

## **Tuesday 23 May**

10:00 **Scientific Talks: Morning 1** Location: Department of Applied Mathematics and Theoretical Physics, Wilberforce Road, Cambridge CB3 0WA 10:00-10:15 Dark Energy (and modified gravity) in two body problem: theoretical implications and observational constraints 10:15-10:30 Radiation from Axion Strings with Adaptive Mesh Refinement 10:30-10:45 Growth of structure in regularised 4D Einstein-Gauss-Bonnet 10:45 11:45 Scientific Talks: Morning 2 Session Location: Department of Applied Mathematics and Theoretical Physics, Wilberforce Road, Cambridge CB3 0WA 11:45-12:00 Cosmology and strong gravity with a subdominant scalar field 12:00-12:15 The cosmological constant is probably still zero 12:15-12:30 Clockwork Cosmology 12:30-12:45 How to find the Feynman Rules from any scalar-tensor theory and not collapse in the process 12:45 13:45 Scientific Talks: Afternoon 1 **Session** Location: Department of Applied Mathematics and Theoretical Physics, Wilberforce Road, Cambridge CB3 0WA 13:45-14:00 Spinning primordial black holes in a matter dominated universe 14:00-14:15 Can primordial black holes form without fine-tuning? 14:15-14:30 Primordial black holes and stochastic inflation beyond slow roll 14:30-14:45 Multi-field inflation with large scalar fluctuations: non-Gaussianity and perturbativity 14:45-15:00 Quantum field theory in curved spacetime and the CMB hemispherical power asymmetry 15:00-15:15 Unimodular Hartle-Hawking wave packets and their probability interpretation

15:15-15:30 Impact of a quantum gravity bounce on cosmological perturbations

16:00

## Scientific Talks: Afternoon 2

Location: Department of Applied Mathematics and Theoretical Physics, Wilberforce Road, Cambridge CB3 0WA

16:00-16:15

New Insight on Neutrino Dark Matter Interactions from Small-Scale CMB **Observations** 

16:15-16:30 Modelling of Astrophysical Systematics for Cosmology with LSST

16:30-16:45 The Wide-Angle Power Spectrum

16:45-17:00 The observed number counts in luminosity distance space

17:00-17:15

The angular power spectrum of gravitational-wave transient sources as a probe of the large-scale structure

17:15-17:30

Dictionary Learning: A Novel Approach to Detecting Binary Black Holes in the **Presence of Galactic Noise with LISA** 

17:30