



University of  
BRISTOL

# Searches for New Physics at the LHC

*Jim Brooke, University of Bristol  
IoP HEPP/APP conference, 2018*

# Beyond the Standard Model

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Nature of dark matter ?

Unification of forces ?

Origin of EWSB ?

Naturalness vs  
fine-tuning ?

Are particles elementary ?

Origin of matter in  
the Universe ?

Why 3 families ?

Gravity ?

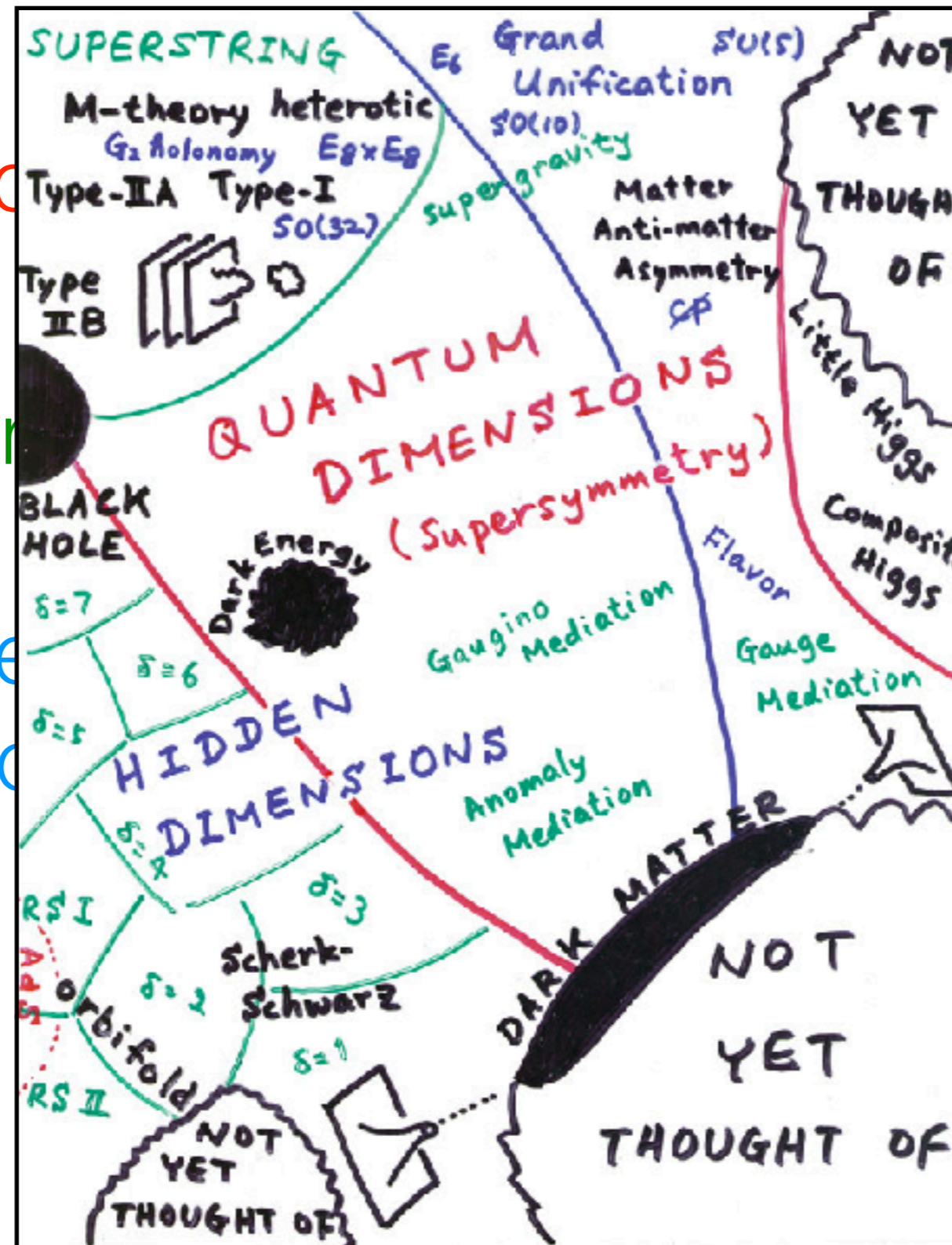
# Beyond the Standard Model

Nature of compactification

Origin of

Natural hierarchy problem

Why 3

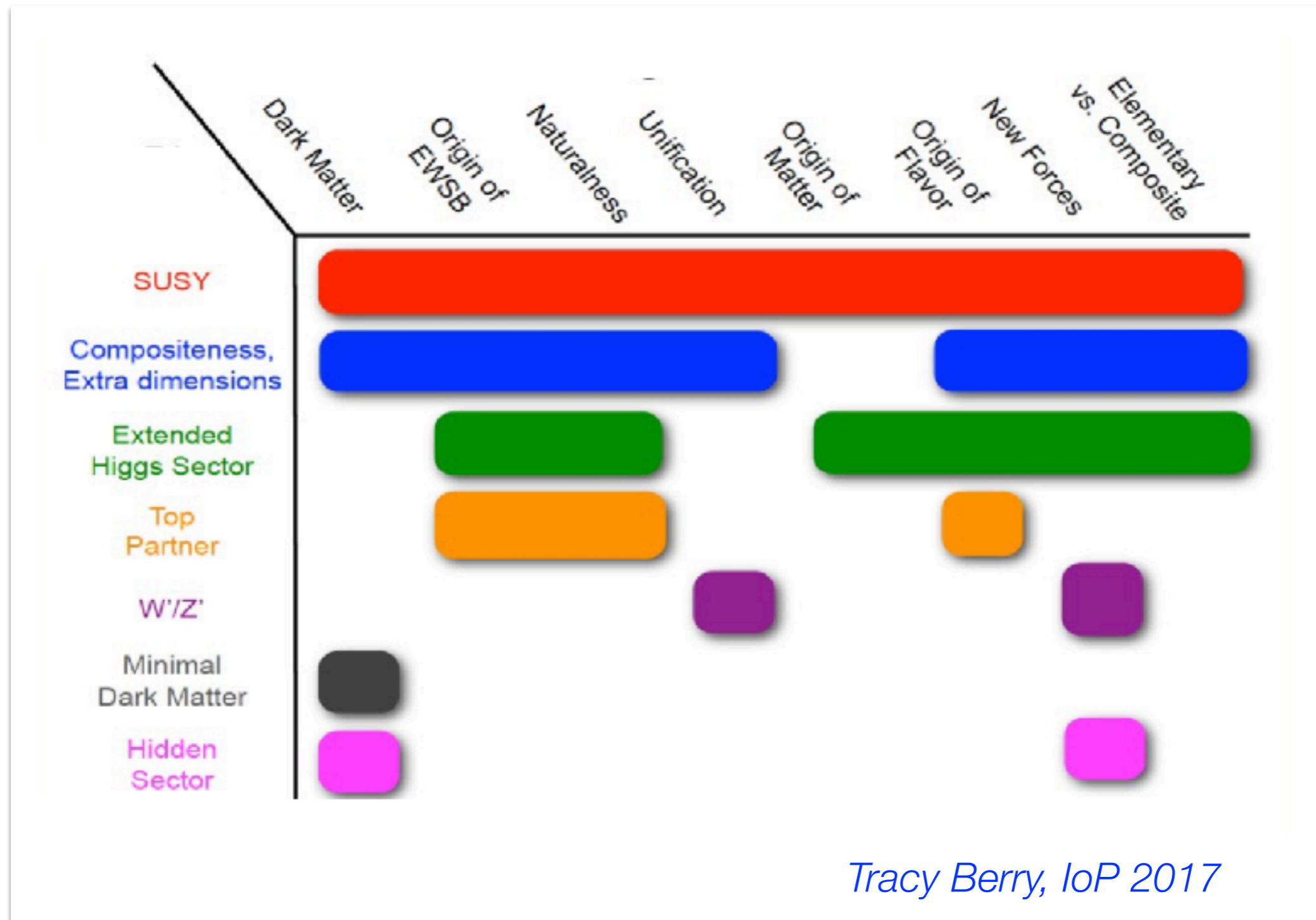


Unification of forces ?

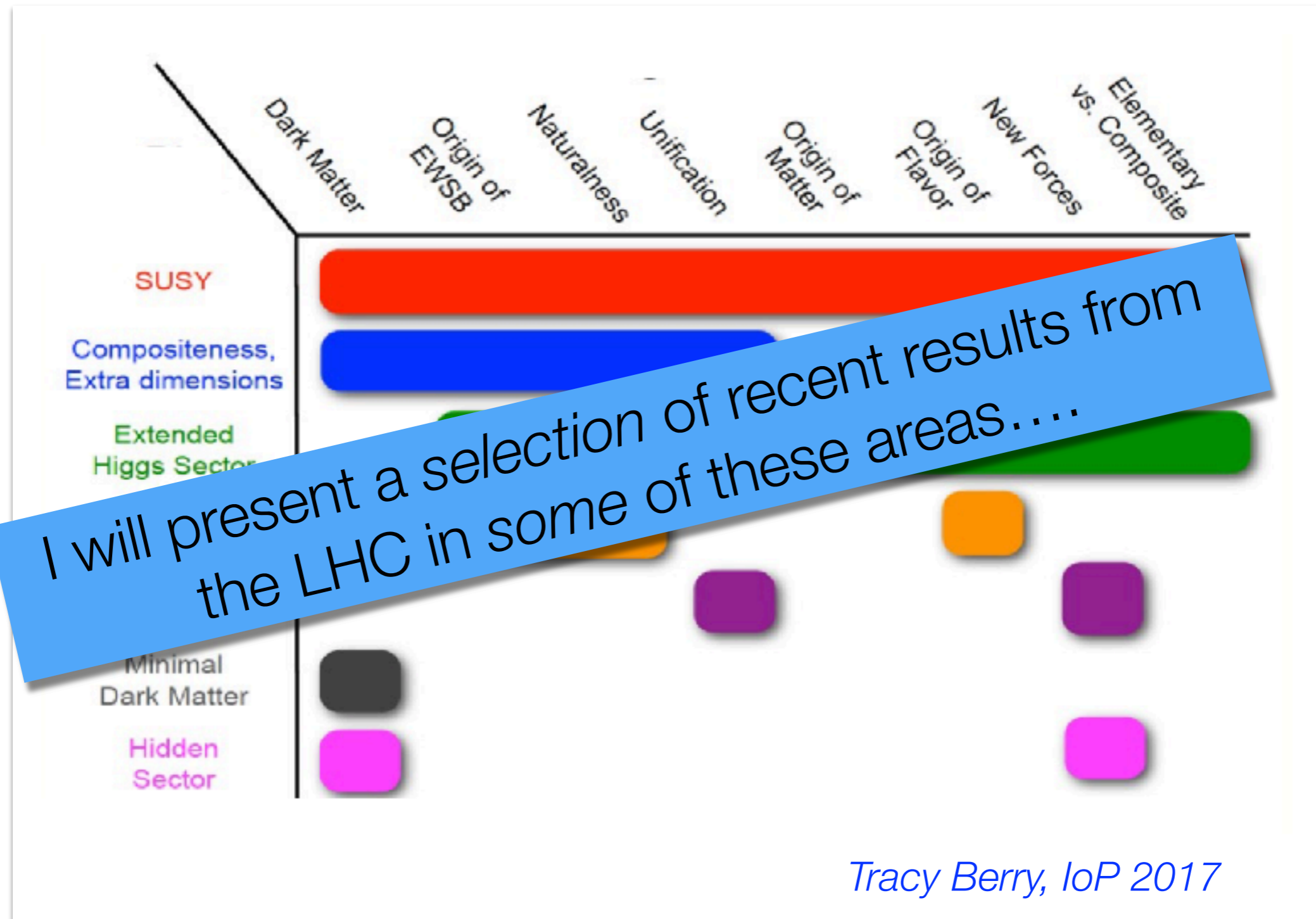
Are particles elementary ?

Dark matter in the universe ?

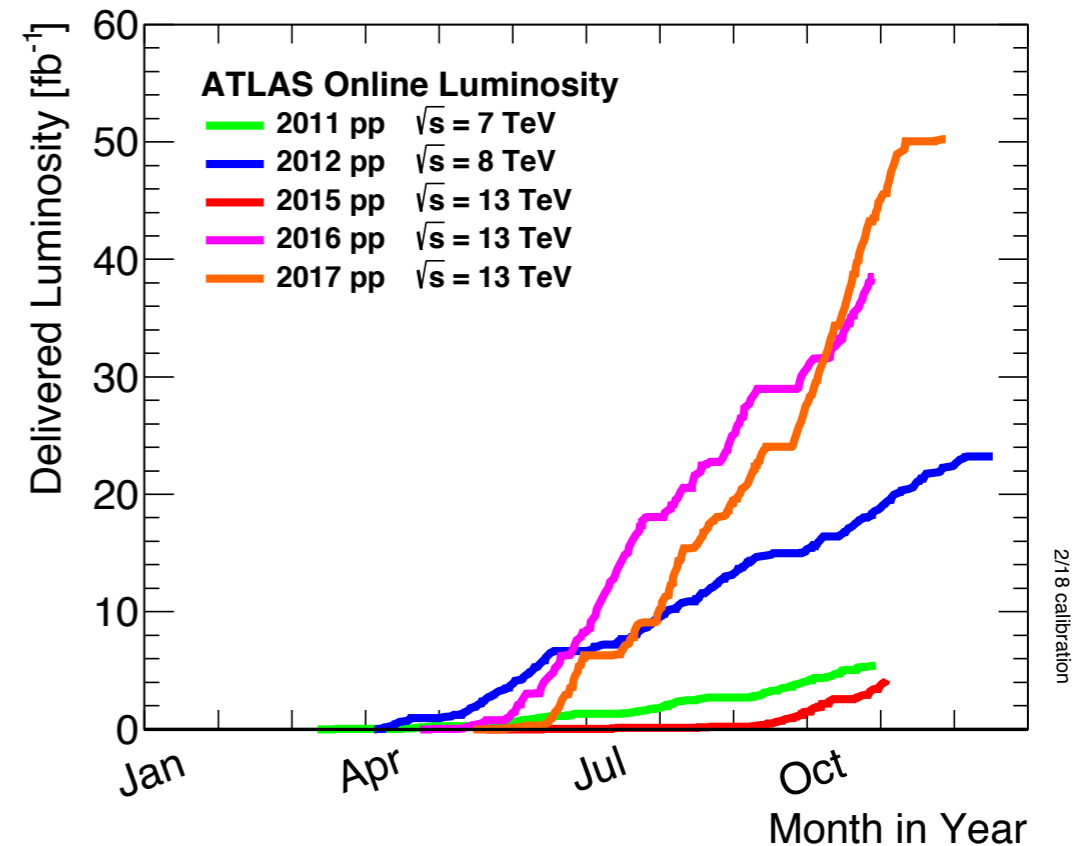
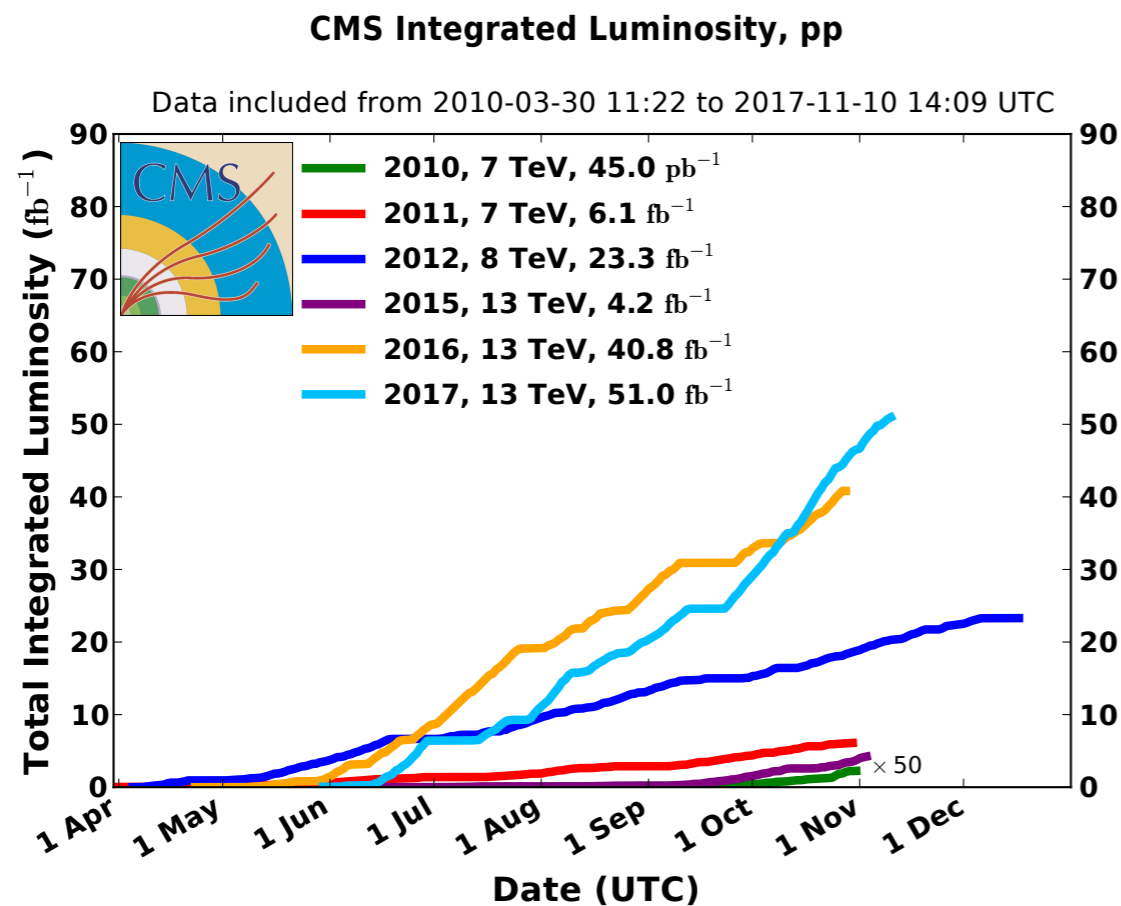
# Beyond the Standard Model



# Beyond the Standard Model



# The LHC

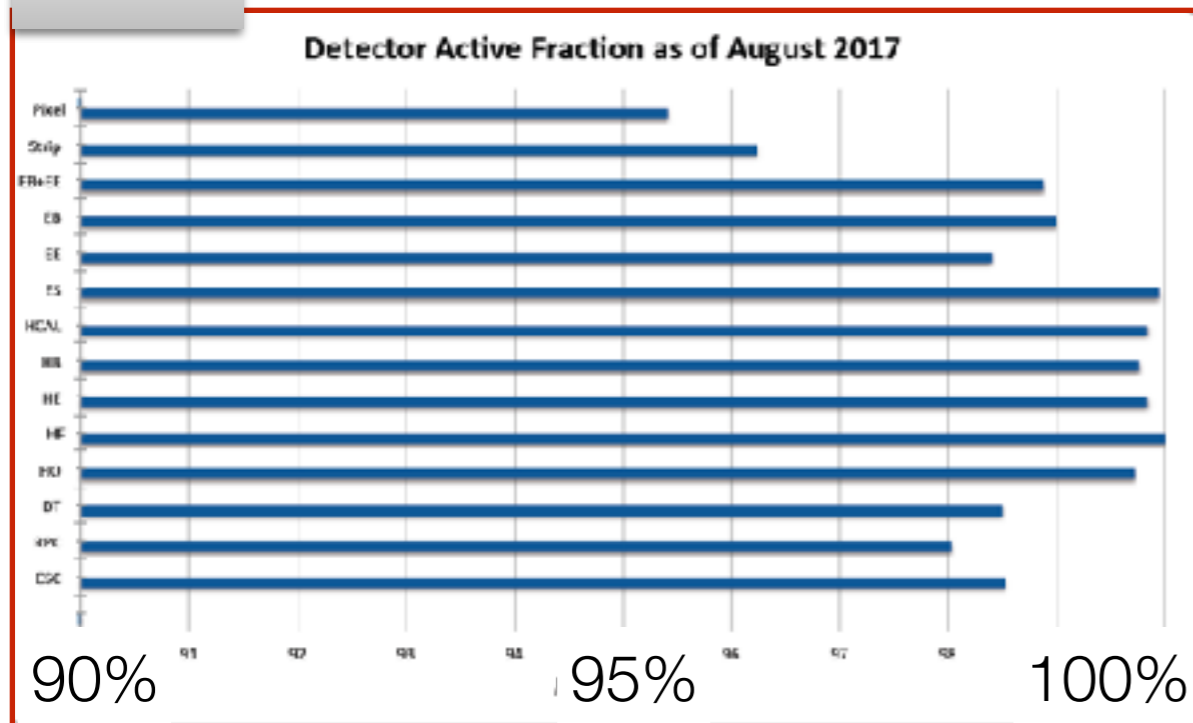


- Luminosity targets for 2017 exceeded, despite limited number of bunches due to the infamous Gruffalo
- Peak luminosity  $\sim 2.05 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- LHC has now delivered  $\sim 96 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at 13 TeV



# Detector Performance

CMS



- Excellent LHC performance has been matched by the detectors
- Despite upgrades and teething problems...

Subdetector	Number of Channels	Approximate Operational Fraction
Pixels	92 M	97.8%
SCT Silicon Strips	6.3 M	98.7%
TRT Transition Radiation Tracker	350 k	97.2%
LAr EM Calorimeter	170 k	100 %
Tile Calorimeter	5200	99.2%
Hadronic End-Cap LAr Calorimeter	5600	99.5%
Forward LAr Calorimeter	3500	99.7%
LVL1 Calo Trigger	7160	99.9%
LVL1 Muon RPC Trigger	383 k	99.8%
LVL1 Muon TGC Trigger	320 k	99.9%
MDT Muon Drift Tubes	357 k	99.7%
CSC Cathode Strip Chambers	31 k	95.3%
RPC Barrel Muon Chambers	383 k	94.4%
TGC End-Cap Muon Chambers	320 k	99.5%
ALFA	10 k	99.9%
AFP	430 k	93.8%

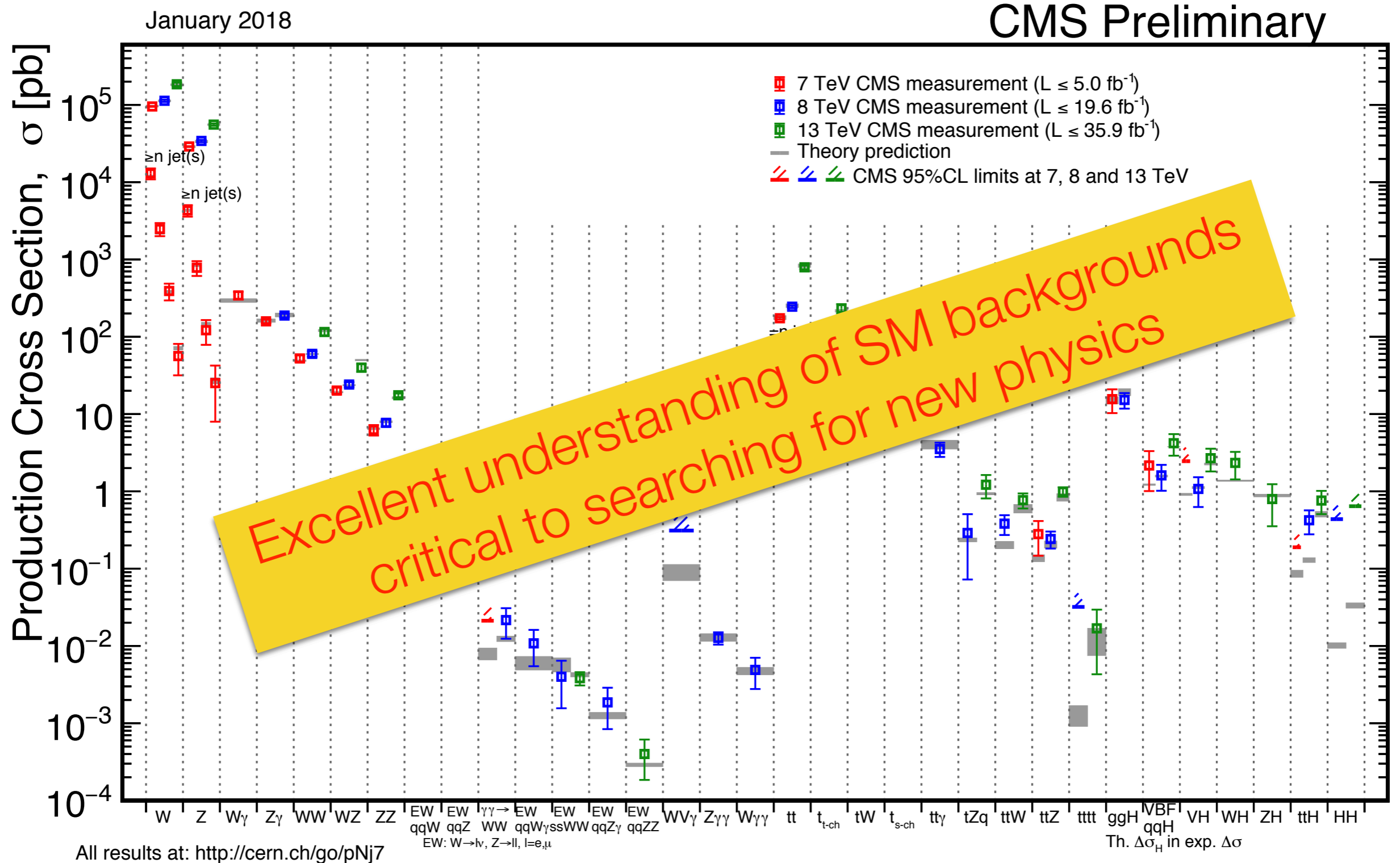
ATLAS

>95% channels operational in all sub-detectors in ATLAS & CMS

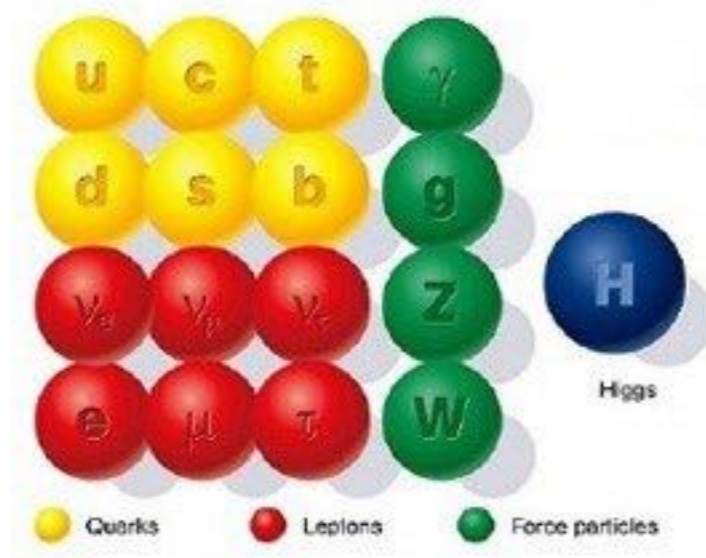




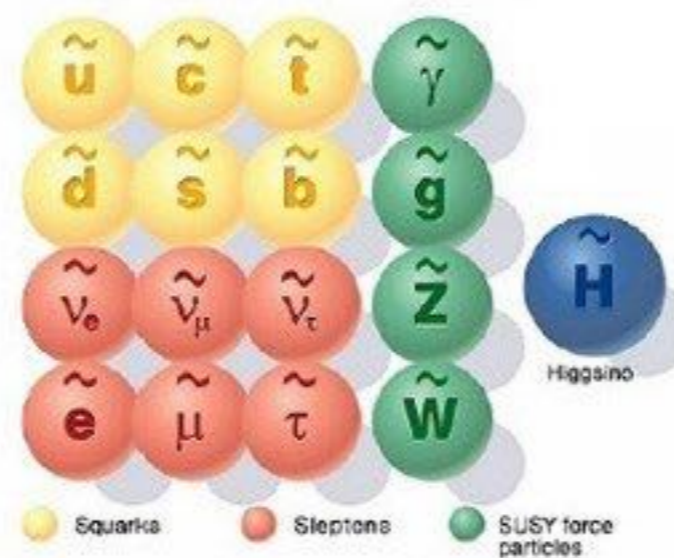
# Standard Model



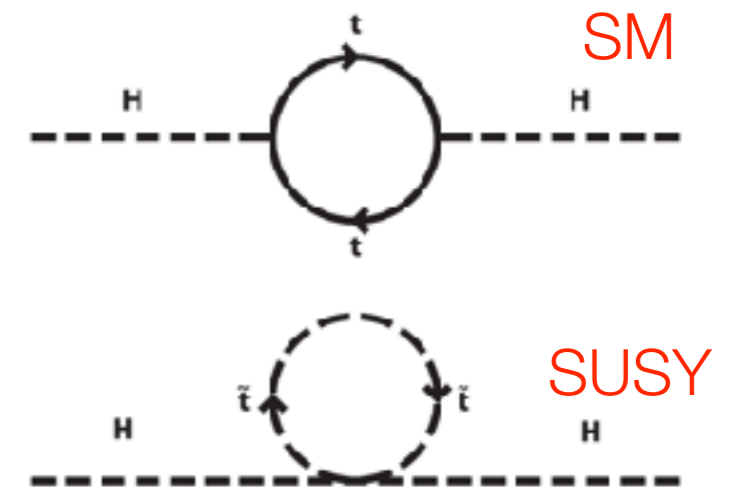
# Supersymmetry



**Standard particles**



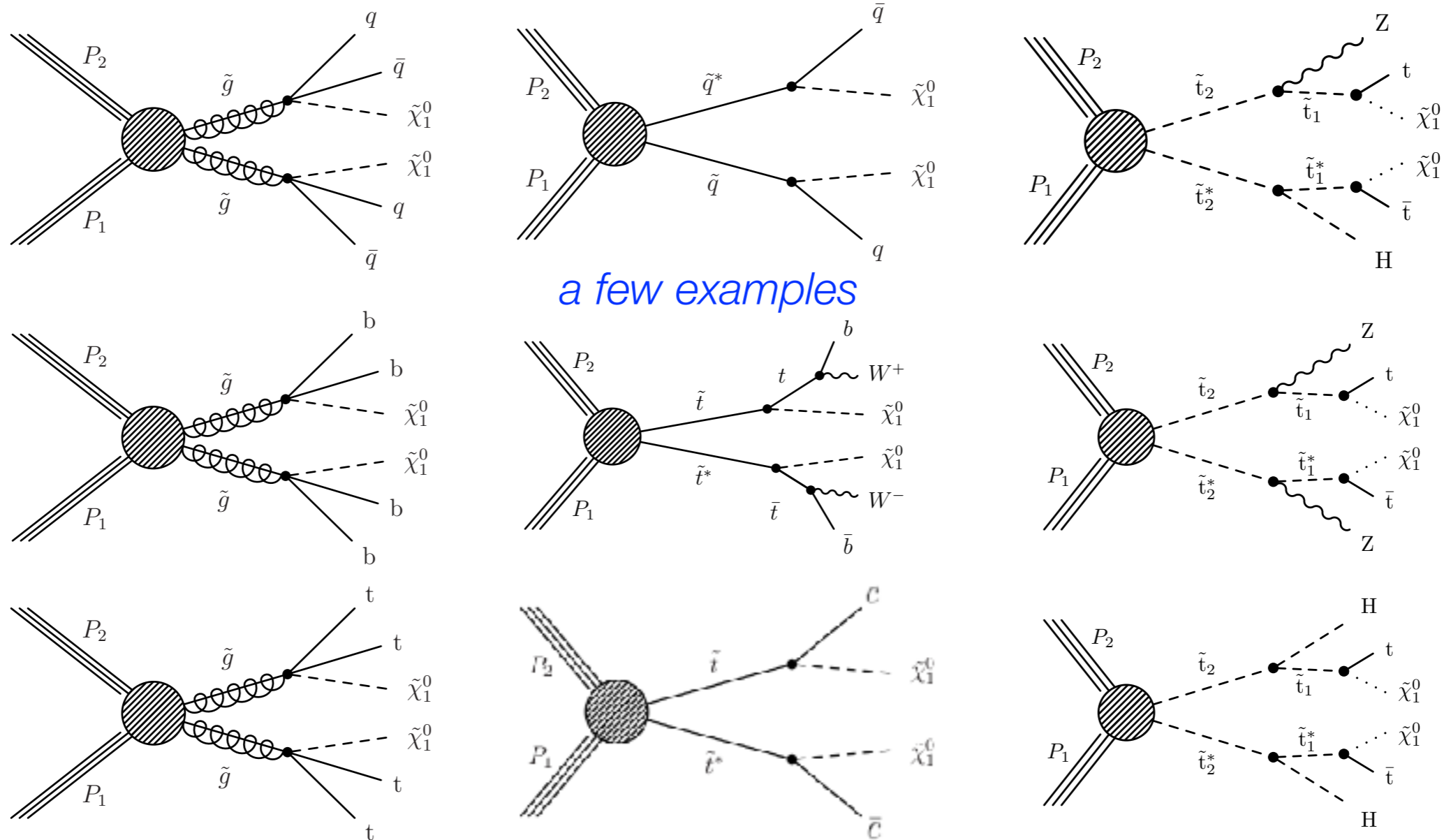
**SUSY particles**



- Each SM particle has a supersymmetric partner, differing by spin 1/2
  - Cancelling divergences in Higgs propagator
  - Which otherwise require extreme fine-tuning of the bare Higgs mass

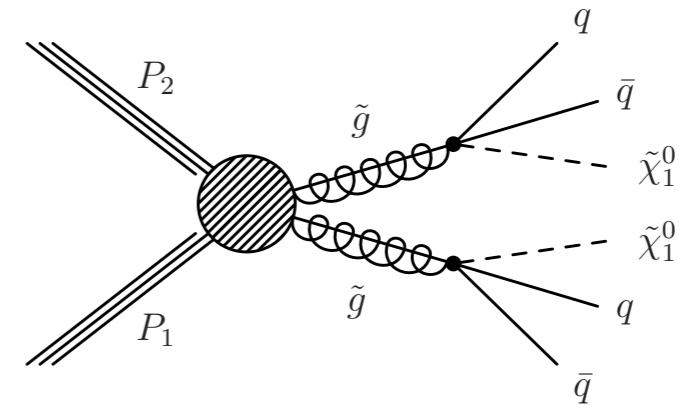
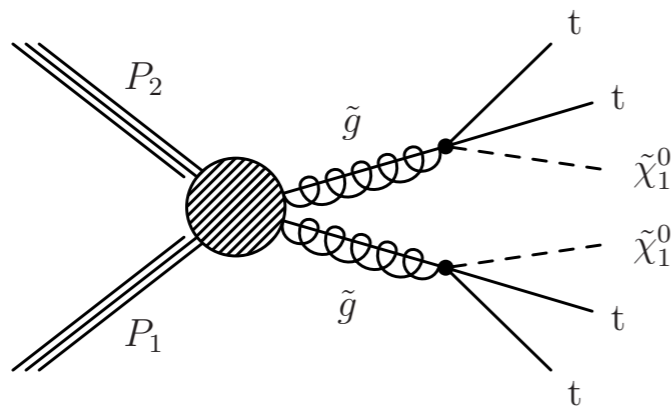
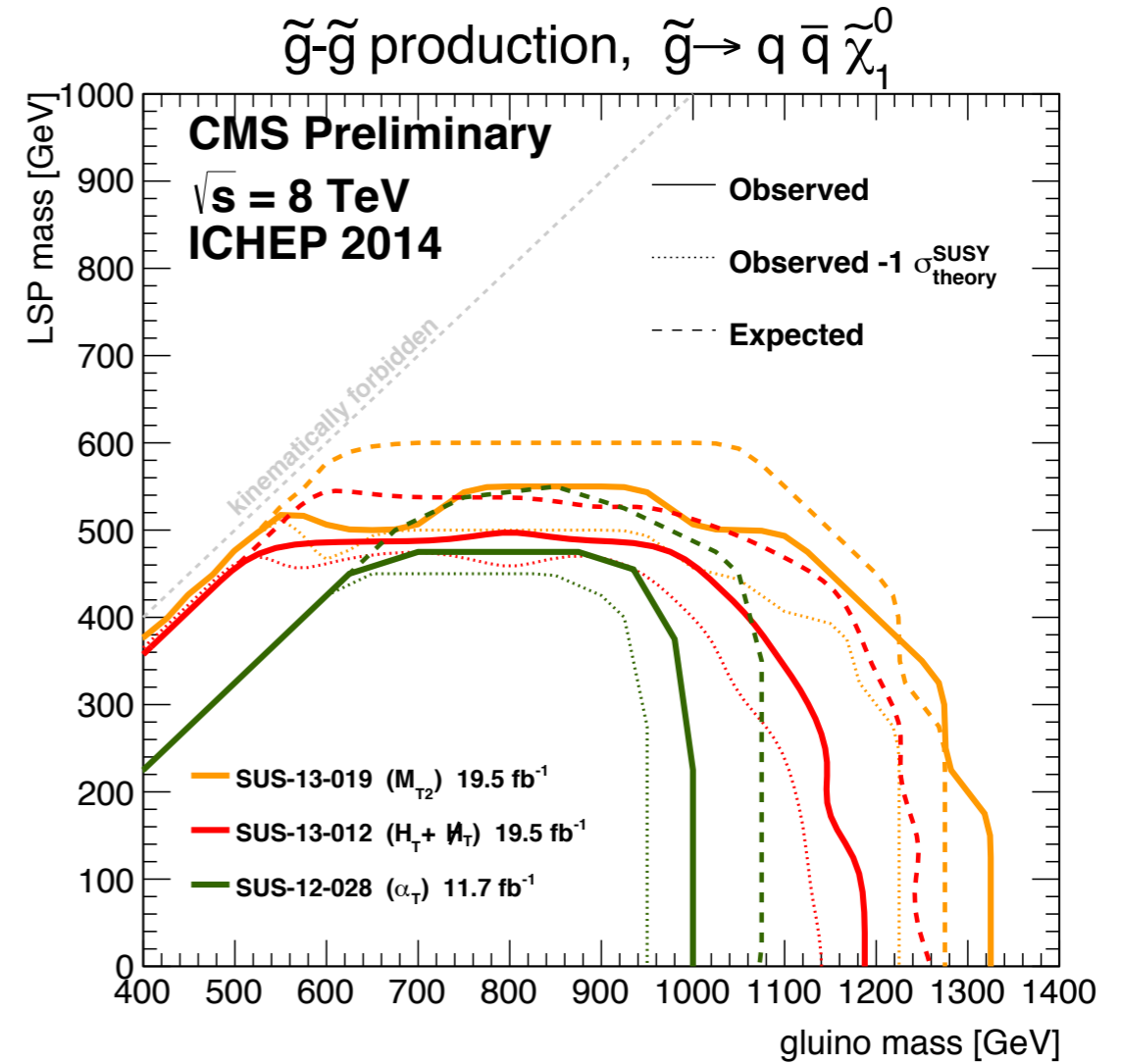
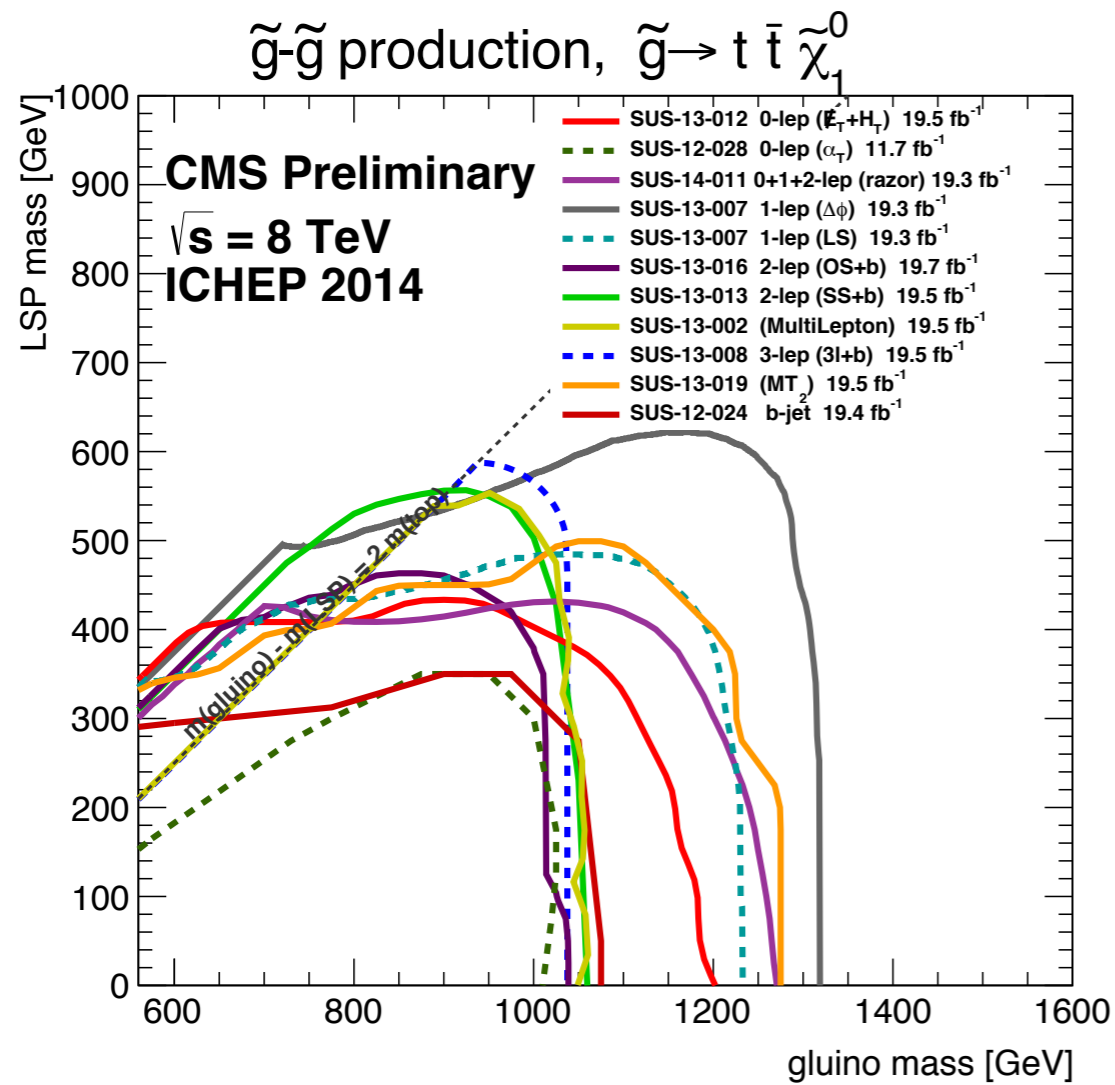
# Supersymmetry

- Vast parameter space yields rich phenomenology
- Map experimental coverage using simplified models

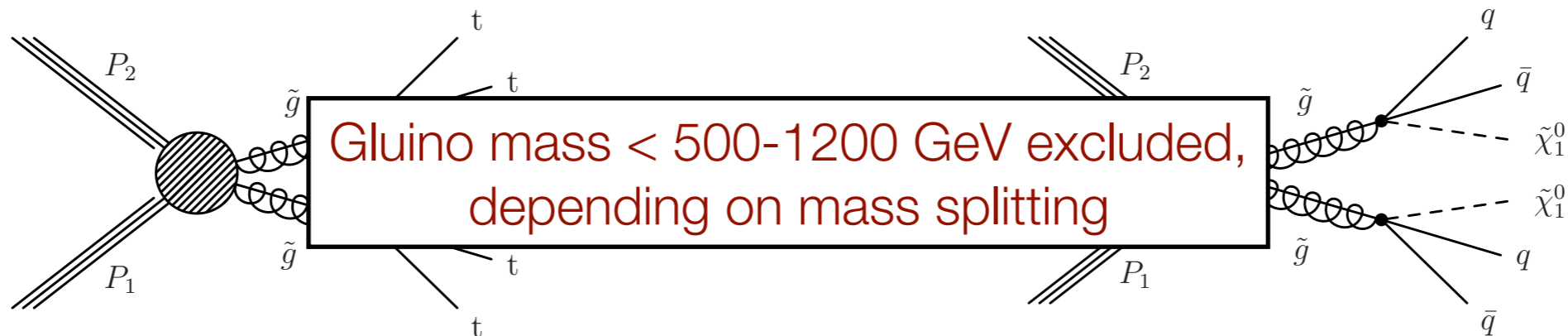
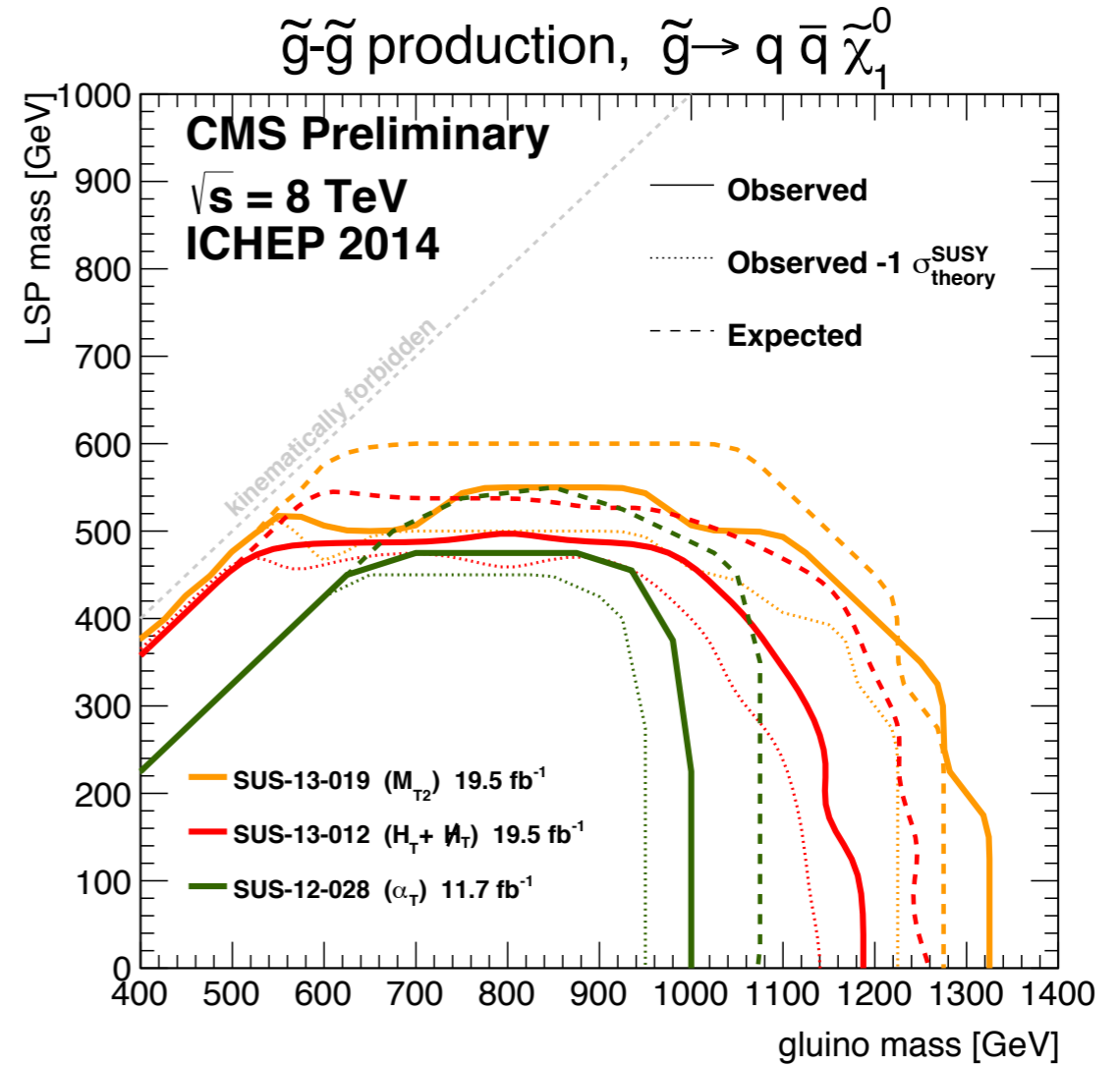
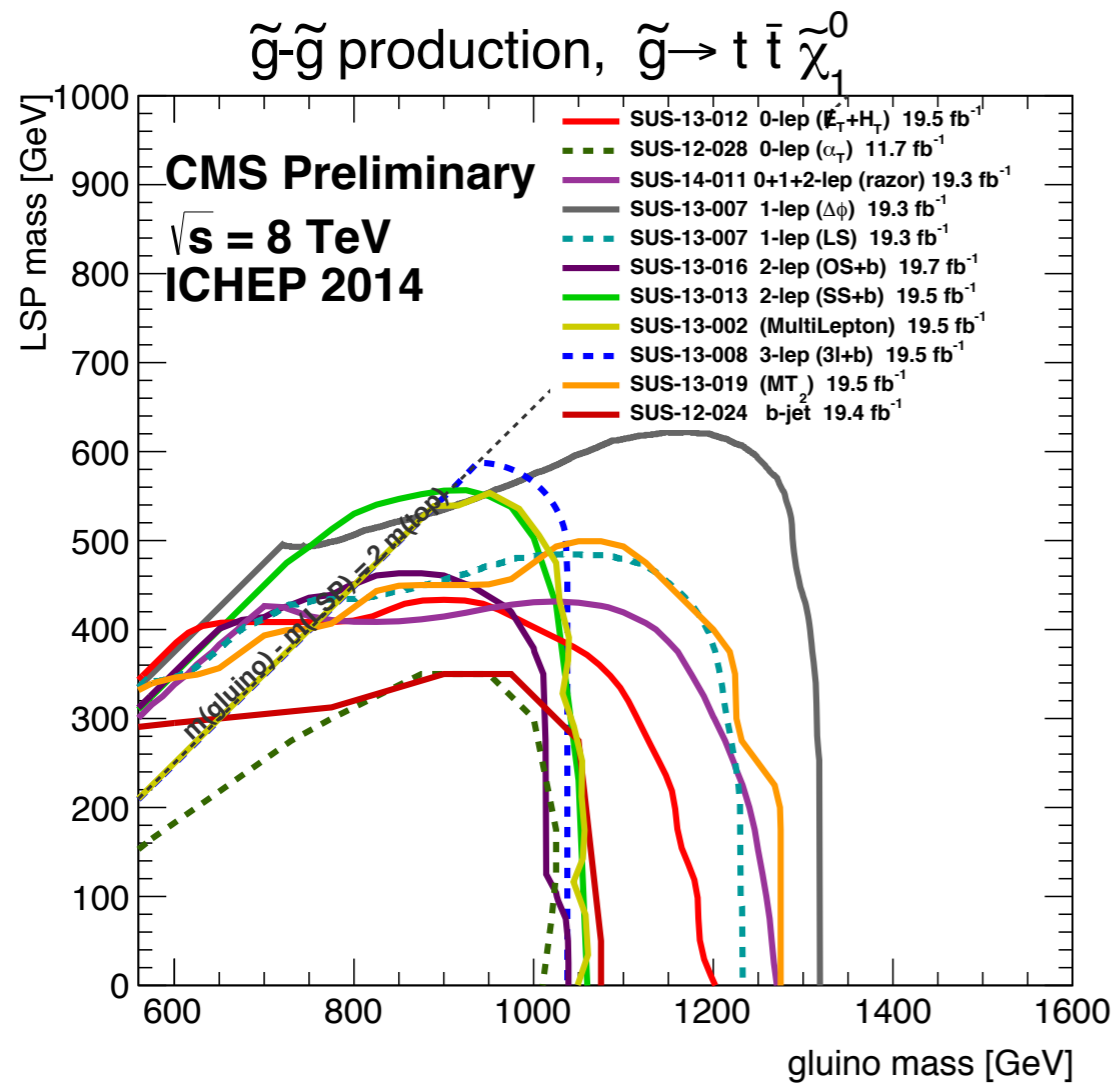




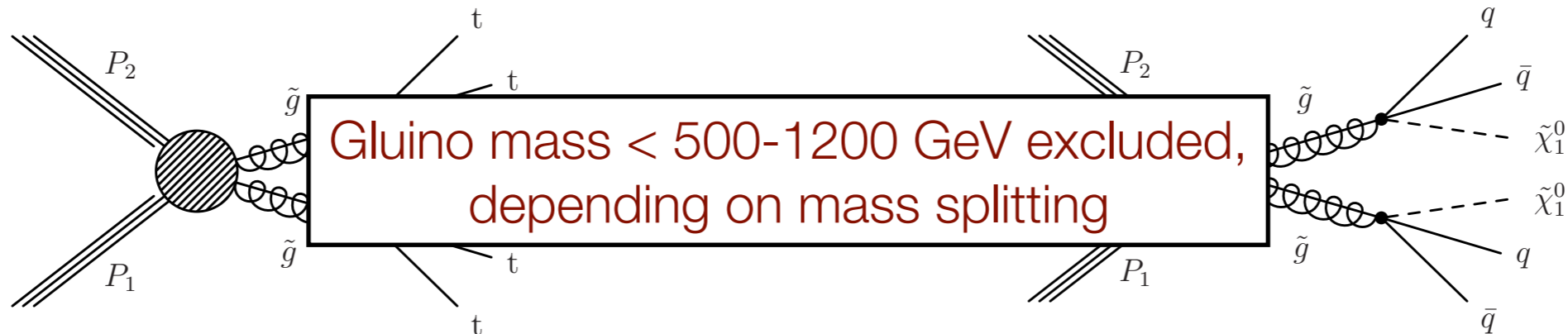
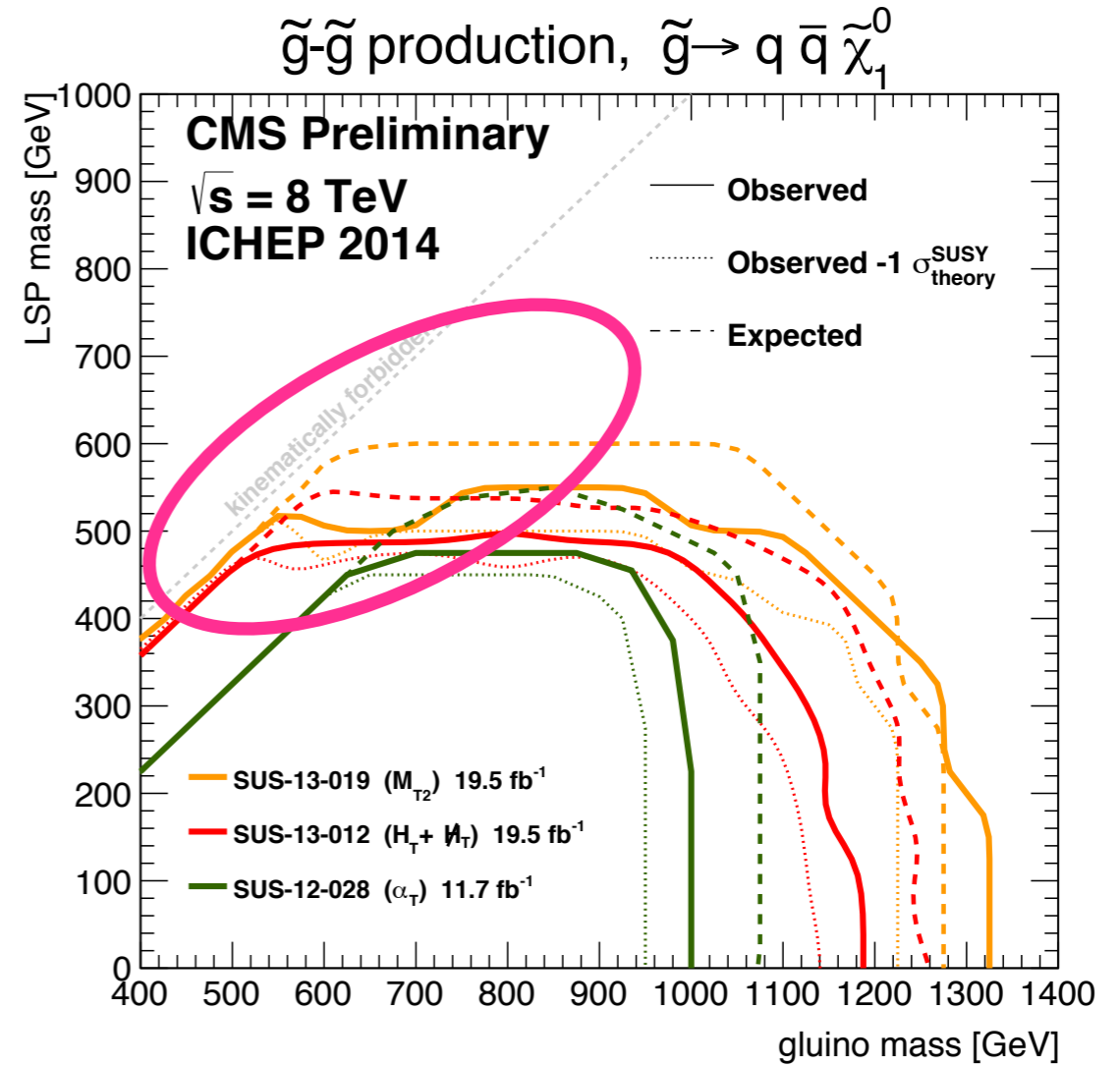
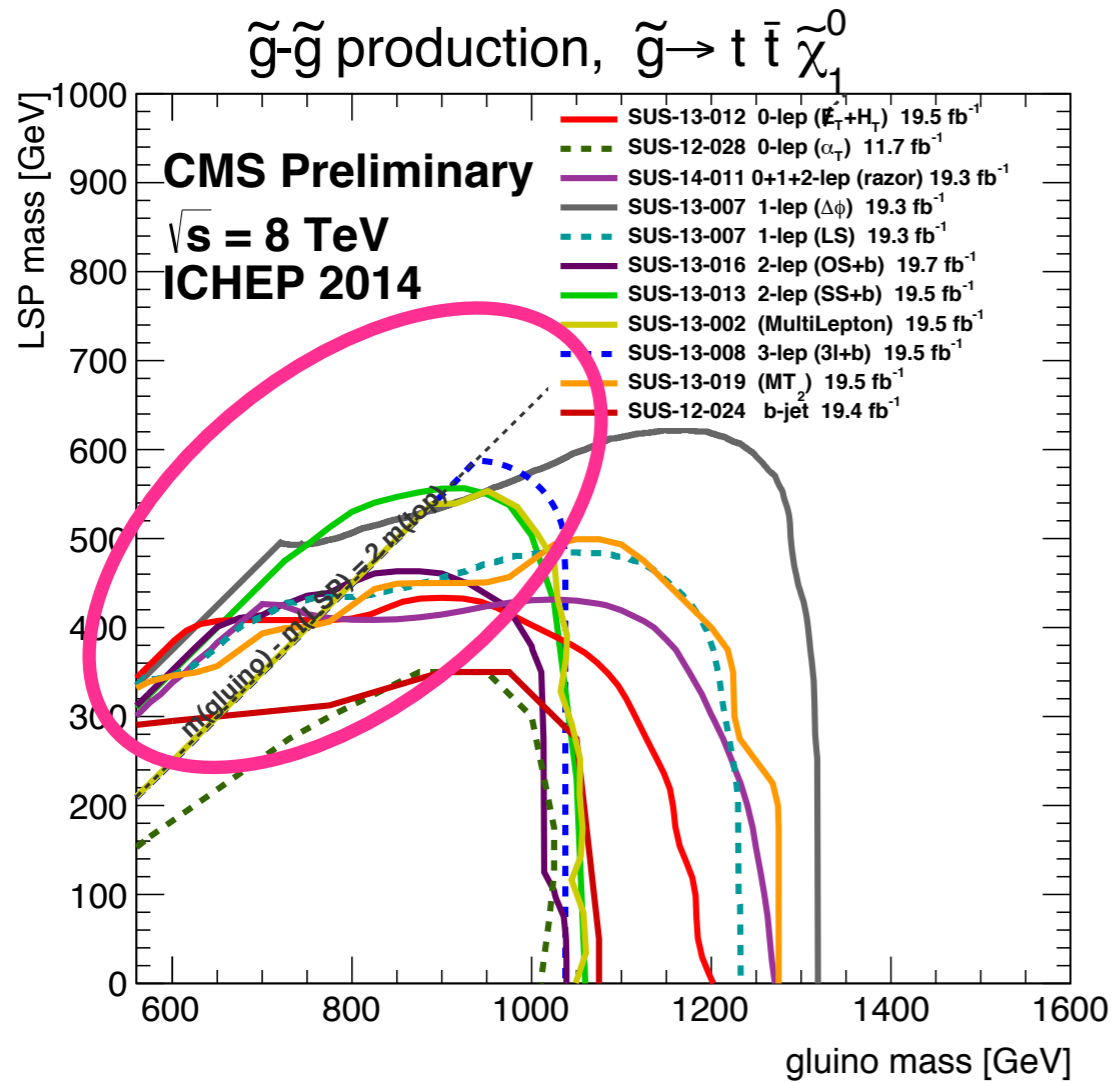
# SUSY : Run 1



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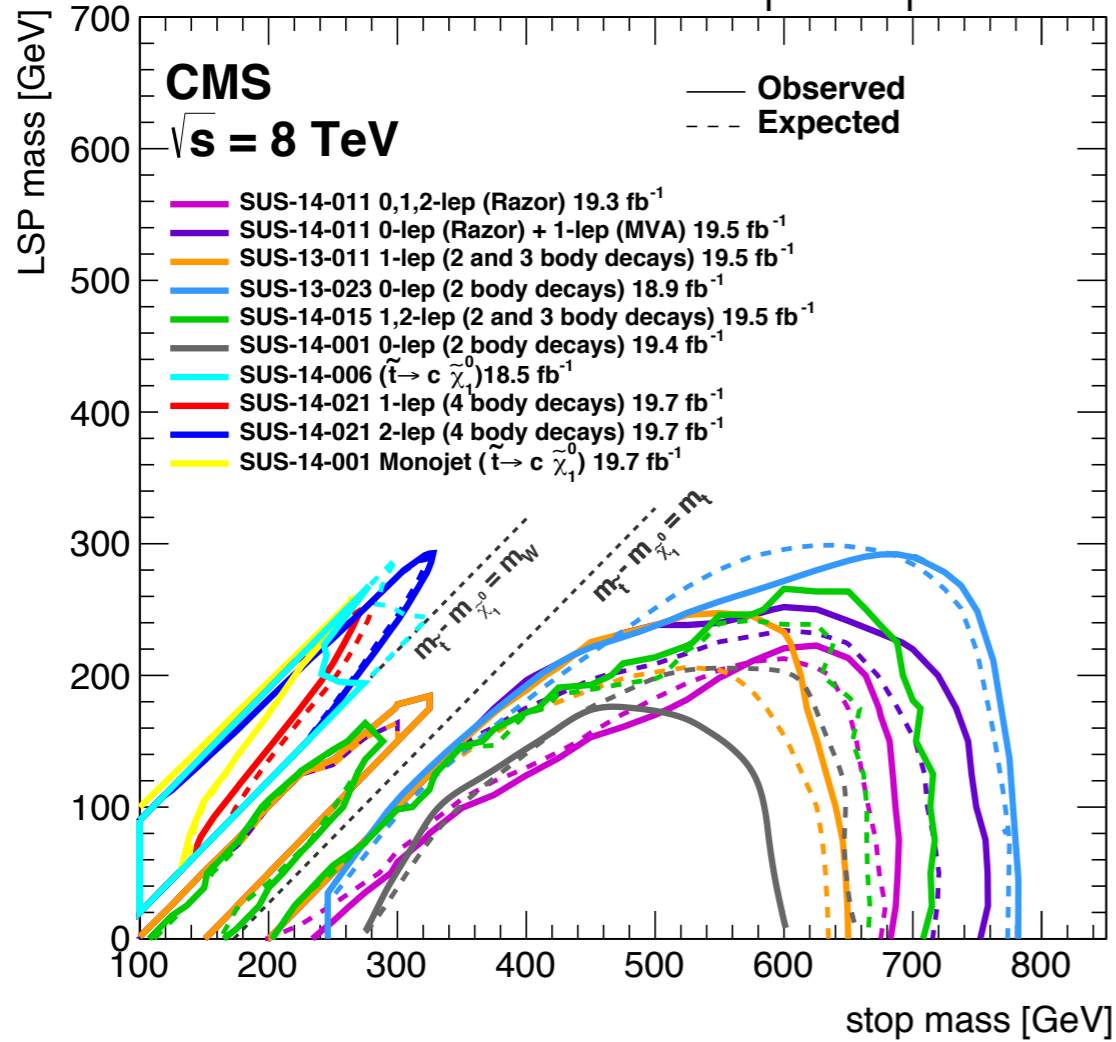


# SUSY : Run 1

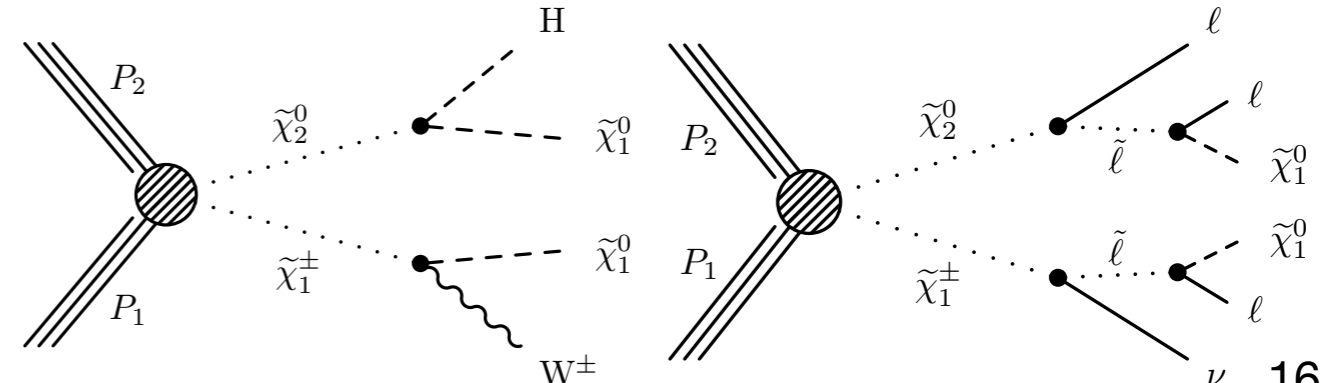
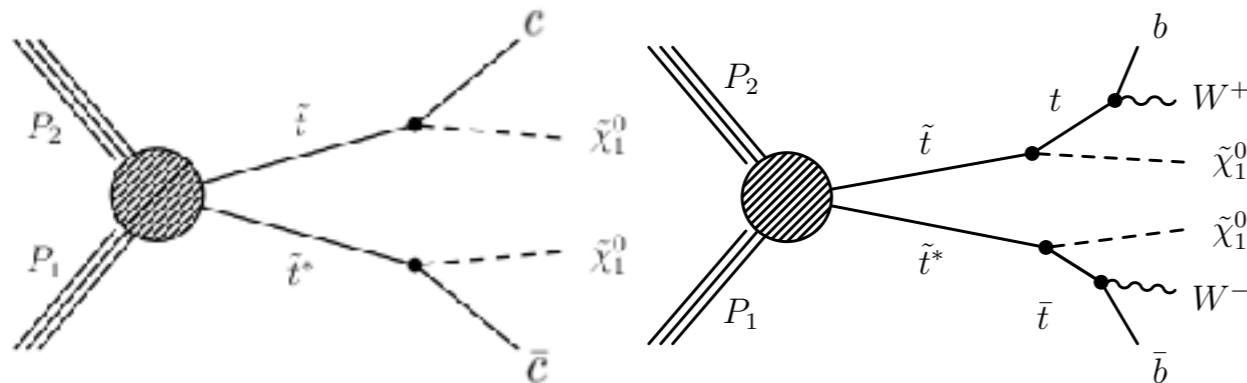
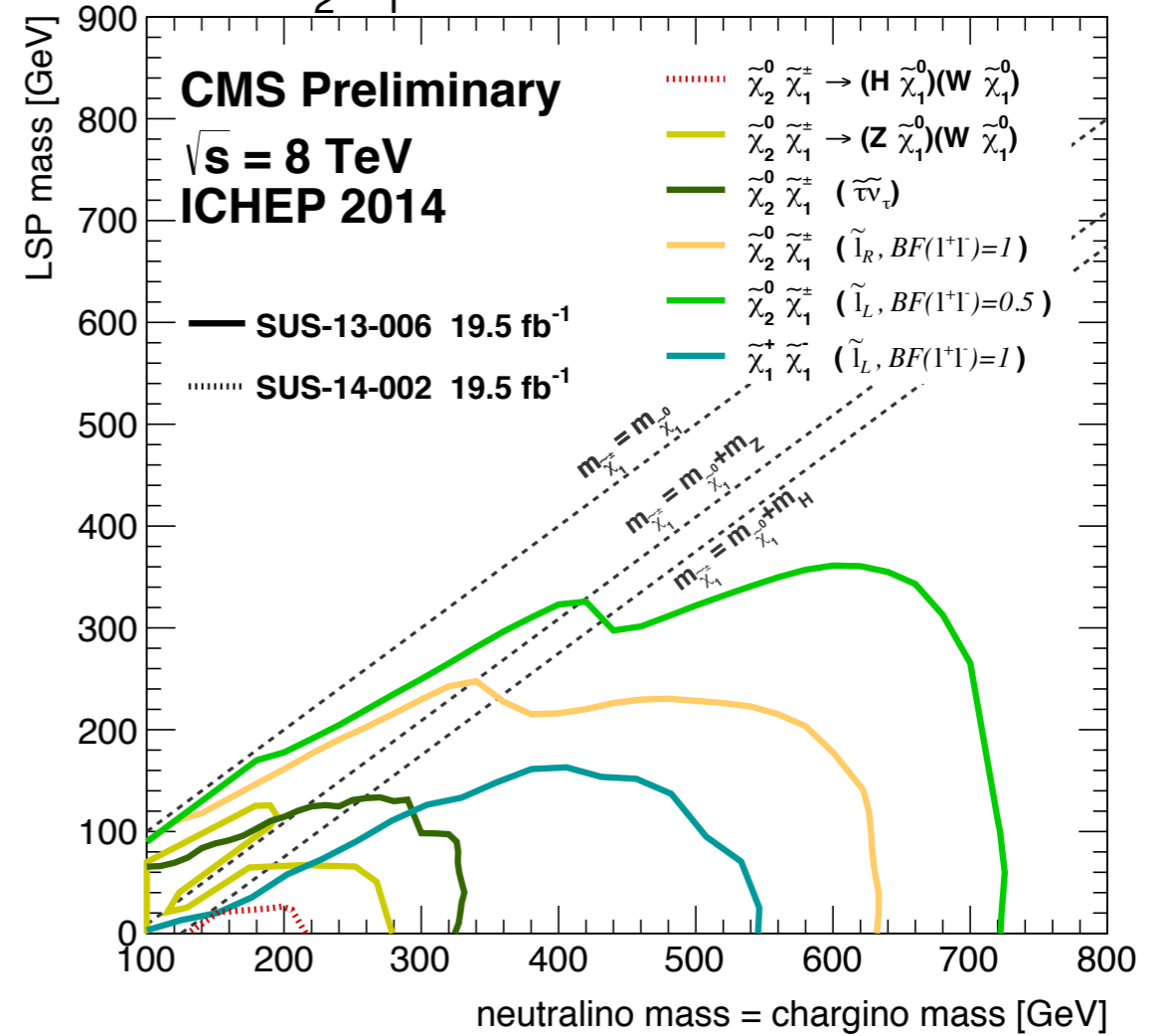


# SUSY : Run 1

$\tilde{t}\tilde{t}^*$  production,  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0 / c \tilde{\chi}_1^0$

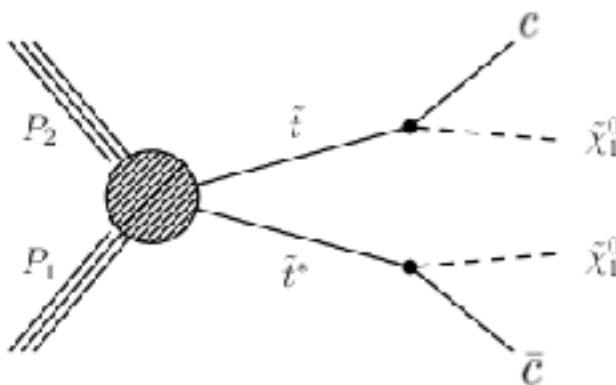
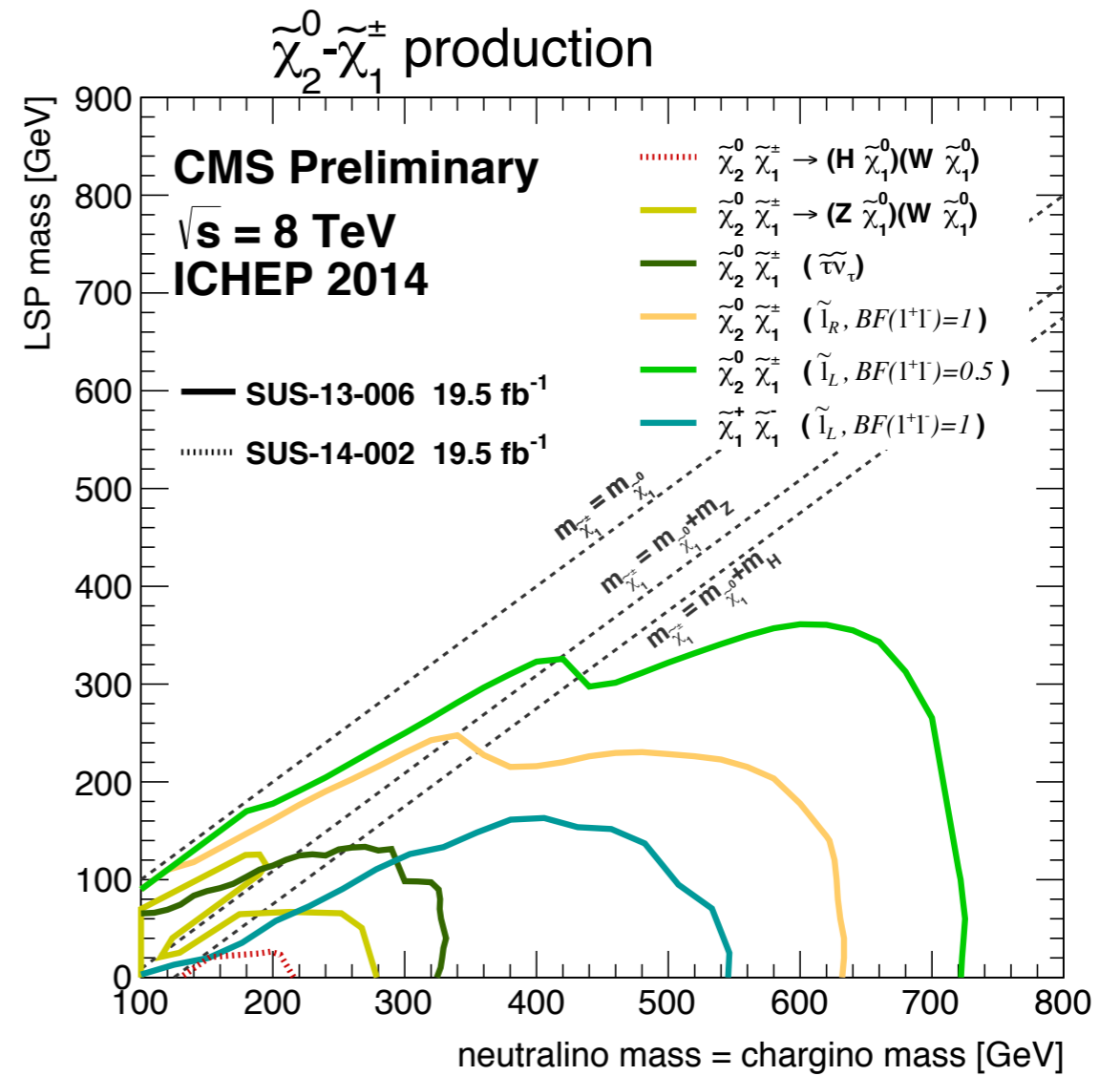
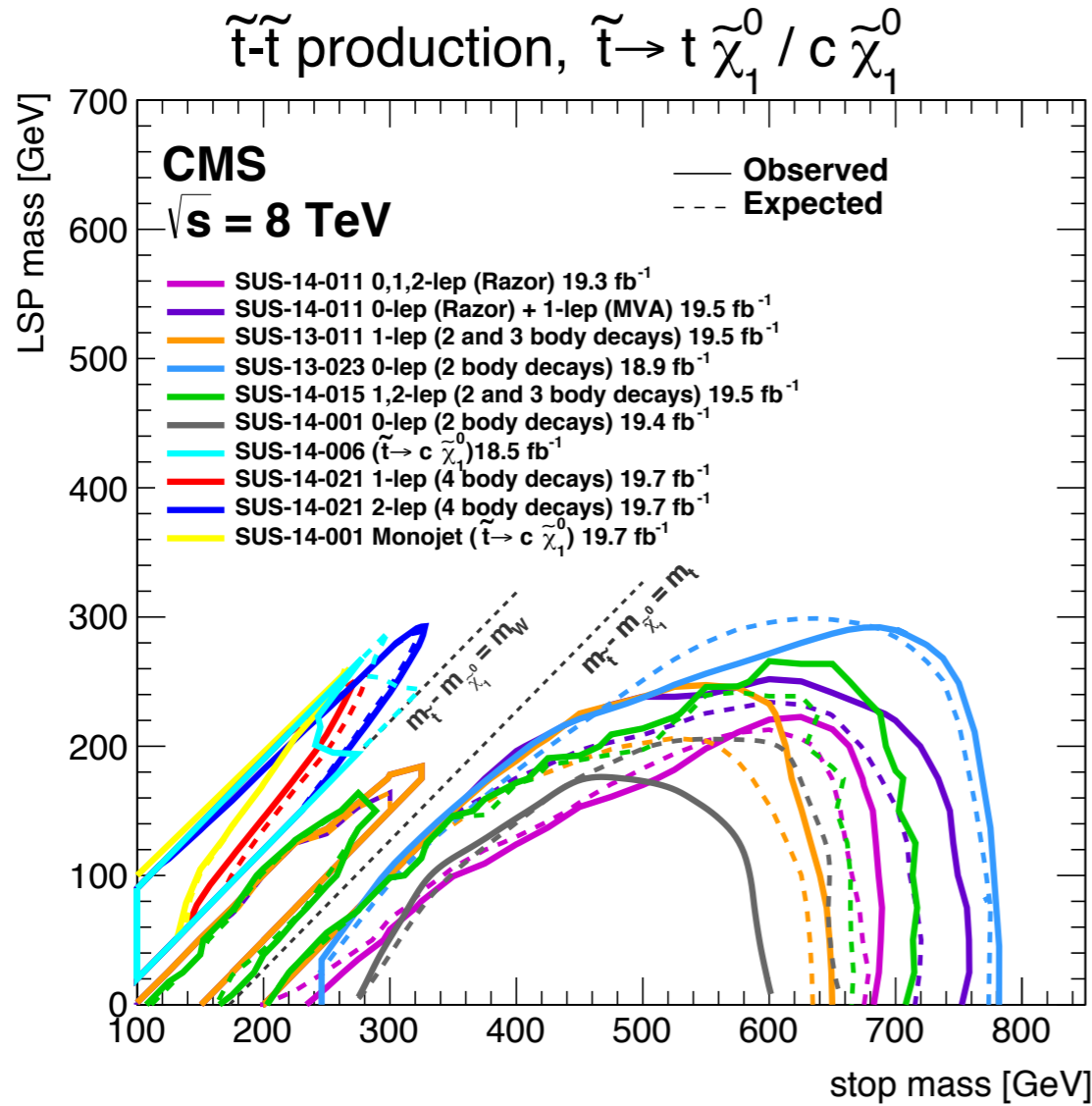


$\tilde{\chi}_2^0 - \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$  production

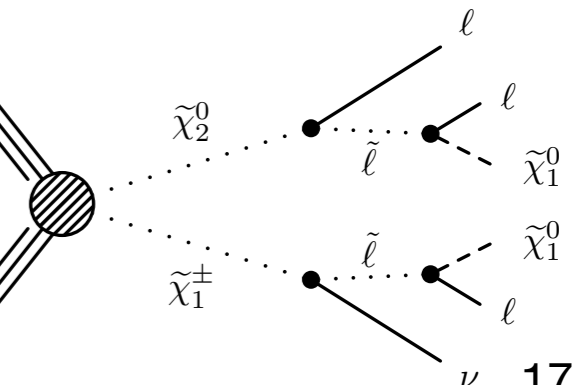




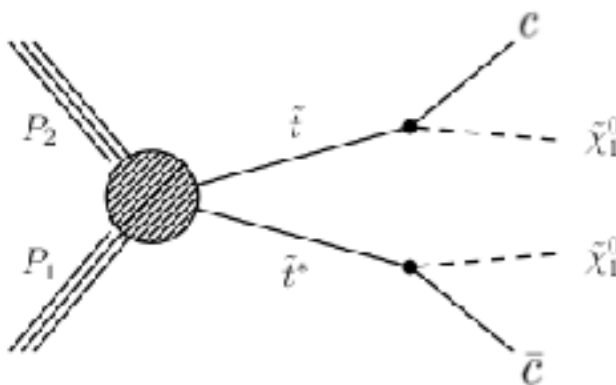
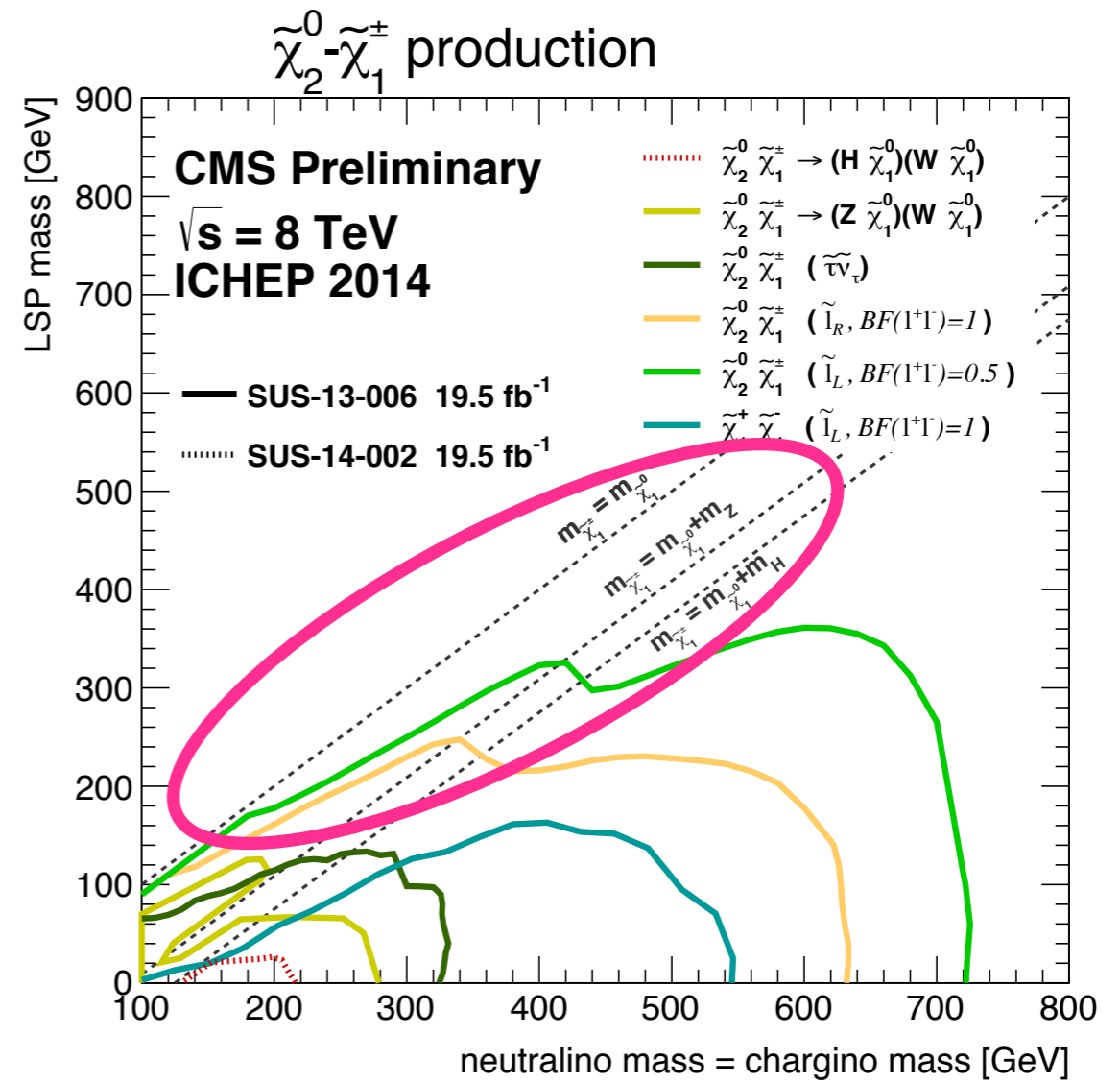
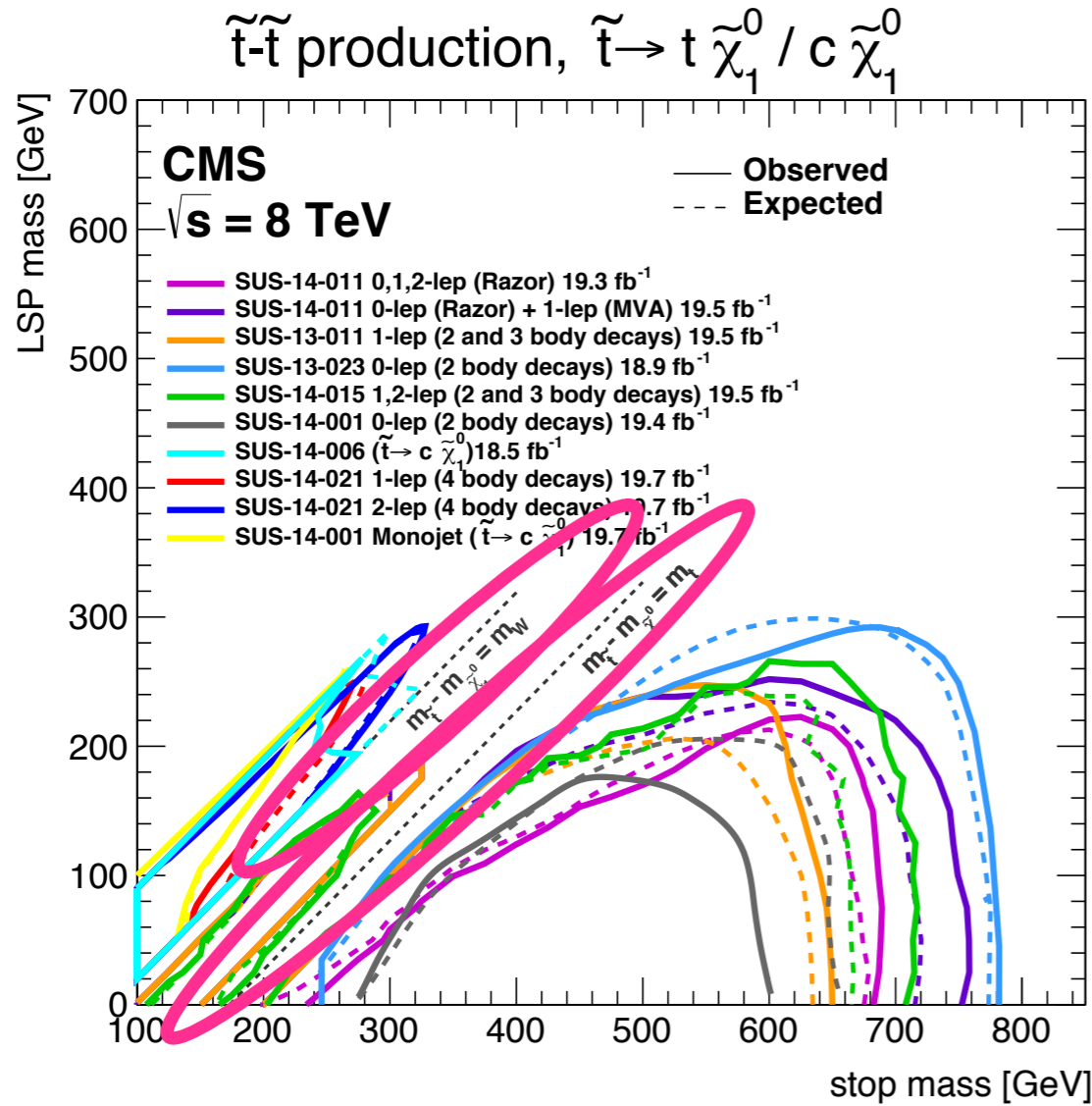
# SUSY : Run 1



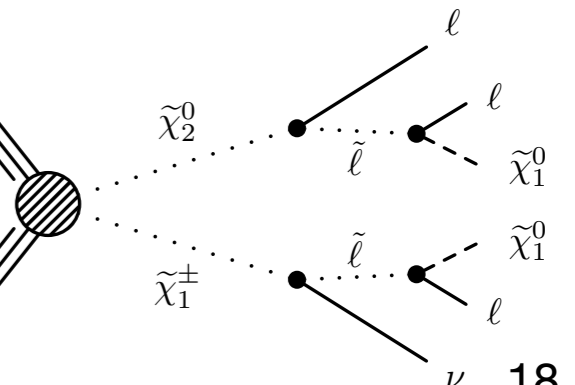
Stop and EWKino limits ~ several hundreds GeV,  
depending on signature  
Many difficult regions not covered !



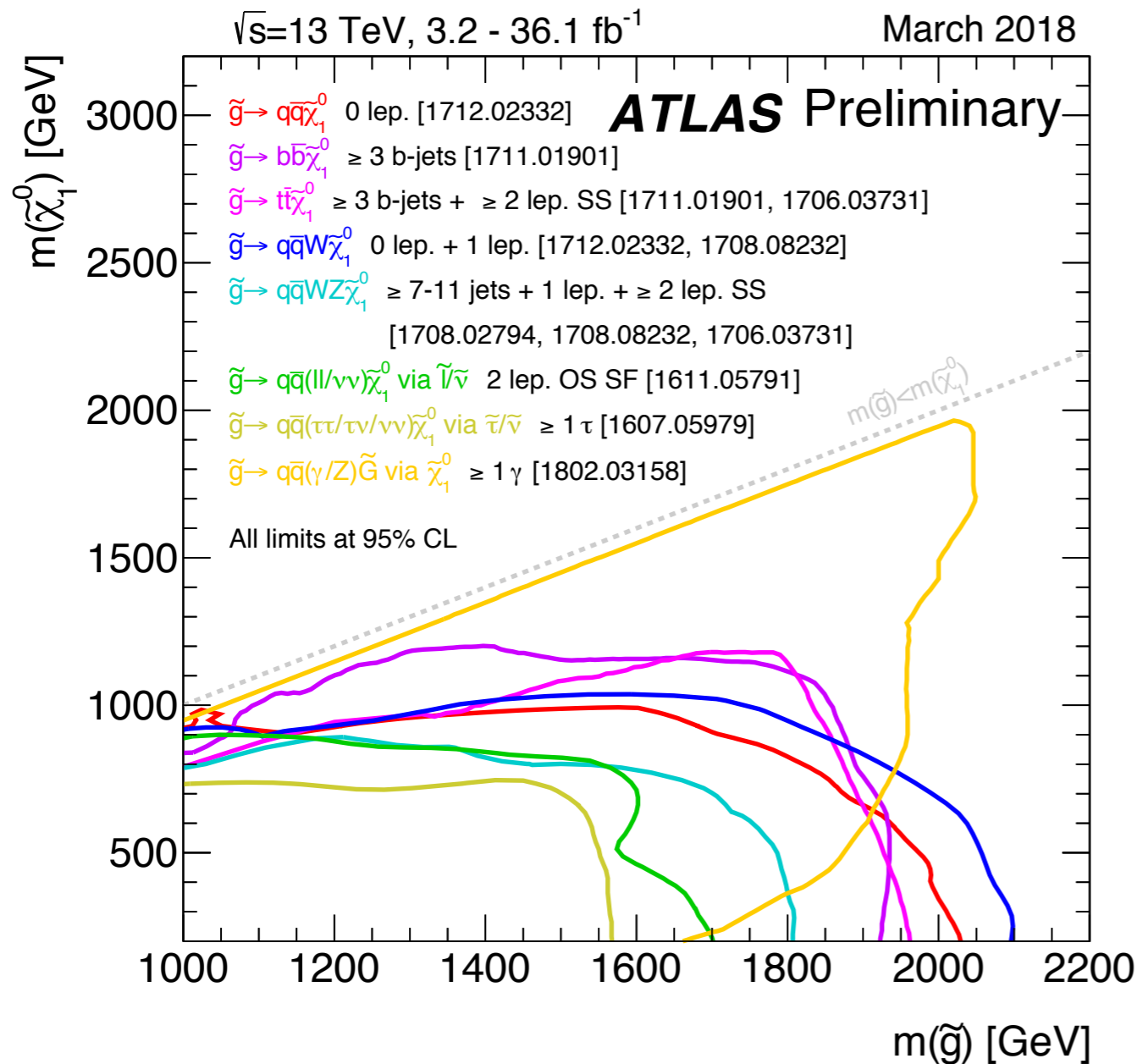
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Stop and EWKino limits ~ several hundreds GeV,  
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# SUSY : Gluino

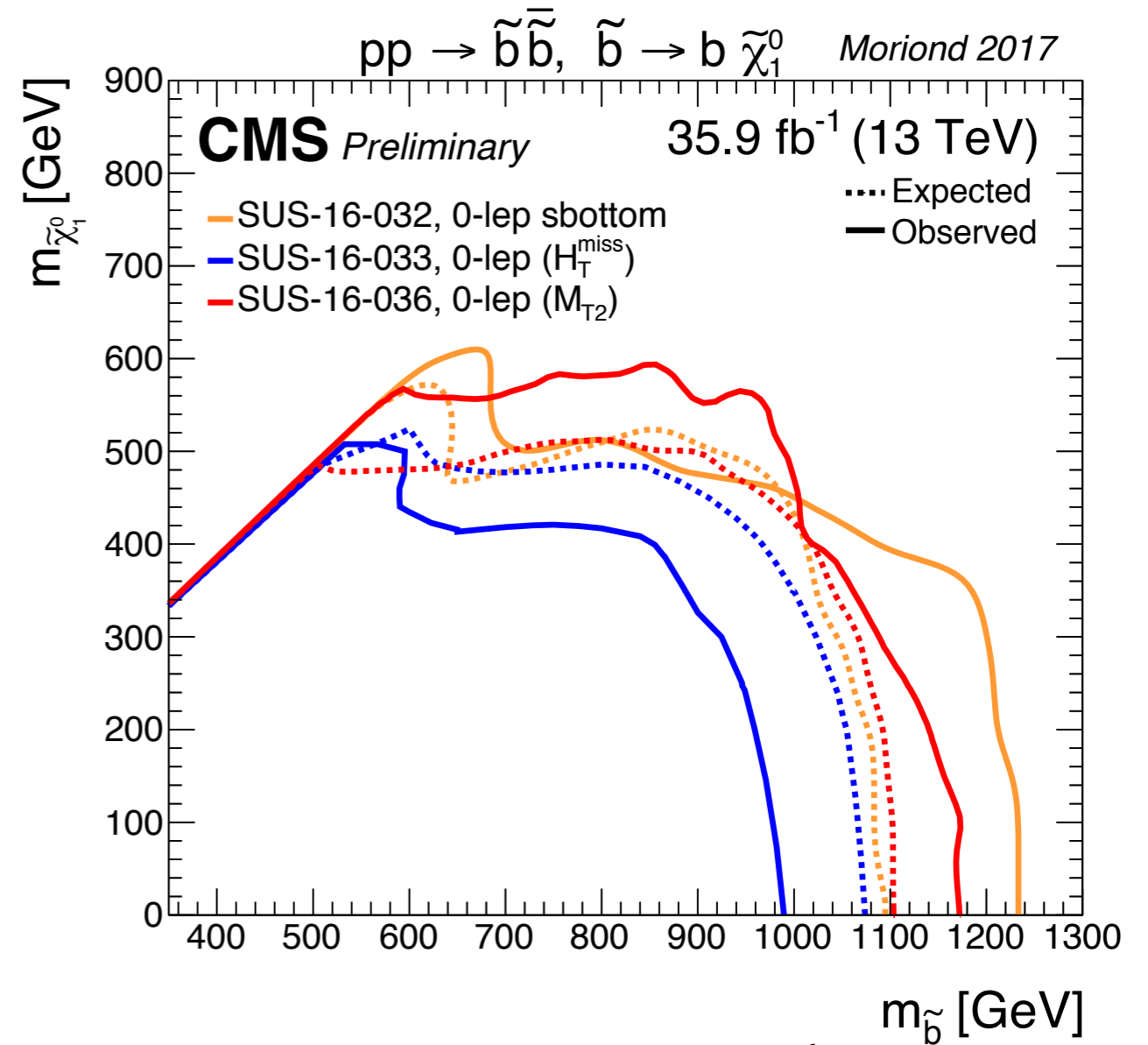
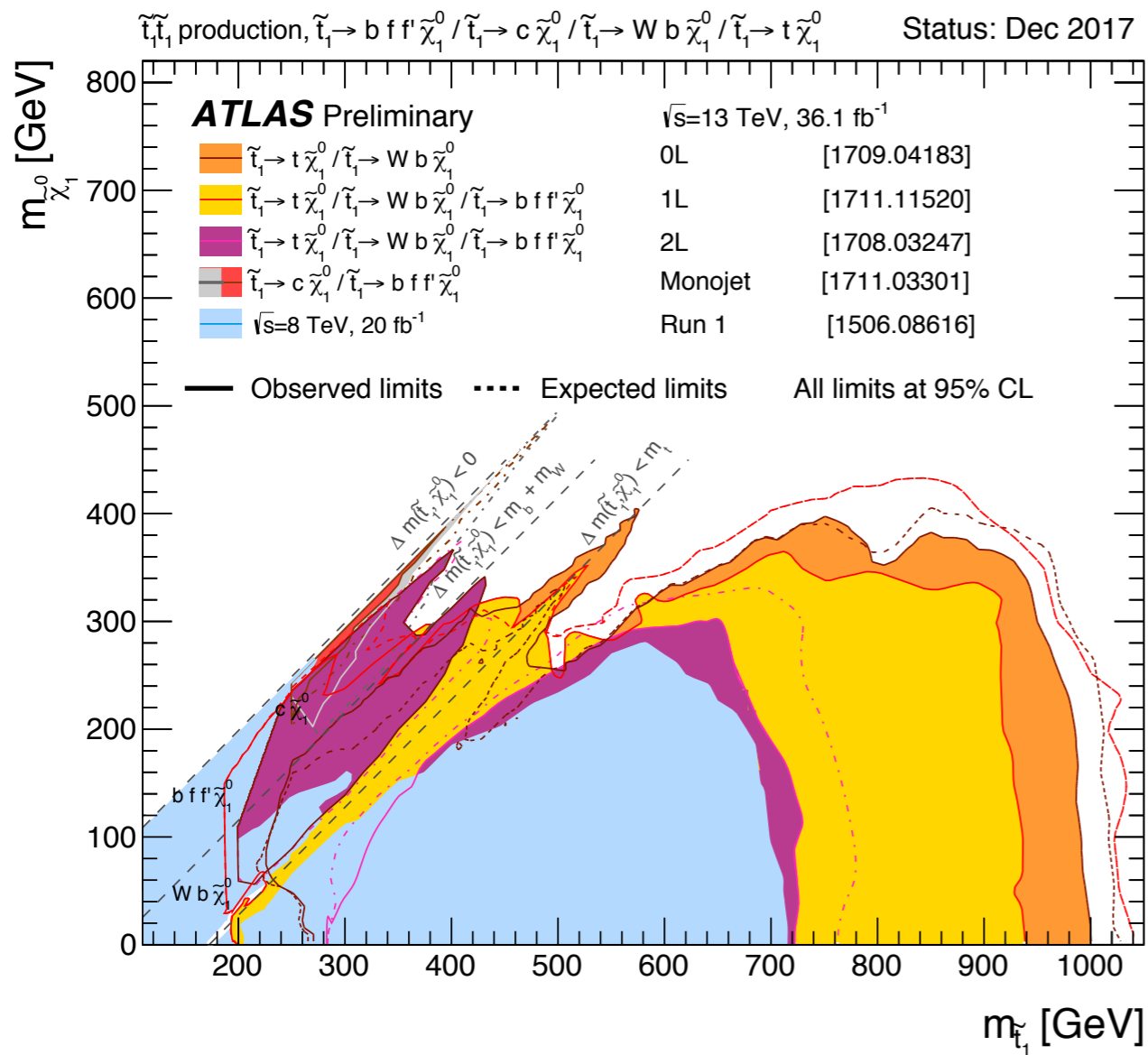


Broad coverage of signatures with jets+MET+

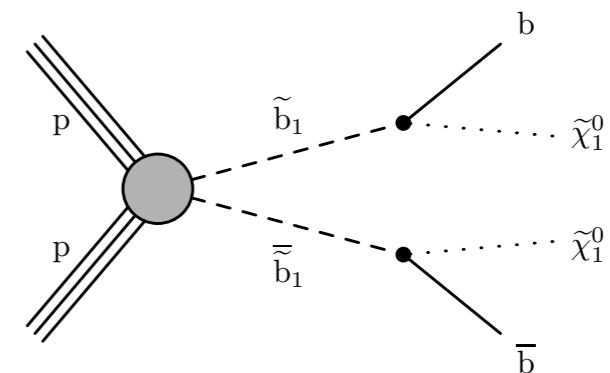
- b-tagged jets
- 1 lepton (electron, muon)
- 2 leptons opposite-sign on-Z / off-Z
- 2 leptons same-sign
- photon(s)
- hadronic-tau(s)

Exclude gluinos up to 1-2 TeV, depending on mass splitting

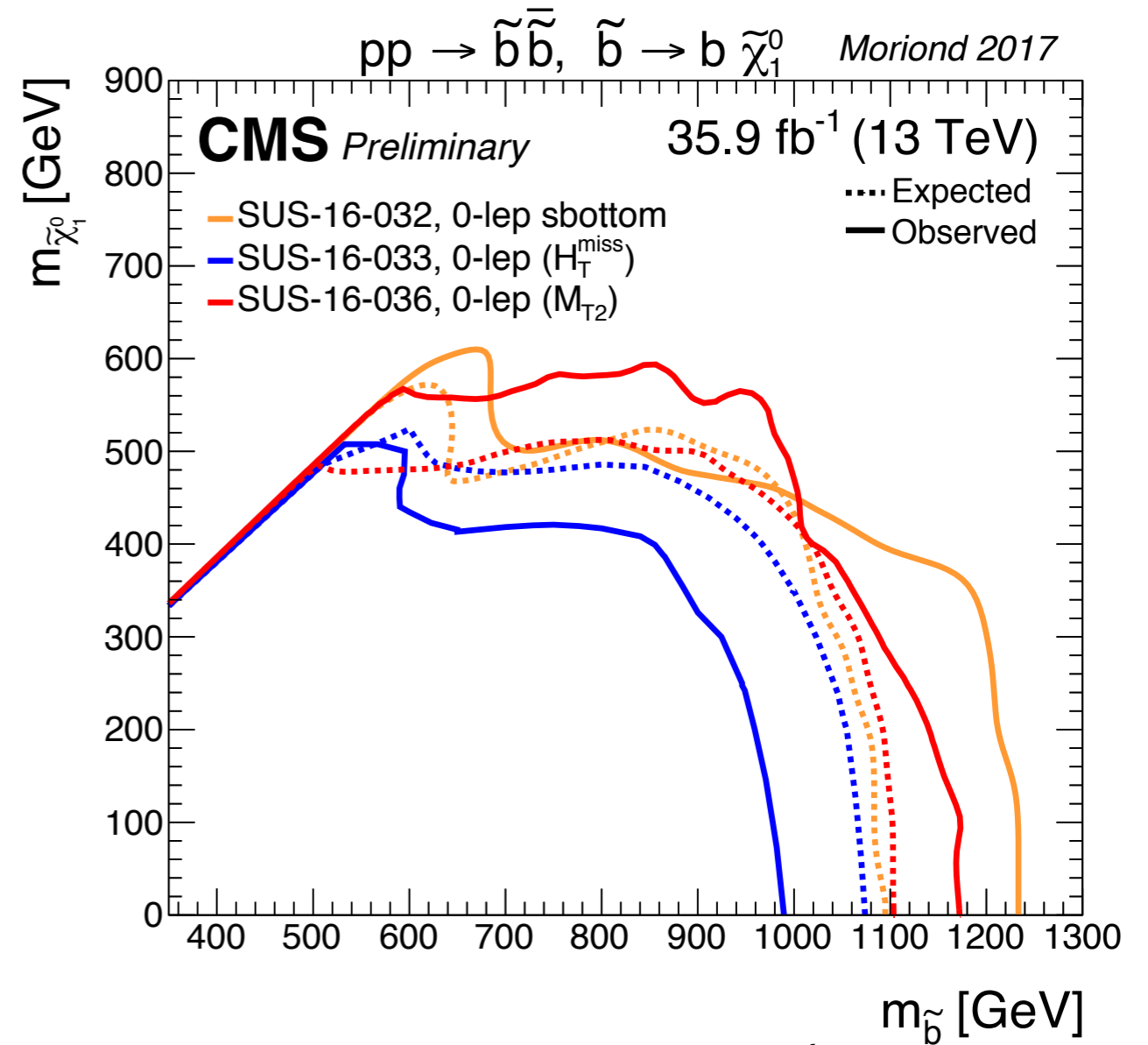
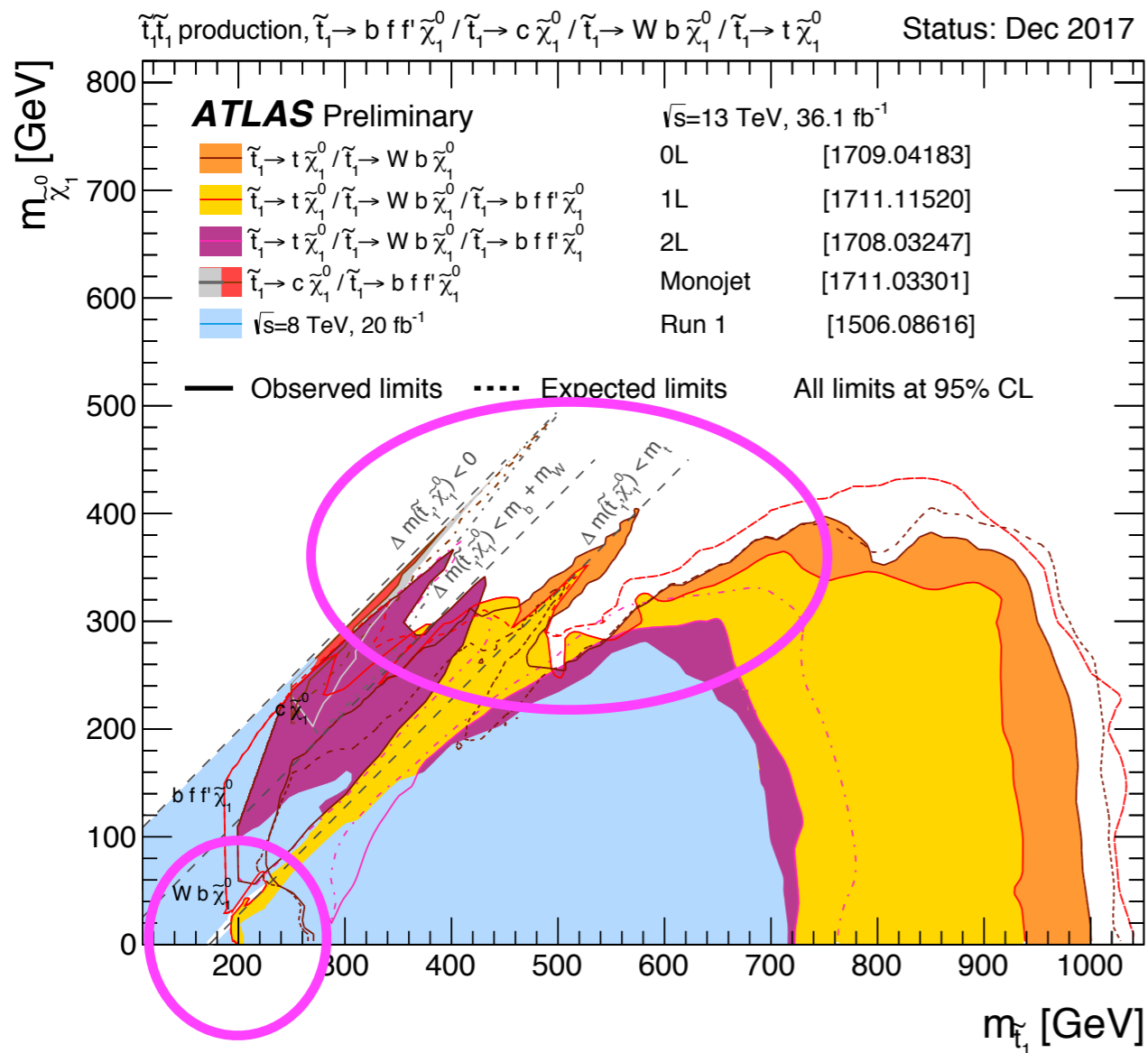
# SUSY : Stop & Sbottom



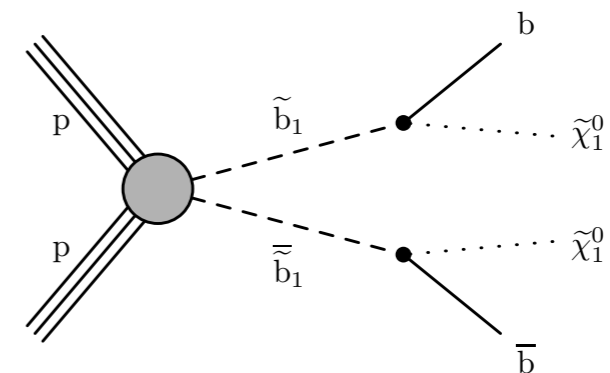
Exclude stop/sbottom up to  $\sim 1$  TeV  
but many difficult regions !



# SUSY : Stop & Sbottom



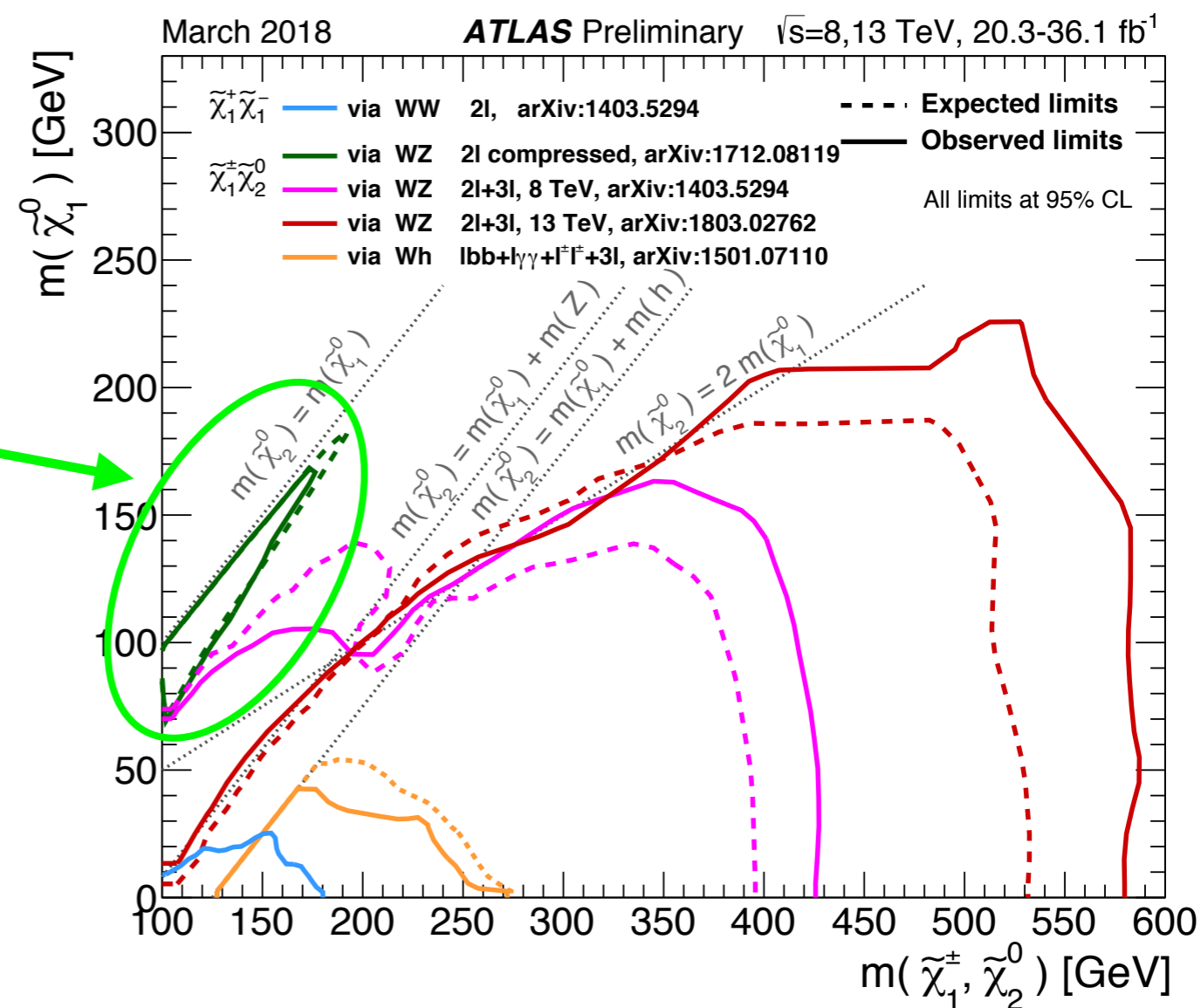
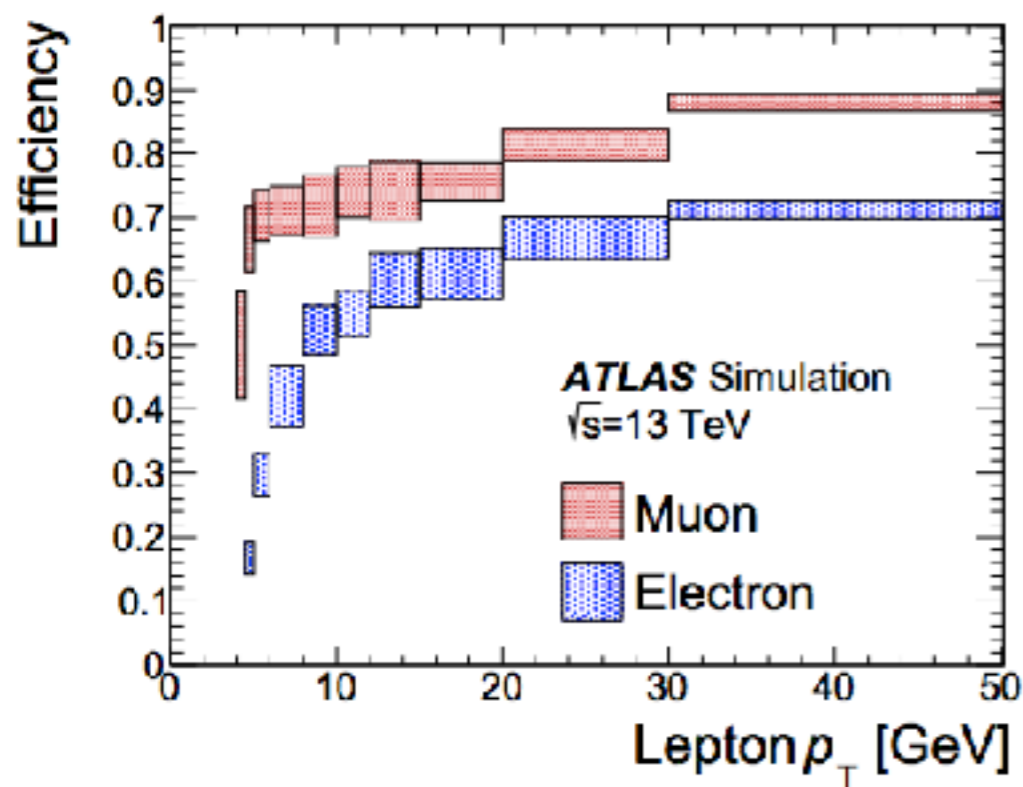
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but many difficult regions !





# SUSY : EWKinos

Talk by Jesse Liu

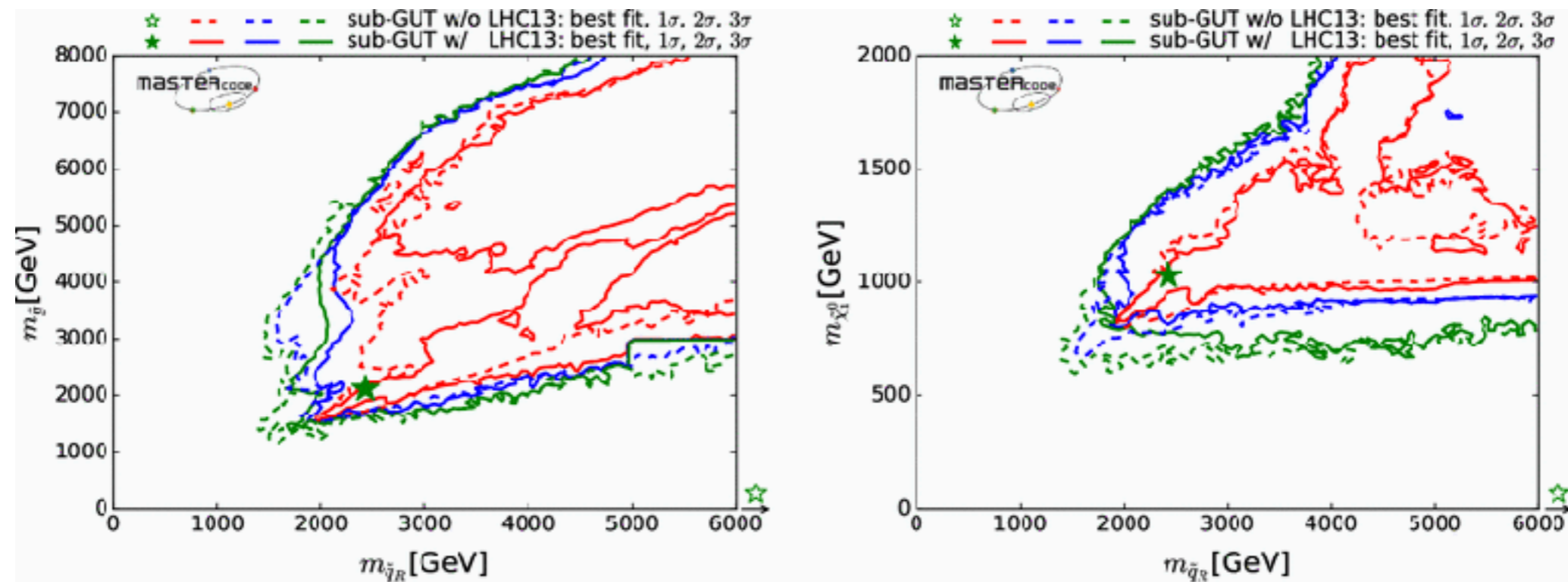


Extending  $p_T$  threshold as low as possible (4 GeV for muons) allows regions of constrained phase space to be probed.



# Supersymmetry

Talk by Jonathan Costa

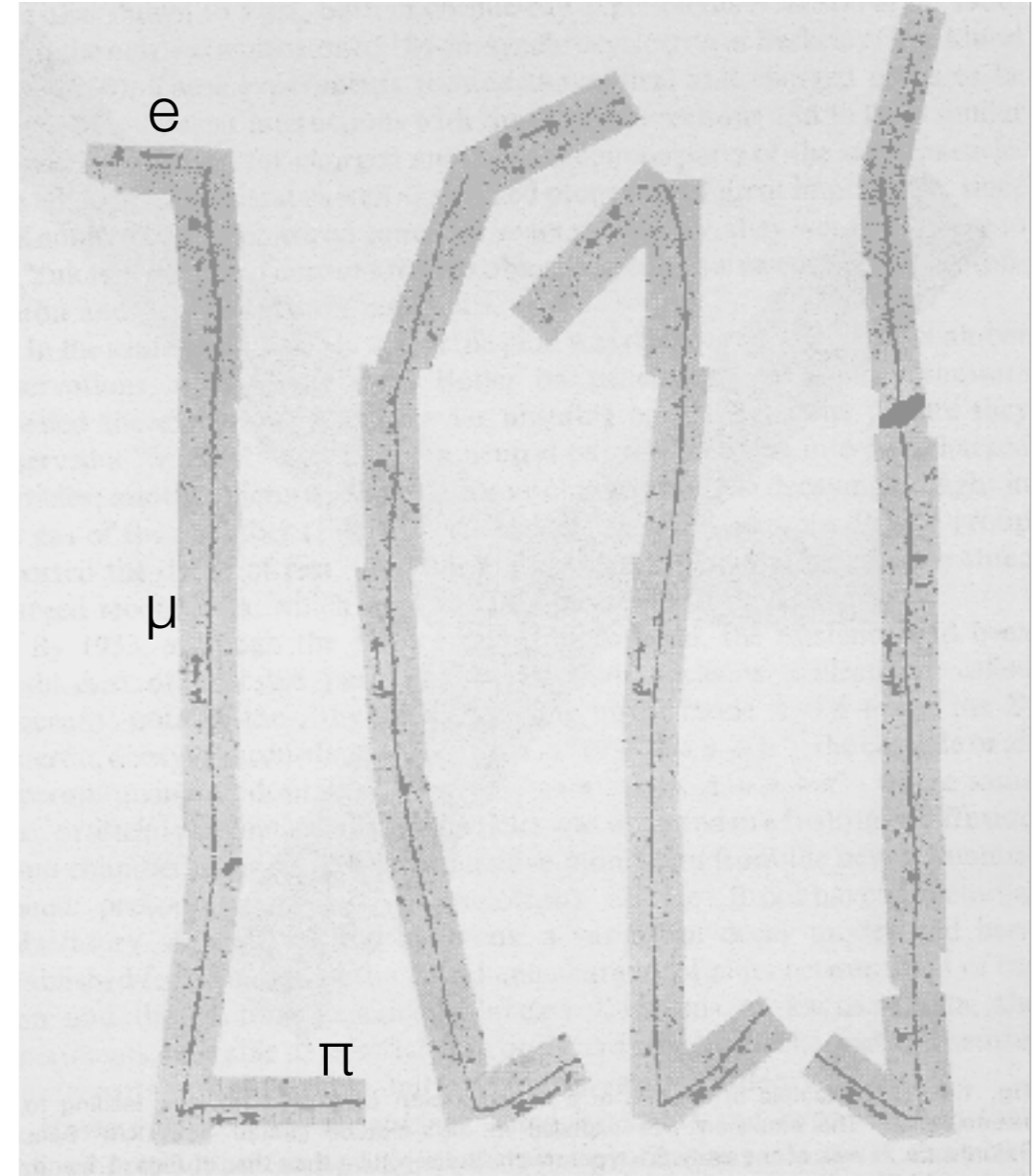


- Global fits of SUSY models to LHC results + other observables
  - Many models are heavily constrained ! Tension reduced in models that give rise to difficult regions for LHC, eg. compressed spectra
  - Best fit results for a sub-GUT model - soft-SUSY breaking occurs at a scale below the GUT scale

# Long-Lived Particles

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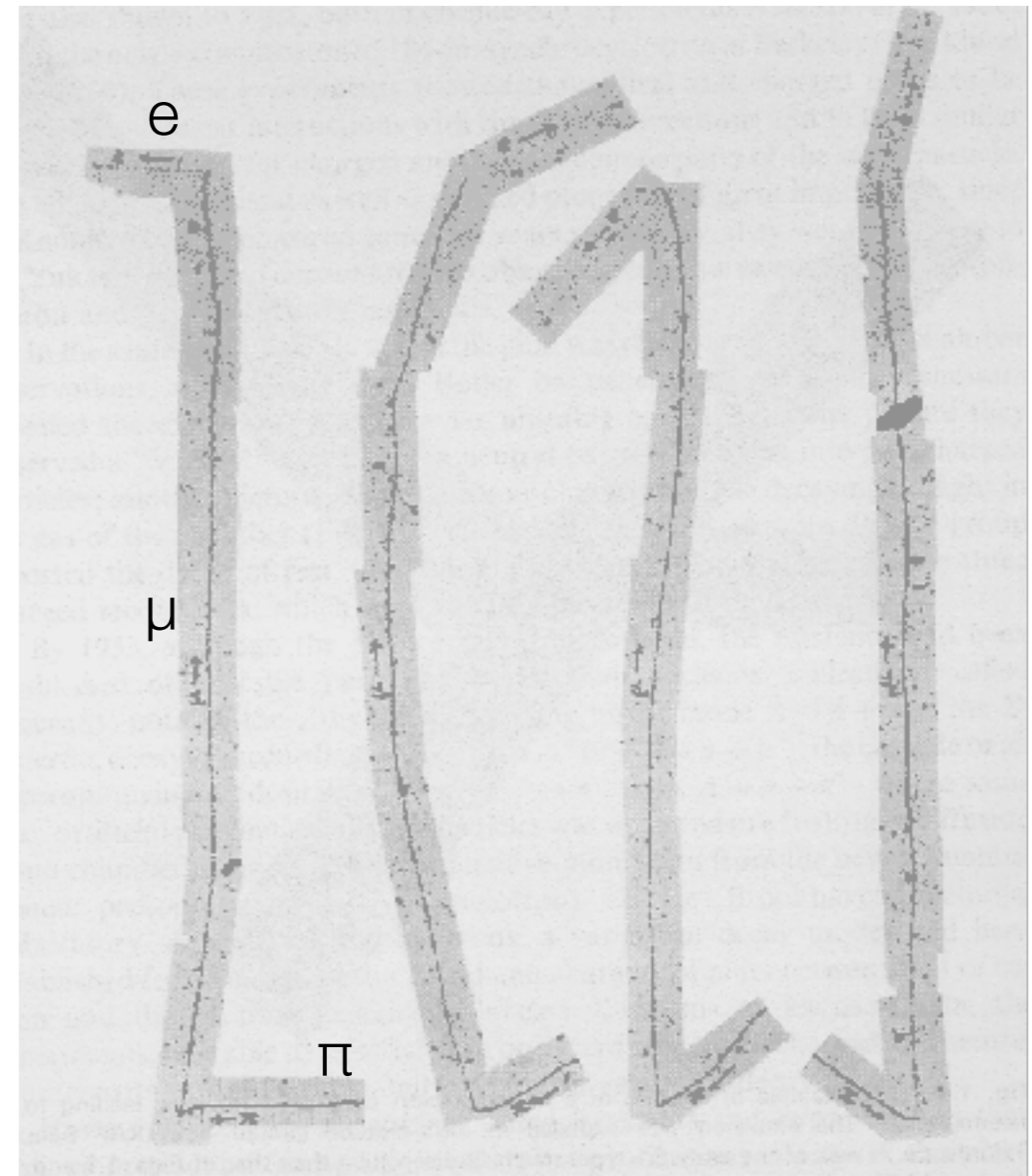
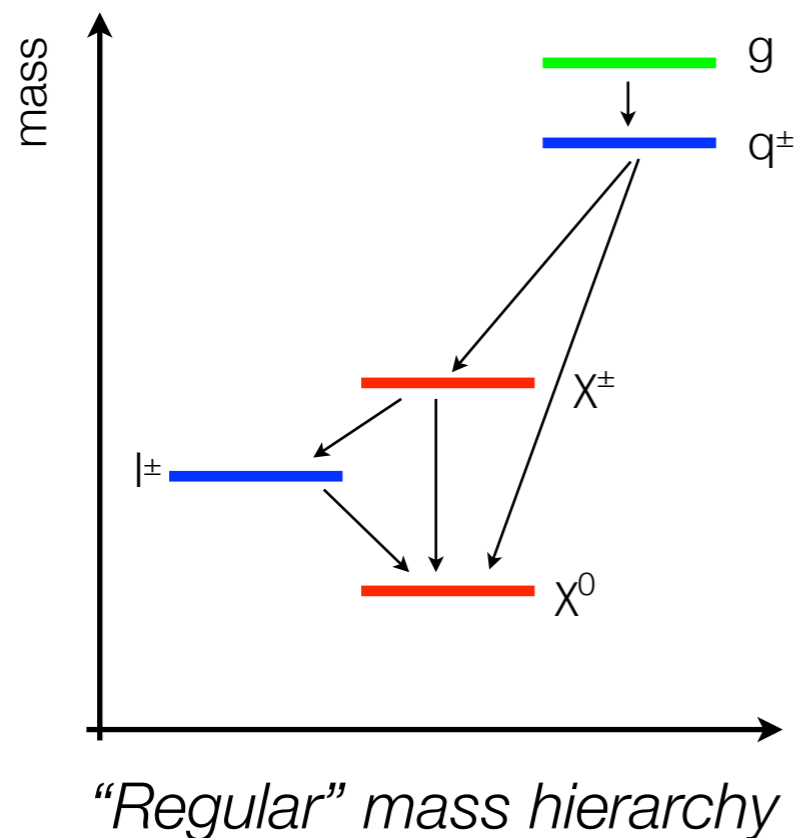
- Searches mentioned so far assume new particles have lifetime  $\ll 10^{-12}$  s
- Plenty of evidence in SM for long lifetimes !
  - Constrained interaction + potential barrier





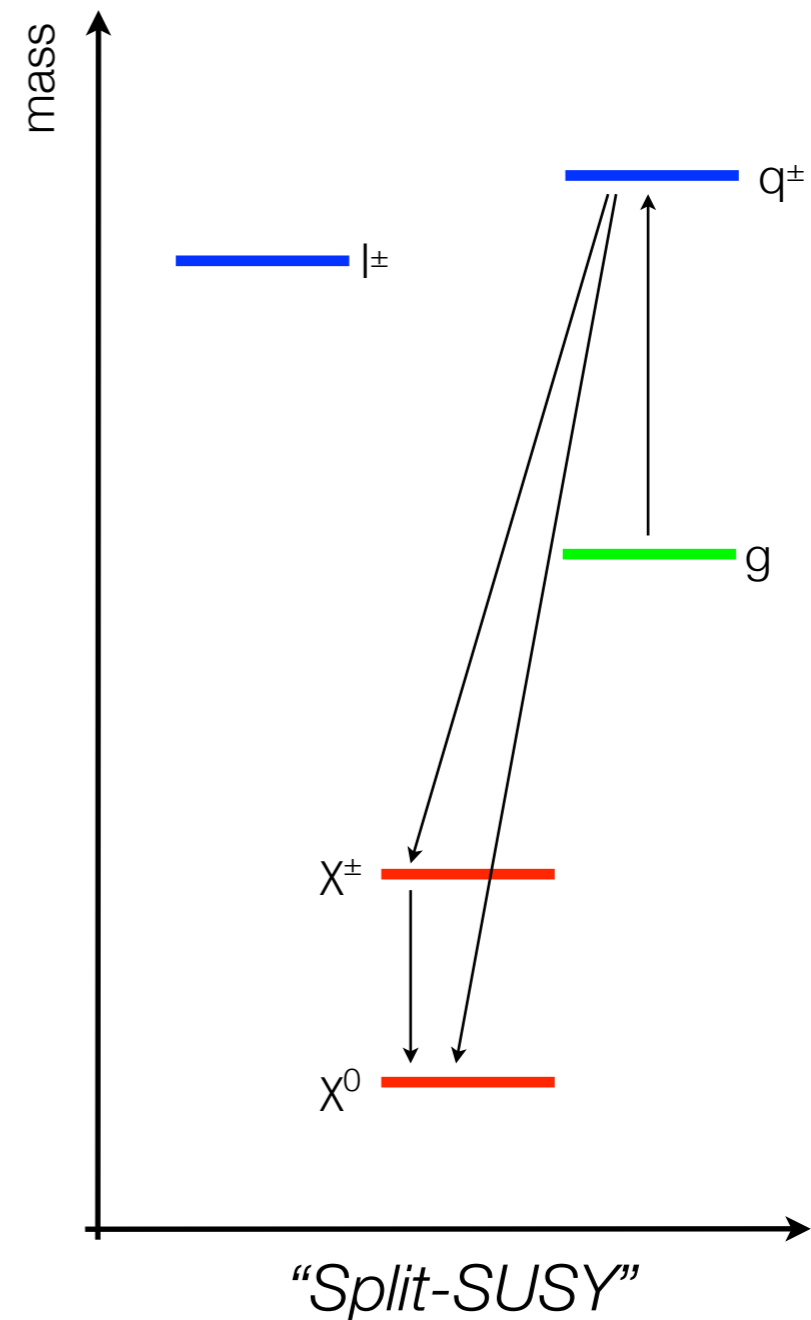
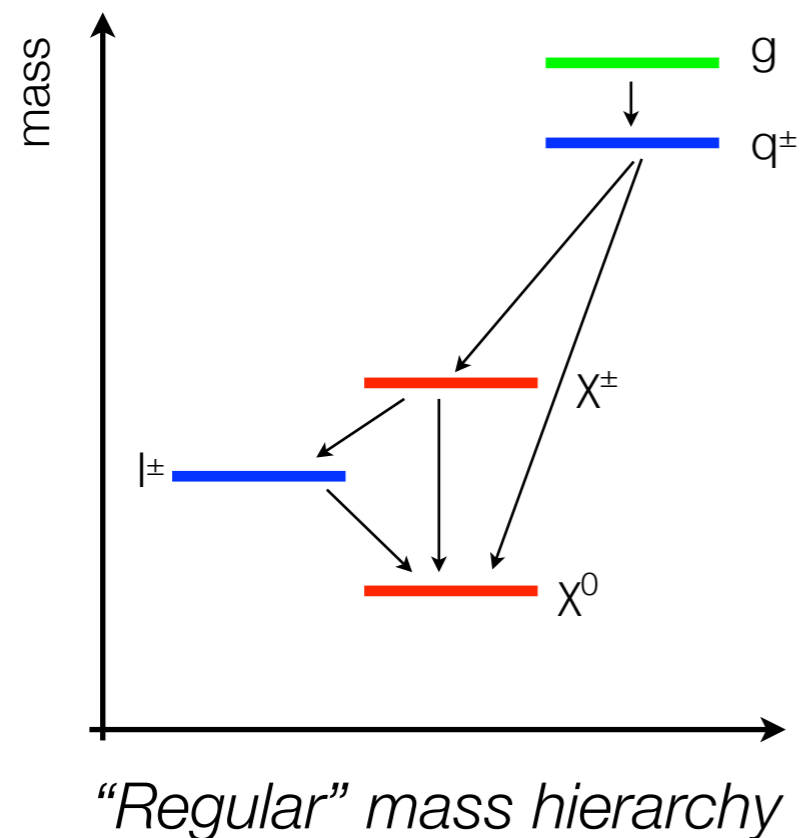
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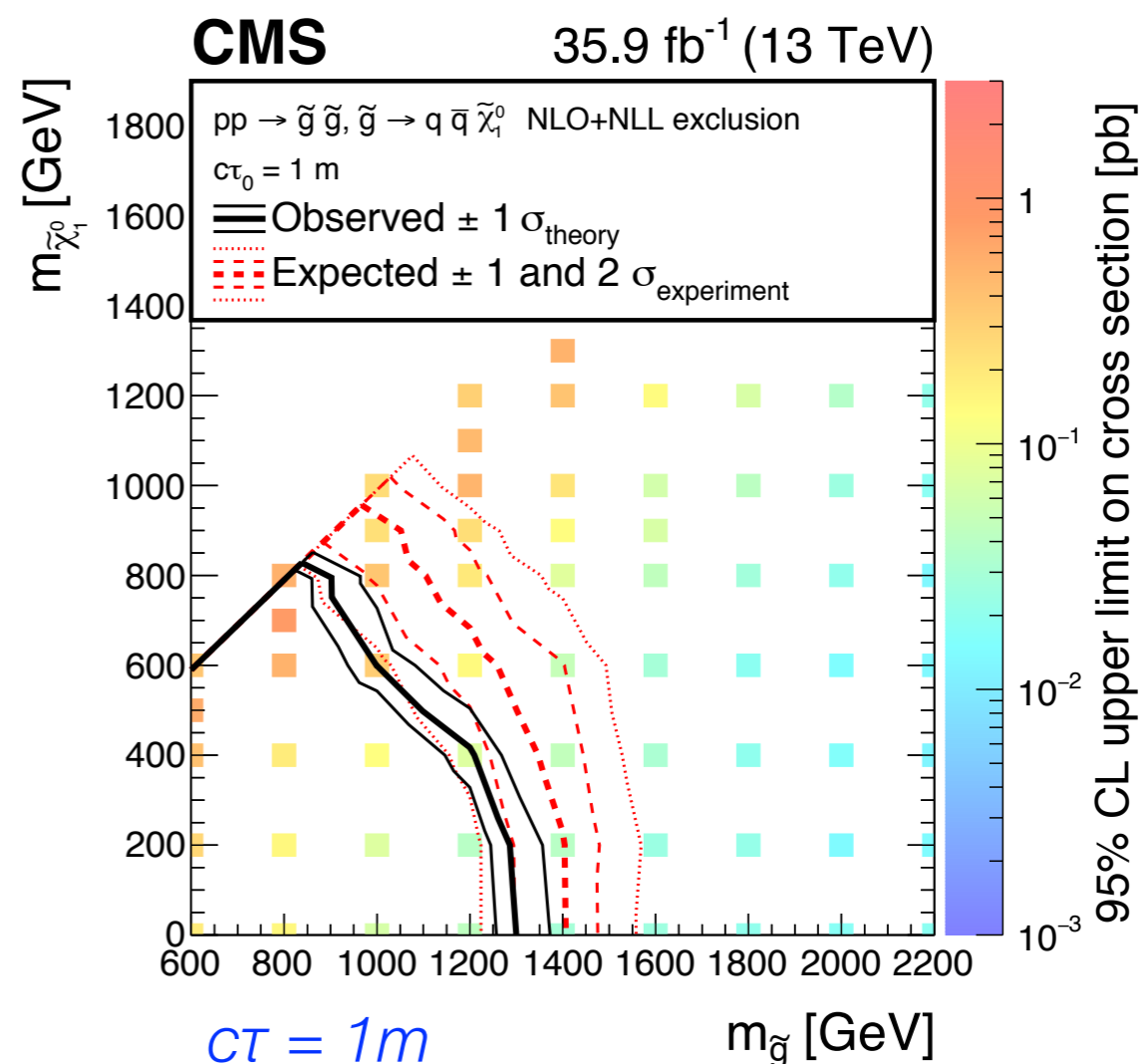
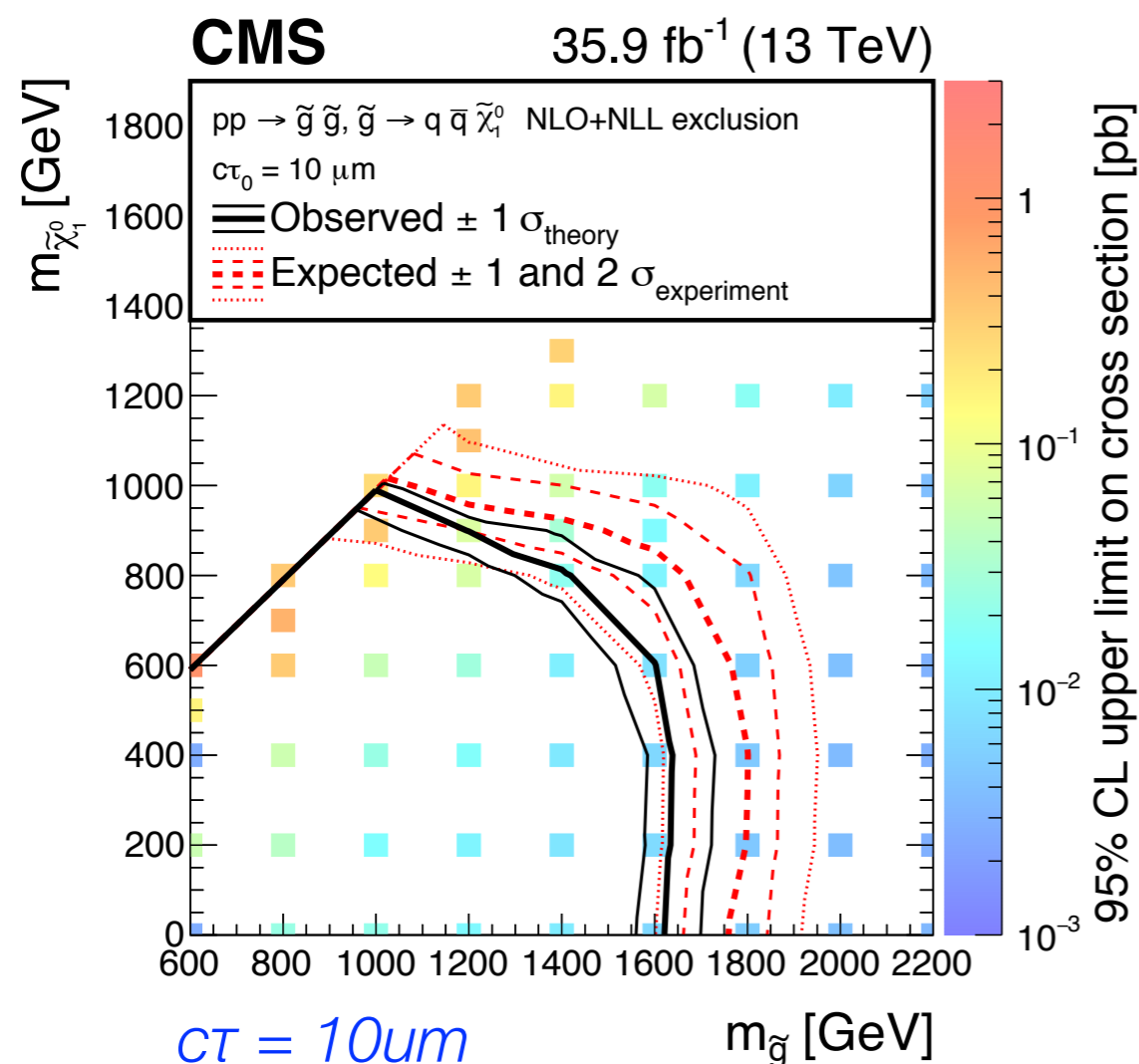




# LLPs : Regular Searches

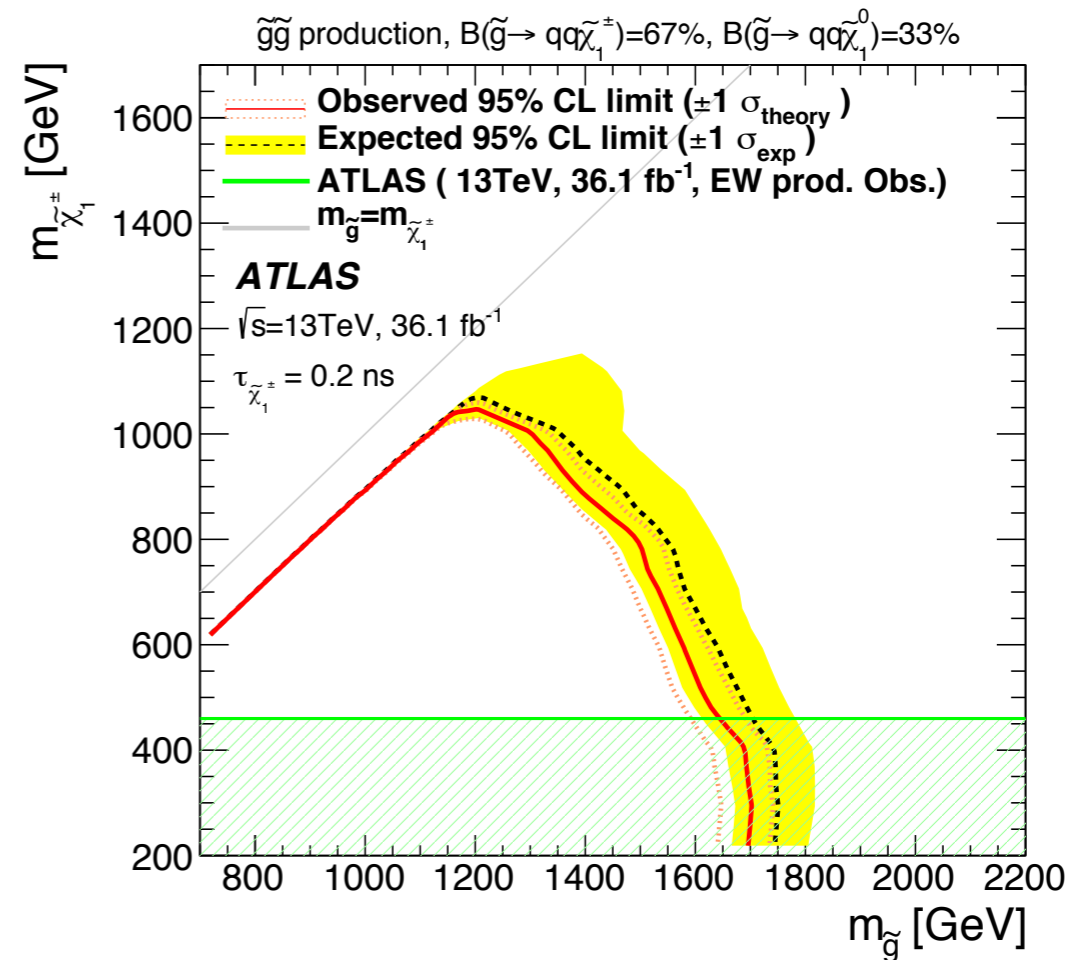
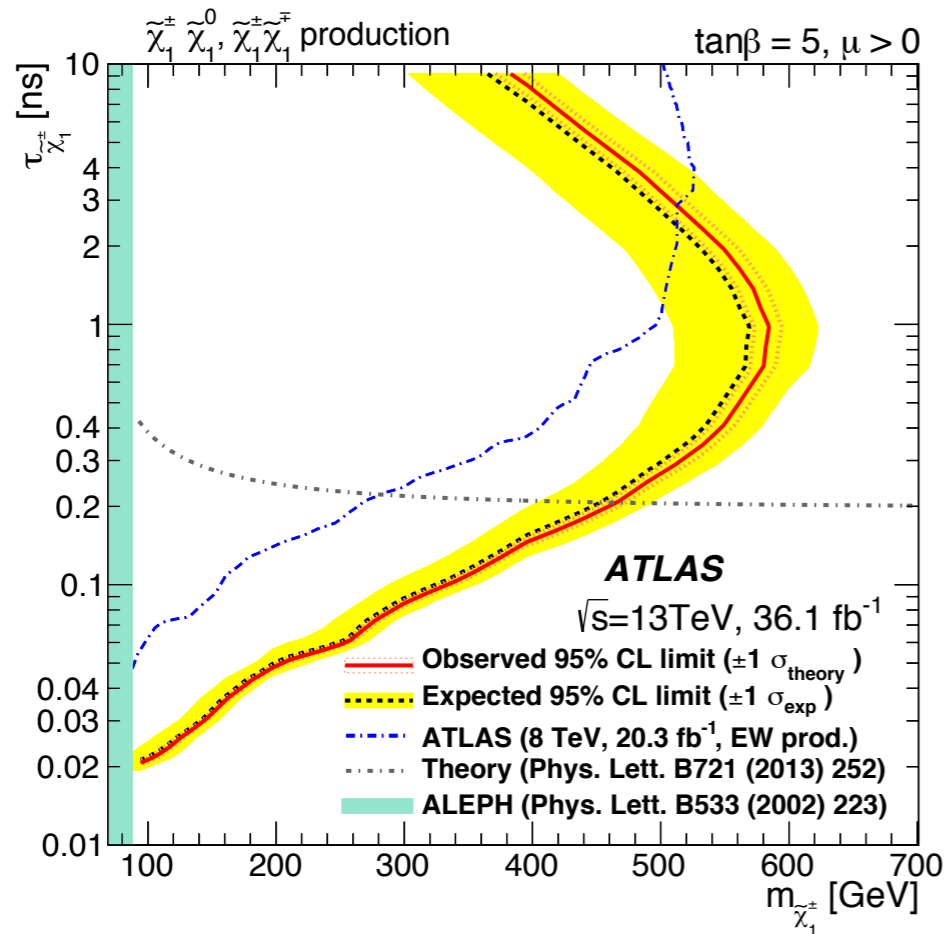
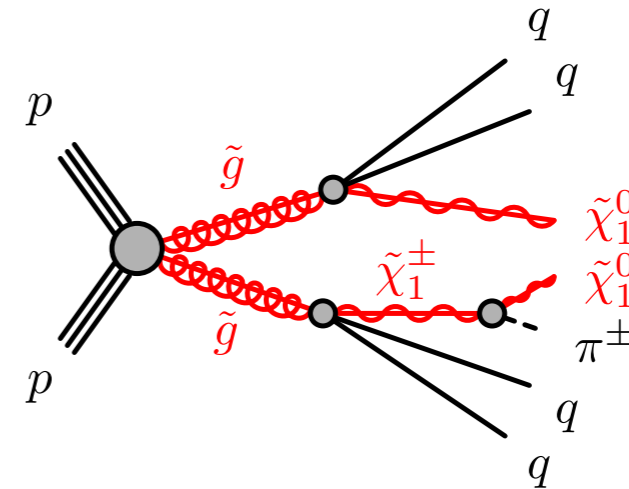
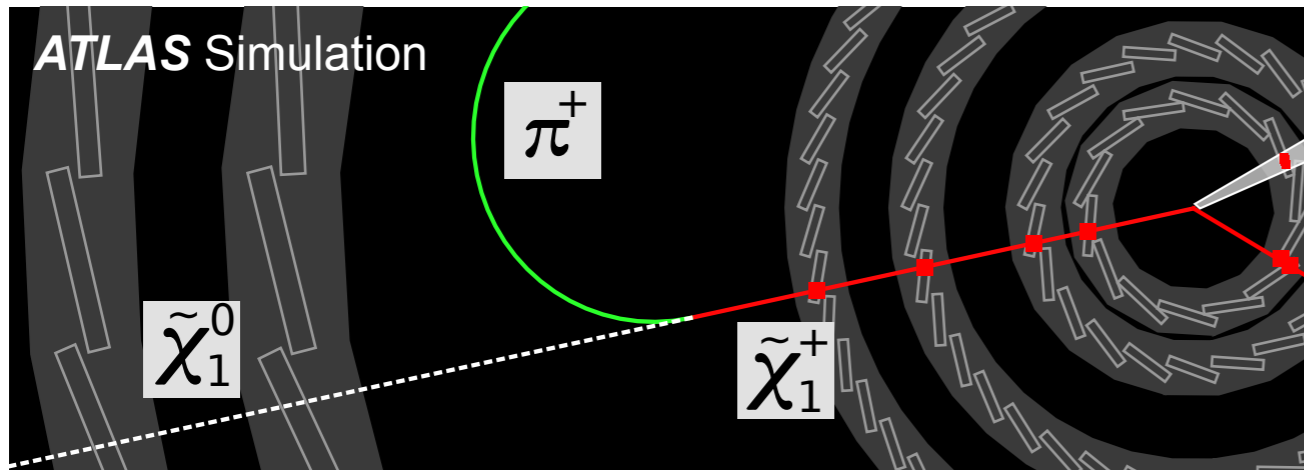
arXiv:1802.02110

- Regardless of mean lifetime; most probable real decay length is zero
- Existing searches (that look for promptly decaying objects) are sensitive



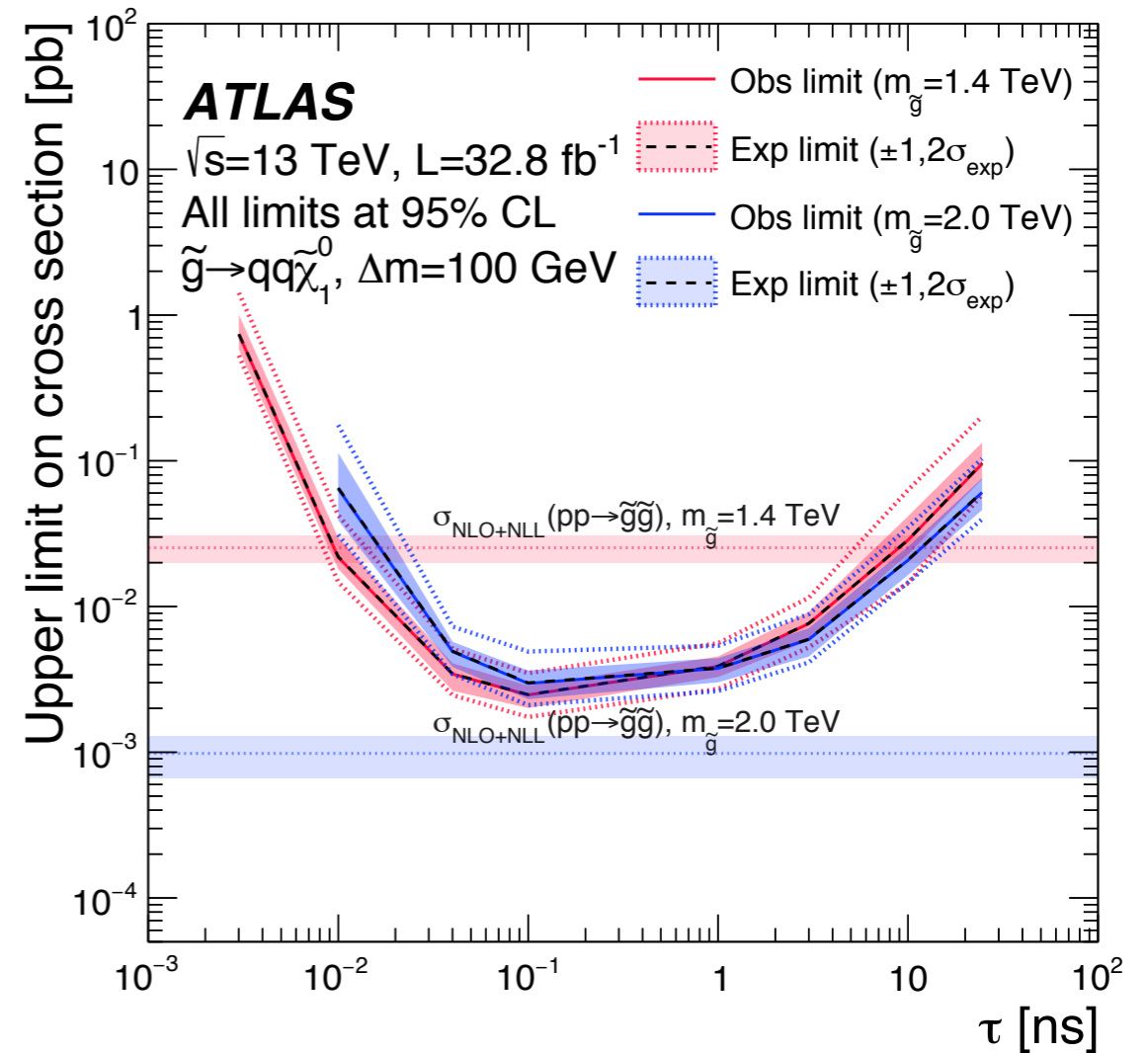
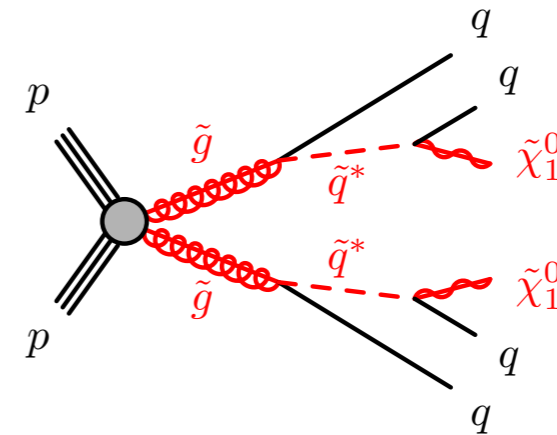
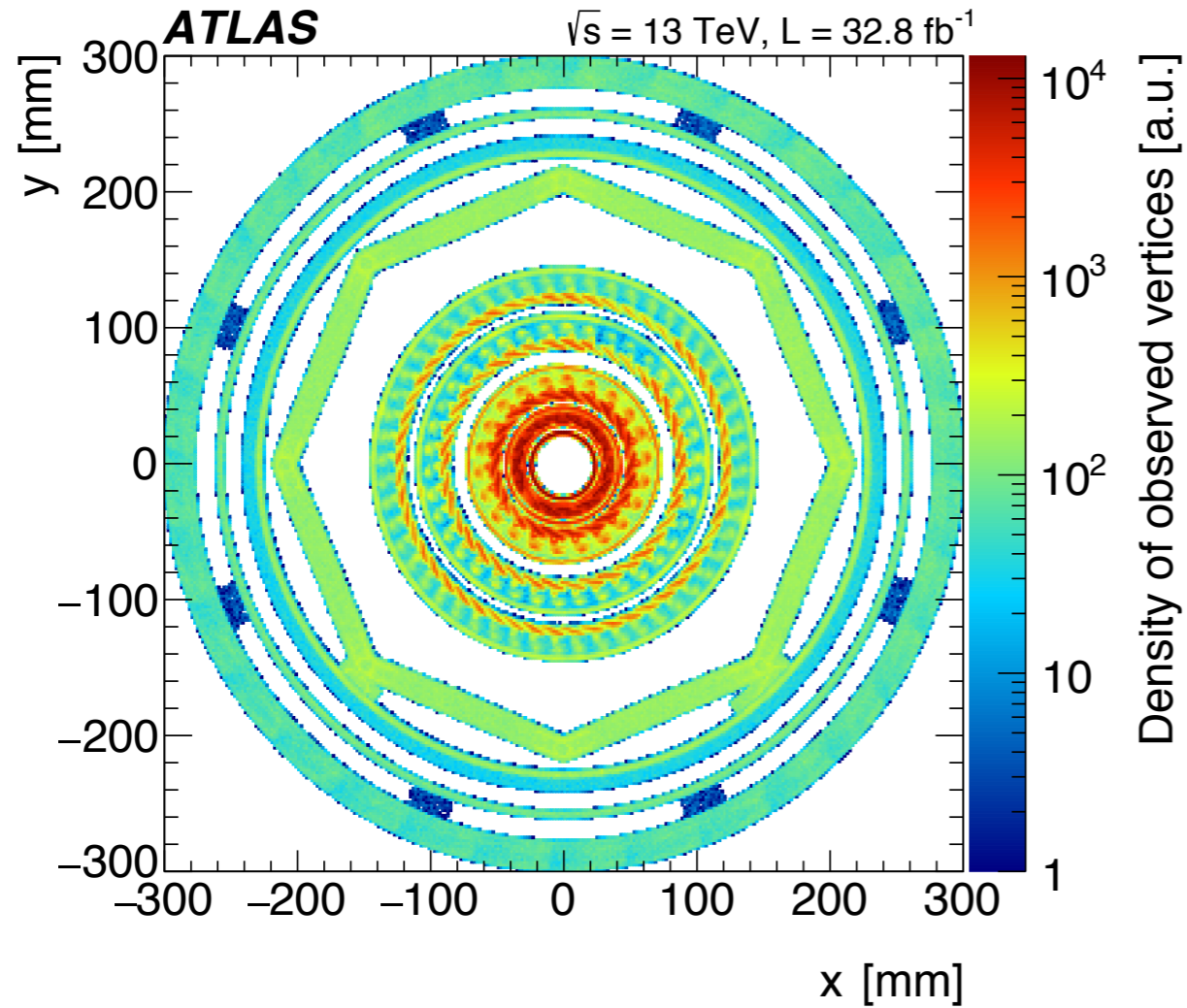
# LLPs : Disappearing Tracks

arXiv:1712.02118



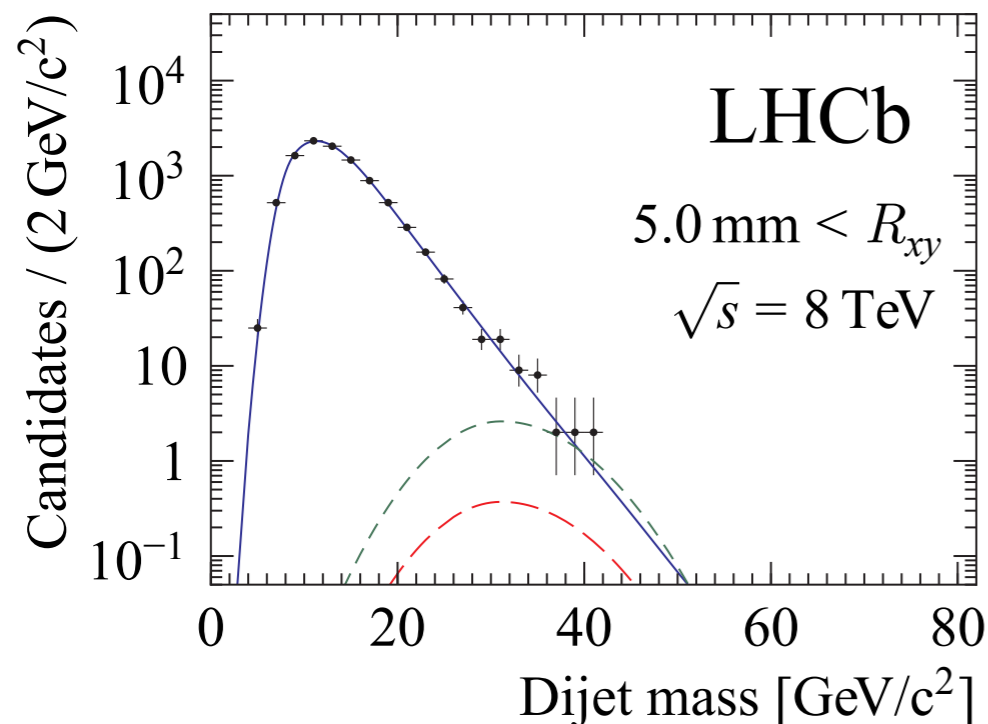
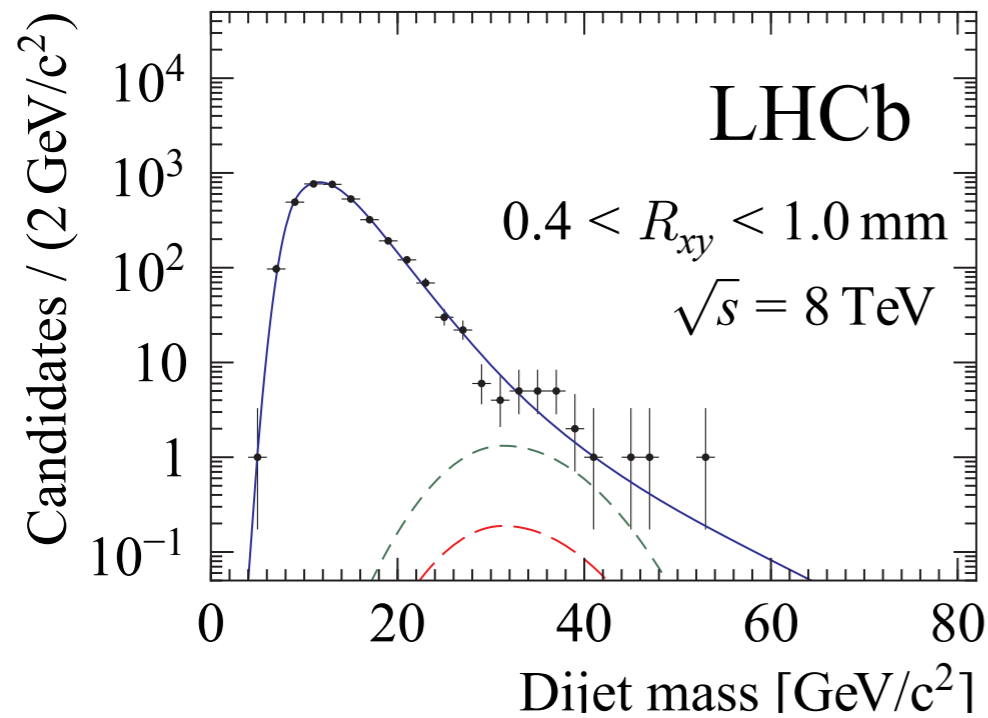
# LLPs : Displaced Vertices

arXiv:1710.04901

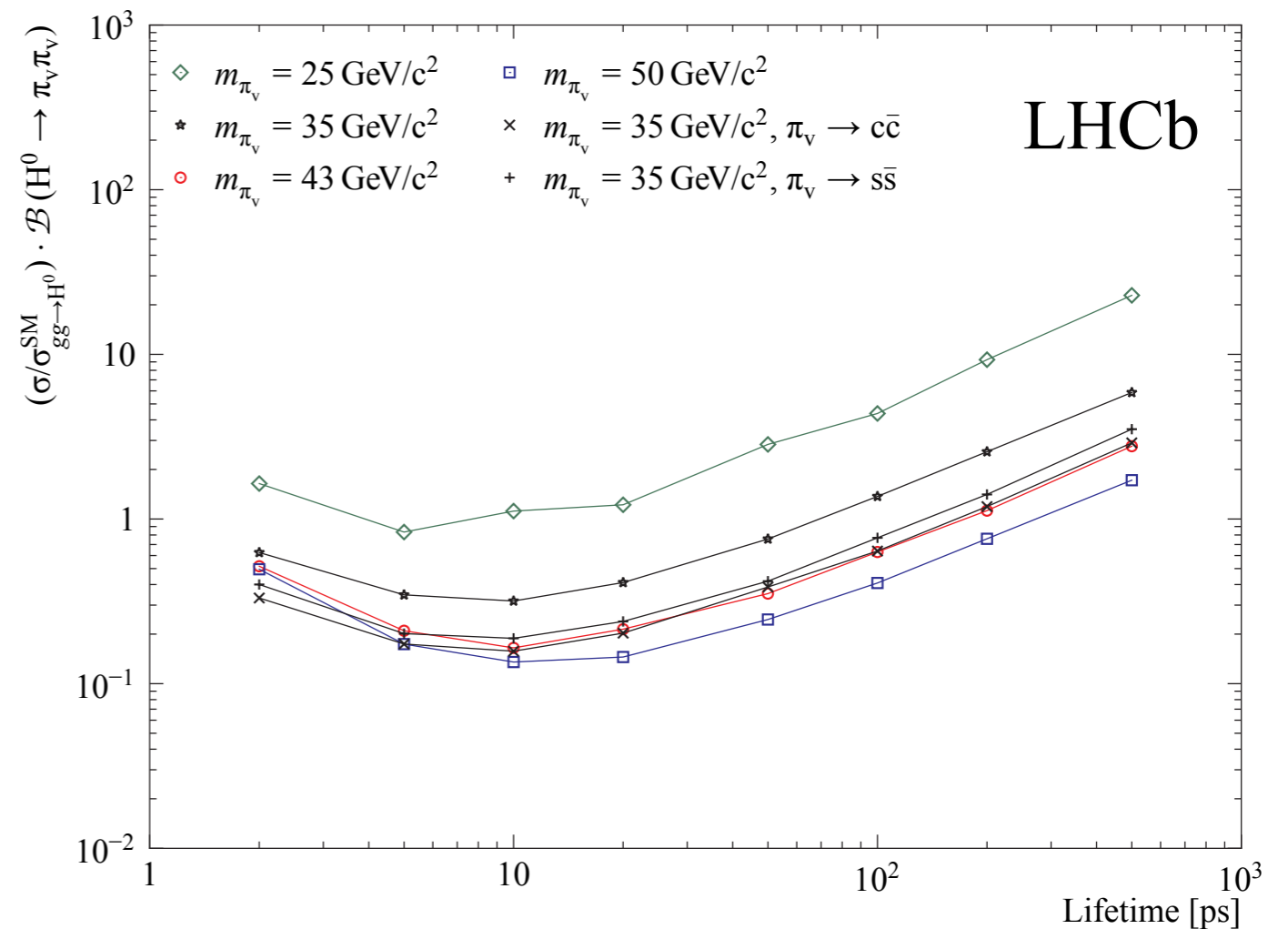


# LLPs : Displaced Vertices

arXiv:1612.00945



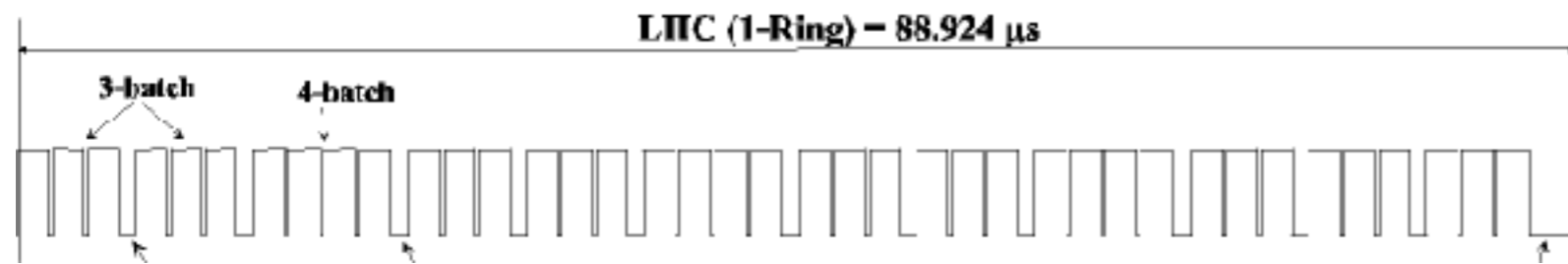
- Not only ATLAS & CMS performing direct searches !
- LHCb search for LLP decaying to pairs of jets (b, c, s)



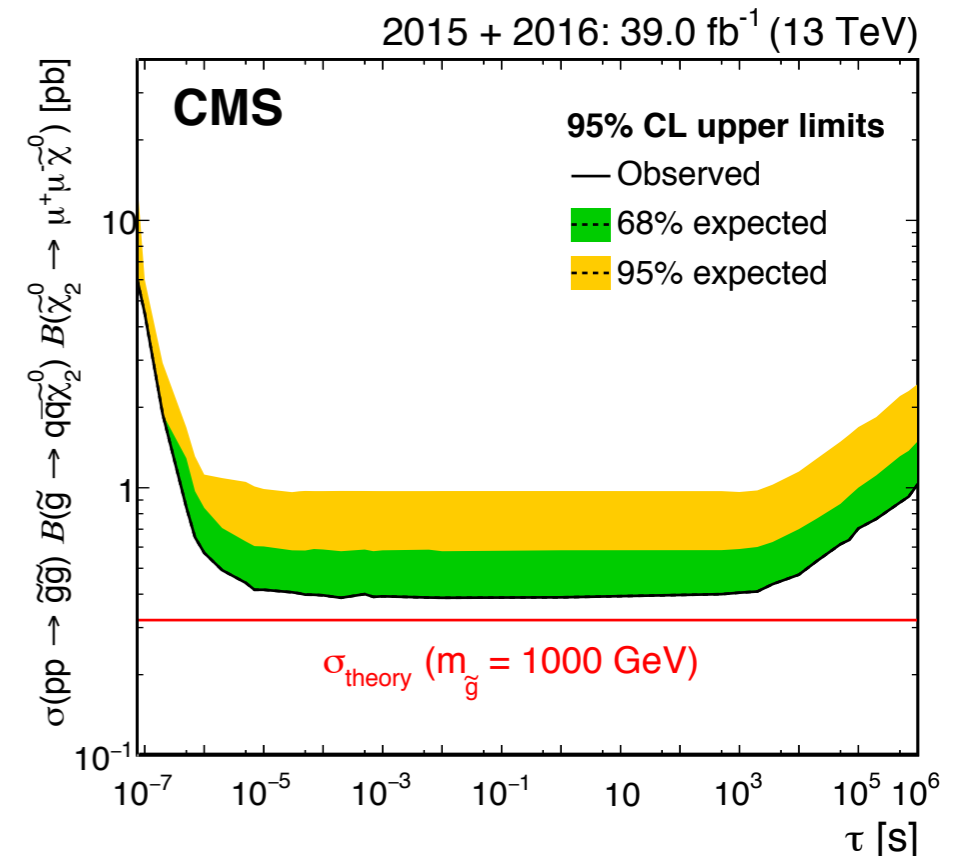
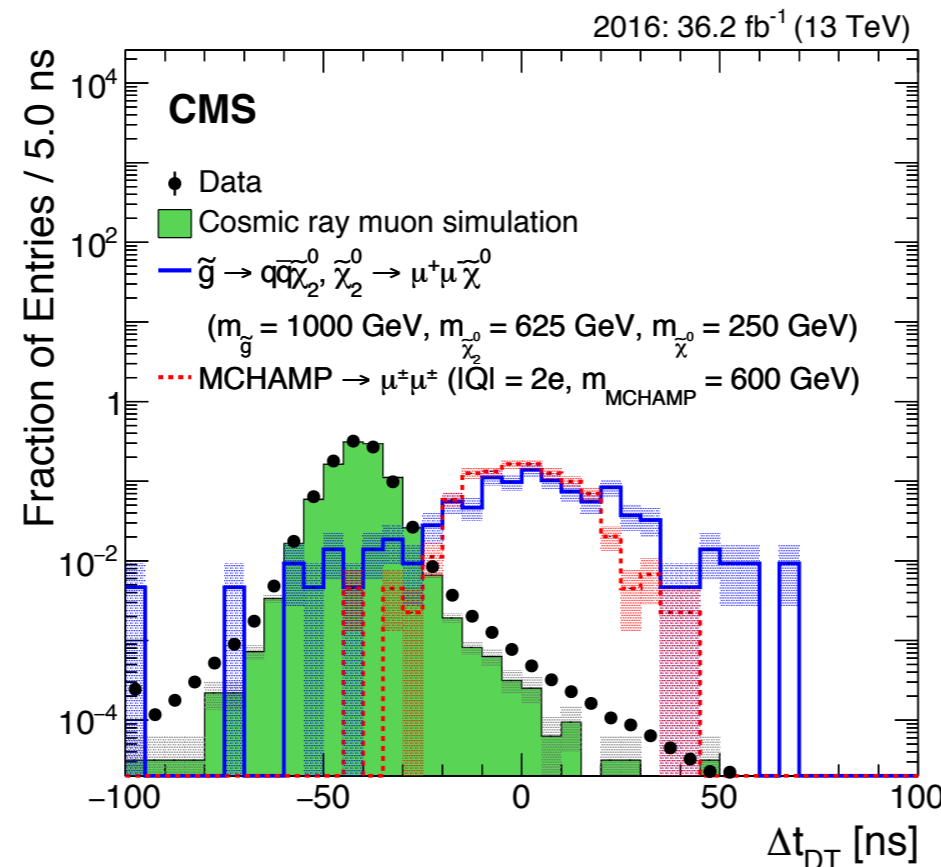
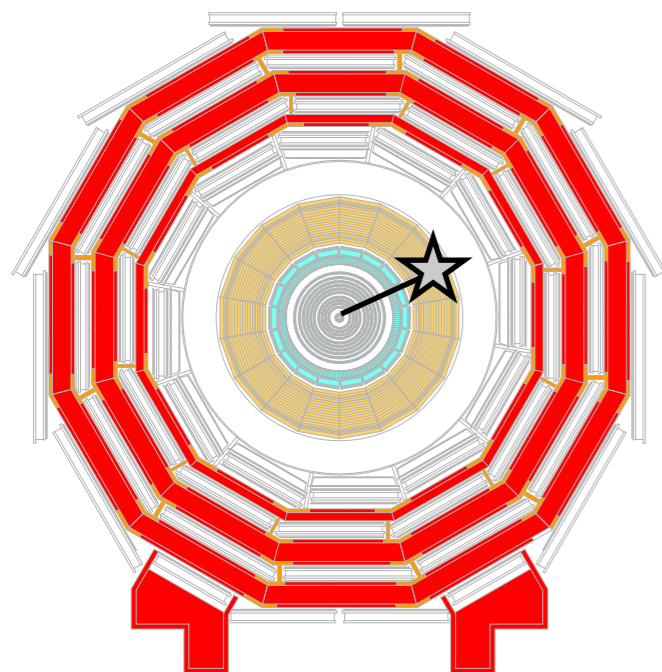
# LLPs : Stopped Particles

arXiv:1801.00359

- Strongly interacting long-lived particles that stop in the detector
- Look for large calorimeter energy deposits at times when there are no collisions

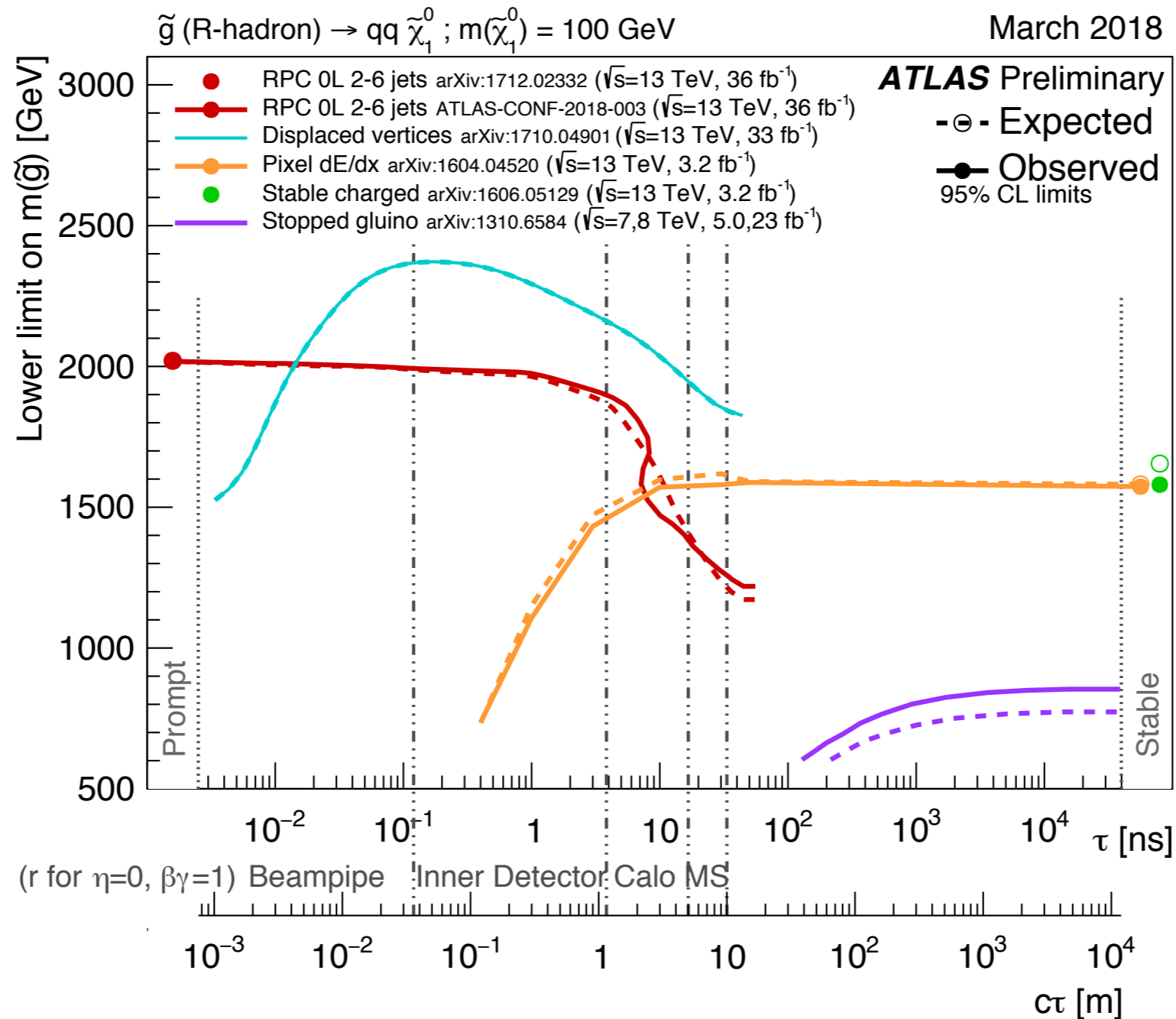


**New from CMS :  
decays to muons**



*~11 orders of magnitude in t!* 31

# SUSY LLPs



- Cover a wide range of  $c\tau$  using different reconstruction techniques

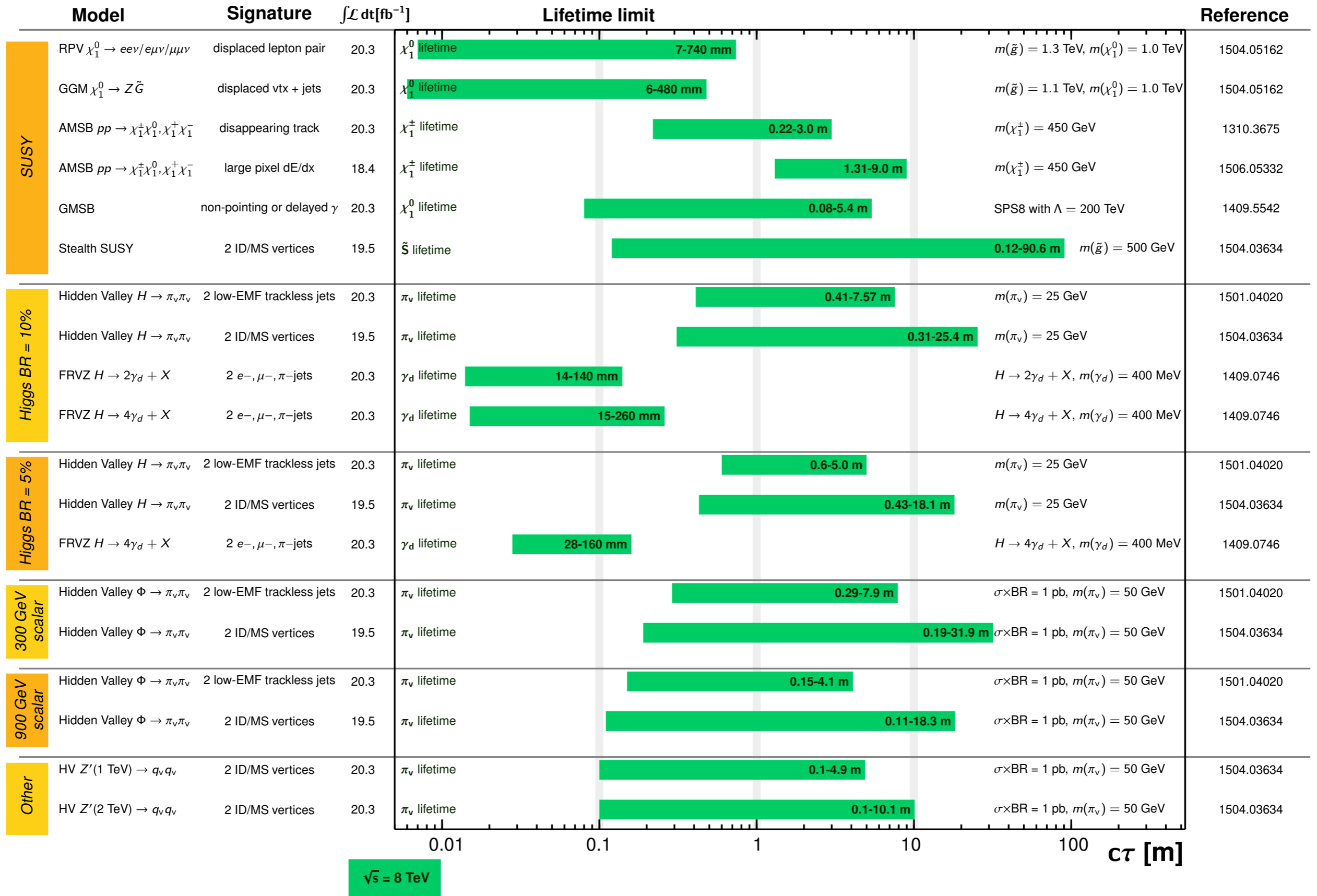


# ATLAS Long-lived Particle Searches\* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (18.4 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1}$   $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$



\*Only a selection of the available lifetime limits on new states is shown.

# Beyond SUSY

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Compositeness

Vector-like quarks

Leptoquarks

Extra gauge bosons

Dark Sectors

Resonances

Extra fermions

Mini black holes

Extra dimensions

Hidden Valleys

# ATLAS Exotics Searches\* - 95% CL Upper Exclusion Limits

Status: July 2017

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (3.2 - 37.0) \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 8, 13 \text{ TeV}$$

	Model	$\ell, \gamma$	Jets <sup>†</sup>	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Limit	Reference
Extra dimensions	ADD $G_{KK} + g/q$	$0 e, \mu$	$1 - 4 j$	Yes	36.1	$M_D$ 7.75 TeV	$n = 2$ ATLAS-CONF-2017-060
	ADD non-resonant $\gamma\gamma$	$2 \gamma$	-	-	36.7	$M_S$ 8.6 TeV	$n = 3$ HLZ NLO CERN-EP-2017-132
	ADD QBH	-	$2 j$	-	37.0	$M_{\text{th}}$ 8.9 TeV	$n = 6$ 1703.09217
	ADD BH high $\sum p_T$	$\geq 1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 j$	-	3.2	$M_{\text{th}}$ 8.2 TeV	$n = 6, M_D = 3 \text{ TeV}$ , rot BH 1606.02265
	ADD BH multijet	-	$\geq 3 j$	-	3.6	$M_{\text{th}}$ 9.55 TeV	$n = 6, M_D = 3 \text{ TeV}$ , rot BH 1512.02586
	RS1 $G_{KK} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$2 \gamma$	-	-	36.7	$G_{KK}$ mass 4.1 TeV	$k/\overline{M}_{Pl} = 0.1$ CERN-EP-2017-132
	Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow WW \rightarrow qq\ell\nu$	$1 e, \mu$	$1 J$	Yes	36.1	$G_{KK}$ mass 1.75 TeV	$k/\overline{M}_{Pl} = 1.0$ ATLAS-CONF-2017-051
	2UED / RPP	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 b, \geq 3 j$	Yes	13.2	KK mass 1.6 TeV	Tier (1,1), $\mathcal{B}(A^{(1,1)} \rightarrow tt) = 1$ ATLAS-CONF-2016-104
Gauge bosons	SSM $Z' \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$2 e, \mu$	-	-	36.1	$Z'$ mass 4.5 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2017-027
	SSM $Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$	$2 \tau$	-	-	36.1	$Z'$ mass 2.4 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2017-050
	Leptophobic $Z' \rightarrow bb$	-	$2 b$	-	3.2	$Z'$ mass 1.5 TeV	1603.08791
	Leptophobic $Z' \rightarrow tt$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1J/2j$	Yes	3.2	$Z'$ mass 2.0 TeV	$\Gamma/m = 3\%$ ATLAS-CONF-2016-014
	SSM $W' \rightarrow \ell\nu$	$1 e, \mu$	-	Yes	36.1	$W'$ mass 5.1 TeV	1706.04786
	HVT $V' \rightarrow WV \rightarrow qq\bar{q}q$ model B	$0 e, \mu$	$2 J$	-	36.7	$V'$ mass 3.5 TeV	$g_V = 3$ CERN-EP-2017-147
	HVT $V' \rightarrow WH/ZH$ model B	multi-channel	-	-	36.1	$V'$ mass 2.93 TeV	$g_V = 3$ ATLAS-CONF-2017-055
	LRSM $W'_R \rightarrow tb$	$1 e, \mu$	$2 b, 0-1 j$	Yes	20.3	$W'$ mass 1.92 TeV	1410.4103
LRSM $W'_R \rightarrow tb$	$0 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, 1 J$	-	20.3	$W'$ mass 1.76 TeV	1408.0886	
CI	CI $qq\bar{q}q$	-	$2 j$	-	37.0	$\Lambda$ 21.8 TeV	$\eta_{LL}^-$ 1703.09217
	CI $\ell\ell\bar{q}q$	$2 e, \mu$	-	-	36.1	$\Lambda$ 40.1 TeV	$\eta_{LL}^-$ ATLAS-CONF-2017-027
	CI $uutt$	$2(SS)/\geq 3 e, \mu \geq 1 b, \geq 1 j$	Yes	20.3	$\Lambda$ 4.9 TeV	$ C_{RR}  = 1$ 1504.04605	
DM	Axial-vector mediator (Dirac DM)	$0 e, \mu$	$1 - 4 j$	Yes	36.1	$m_{\text{med}}$ 1.5 TeV	$g_q = 0.25, g_\tau = 1.0, m(\chi) < 400 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2017-060
	Vector mediator (Dirac DM)	$0 e, \mu, 1 \gamma$	$\leq 1 j$	Yes	36.1	$m_{\text{med}}$ 1.2 TeV	$g_q = 0.25, g_\tau = 1.0, m(\chi) < 480 \text{ GeV}$ 1704.03848
	$VV\chi\chi$ EFT (Dirac DM)	$0 e, \mu$	$1 J, \leq 1 j$	Yes	3.2	$M_*$ 700 GeV	$m(\chi) < 150 \text{ GeV}$ 1608.02372
LQ	Scalar LQ 1 <sup>st</sup> gen	$2 e$	$\geq 2 j$	-	3.2	LQ mass 1.1 TeV	$\beta = 1$ 1605.06035
	Scalar LQ 2 <sup>nd</sup> gen	$2 \mu$	$\geq 2 j$	-	3.2	LQ mass 1.05 TeV	$\beta = 1$ 1605.06035
	Scalar LQ 3 <sup>rd</sup> gen	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 3 j$	Yes	20.3	LQ mass 640 GeV	$\beta = 0$ 1508.04735
Heavy quarks	VLQ $TT \rightarrow Ht + X$	$0$ or $1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 b, \geq 3 j$	Yes	13.2	T mass 1.2 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(T \rightarrow Ht) = 1$ ATLAS-CONF-2016-104
	VLQ $TT \rightarrow Zt + X$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 3 j$	Yes	36.1	T mass 1.16 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(T \rightarrow Zt) = 1$ 1705.10751
	VLQ $TT \rightarrow Wb + X$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1J/2j$	Yes	36.1	T mass 1.35 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(T \rightarrow Wb) = 1$ CERN-EP-2017-094
	VLQ $BB \rightarrow Hb + X$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 b, \geq 3 j$	Yes	20.3	B mass 700 GeV	$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow Hb) = 1$ 1505.04306
	VLQ $BB \rightarrow Zb + X$	$2/\geq 3 e, \mu$	$\geq 2/\geq 1 b$	-	20.3	B mass 790 GeV	$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow Zb) = 1$ 1409.5500
	VLQ $BB \rightarrow Wt + X$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1J/2j$	Yes	36.1	B mass 1.25 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow Wt) = 1$ CERN-EP-2017-094
	VLQ $QQ \rightarrow WqWq$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 4 j$	Yes	20.3	Q mass 690 GeV	1509.04261
Excited fermions	Excited quark $q^* \rightarrow qg$	-	$2 j$	-	37.0	$q^*$ mass 6.0 TeV	only $u^*$ and $d^*$ , $\Lambda = m(q^*)$ 1703.09127
	Excited quark $q^* \rightarrow q\gamma$	$1 \gamma$	$1 j$	-	36.7	$q^*$ mass 5.3 TeV	only $u^*$ and $d^*$ , $\Lambda = m(q^*)$ CERN-EP-2017-148
	Excited quark $b^* \rightarrow bg$	-	$1 b, 1 j$	-	13.3	$b^*$ mass 2.3 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2016-060
	Excited quark $b^* \rightarrow Wt$	$1$ or $2 e, \mu$	$1 b, 2-0 j$	Yes	20.3	$b^*$ mass 1.5 TeV	$f_g = f_L = f_R = 1$ 1510.02664
	Excited lepton $\ell^*$	$3 e, \mu$	-	-	20.3	$\ell^*$ mass 3.0 TeV	$\Lambda = 3.0 \text{ TeV}$ 1411.2921
	Excited lepton $\nu^*$	$3 e, \mu, \tau$	-	-	20.3	$\nu^*$ mass 1.6 TeV	$\Lambda = 1.6 \text{ TeV}$ 1411.2921
Other	LRSM Majorana $\nu$	$2 e, \mu$	$2 j$	-	20.3	$N^0$ mass 2.0 TeV	$m(W_R) = 2.4 \text{ TeV}$ , no mixing 1506.06020
	Higgs triplet $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$2, 3, 4 e, \mu$ (SS)	-	-	36.1	$H^{\pm\pm}$ mass 870 GeV	DY production ATLAS-CONF-2017-053
	Higgs triplet $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\tau$	$3 e, \mu, \tau$	-	-	20.3	$H^{\pm\pm}$ mass 400 GeV	DY production, $\mathcal{B}(H_L^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\tau) = 1$ 1411.2921
	Monotop (non-res prod)	$1 e, \mu$	$1 b$	Yes	20.3	spin-1 invisible particle mass 657 GeV	$a_{\text{non-res}} = 0.2$ 1410.5404
	Multi-charged particles	-	-	-	20.3	multi-charged particle mass 785 GeV	DY production, $ q  = 5e$ 1504.04188
	Magnetic monopoles	-	-	-	7.0	monopole mass 1.34 TeV	DY production, $ g  = 1g_D$ , spin 1/2 1509.08059

$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

$10^{-1}$

1

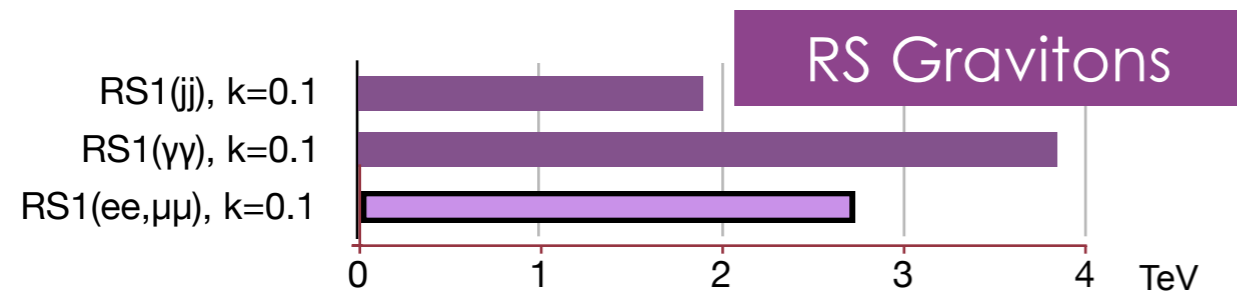
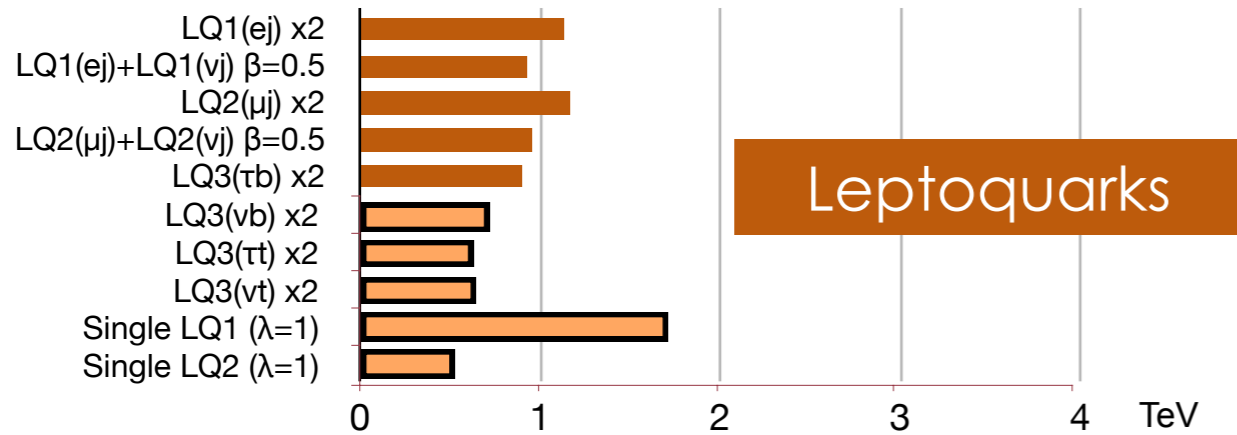
10

Mass scale [TeV]

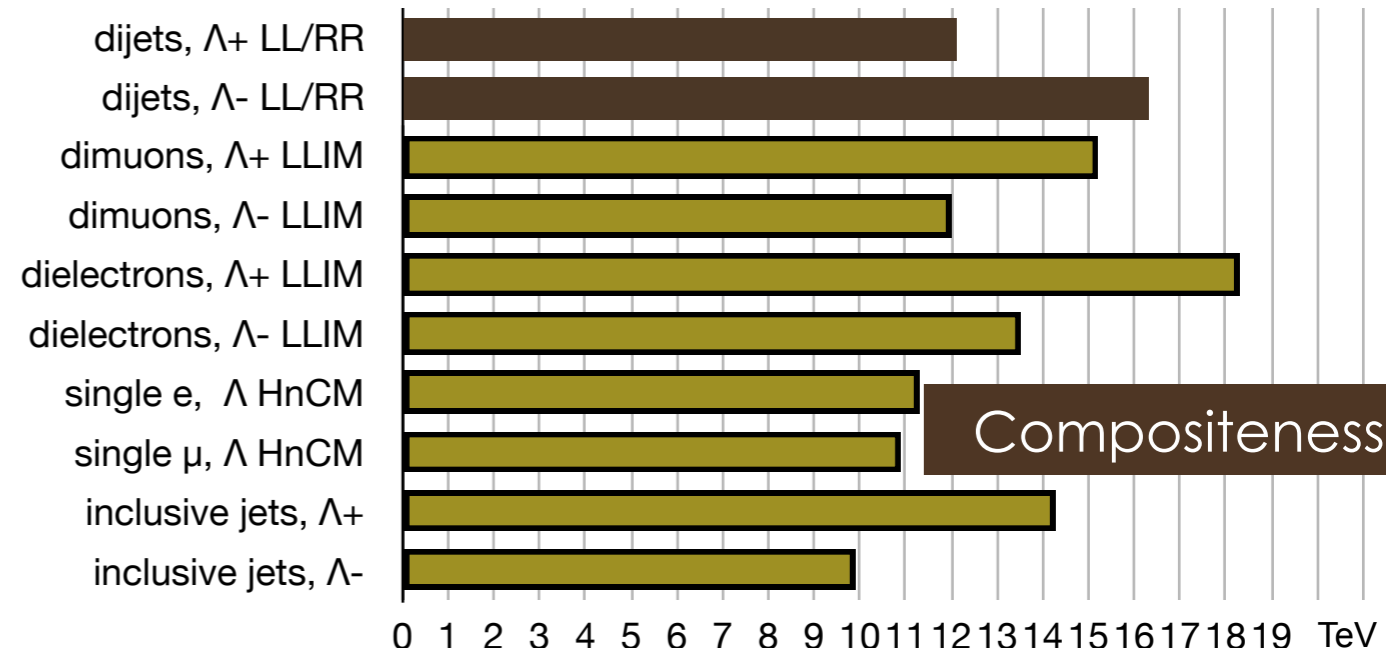
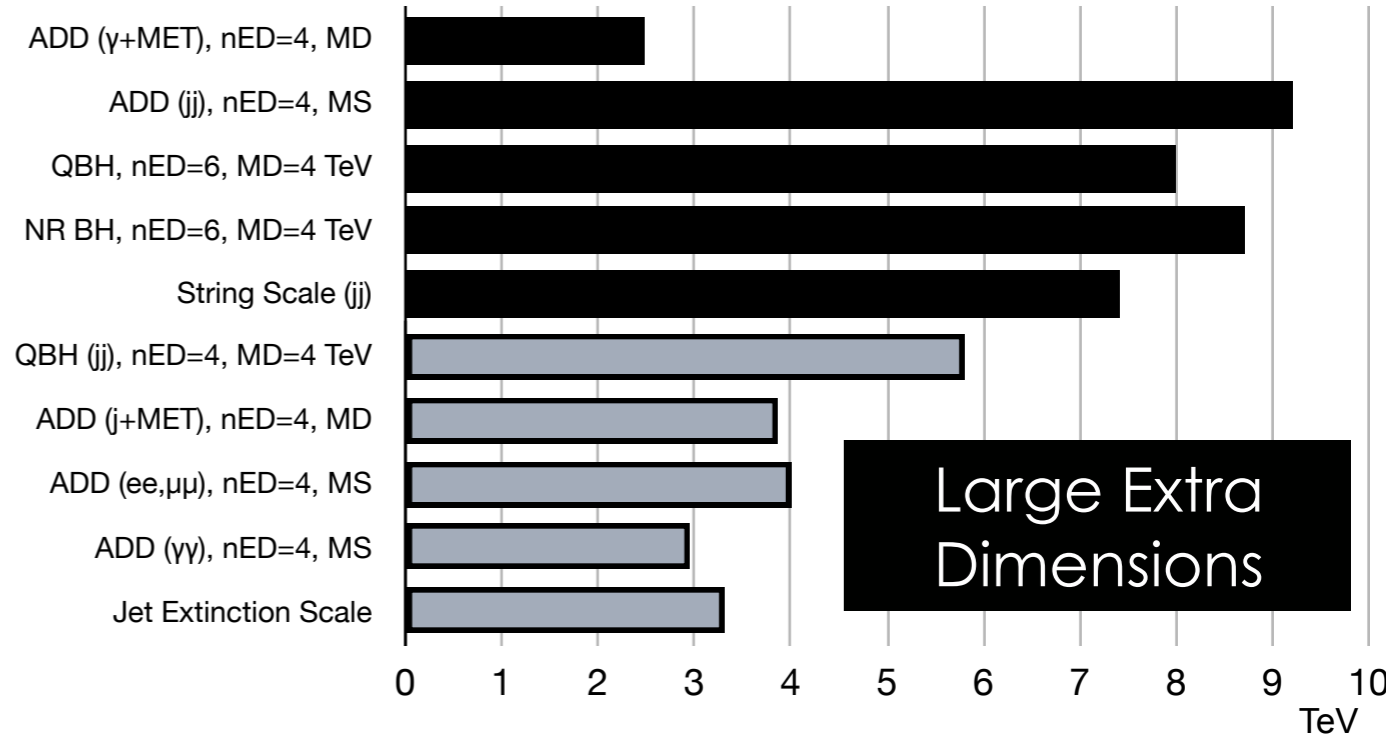
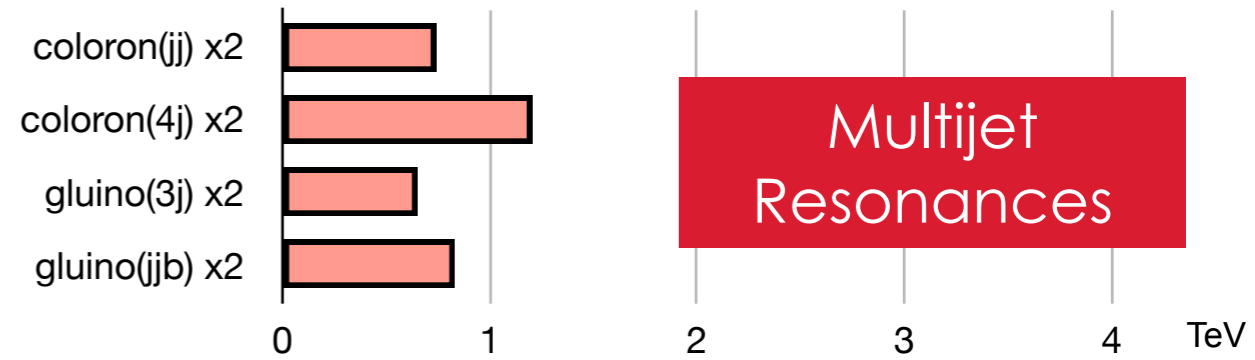
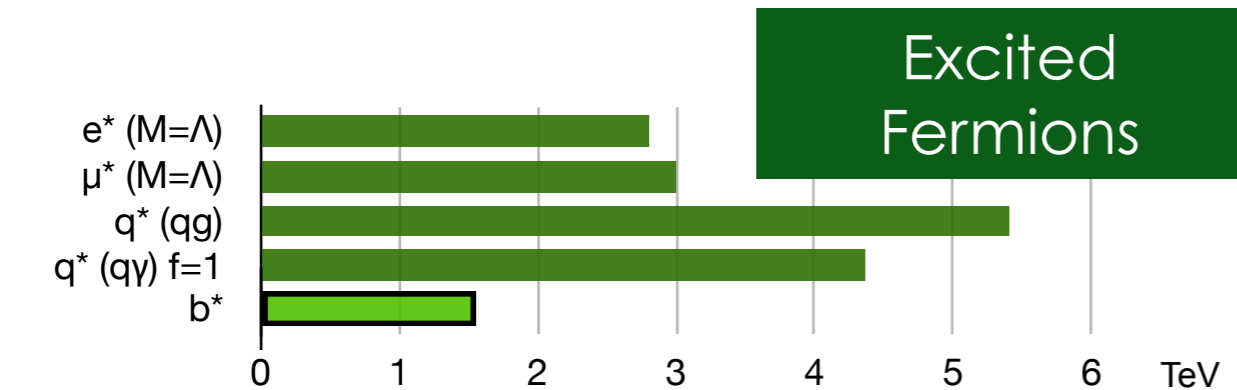
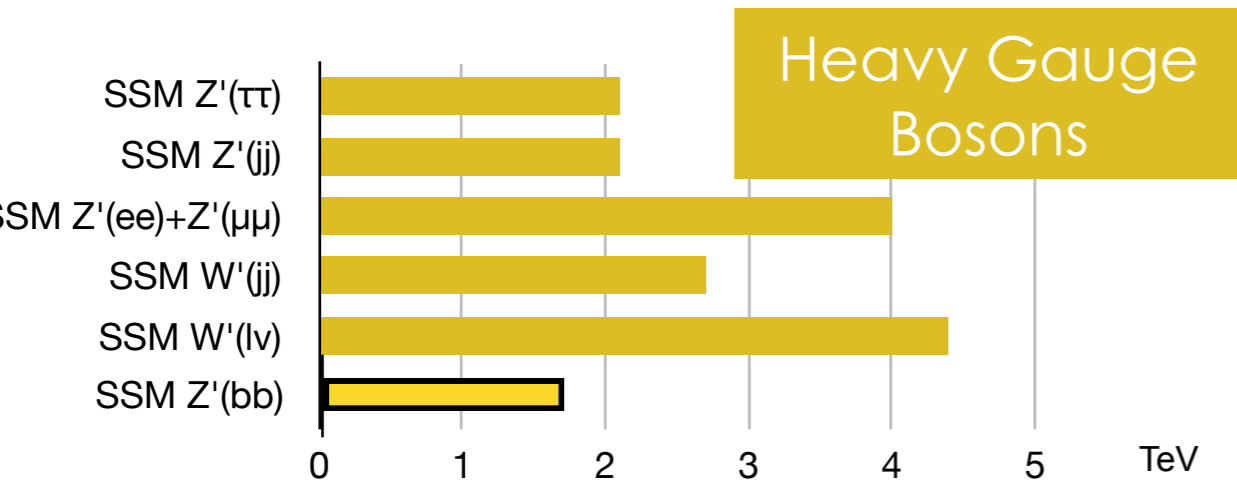
\*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

†Small-radius (large-radius) jets are denoted by the letter j (J).

13 TeV 8 TeV



# CMS Preliminary

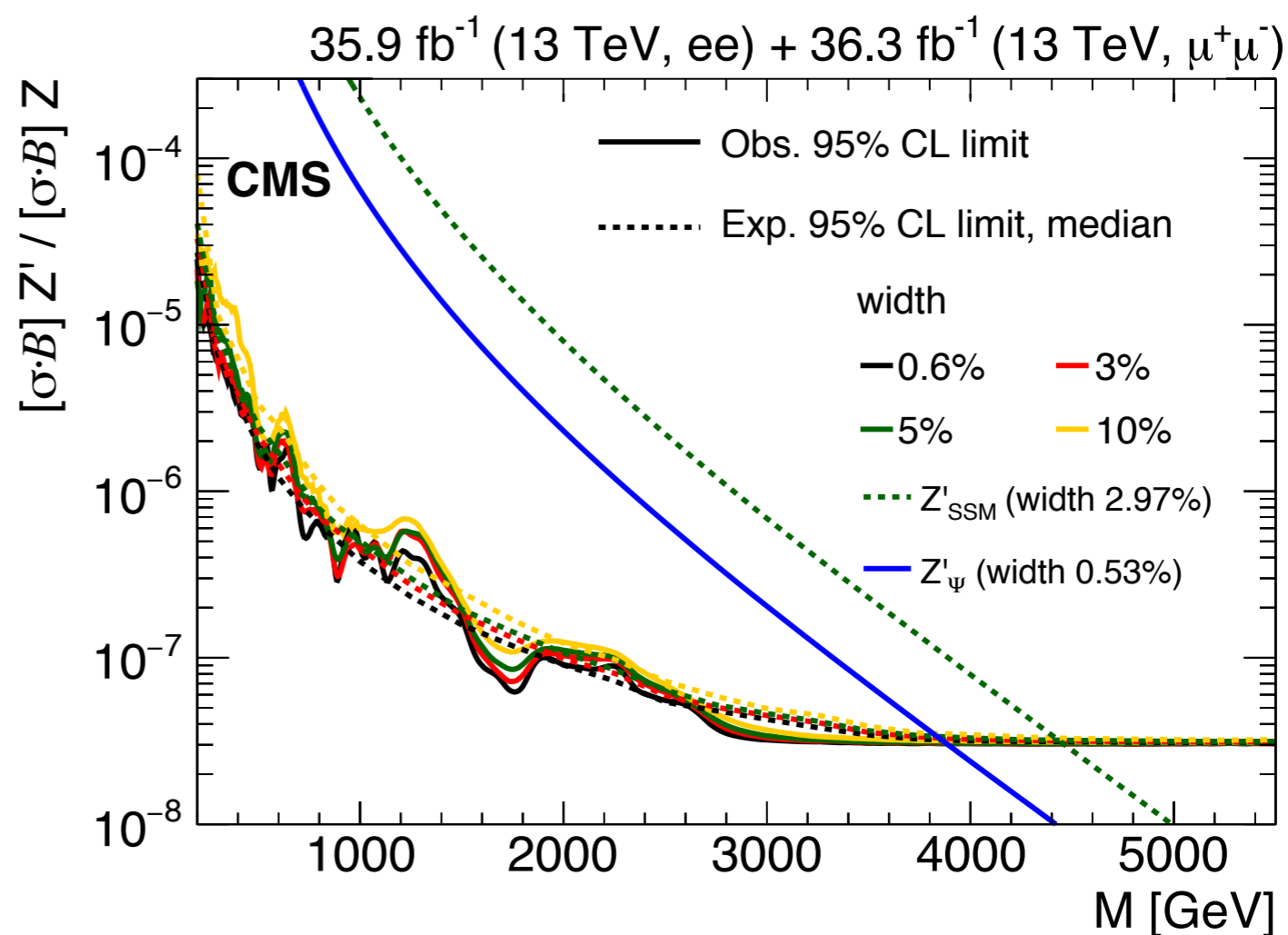
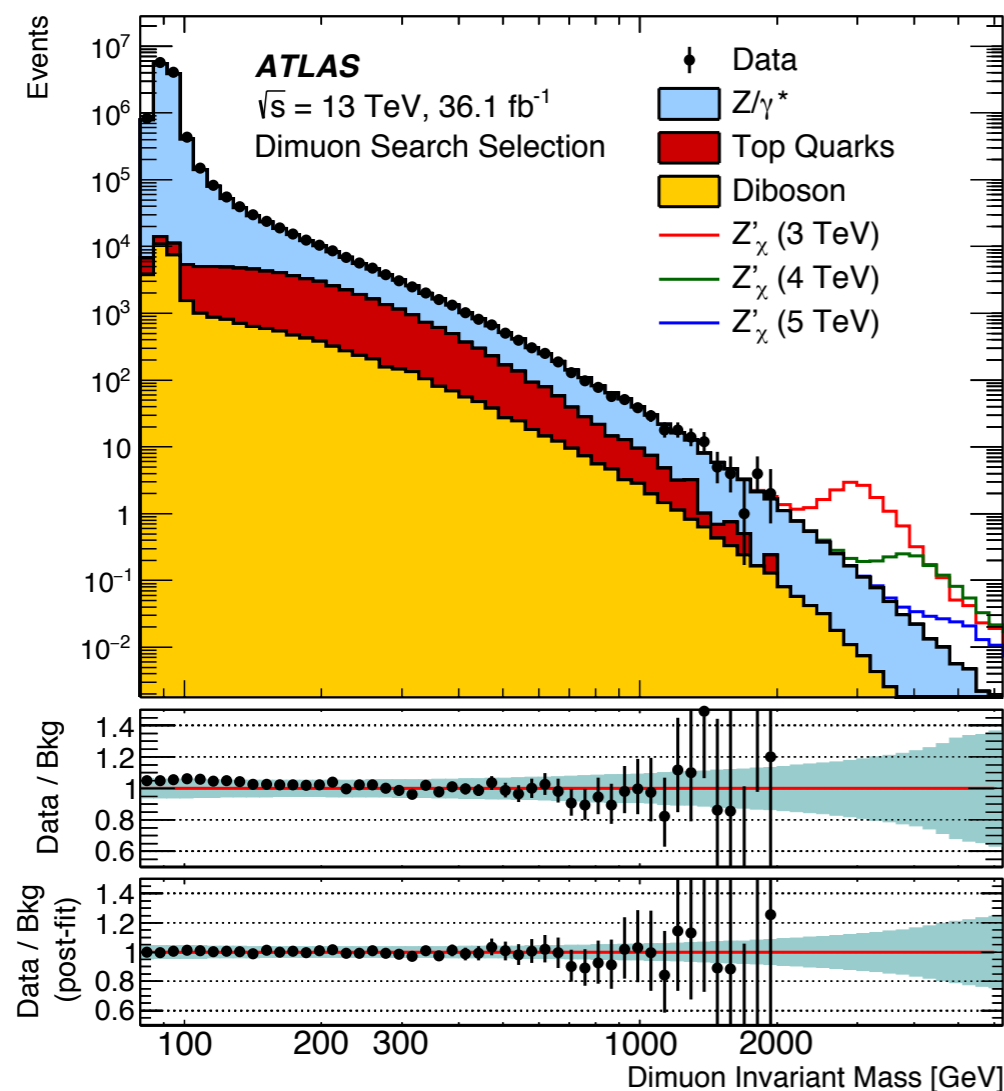




# Di-Lepton Resonances

arXiv:1803.06292, arXiv:1707.02424

- Search for a heavy Z-like boson decaying to lepton pair
- Recent ATLAS result sets limits in the 4-4.5 TeV range, depending on model

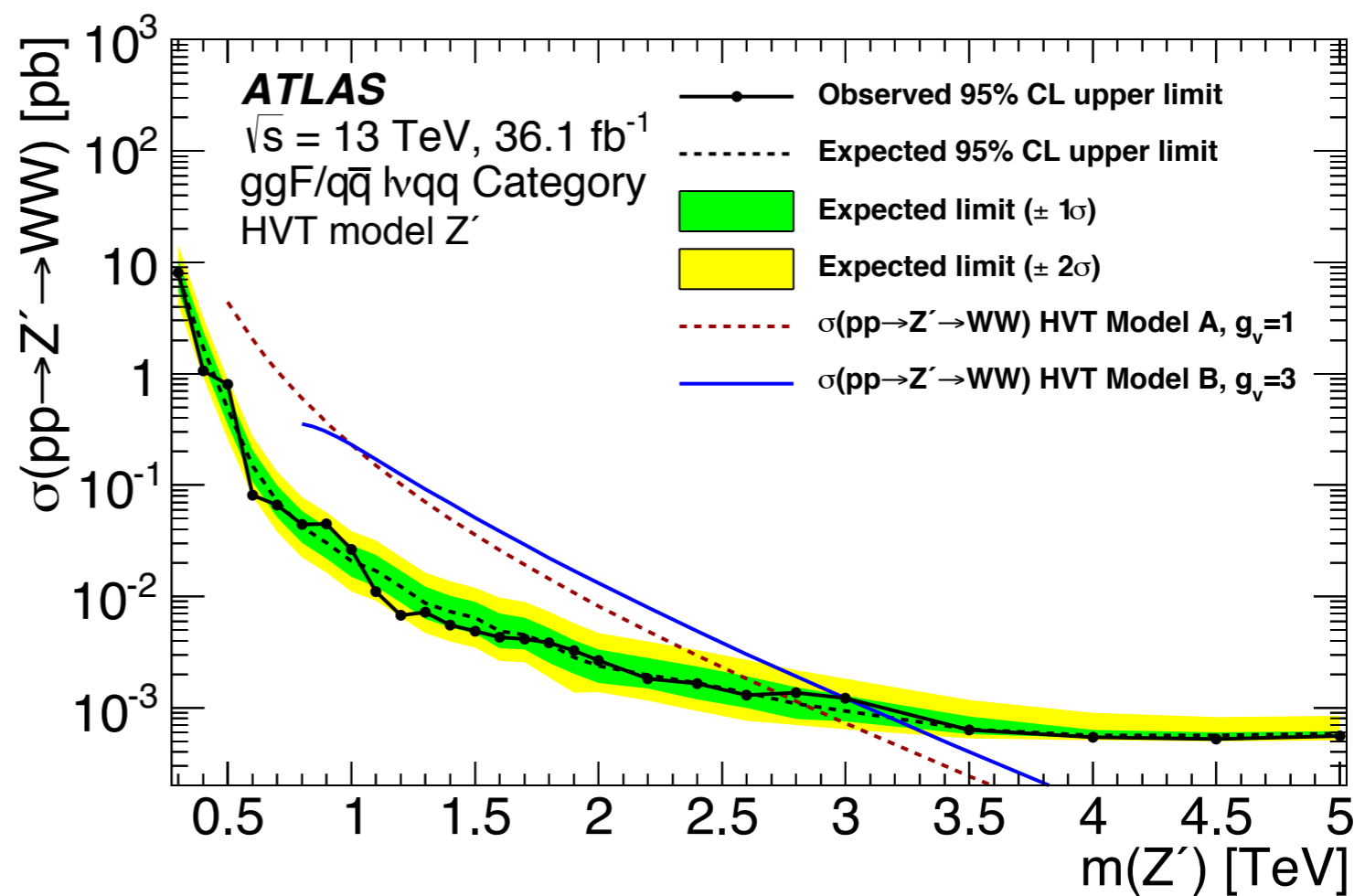
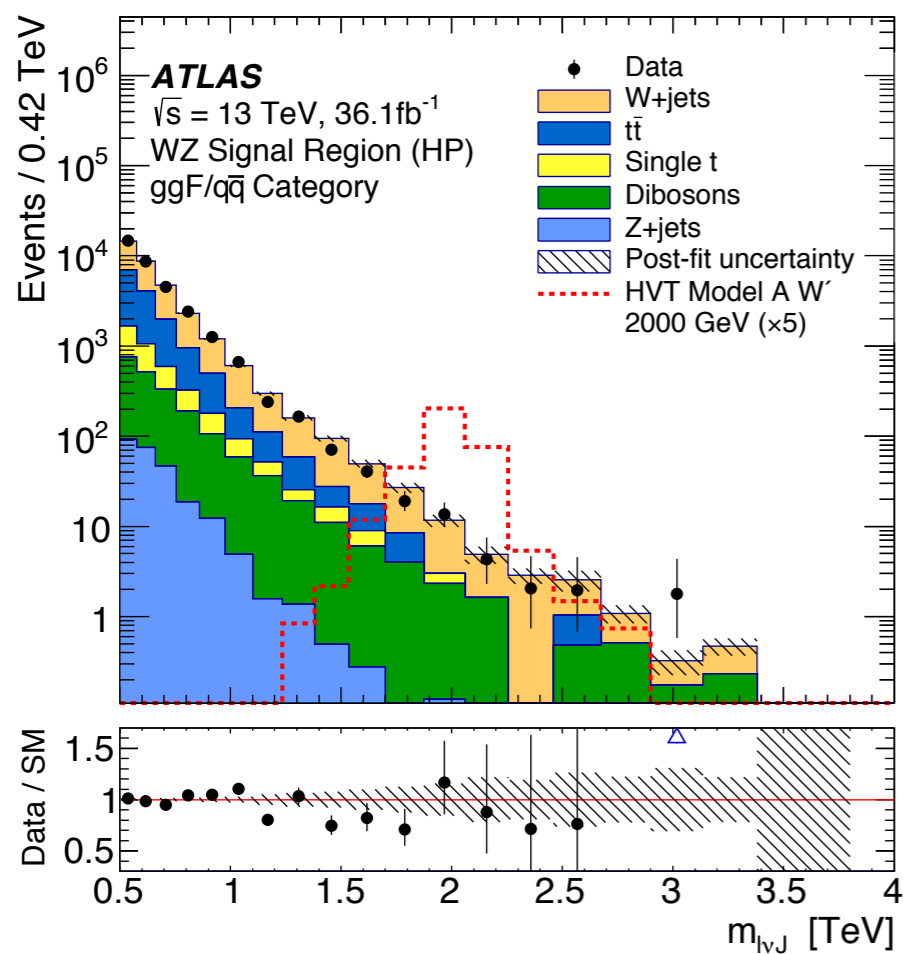




# Di-Boson Resonances

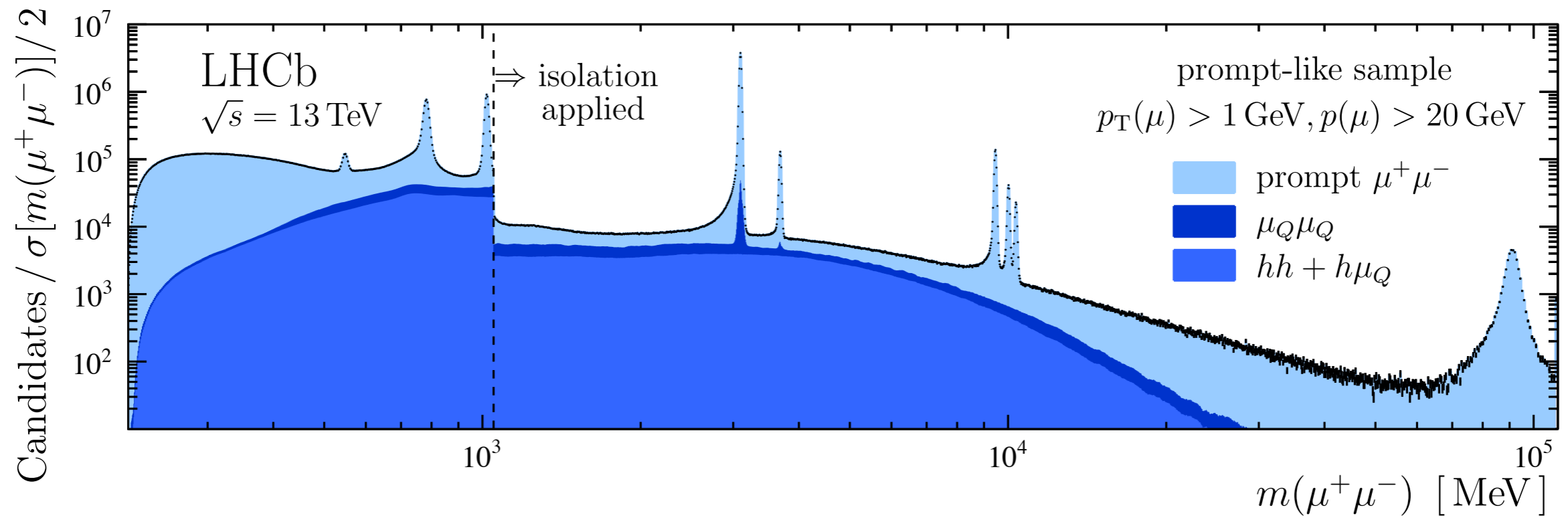
Talk by David Lack

- Hint of an excess around 2 TeV in di-boson searches at the end of Run 1
  - Clearly not present in Run 2 data



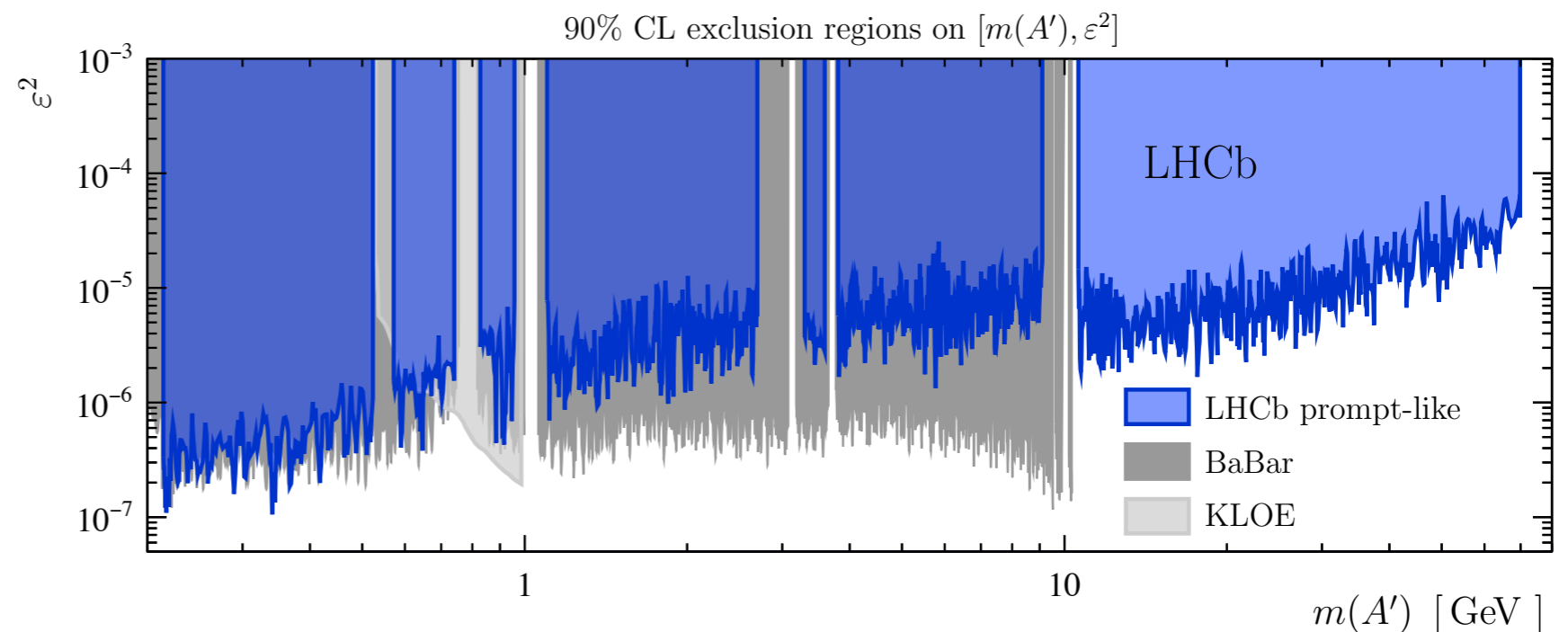
# Di-Muon Resonances

arXiv:1710.02867



Search for dark photons decaying to  $\mu^+\mu^-$

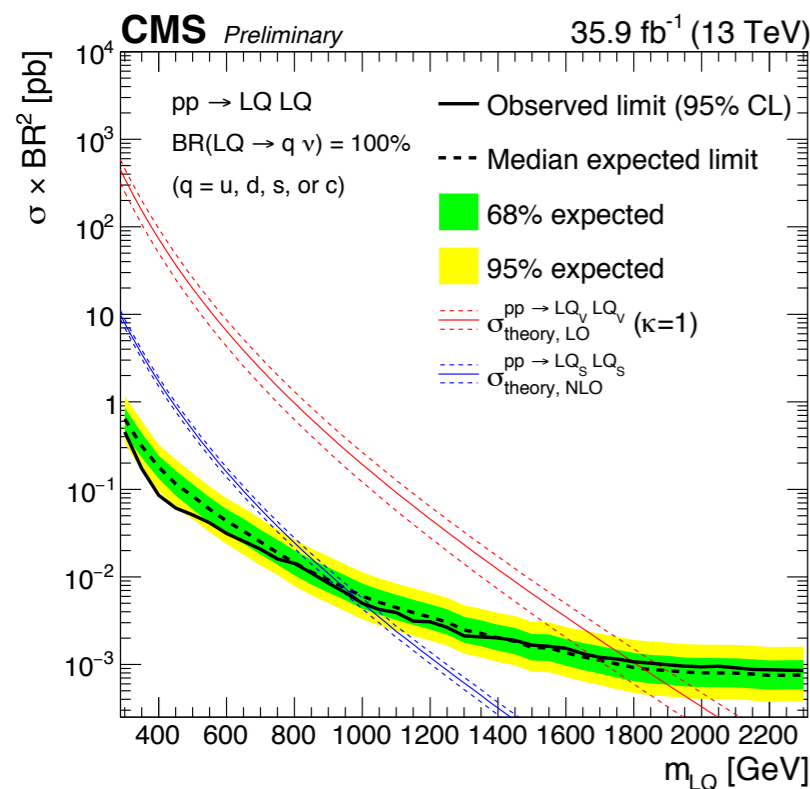
Also include long-lifetimes!



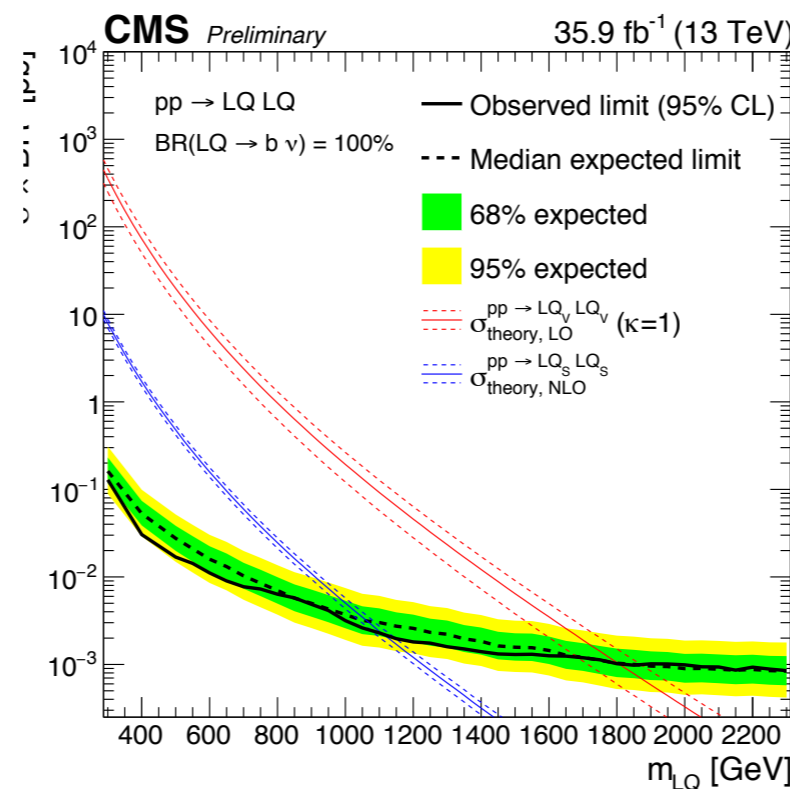
# Leptoquarks

CMS-PAS-SUS-18-001

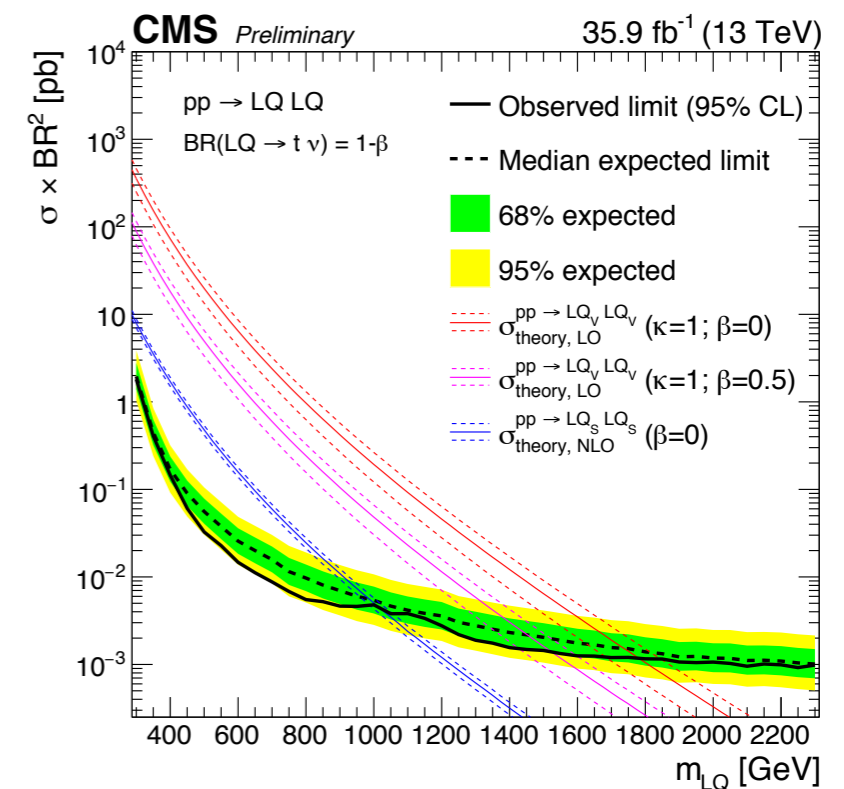
- Hypothetical particle with couplings to both leptons and quarks
  - Vector LQ proposed as solution to flavour anomalies -
- SUSY searches for jets+MET are sensitive to  $LQ \rightarrow q \nu$ 
  - Re-interpretation of CMS  $M_{T2}$  search : vector LQ mass  $> \sim 1800$  GeV



$LQ \rightarrow u/d/s/c + \nu$



$LQ \rightarrow b + \nu$



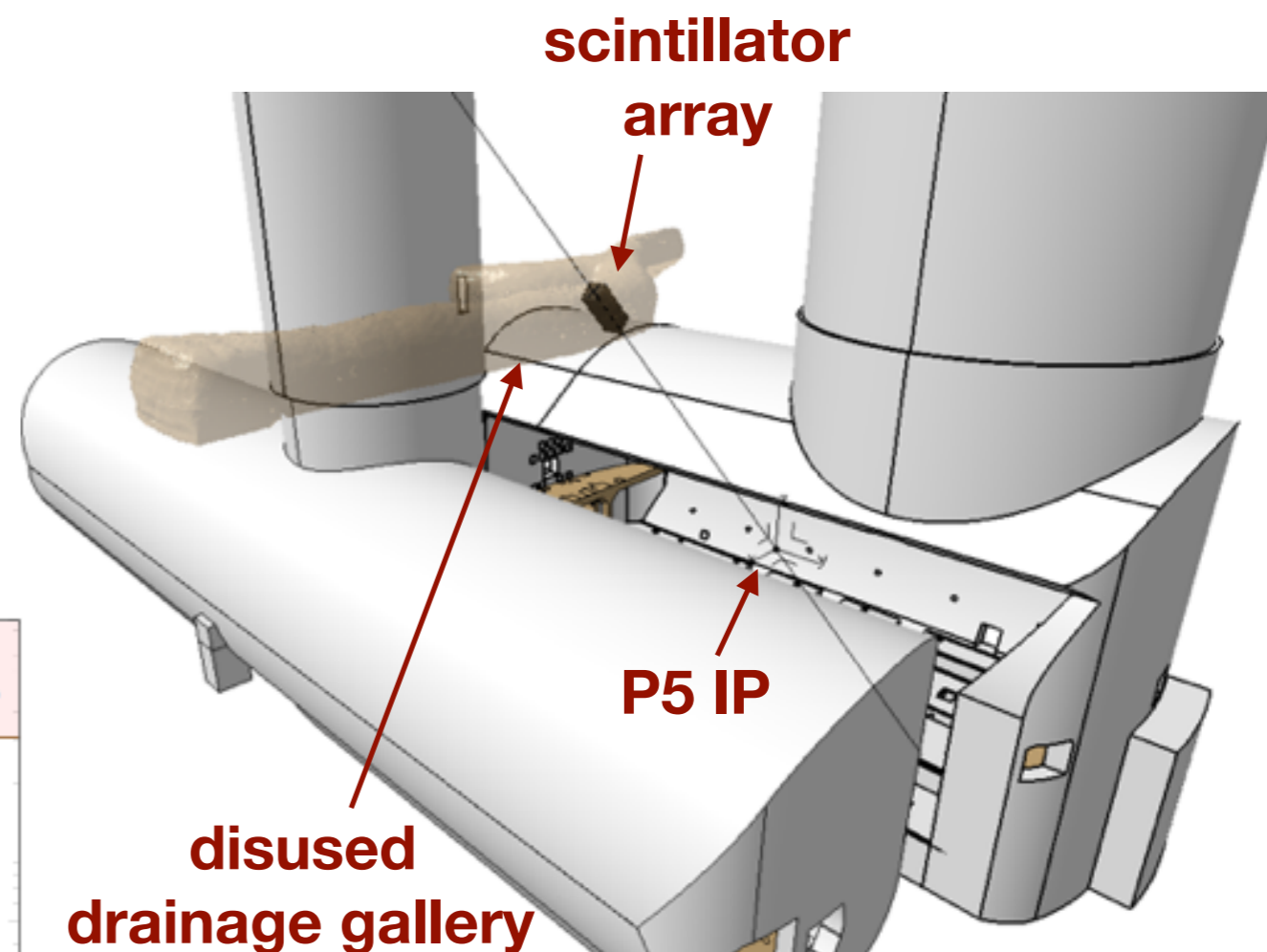
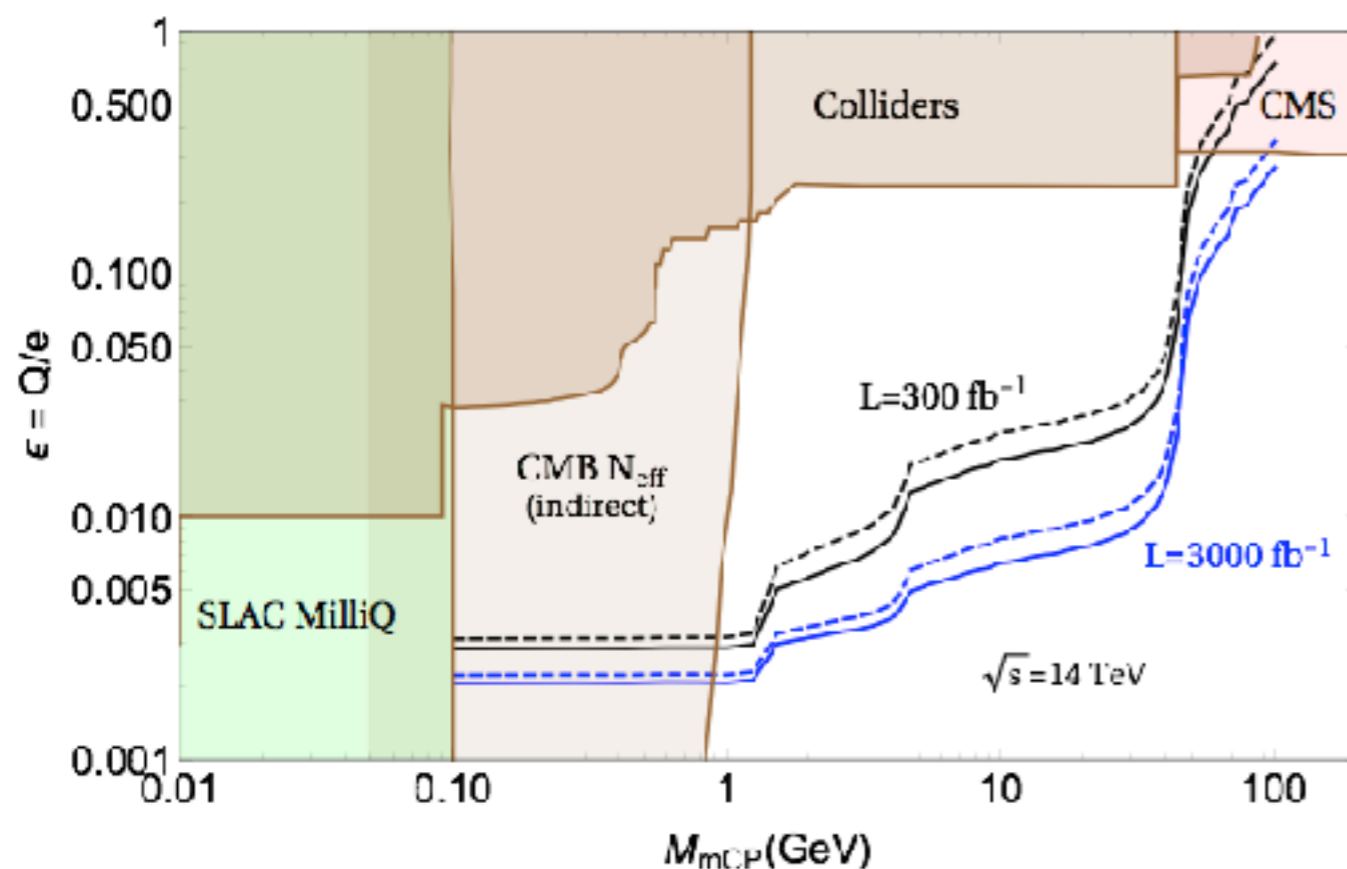
$LQ \rightarrow t + \nu$





# MilliCharged Particles

- Millicharged particles arise from a dark sector with a new U(1) gauge symmetry
- Dark photon mixes with SM photon, giving effective charge to dark fermions
- Not detectable with GPDs

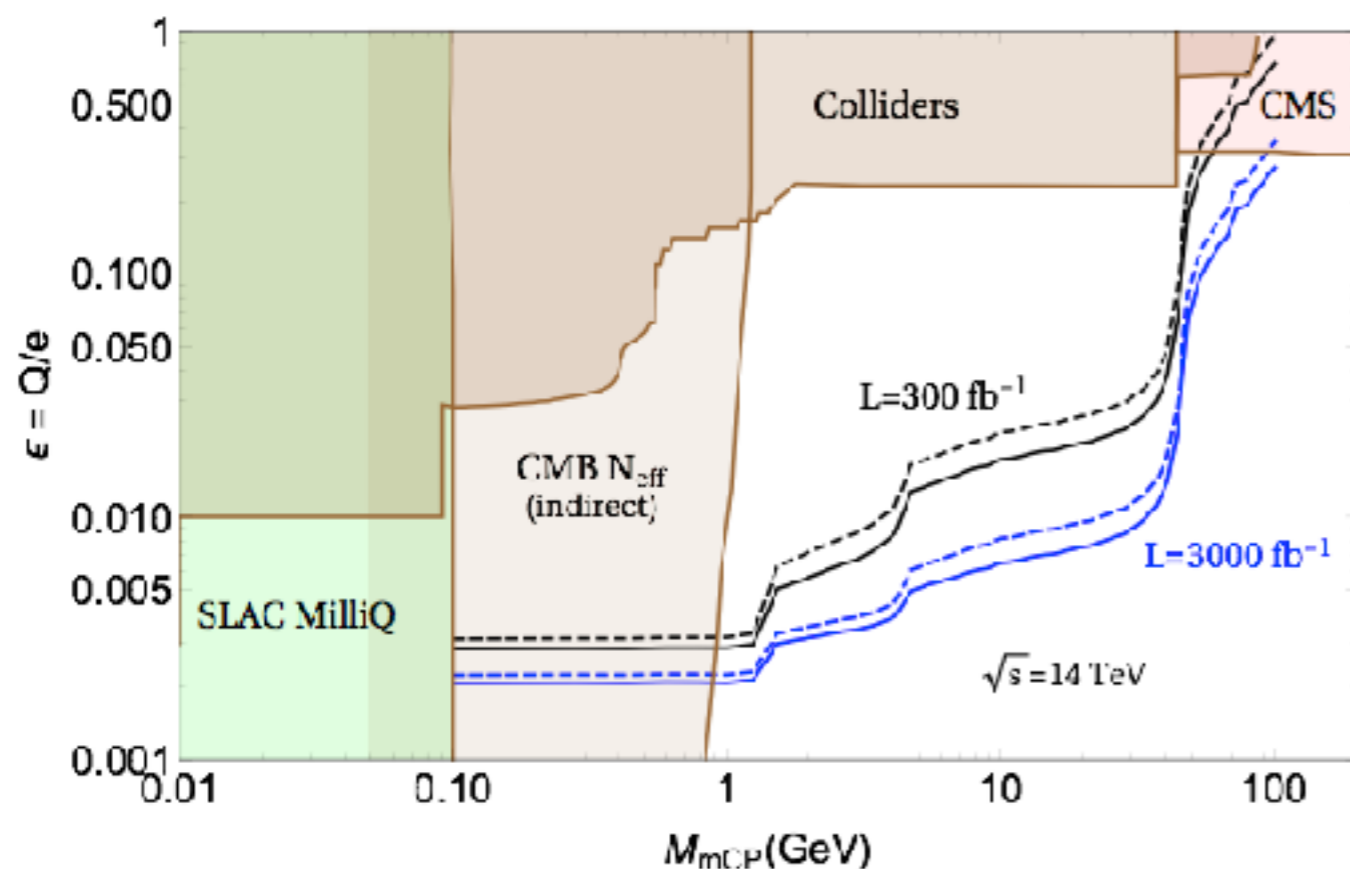


Haas, Hill, Izaguirre, Yavin PLB 746 (2015)



# MilliCharged Particles

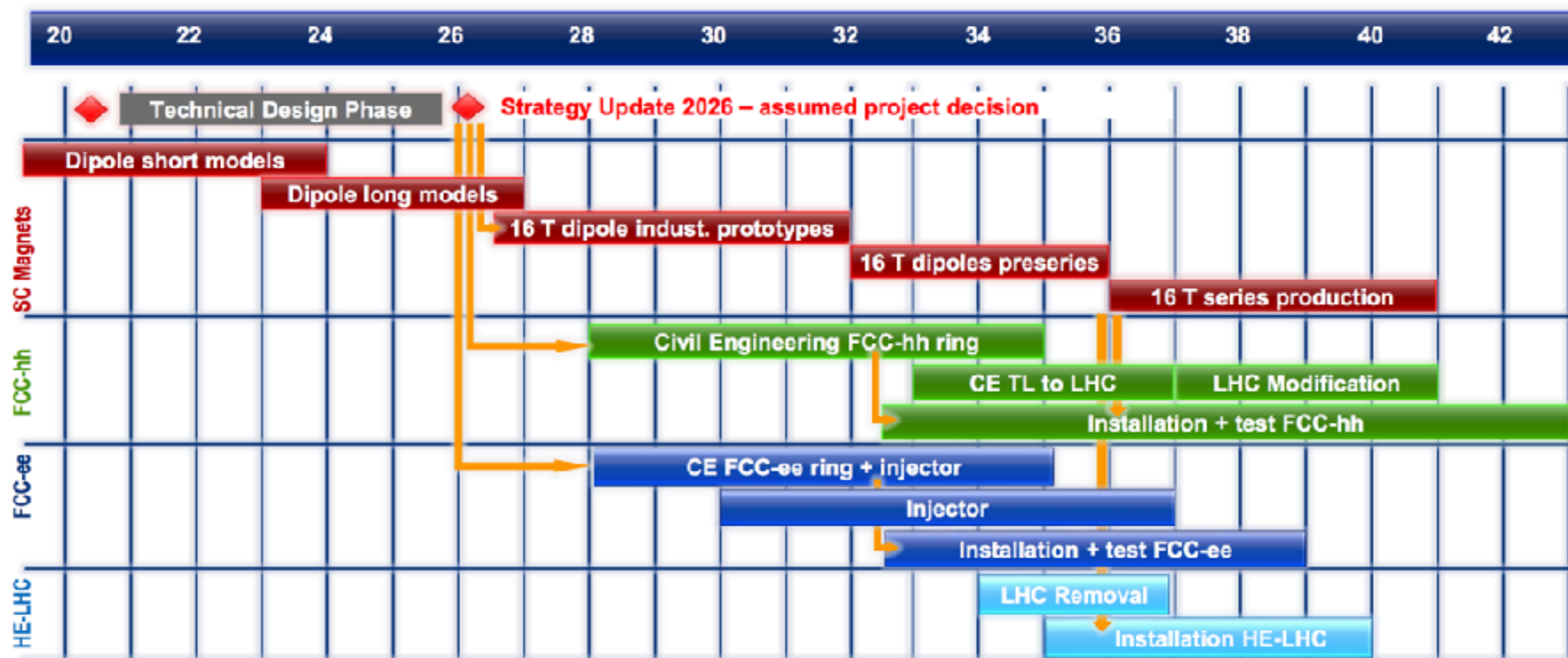
- Millicharged particles arise from a dark sector with a new U(1) gauge symmetry
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Haas, Hill, Izaguirre, Yavin PLB 746 (2015)

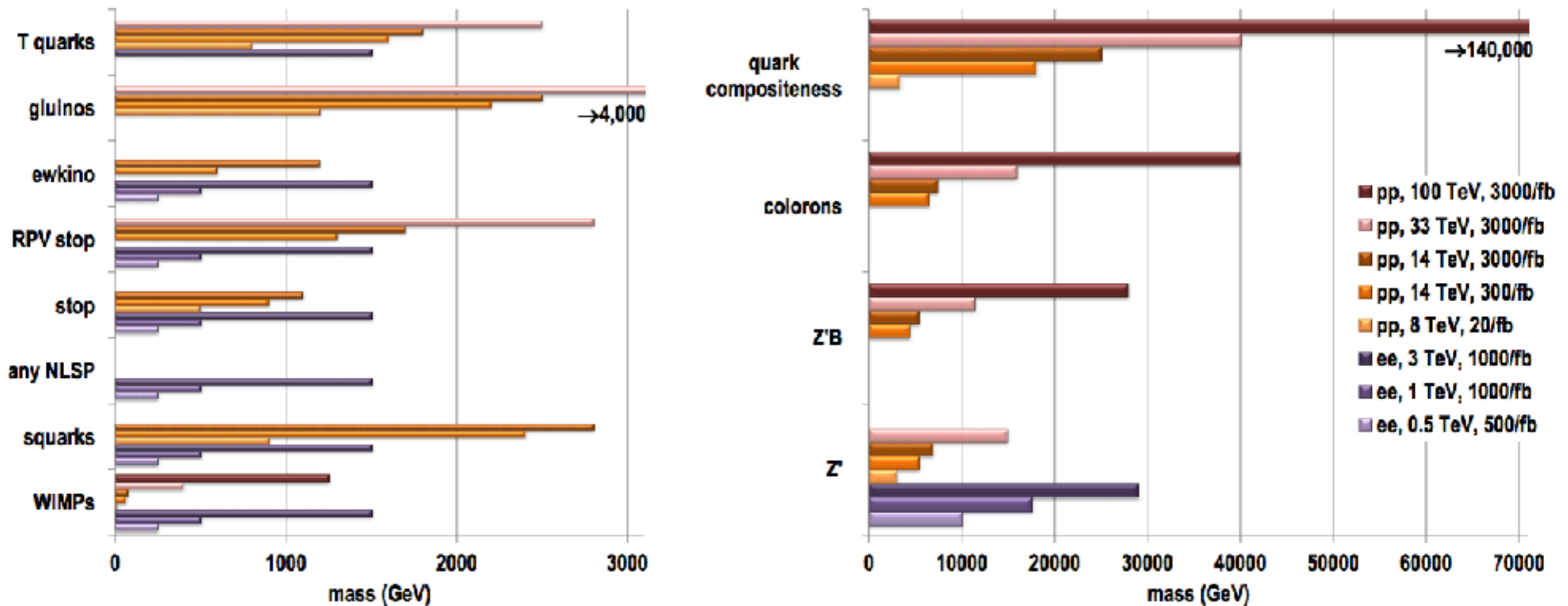


# Future Prospects



- Design studies underway for Future Circular Collider at CERN
- May see 33 TeV / 100 TeV hadron colliders in future - but you will have to wait

# Future Prospects



- And of course, preparations for HL-LHC are well underway...
- Prospects for discoveries down the road

# Conclusions

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- Supersymmetry still not found

# Conclusions

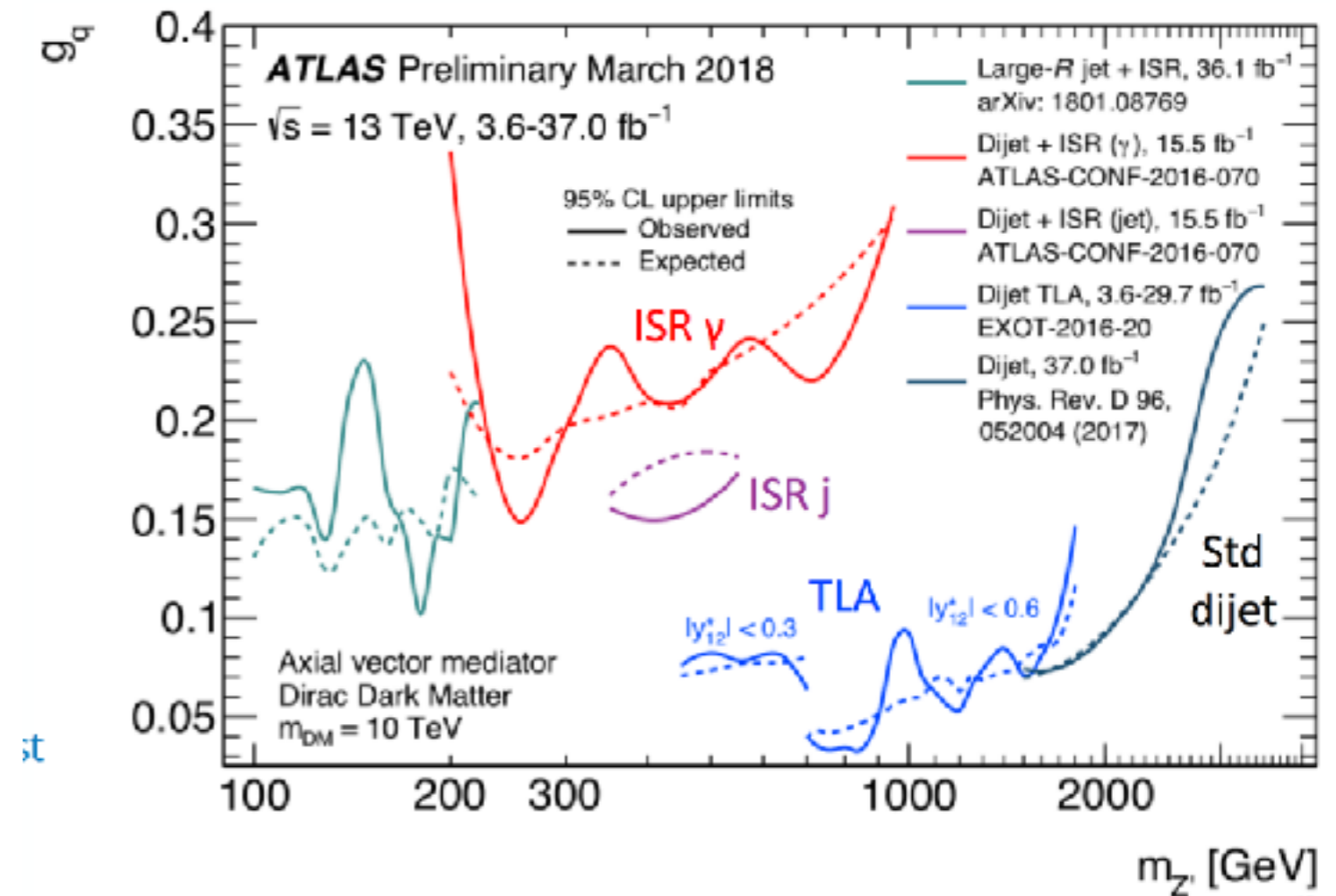
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- Supersymmetry still not found
  - Focus on the difficult regions, eg. compressed spectra
- Wide range of searches for exotics
  - Increasing focus on long lifetimes, in context of SUSY & DM too
- May have to wait for HL-LHC to really probe the difficult regions
- Not just CMS & ATLAS performing direct searches for new physics!
- Future experiments and facilities in the pipeline

Backup

# Di-Jet Resonances

- Searches for low mass di-jet resonances affected by trigger  $p_T$  thresholds
- Accept lower  $p_T$  events by only writing out objects reconstructed by the trigger





# SUSY : Current Status

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All the SUSY plots