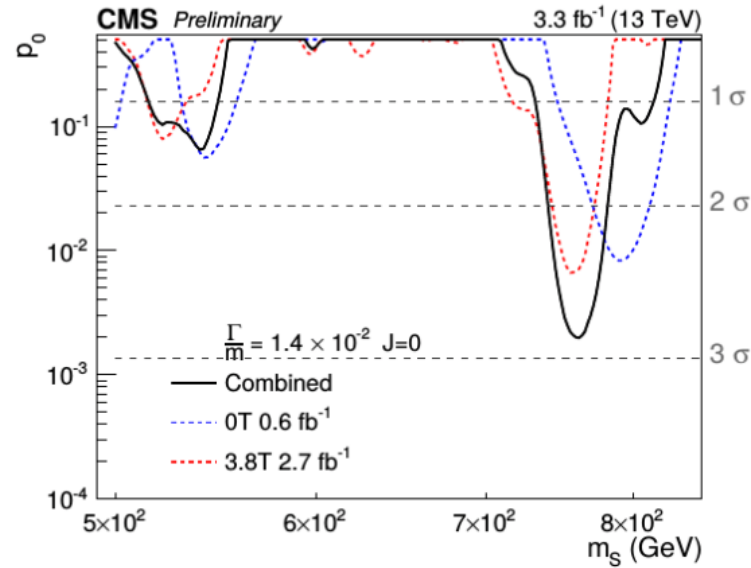
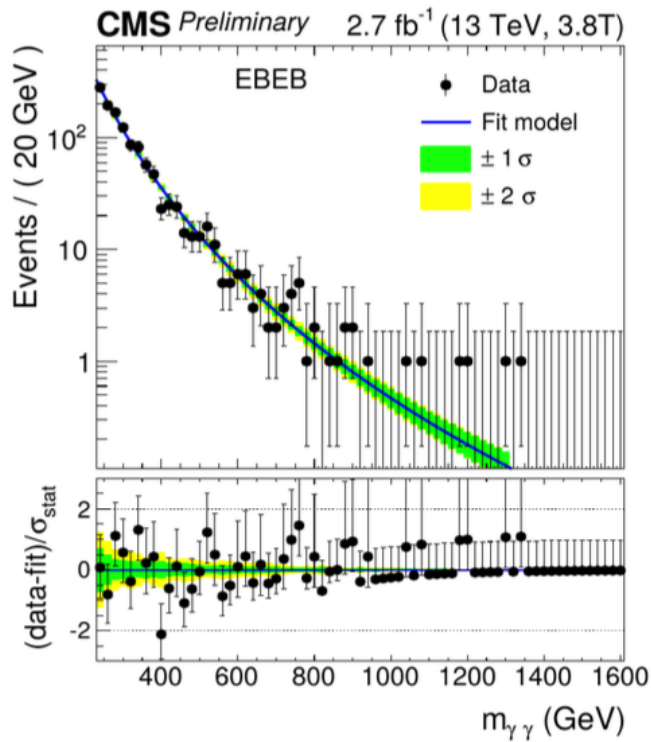


From Marco Del Mastro's talk at Moriond EW

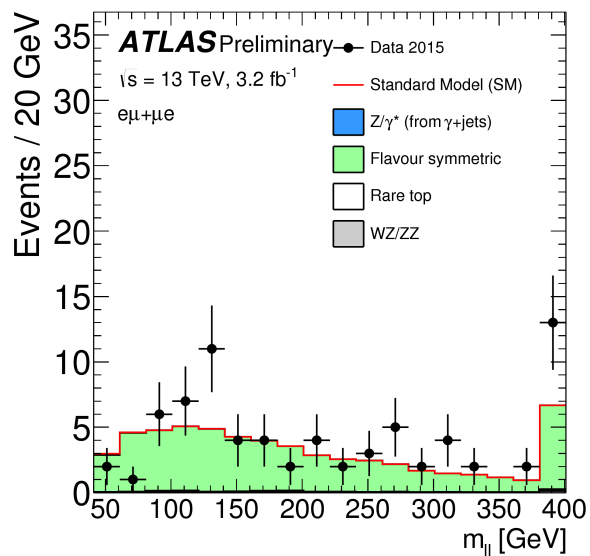
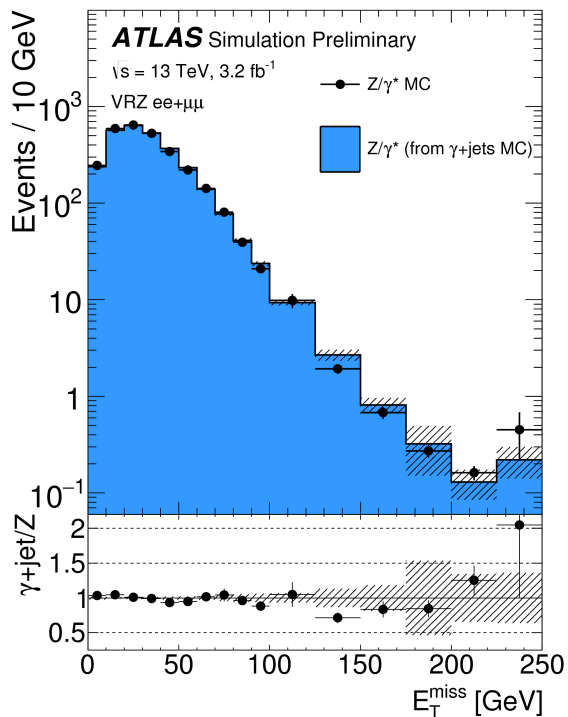
Additional info CMS

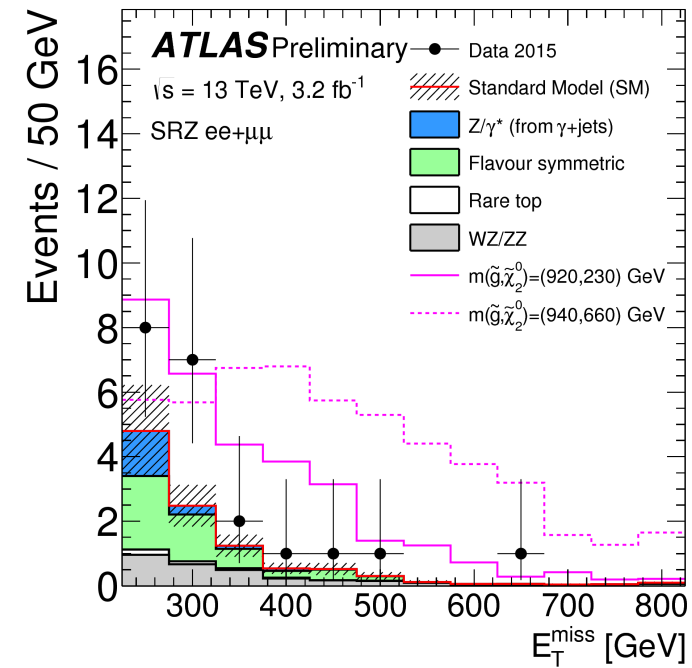
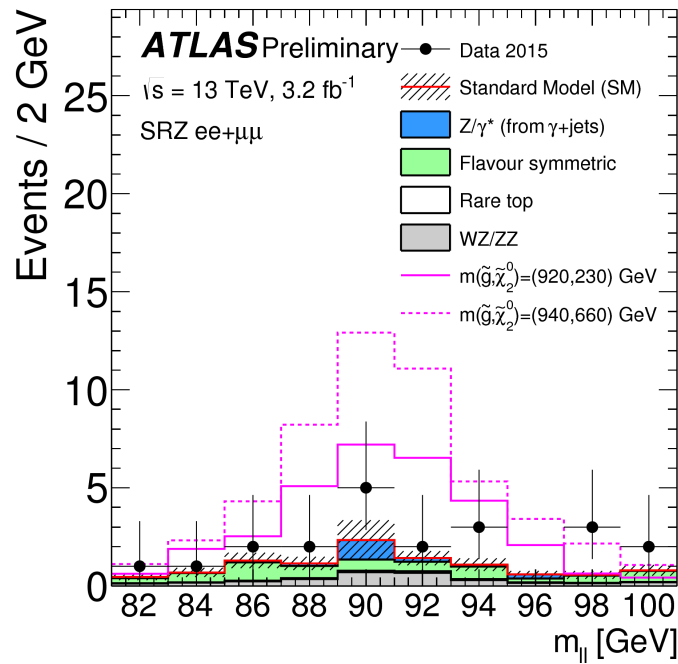
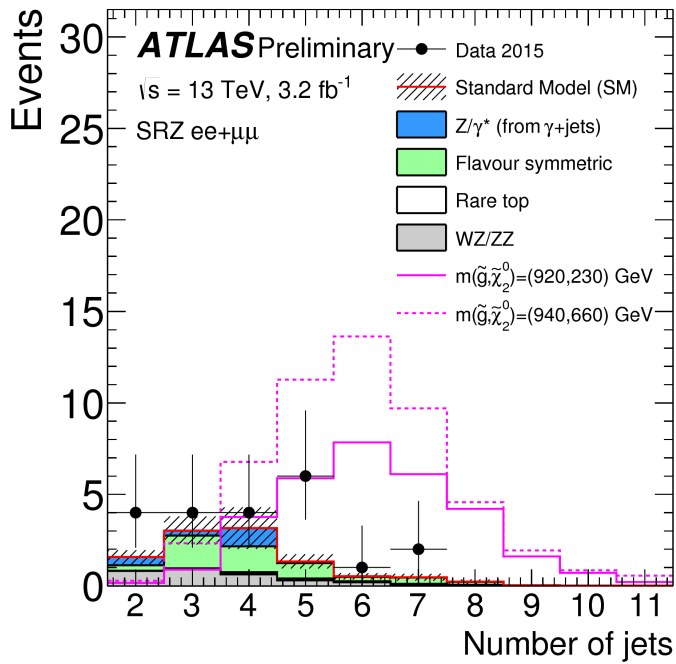


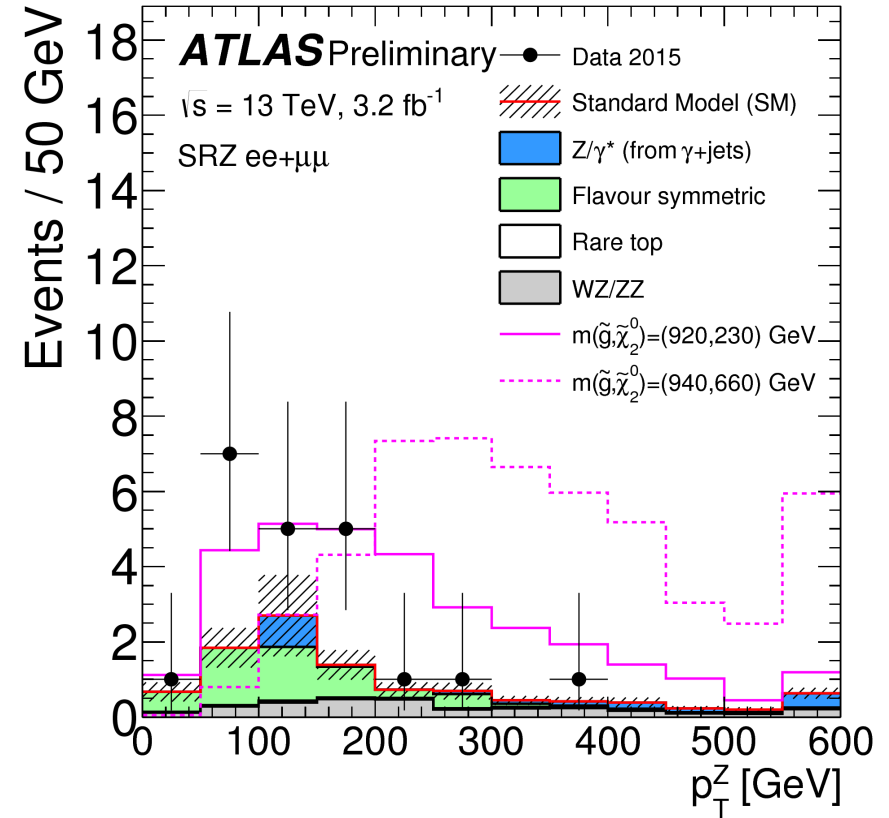
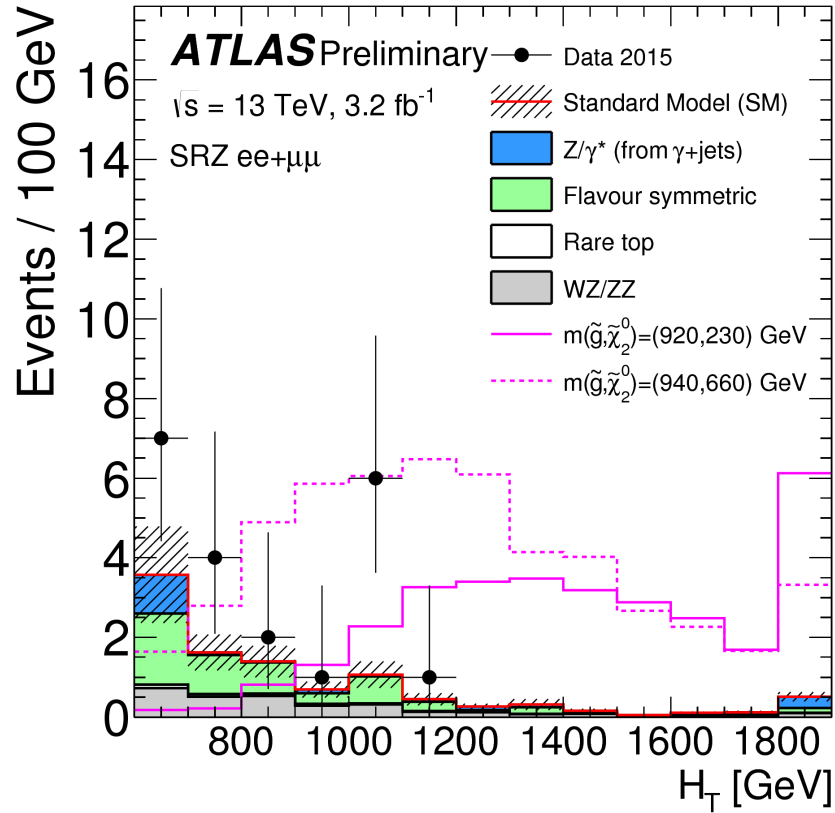
Additional info CMS



Z+jets excess







Region	E_T^{miss} [GeV]	H_T [GeV]	n_{jets}	$m_{\ell\ell}$ [GeV]	SF/DF	$\Delta\phi(\text{jet}_{12}, \mathbf{p}_T^{\text{miss}})$	$m_T(\ell_3, E_T^{\text{miss}})$ [GeV]	$n_{\text{b-jets}}$
Signal regions								
SRZ	> 225	> 600	≥ 2	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	> 0.4	-	-
Control regions								
Z normalisation	< 60	> 600	≥ 2	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	> 0.4	-	-
CR-FS	> 225	> 600	≥ 2	$61 < m_{\ell\ell} < 121$	DF	> 0.4	-	-
CRT	> 225	> 600	≥ 2	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [81, 101]$	SF	> 0.4	-	-
Validation regions								
VRZ	< 225	> 600	≥ 2	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	> 0.4	-	-
VRT	100–200	> 600	≥ 2	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [81, 101]$	SF	> 0.4	-	-
VRS	100–200	> 600	≥ 2	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	> 0.4	-	-
VR-FS	100–200	> 600	≥ 2	$61 < m_{\ell\ell} < 121$	DF	> 0.4	-	-
VR-WZ	100–200	-	-	-	3ℓ	-	< 100	0
VR-ZZ	< 100	-	-	-	4ℓ	-	-	0
VR-3L	60–100	> 200	≥ 2	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	3ℓ	> 0.4	-	-

	VRS	VR-WZ	VR-ZZ	VR-3L
Observed events	56	89	20	7
Total expected background events	52.6 ± 9.1	87 ± 10	15.5 ± 3.4	6.5 ± 1.6
Flavour symmetric ($t\bar{t}$, Wt , WW and $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$) events	18.9 ± 4.8	1.3 ± 0.4	0	0.3 ± 0.2
WZ/ZZ events	7.5 ± 1.7	82 ± 10	15.5 ± 3.4	4.9 ± 1.6
Z/γ^* + jets events	24.8 ± 7.6	2.7 ± 2.8	0	0.2 ± 0.2
Rare top events	1.4 ± 0.2	0.9 ± 0.4	0.04 ± 0.02	1.0 ± 0.1

Region	Flavour-symmetry	Sideband fit
SRZ	5.1 ± 2.0	6.1 ± 1.7
VRS	18.9 ± 4.8	20.5 ± 5.6

	SRZ
Observed events	21
Total expected background events	10.3 ± 2.3
Flavour symmetric ($t\bar{t}$, Wt , WW and $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$) events	5.1 ± 2.0
WZ/ZZ events	2.9 ± 0.8
Z/γ^* + jets events	1.9 ± 0.8
Rare top events	0.4 ± 0.1
p -value	0.013
Significance	2.2
Observed (Expected) S^{95}	$20.0 (10.2^{+4.4}_{-3.0})$

Source	Relative systematic uncertainty [%]
	SRZ
Total systematic uncertainty	22
Flavour symmetry (statistical)	14
Flavour symmetry (systematic)	12
Z/γ^* + jets (systematic)	7.8
WZ generator uncertainty	7.6
Z/γ^* + jets (statistical)	2.2

But...

The Higgs boson mass is a bit on the "high" side for the MSSM

