

Search for low-mass WIMPs with the DarkSide-50 experiment



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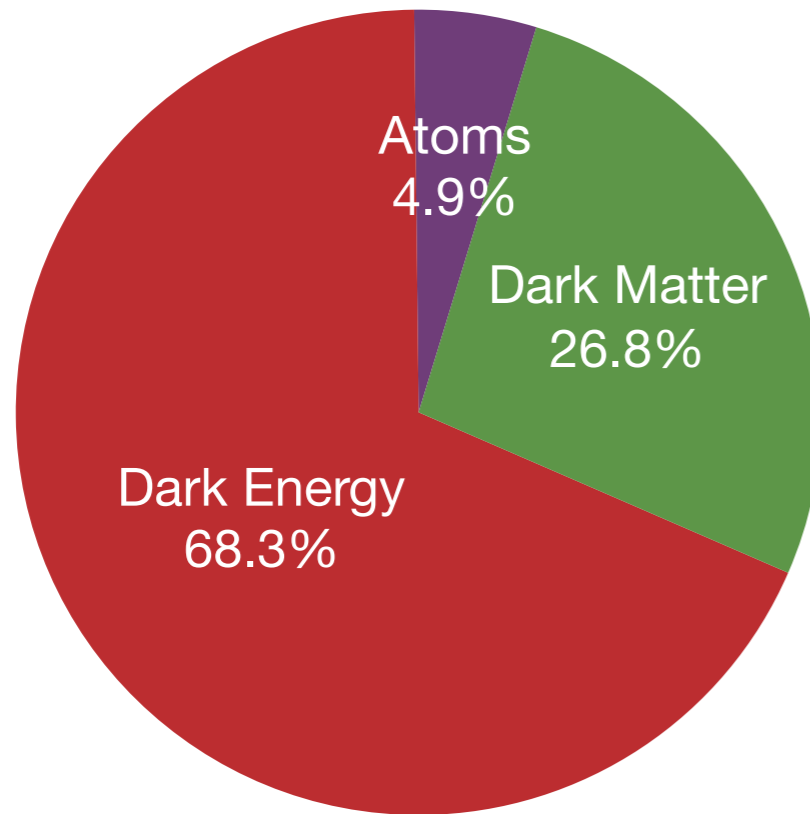
University of Houston and
Royal Holloway University London

APP and HEPP Annual Conference
Imperial College, London, 10th April 2019

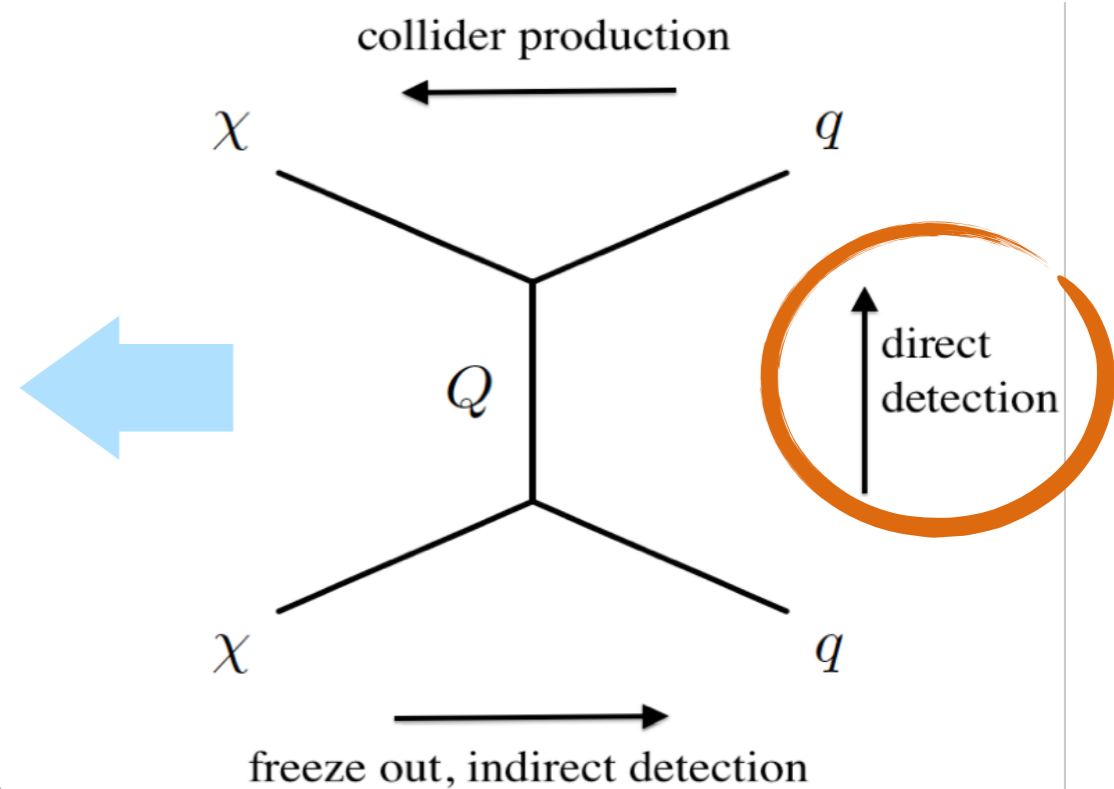
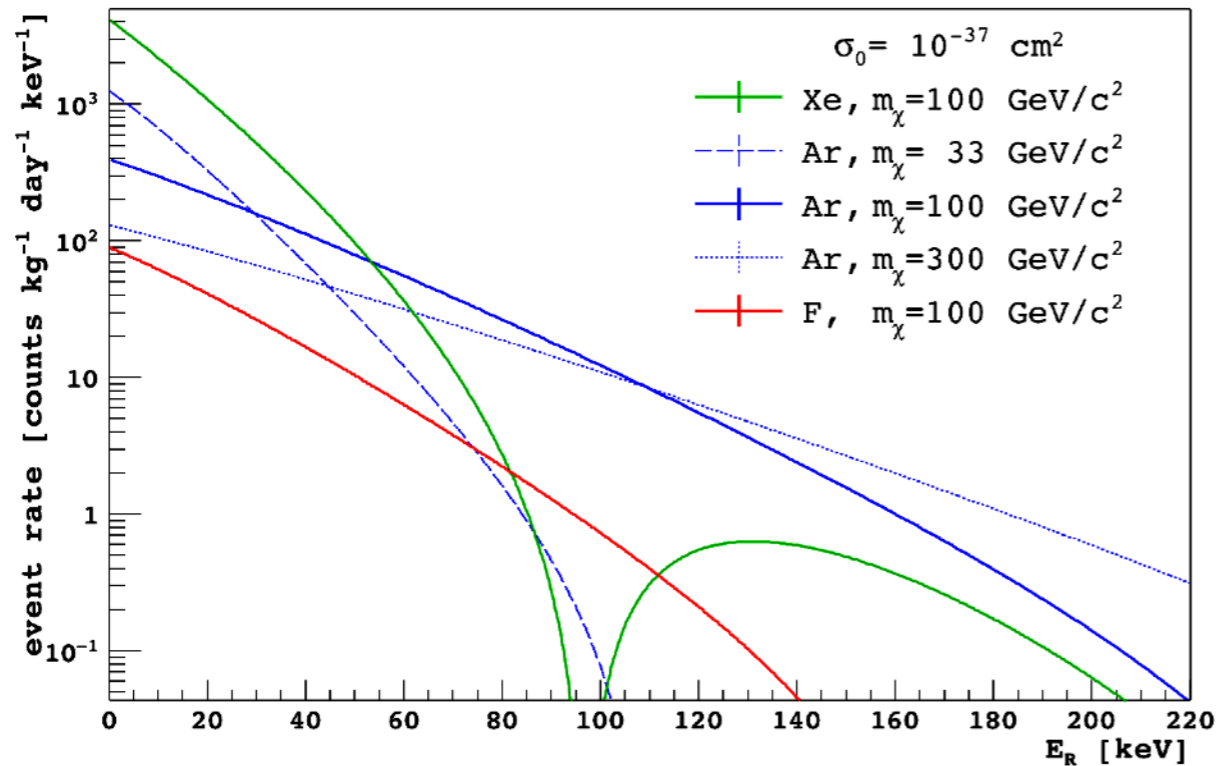
By S.Walker

SEW

Direct detection of dark matter



A favored candidate for DM:
**Weakly Interactive
 Massive Particles**



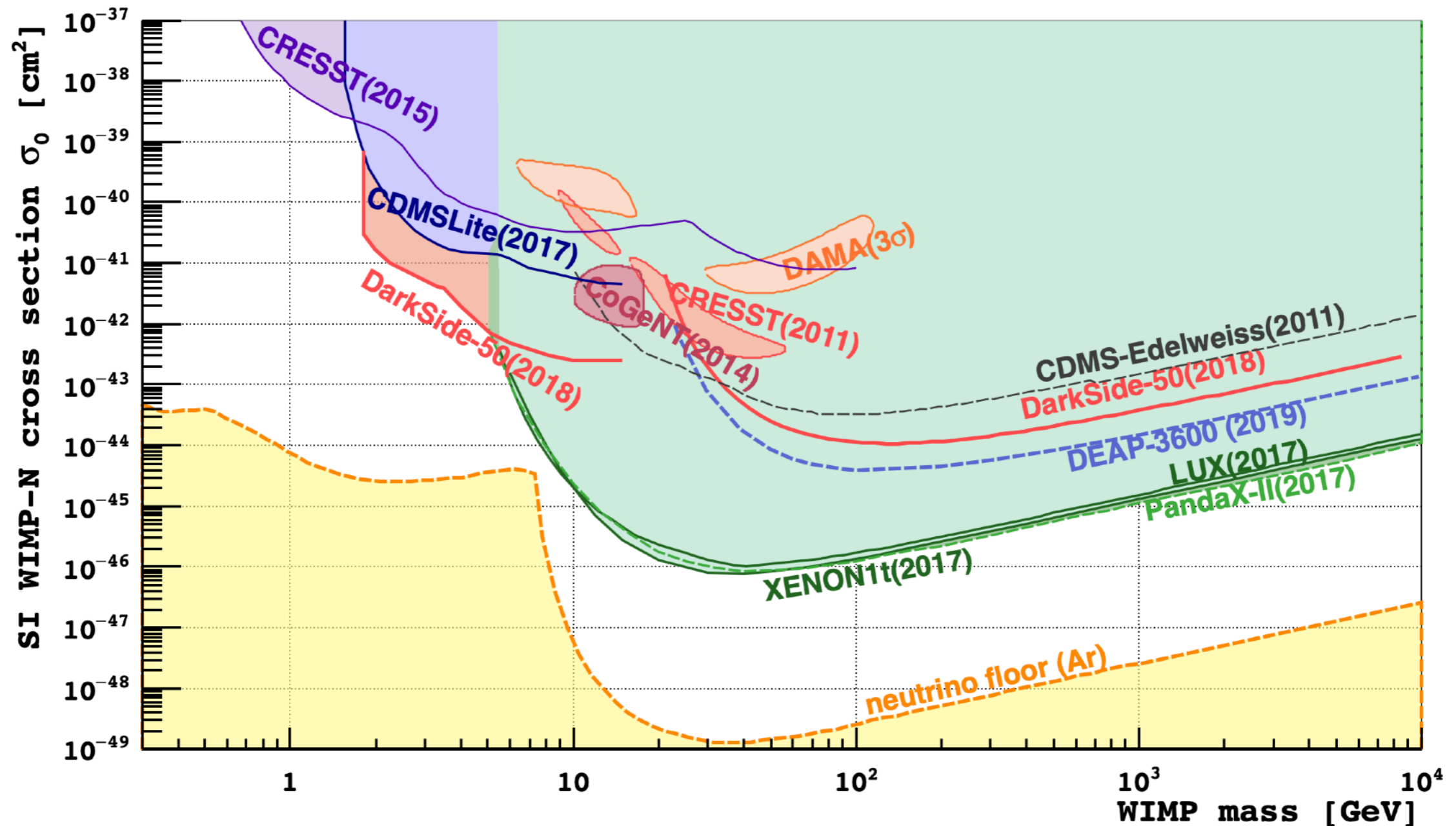
Spin-independent cross section

At $\sigma_0 = 10^{-47} \text{ cm}^2$ expected $\sim 1 \text{ ev t}^{-1} \text{ yr}^{-1}$

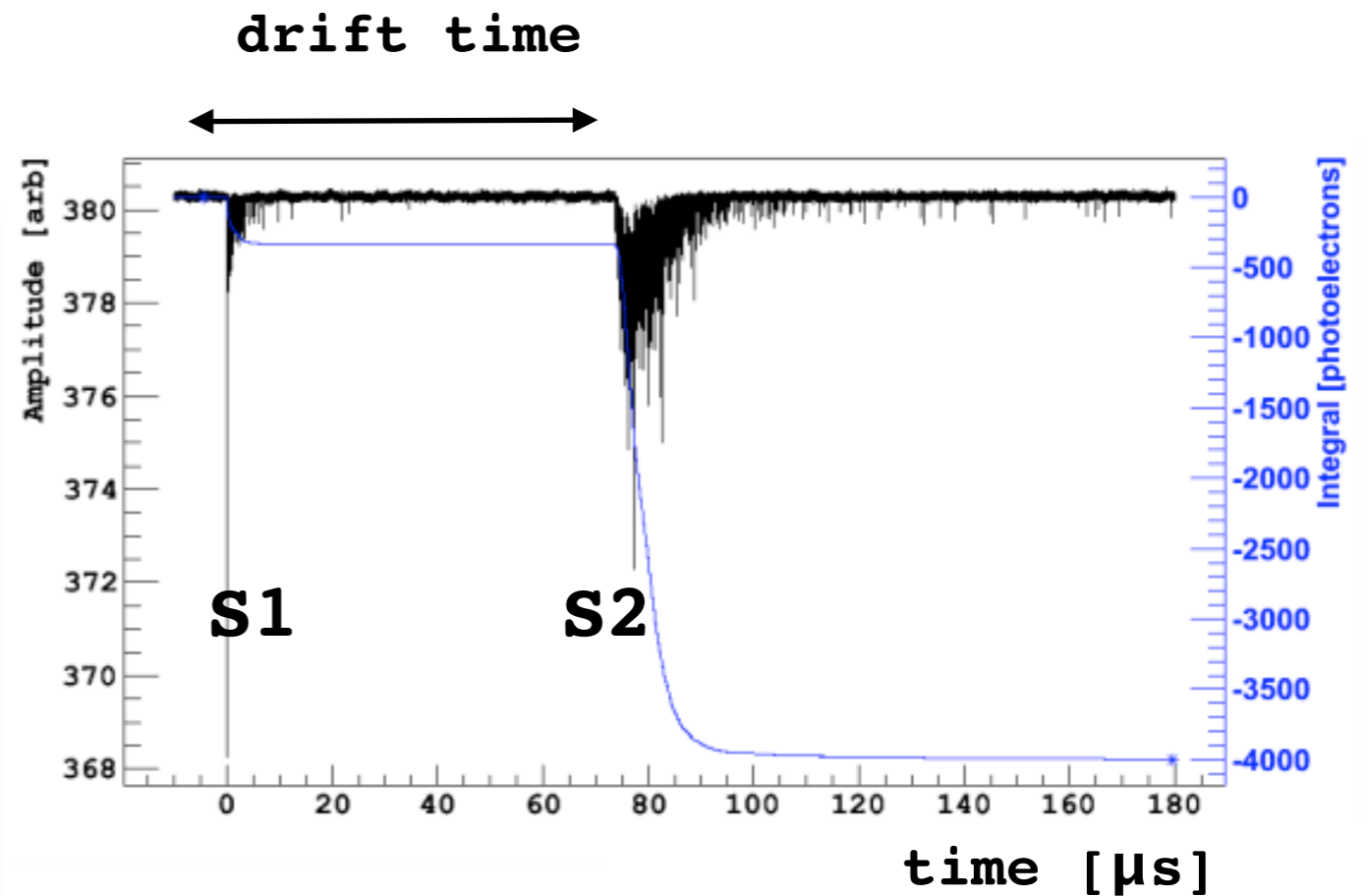
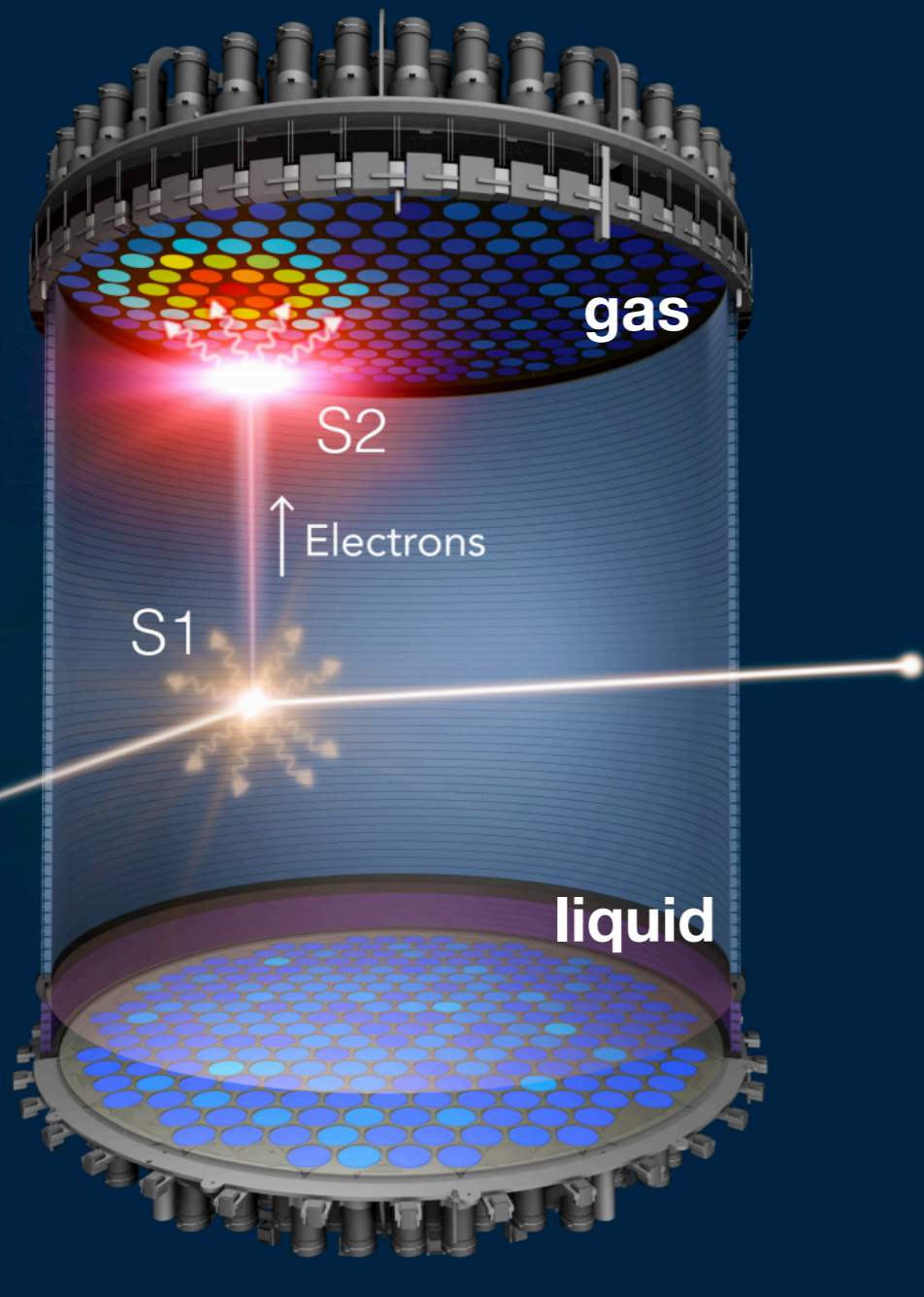
Need for background suppression and/or rejection

Noble liquids are suitable targets:

- ✓ dense, stable, easy to purify, inexpensive
- ✓ large ionization/scintillation yields ($W \sim 10 \text{ eV}$)
- ✓ background discrimination



Dual-phase Time Projection Chamber



Performance:

Resolution in Z: \sim mm

Resolution in XY: \sim cm

Good energy resolution using S1 + S2

Rejection of Electronic Recoil background:

Ionization/Scintillation: $< 2 \times 10^{-3}$

PSD in liquid argon: 4×10^{-9}

DEAP: [arXiv:1902.04048](https://arxiv.org/abs/1902.04048)

The DarkSide-50 detector

A dual-phase LAr TPC

- taking data since 2013 at Gran Sasso
- **50 kg of argon** from **underground**
- in a 30 t liquid scintillator veto
- in a 1 kt water Cherenkov detector

S1 and S2 Yields:

- S1 Yield ~ 7.9 pe/keV at null field
- S1 Yield **~ 7.0 pe/keV** at 200 V/cm
- S2 yield **~ 23 pe / e⁻**

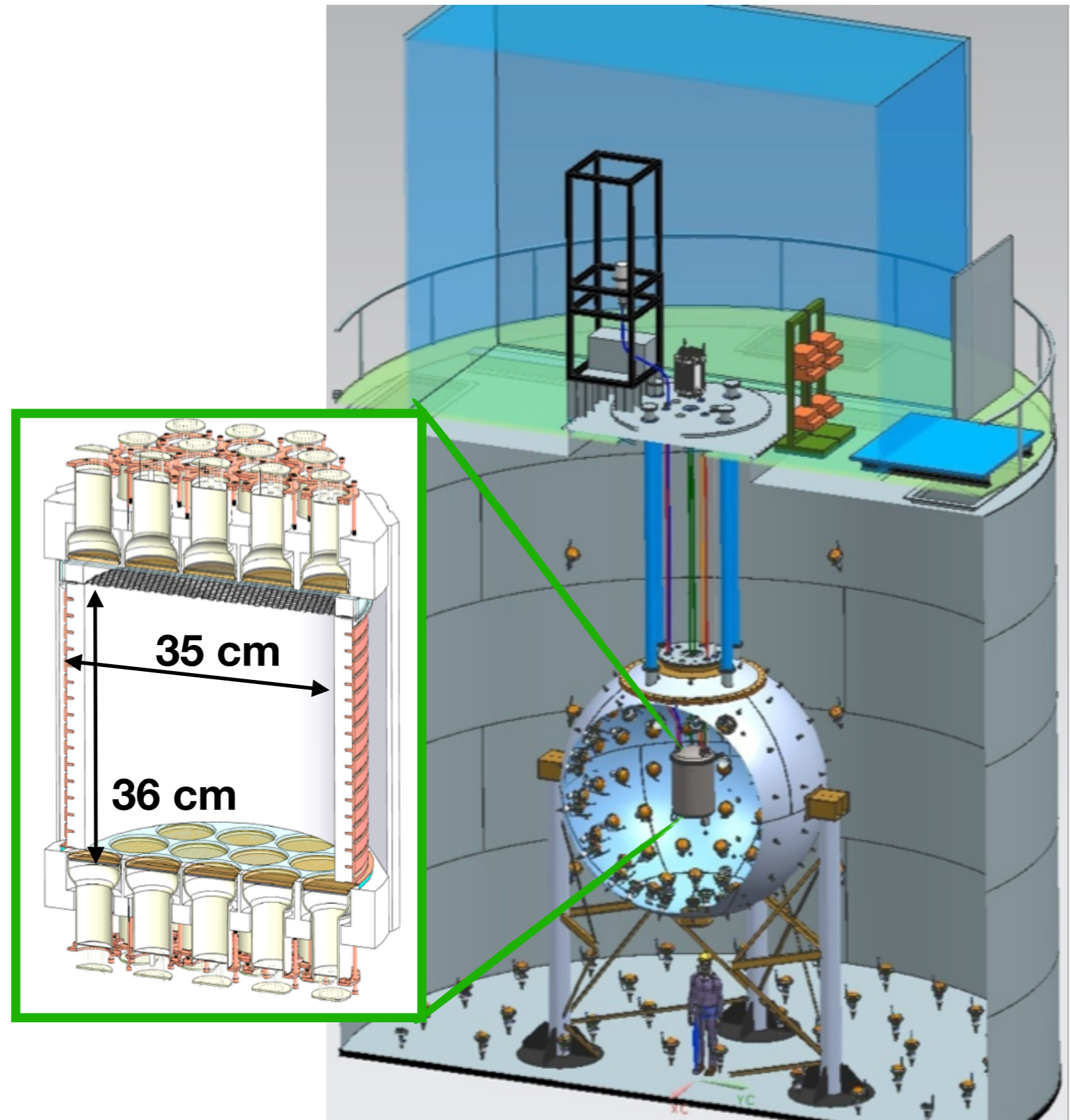
Electron lifetime **> 5 ms**

Maximum drift time: 376 μ s

Position reconstruction:

- Resolution in Z **~ 1 mm**
- Resolution in XY **< 1 cm**

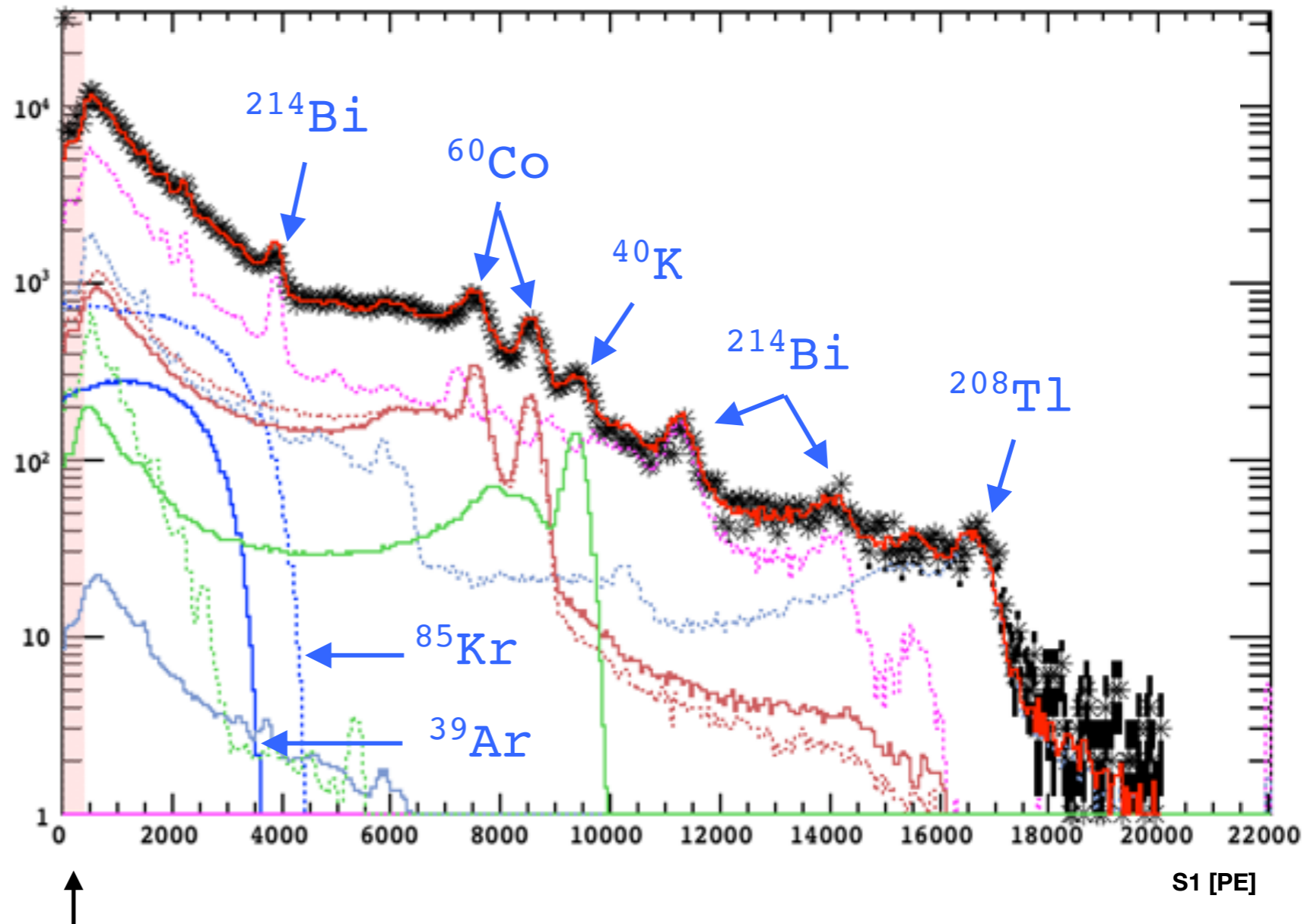
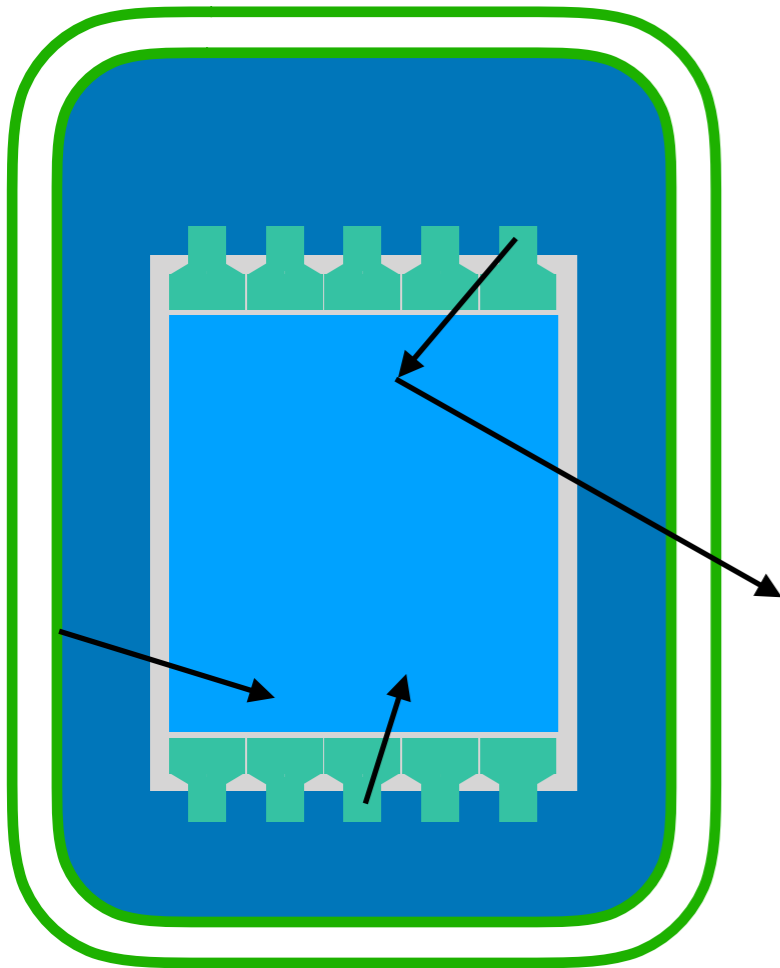
Neutron Veto Efficiency: 99.6%



Background model for DarkSide-50

- ▶ Full simulation of **each radioactive component** (^{238}U , ^{232}Th , ^{40}K , ^{60}Co) from detector materials and intrinsic to the target (^{39}Ar and ^{85}Kr).
- ▶ **Multivariate fit** based on S1 single scatter, S1 multiple scatter, and drift time
- ▶ Covers a wide energy range

PhysRevD.93.081101



↑
dark matter search region ($< 50 \text{ keV}_{ee}$)

Below 3 keV_{ee}: **ionization-only** analysis.

- No scintillation (S1):

▶ Fiducialization lost (vertical)

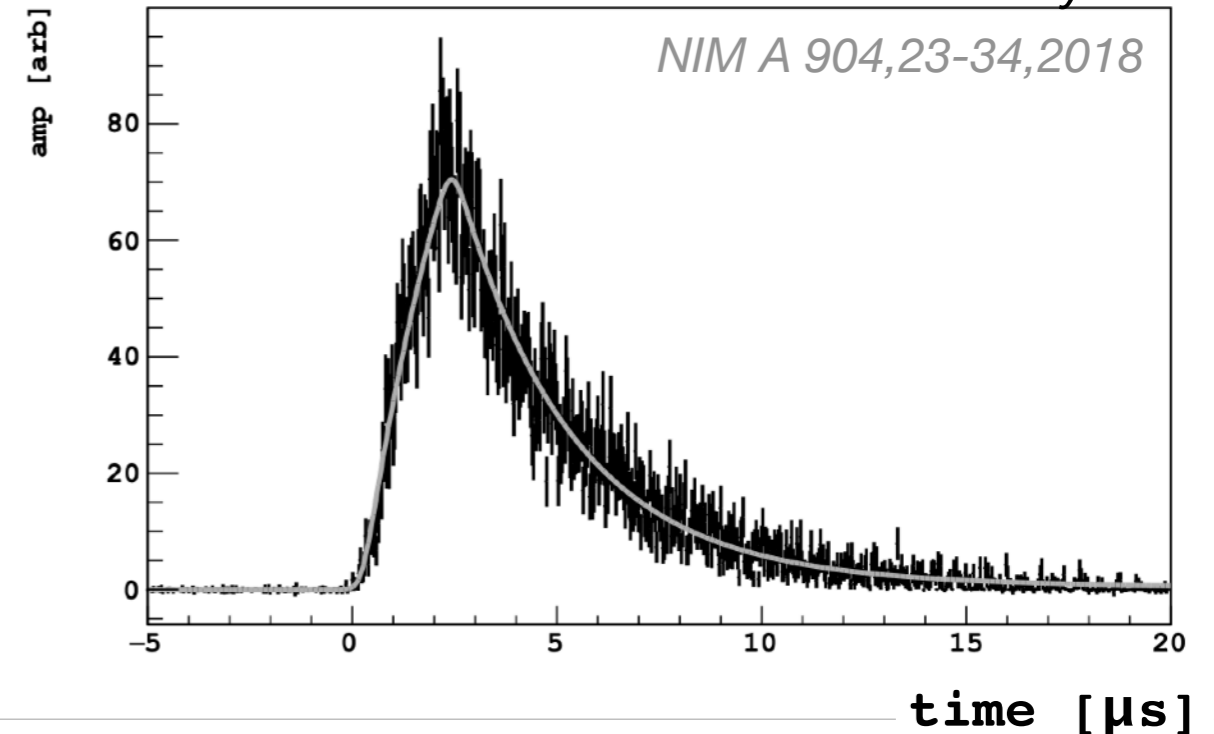
▶ **No discrimination available**

- Multiplication in gas phase (**23 PE/e⁻**)

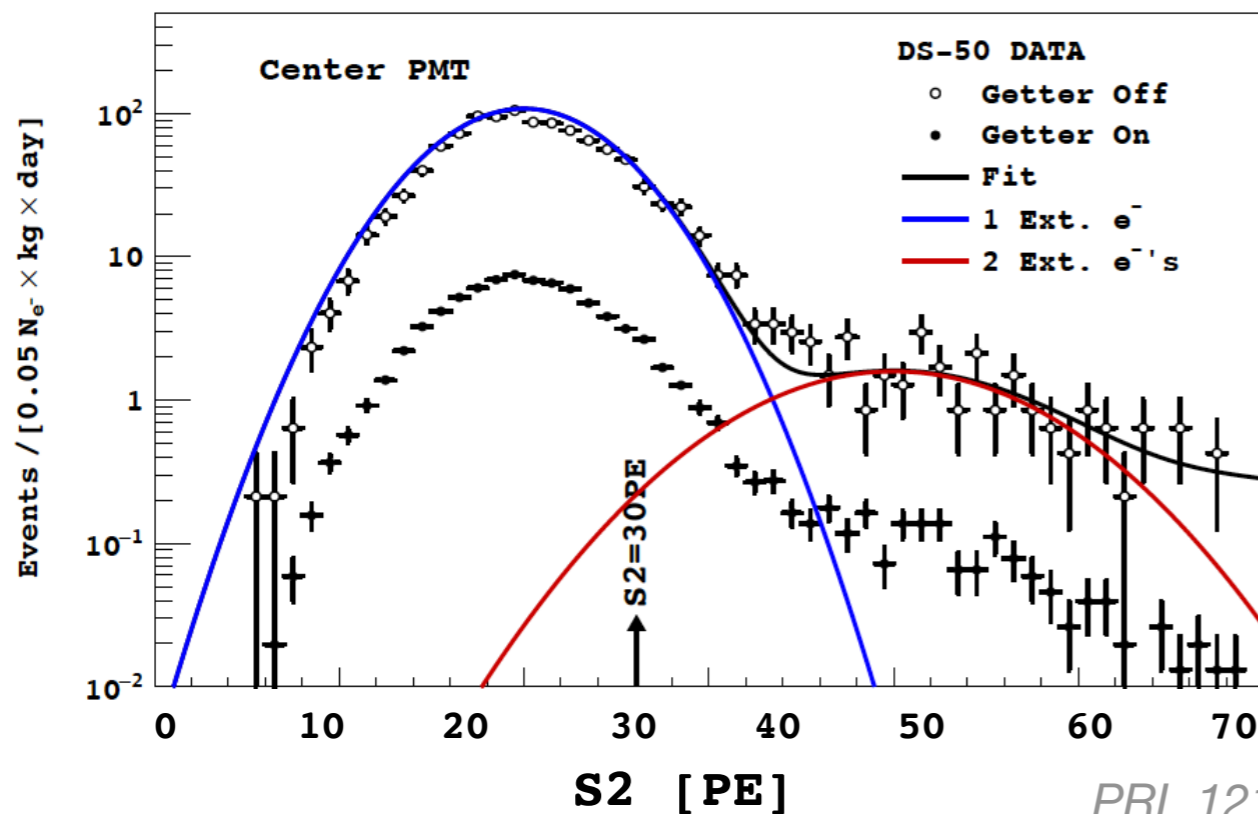
▶ **100% trigger** efficiency at 1.3 e⁻ (**~30 eV**)

(Trigger condition: 2 PMTs firing in 100 ns)

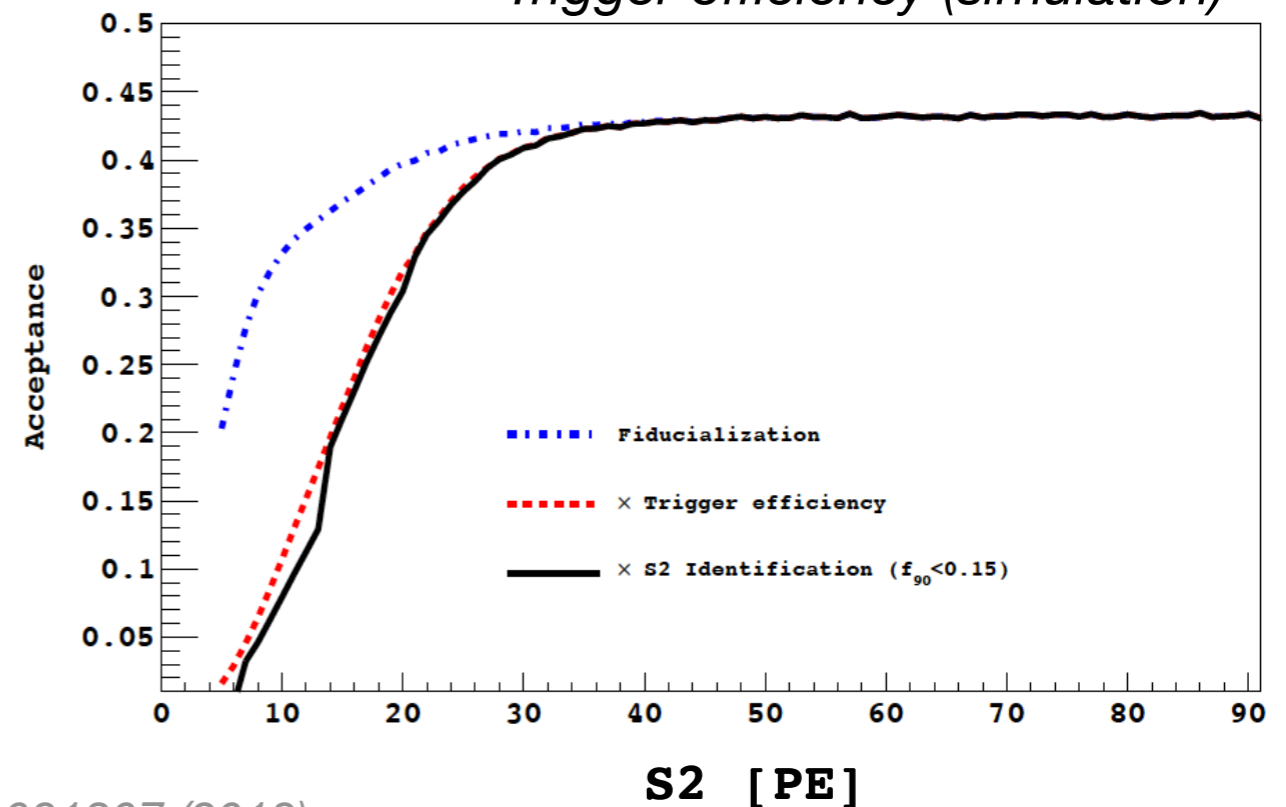
S2 for many e⁻



Spectrum of single electrons

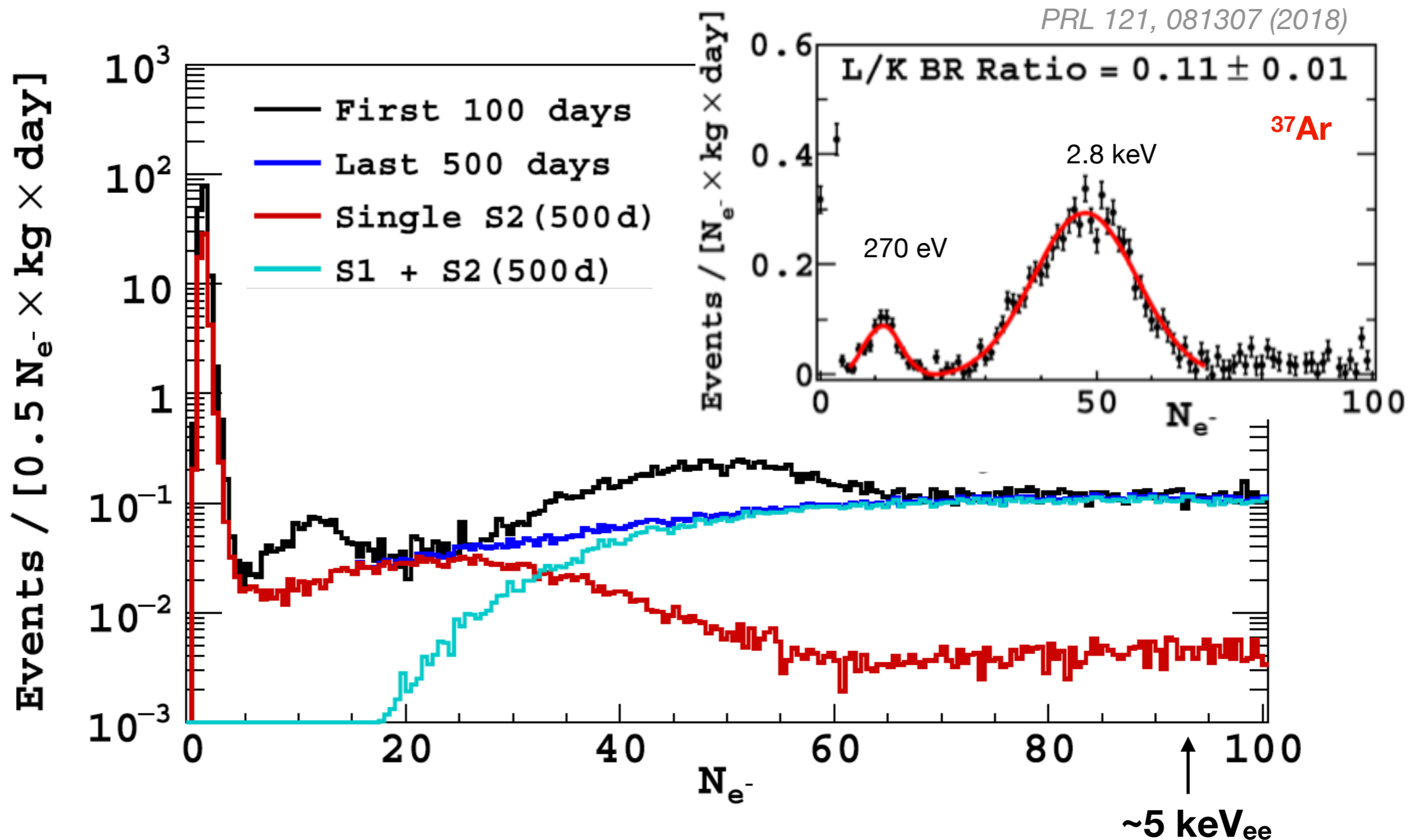


Trigger efficiency (simulation)



Calibration of ER at low-energy

- ▶ Calibration of **electronic recoil energy scale** down to **270 eV** thanks to ^{37}Ar ($\tau_{1/2} \sim 35$ days)
- ▶ Activated during **transport**?



Calibration of NR at low-energy

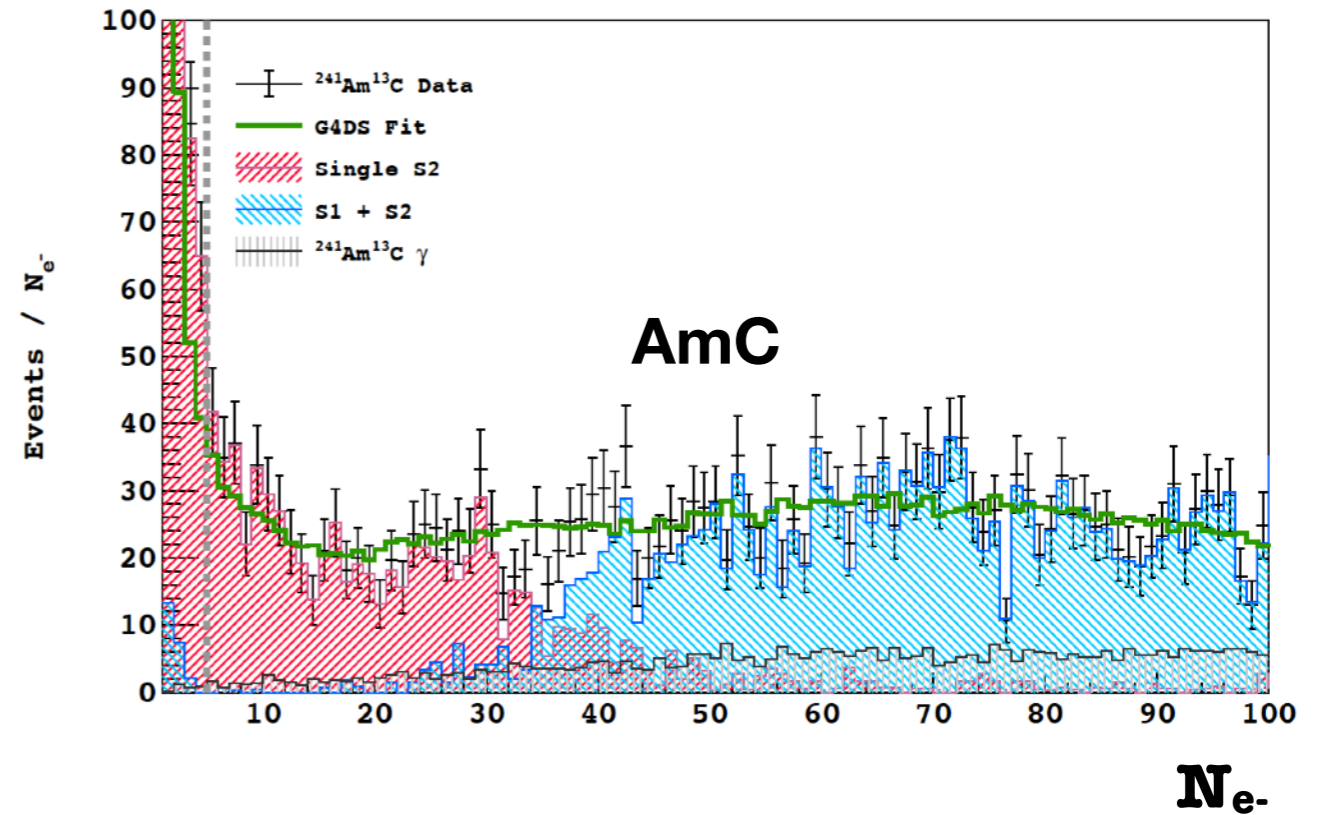
Nuclear recoil energy scale down $\sim 1 \text{ keV}_{\text{NR}}$

Quenched due to nuclear collisions

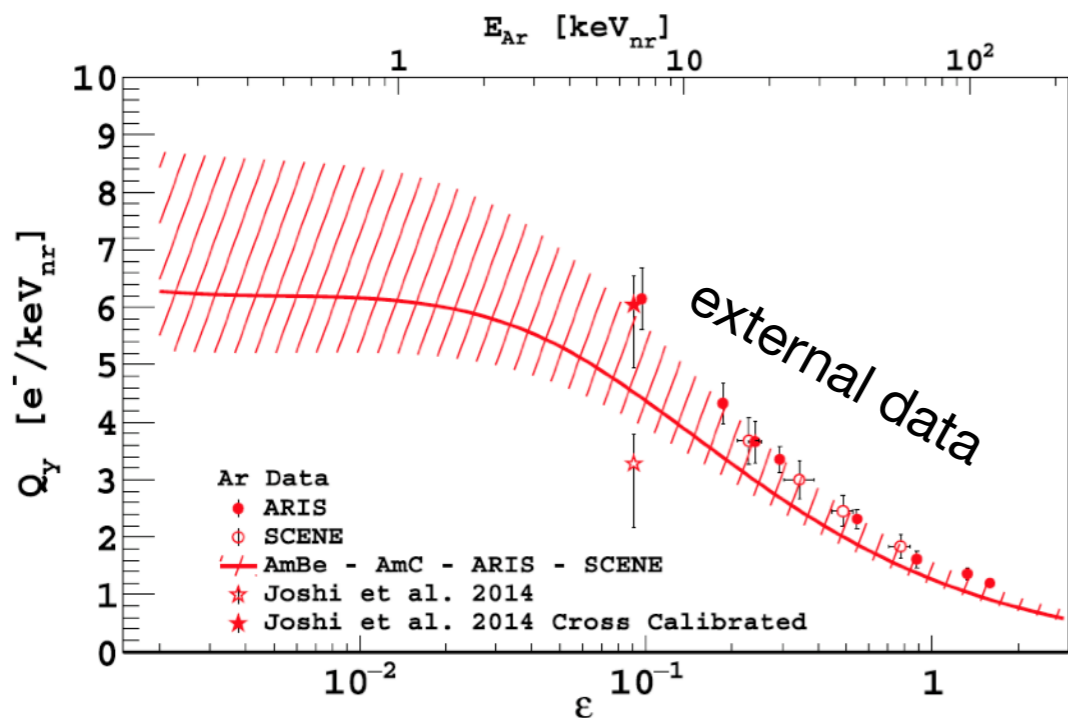
Effective model (quenching, recombination probability: *Astrop. Phys.* 35, 119–127, 2011) fit to **neutron sources** data

Validation through extrapolation at higher energy: **agree** with **external** calibrations

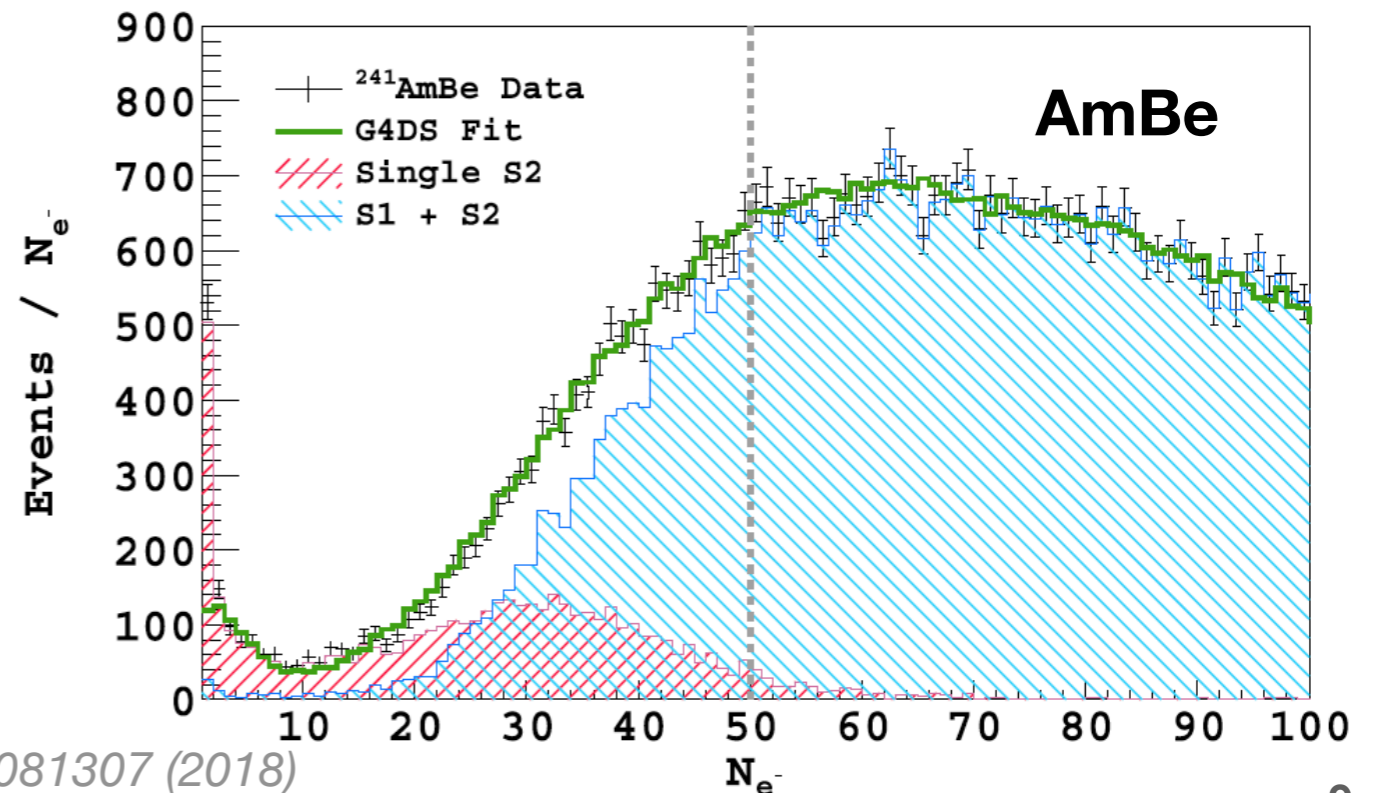
Calibration of nuclear recoils with AmC source



Calibrated ionization yield

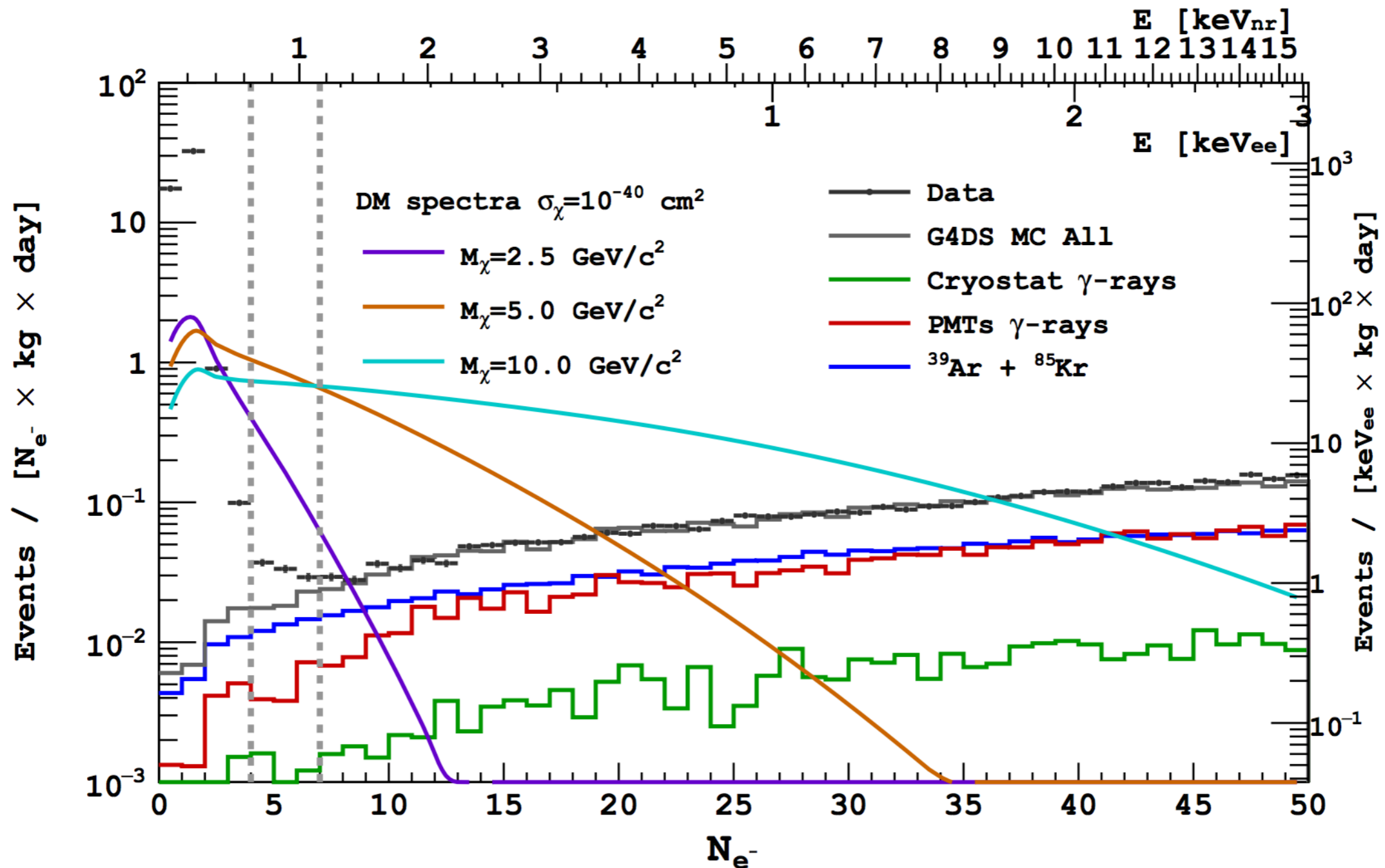


Calibration of nuclear recoils with AmBe source



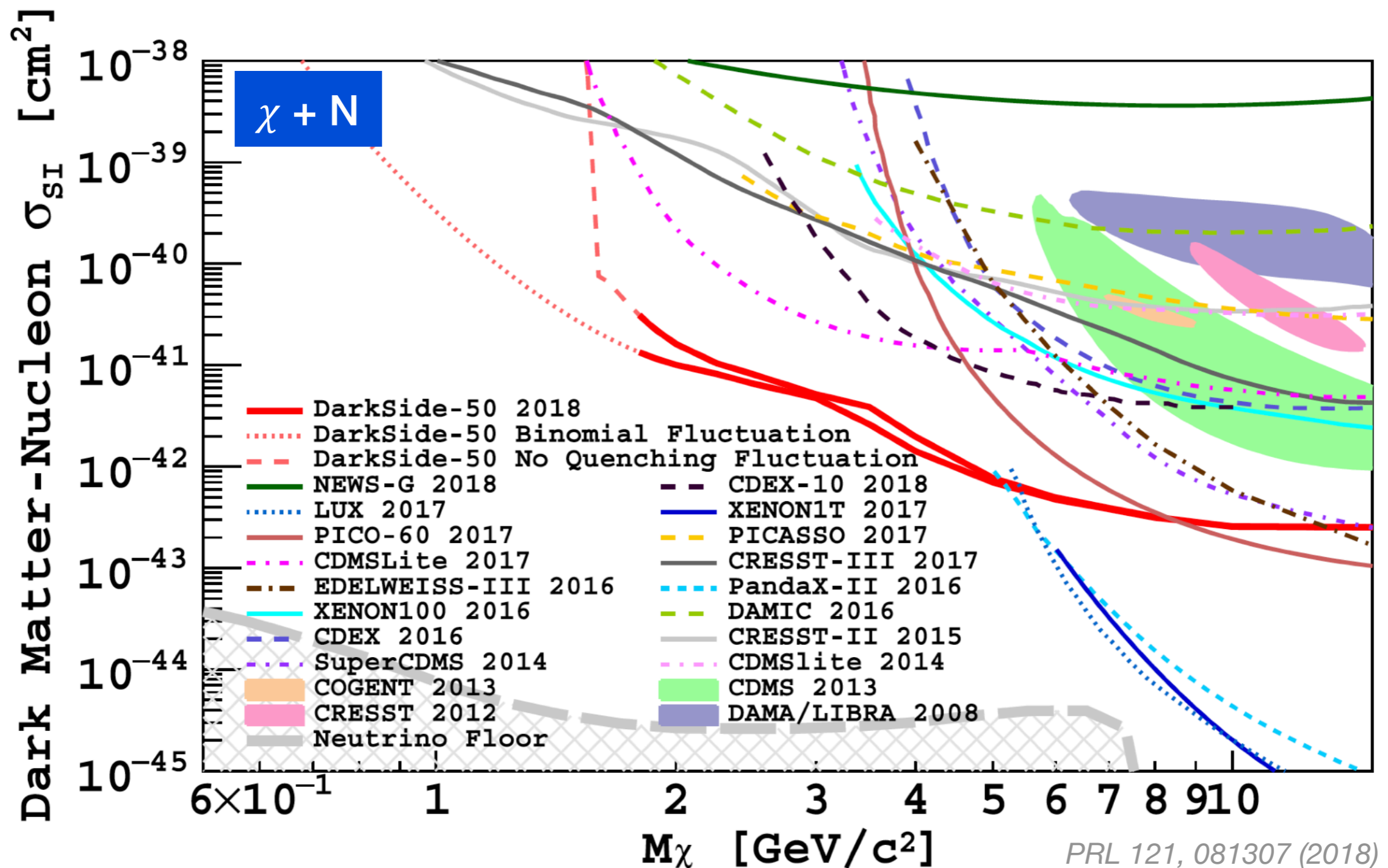
PRL 121, 081307 (2018)

- ▶ **Calibration of ER energy scale: predict backgrounds** using result at **high energy** (internal and external β 's and γ 's). Peak at very low N_e : un-modeled but understood
- ▶ **Calibration of NR energy scale: predict signal** for any light WIMP mass
- ▶ Profile Likelihood analysis; analysis threshold set at 4 electrons
- ▶ Good agreement above 7 electrons



PRL 121, 081307 (2018)

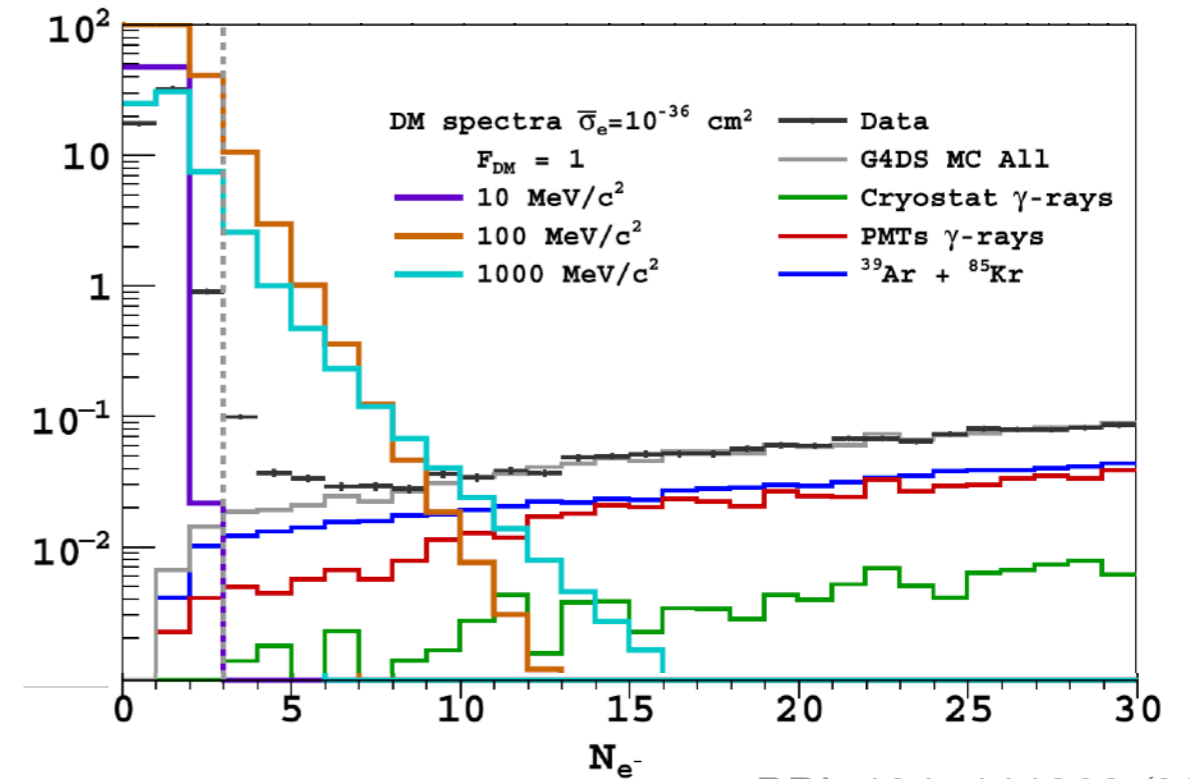
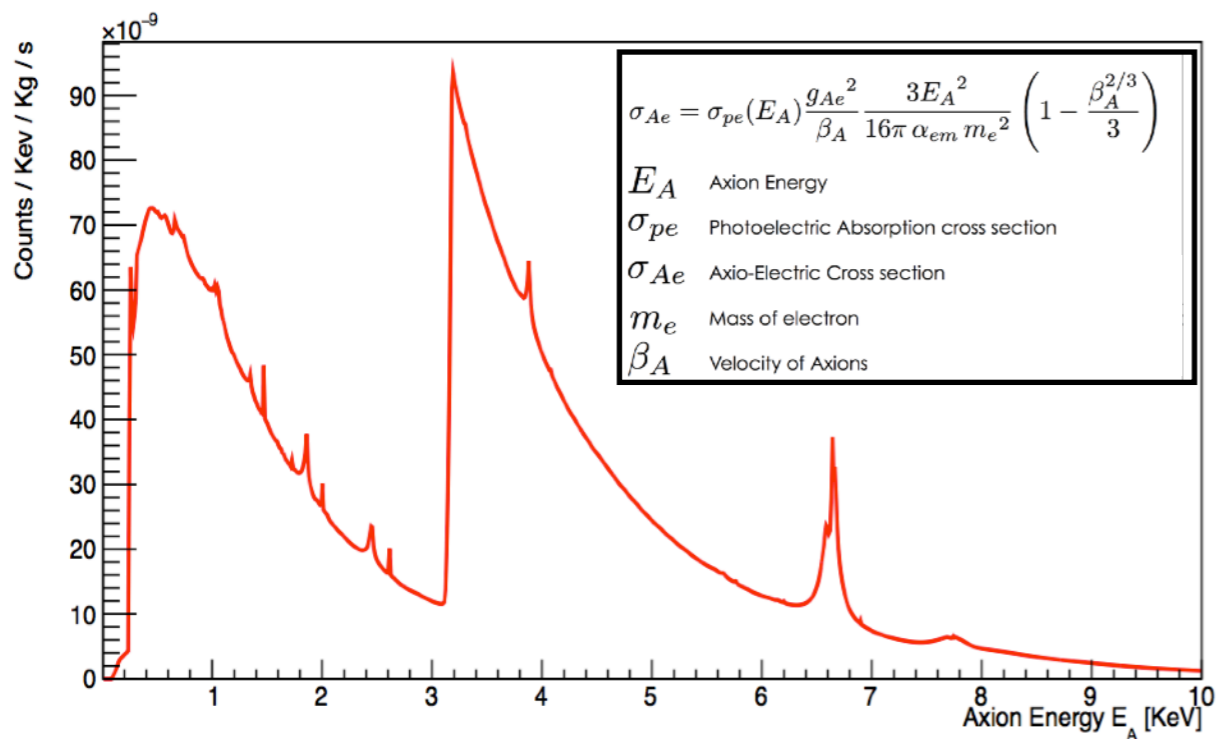
- ▶ **World leading exclusion** on WIMP-N cross section **between 2 and 6 GeV/c²**
- ▶ **Two curves** reflect uncertainty on the **statistics** of nuclear recoil **quenching**



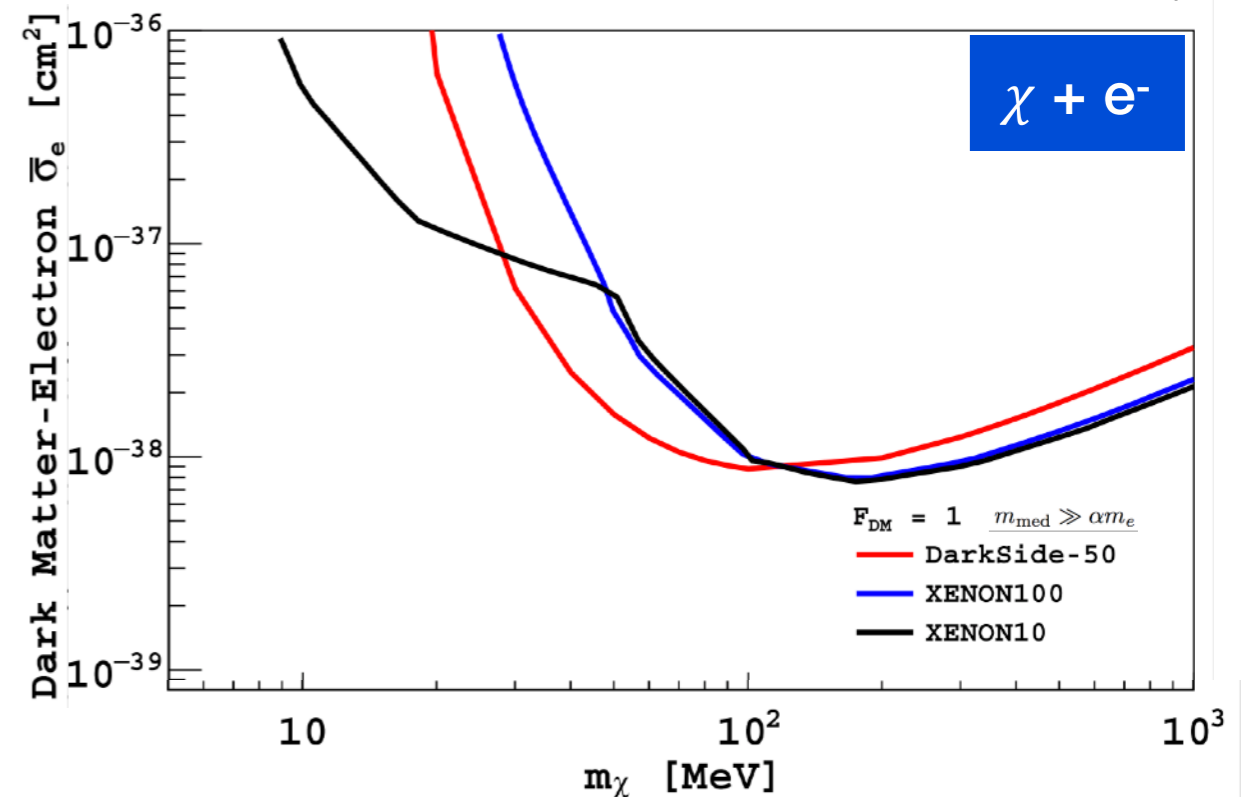
Same data to constraint other interactions

► WIMP-electron coupling ==>

► Axions (work in progress)



PRL 121, 111303 (2018)



DarkSide-50 is a dual-phase liquid argon Time Projection Chamber (**50 kg active mass**), operating since 2013 at *Laboratori National del Gran Sasso* (IT).

The **main goal** of the experiment is to search for “**classical WIMP**” dark matter ($m_\chi \gtrsim 10 \text{ GeV}/c^2$), not discussed here.

Thanks to:

- **low energy threshold** ($\sim 20 \text{ eV}$ required to produce e-/ion pair)
 - **calibrations** at low energy with internal ^{37}Ar and neutrons
 - **background model** extrapolated at low energy
- DarkSide-50 improved exclusion** ($\sim 10^{-41} \text{ cm}^2$) for **WIMPs with mass in [2, 6] GeV/c^2 range**

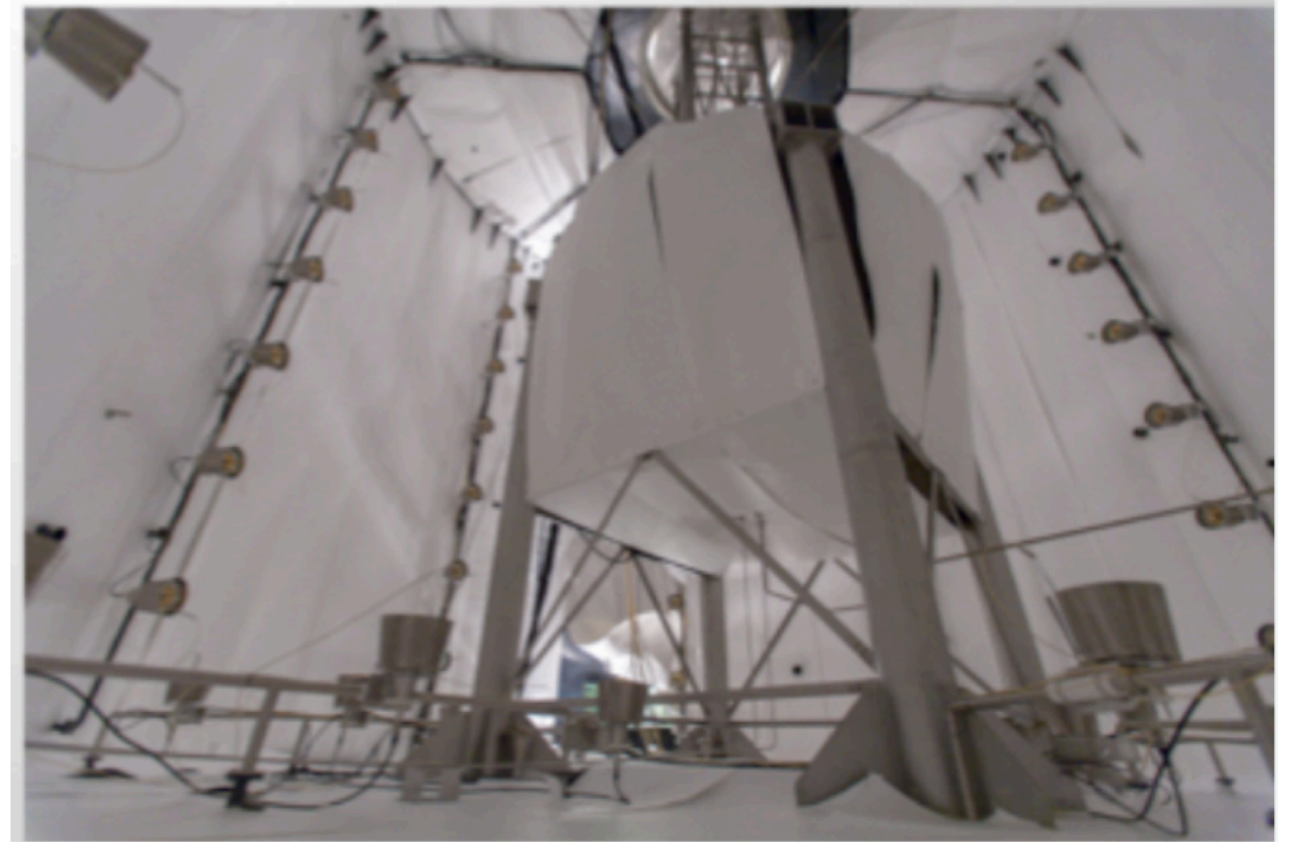
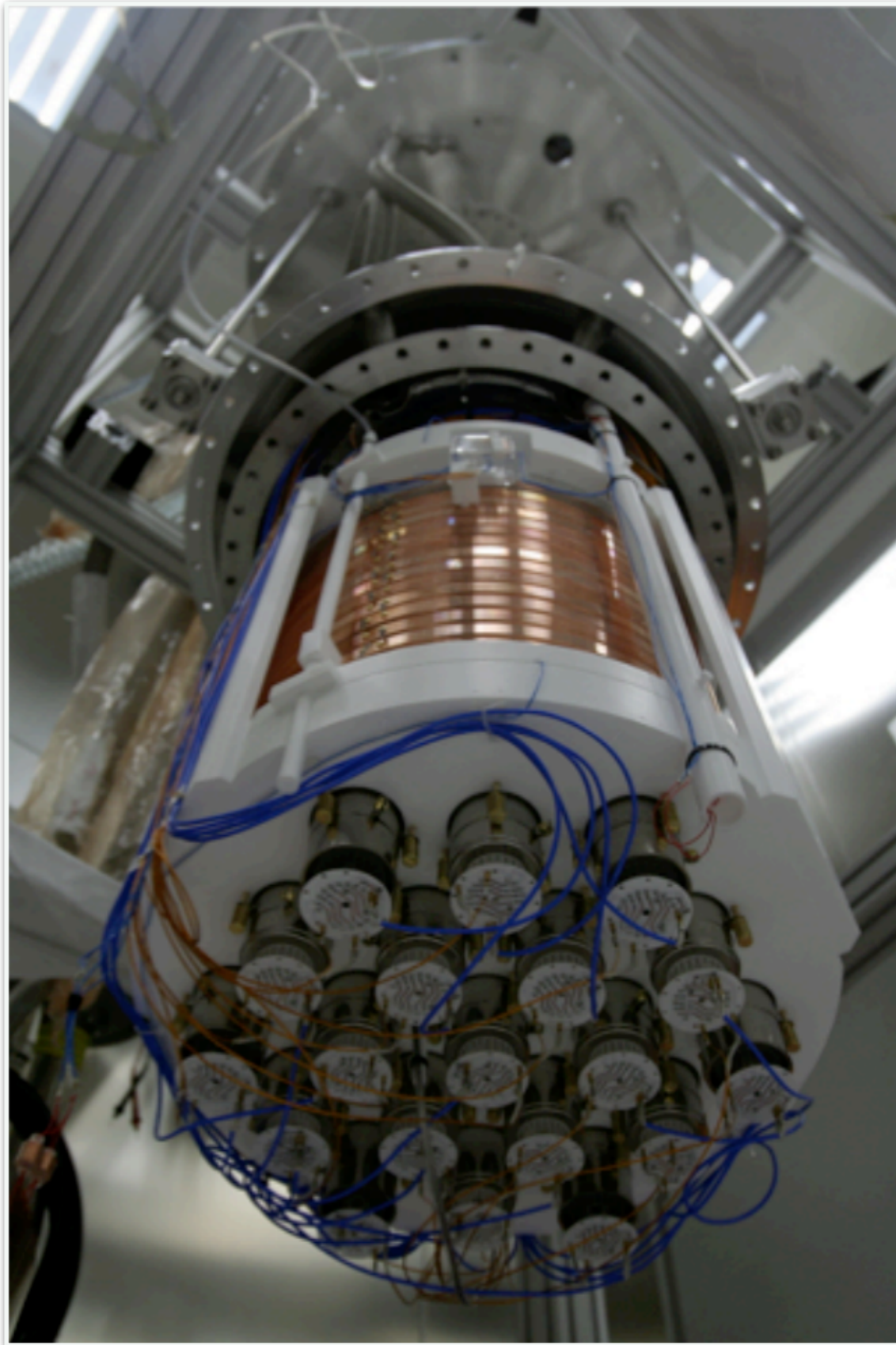
The **same data** can be used to constrained other WIMP interactions (WIMP-e-...)

A **new detector** is required to significantly improve the current limits at low-mass.



Extra Slides

DarkSide-50 installation



Underground Argon

^{39}Ar is produced by cosmic rays in the atmosphere. β -decay with $Q = 565 \text{ keV}$; $\tau_{1/2} = 269 \text{ yr}$

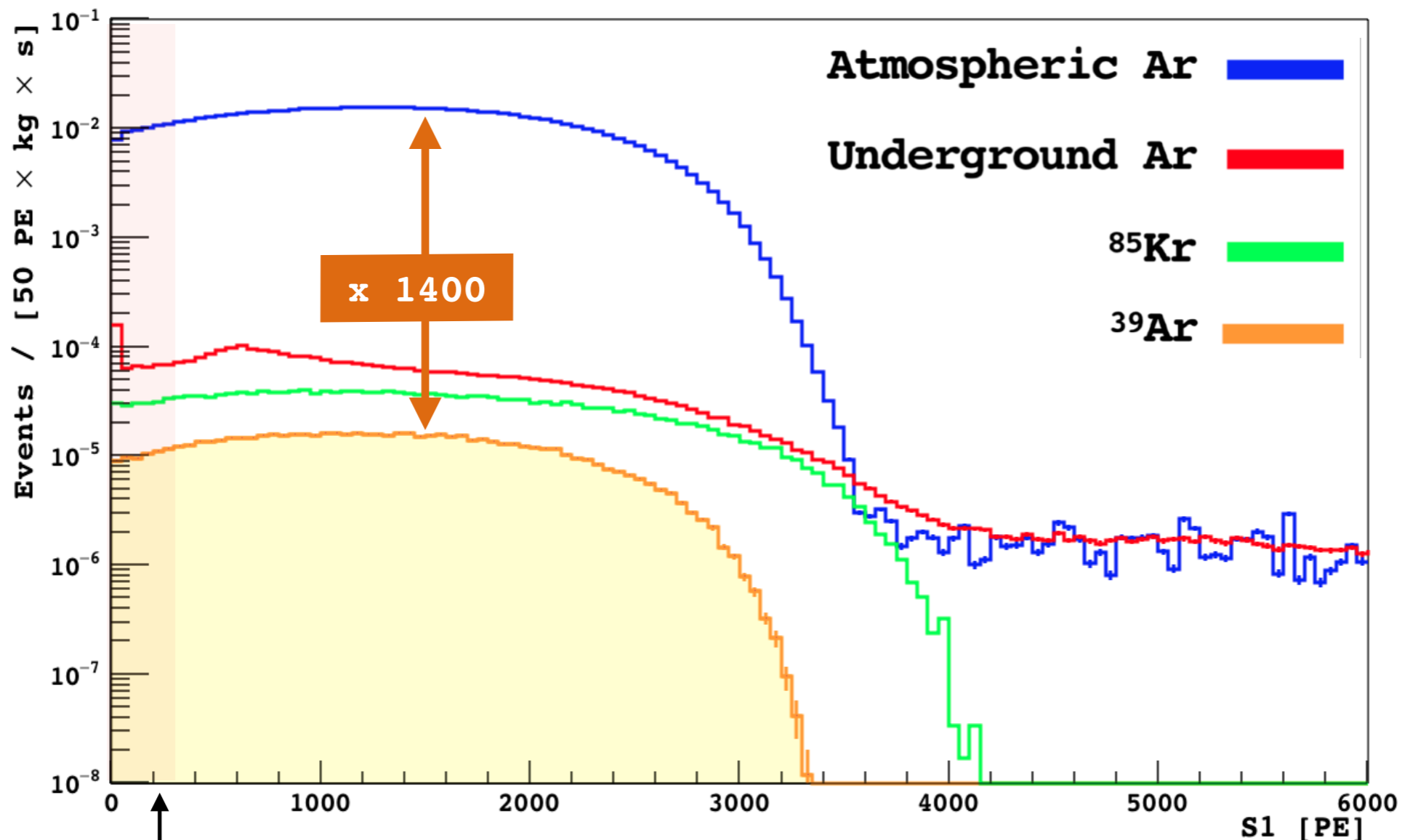
► ^{39}Ar activity in atmospheric argon ($\sim 1 \text{ Bq/kg}$): limiting dual-phase target mass

==> **extract argon from underground** (CO_2 well in Colorado) !

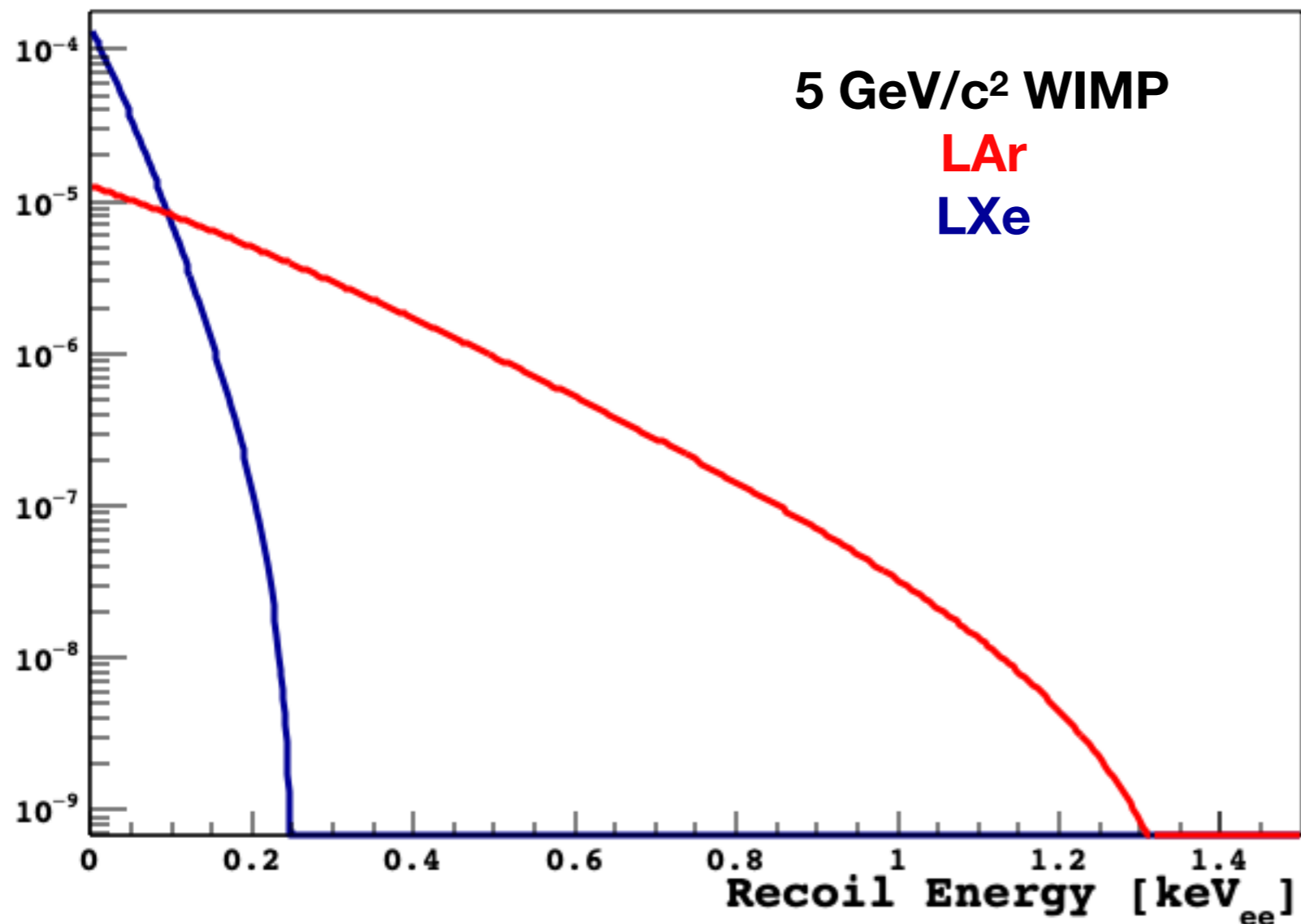
► ^{39}Ar activity in underground argon ($0.73 \pm 0.10 \text{ mBq/kg}$)

► Possibly smaller: identification of a ^{85}Kr contamination

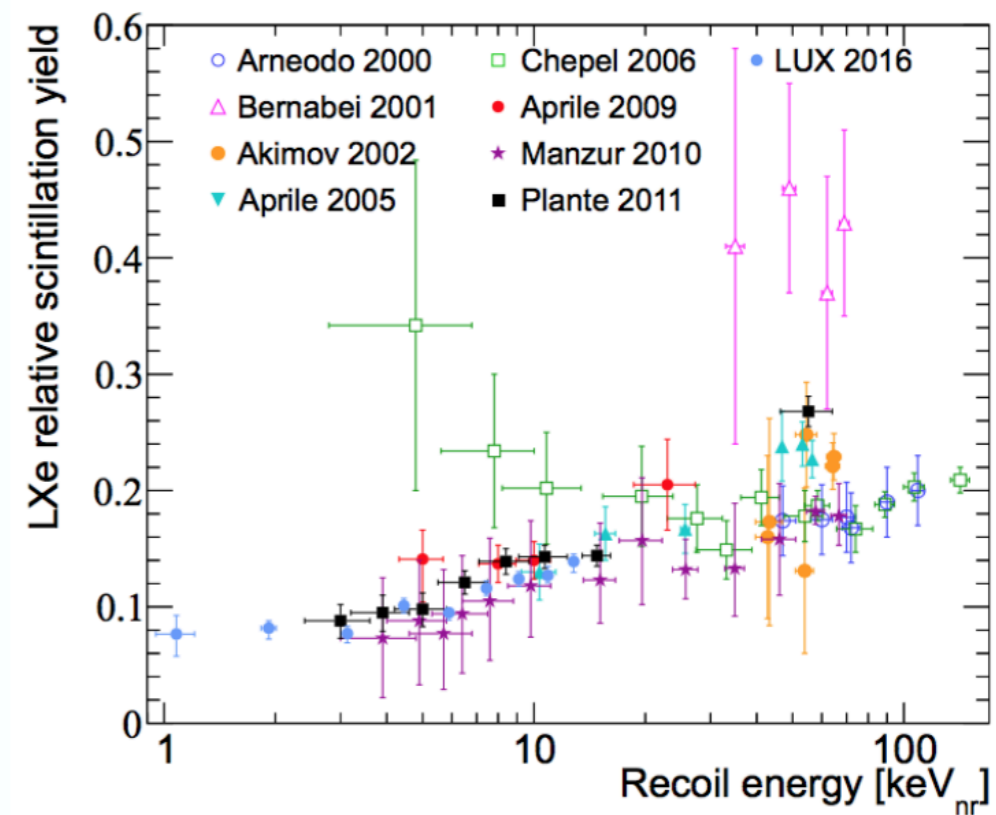
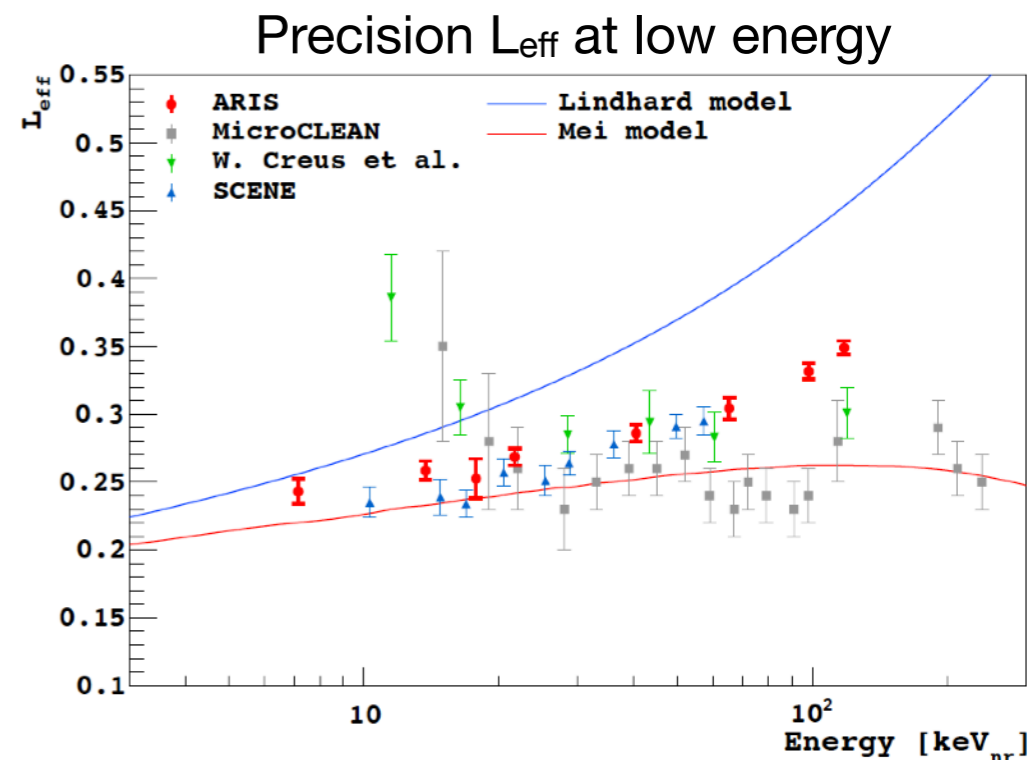
**DarkSide-50 running
with UAr (since 2015)
after first AAr run**



dark matter search region (< 50 keV_{ee})



Missing: Eq -> electrons
WAr ~ 20 eV, WXe ~ 10 eV



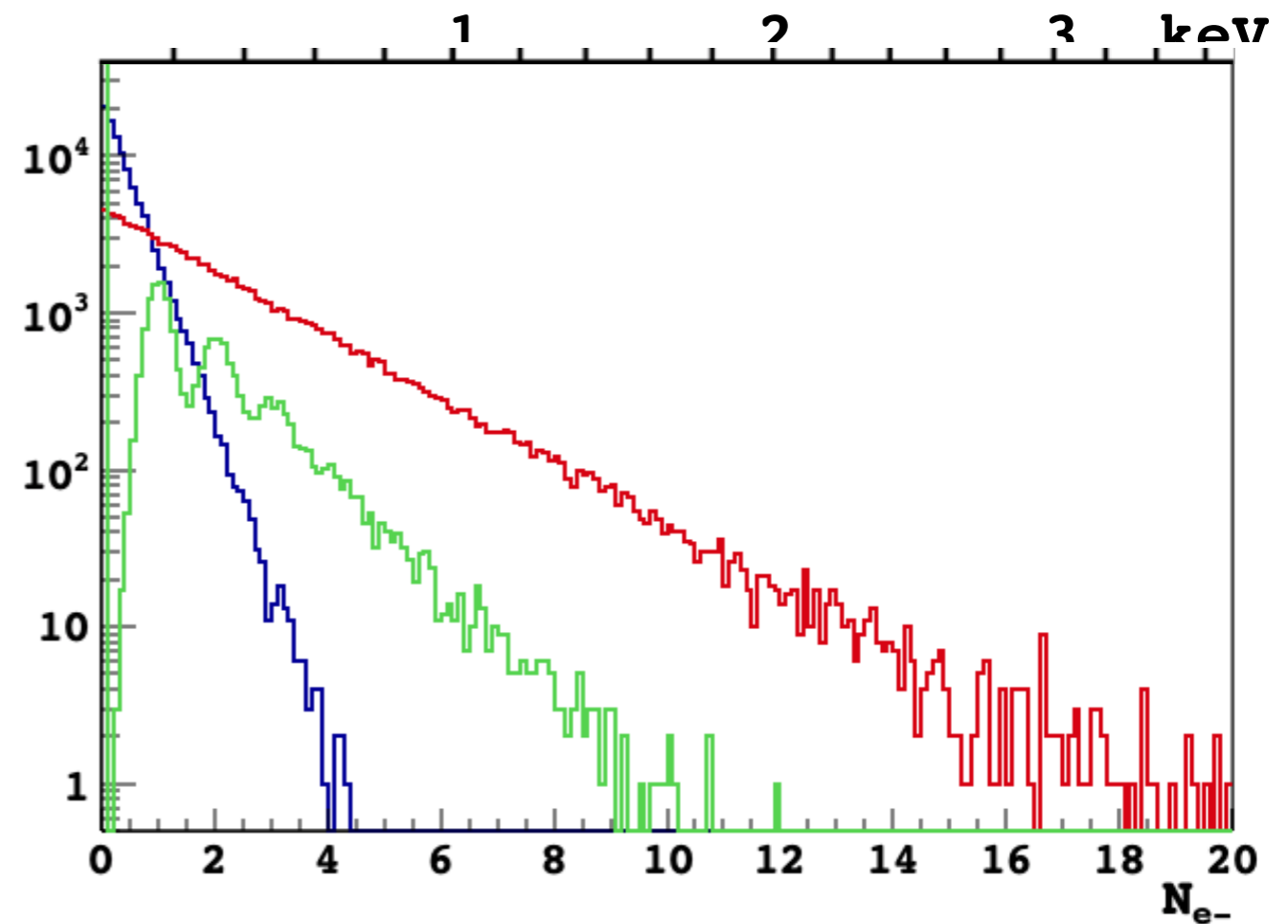
Bezrukov Model

signal produced by a 1 GeV/c² WIMP

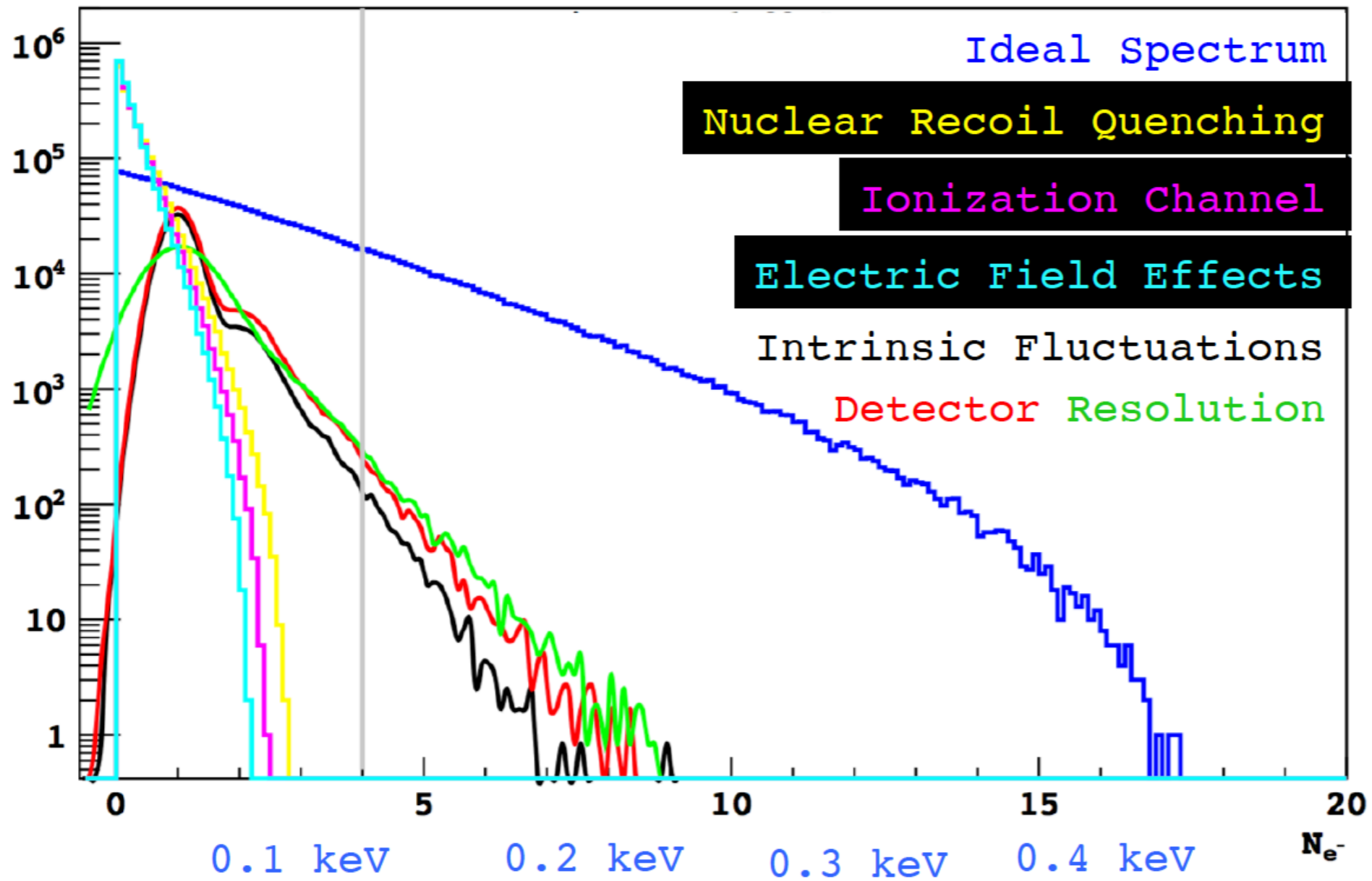
no quenching ($N_e = E/W_i$)

Add quenching w/out fluctuations ($N_e = q \times E/W = Q_y \times E$)

Add quenching w/ fluctuations ($N_e = \text{Poisson (Binomial (E/W, q))}$)



Ionization Signal in a Liquid Argon Target at 1 GeV WIMP Mass



Next Frontier:

- Ionization scale down to sub-keV
- Fluctuation models
- Recombination probability

Visible Energy

0.6 keV

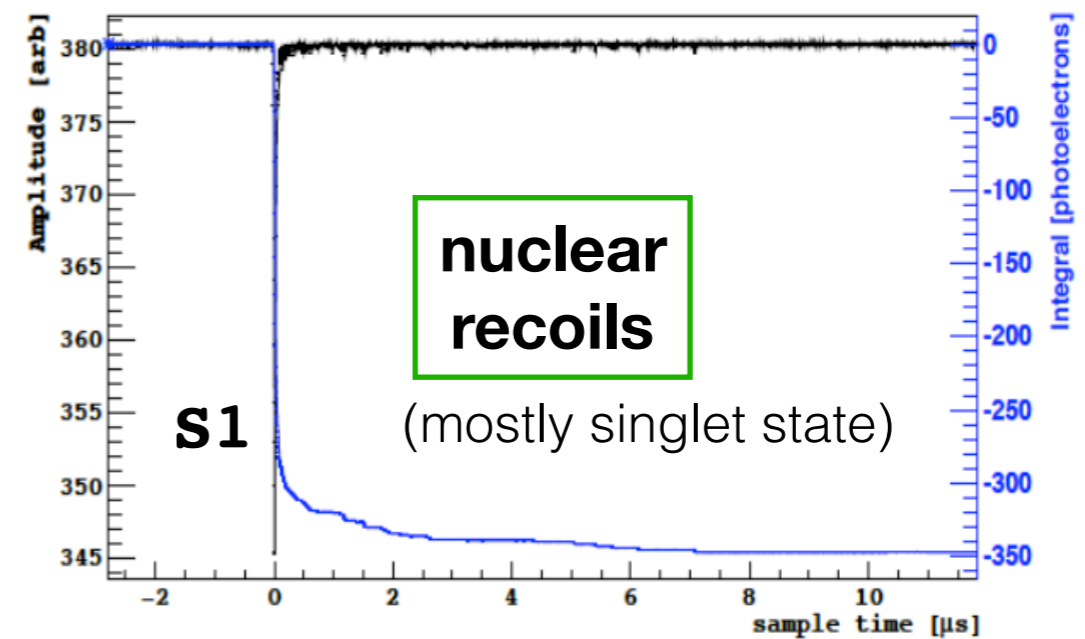
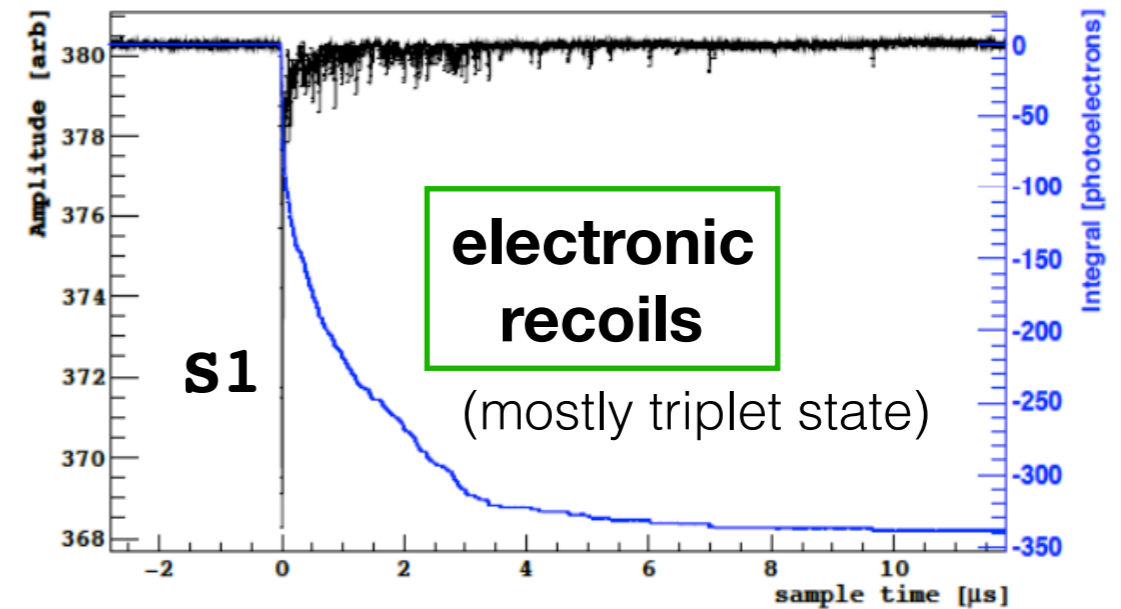
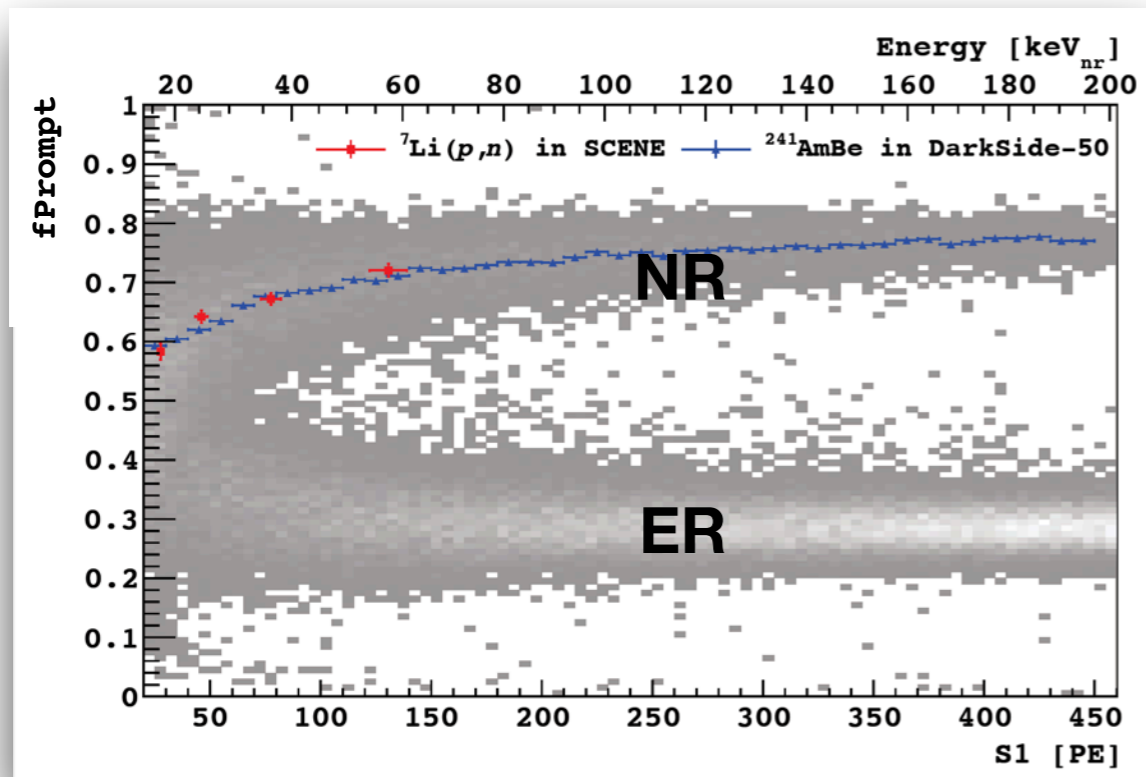
1.0 keV

1.7 keV

2.5 keV

Nuclear Recoil Energy

Pulse Shape Discrimination in LAr



Scintillation in Liquid Argon:

ER Rejection based on **Pulse Shape Discrimination: 10^9**

high-mass WIMP result

