

Who is "c"
Scaling weight

$$\Delta = \frac{d}{2} + C$$

$$C = \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{4} - \frac{M^2}{H^2}} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} C = i\rho \\ C \in \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right.$$

Intertwining operators

Invertible, normalizable maps

$$\chi = (\rho, c) \rightarrow \tilde{\chi} = (\rho, -c)$$

$$\Delta + \tilde{\Delta} = d$$

$$G = (\text{normalization}) / (\text{signature})$$



late-time boundary of
de Sitter

$ISO(d, 1)$

$SO(d+1, 1)$

isometry of Mink

-with C. Skordis

Goal: UNITARITY & the

3 ways to build reps

1) from generators

T_g^x

structure preserving

maps

2) for $g \in G$

sun

Dobrev et al

working with function spaces

act on

C_X

3) analytic cont from

the sphere

Higuchi, Lettios

(f_1, f_2)

$f(g) \mapsto f(\vec{x})$ $\vec{x} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ how they transform under stability subgroup

Unitary rep $\hat{\rho} = (\hat{T}_g f_i, \hat{T}_g f_j) = (f_i, f_j)$

$$\int |af|^{-k+c} d\mu$$

In momentum space

$$O(\vec{x}) = \int \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d} e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}} O(k)$$

$$O(E) \sim k^c$$

$$\langle E | E' \rangle = 2\pi i \delta^{(d)}(E - E')$$

$$\phi(\vec{x}, \eta) = \int \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d} e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}} \left[\phi_{\vec{k}}(\eta) a_{\vec{k}} + \phi_{\vec{k}}^*(\eta) a_{-\vec{k}}^\dagger \right]$$

$$\lim_{\eta \rightarrow 0} \phi(\vec{x}, \eta) = \int \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d} e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}} \left[|\eta|^{\frac{d}{2}} \begin{cases} -i\alpha_{\vec{k}} & \vec{k} \geq 0 \\ \beta_{\vec{k}} & \vec{k} \leq 0 \end{cases} + |\eta|^{\frac{d}{2}} \begin{cases} i\alpha_{\vec{k}} & \vec{k} \geq 0 \\ \beta_{\vec{k}} & \vec{k} \leq 0 \end{cases} \right] \langle \phi, \phi \rangle = \int \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d} \langle O(E) | O(E) \rangle \sqrt{c - ip}$$

$$e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}} \phi_i \sim \sqrt{k} G$$

$$\text{states: } |O(E)\rangle = O(E)|0\rangle = k^c |-\vec{k}\rangle$$

Normalization?

$$(c=0, d+1=4)$$

$$c = ip \quad \hat{(O, O)} \quad p \in \mathbb{R} \quad \text{Principal Series}$$

$$(\frac{k}{2})^c$$

$$-\frac{3}{2} < c < \frac{3}{2}$$

Compl.

for $c > 0$

applies for β_L

$$\tilde{O} = G_x^+ O$$

for $c < 0$

for α_L

$$O = G_x^+ \tilde{O}$$

$$c \in \mathbb{R} \cup \{0\}$$

$$O \in \tilde{O}$$

Symmetric traceless tensor (type-I) $SO(2,1), SO(4,1)$

Discrete

$$c = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\tilde{O} = G_{\chi_0^+}^+ O$$

$$(\frac{L}{2})^{3n} \alpha^M$$

$$\alpha_N^H(\vec{E}) =$$

$$\beta_N^H(\vec{E}) =$$

$$\beta_N^L(\vec{E}) =$$

$$\alpha_N^L(\vec{E}) =$$

$$\alpha_N^M(\vec{E}) =$$

$$\sqrt{c} = i\rho$$

to sth

$$\sqrt{4 - \frac{m}{H^2}} \quad \left\{ c \in \mathbb{R} \right.$$

$$\chi = (\rho_{1,c}) \xrightarrow{\text{normalizable maps}} \tilde{\chi} = (\rho_{1,-c})$$

$$\Delta + \tilde{\Delta} = d$$

$$G = (\text{normalization}) (\text{projection})$$

$$\alpha_N^H(\vec{k}) = \sqrt{\rho \pi \sinh(\rho \pi)} \left[-\frac{i}{\pi} \Gamma(\rho) e^{-\rho \pi} a_{\vec{k}} + \frac{1}{\sinh(\rho \pi) \Gamma(1-\rho)} a_{-\vec{k}}^+ \right] \left(\frac{k}{2}\right)^{-\rho}$$

$$\beta_N^L(\vec{k}) = 2^{-v/2} \left[\frac{1 + i \cot(\pi v)}{1 - i \cot(\pi v)} a_{\vec{k}} + a_{-\vec{k}}^+ \right] k^v$$

$$\alpha_N^L(\vec{k}) = -i 2^{v/2} \left[a_{\vec{k}} - a_{-\vec{k}}^+ \right] k^{-v}$$

$$\tilde{\alpha}_N^L(\vec{k}) = -i 2^{v/2} \left[a_{\vec{k}} - a_{-\vec{k}}^+ \right] k^v$$

$$\alpha_N^M(\vec{k}) = -i 2^{3v/4} \left[a_{\vec{k}} - a_{-\vec{k}}^+ \right] k^{-3v/2}$$

$$[\alpha_N^L \beta_N^L] \neq 0$$



Scalar Particles at the late-time boundary of de Sitter

Set up: free $ds^2 = \frac{-d\eta^2 + d\vec{x}^2}{H^2 |\eta|^2}$ ∇

Wigner
spatial boundaries
 $\frac{dS_{d+1}}{Mink}$

AdS
at timelike boundary

Particles \rightarrow UIR $(SO(d,1))$ - with C. Skordis
 $SO(d+1,1)$ isometry of Mink

$\lambda > 0$ No global ∂_η

$\lambda = 0$

$\lambda < 0$

Goal: UNITARITY & the inner product

$SO(d+1,1)$
 dS_{d+1}

\tilde{N} -transl

dilatations $A = SO(1,1)$

SCT N

Rotations $M = SO(d)$

maximally compact $K = SO(d+1)$

Casimir $\chi = \{\ell, c\}$

Invariant/stability subgroup NAM, K

$SO(d,1)$
 $Mink_{d+1}$

t -transl

\tilde{N} -transl.

boosts

rotations

3 ways to build reps

- 1) from generators Sun
- 2) for $g \in G$ working with function spaces Sun, Dobrev et al
- 3) analytic cont. from the sphere Higuchi, Lettia

Translations categorisation \rightarrow ref momenta

Who is "c" Scaling weight

$$\Delta = \frac{d}{2} + C$$

$$C = \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{4} - \frac{m^2}{H^2}} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} C = ip \\ C \in R \end{array} \right\}$$

In momentum space

$$\mathcal{O}(\vec{x}) = \int \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d} e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}} \mathcal{O}(\vec{k})$$

$$\mathcal{O}(E) \sim k^c$$

$$\mathcal{D}(\vec{x}, \eta) = \int \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d} e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}} [\phi_c(\eta) a_{\vec{k}} + \phi_{-c}(\eta) a_{-\vec{k}}^+]$$

$$\langle E | E' \rangle = 2\pi^d S^d (\vec{r} - \vec{r}')$$

$$\lim_{\eta \rightarrow 0} \mathcal{D}(\vec{x}, \eta) = \int \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d} e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}} \left[|\eta|^{\frac{d}{2} - \frac{1-i\rho}{2}} \underbrace{|\alpha(\vec{k})|}_{\text{Normaliz.?}} + |\eta|^{\frac{d}{2} + \frac{1+i\rho}{2}} \underbrace{|\beta(\vec{k})|}_{\text{Normalization?}} \right]$$

$$|\mathcal{O}(E)\rangle = \int \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d} \underbrace{\langle \mathcal{O}(E)| \mathcal{O}(E') \rangle}_{k^{(c+c')}} \underbrace{|k\rangle}_{\substack{c=i\rho \\ c \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0, i\}}} \quad \begin{cases} c=i\rho \\ c \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0, i\} \end{cases}$$

$$l=0, d+l=4$$

$$c = i\rho \quad (\mathcal{Q}, \mathcal{Q}) \quad \rho \in \mathbb{R} \quad \text{Principal Series}$$

$$-\frac{3}{2} < c < \frac{3}{2} \quad \text{Compl.}$$

$$c \in \mathbb{R} \quad (\mathcal{O}, \widetilde{\mathcal{O}})$$

$$\Delta \in \mathbb{Z} \cup \{0\} \quad \text{Discrete}$$

Who is "c" scaling weight

$$\Delta = \frac{d}{2} + c$$

$$c = \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{4} - \frac{m^2}{H^2}} \quad \begin{cases} c = i\rho \\ c \in \mathbb{R} \end{cases}$$

Set up: free $ds^2 = \frac{-dy^2 + dx^2}{H^2 t^2}$

Wigner
Special
boundary

$$\begin{cases} dS_{d+1} \\ \text{Mink} \\ \text{AdS} \end{cases}$$

Particles \rightarrow UIR

$$\begin{cases} \Lambda > 0 \\ \Lambda = 0 \\ \Lambda < 0 \end{cases}$$

No global at

de Sitter

-with C. Skordis

$ISO(d, 1)$

$SO(d+1, 1)$

isometry of Mink

Goal: UNITARITY & the

$$SO(d+1, 1)$$

$$dS_{d+1}$$

$$ISO(d, 1)$$

$$\text{Mink}_{d+1}$$

\vec{x} -transl \tilde{N}

$$\begin{cases} \text{dilatations} & A = SO(1, 1) \\ \text{SCT} & N \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{Rotations} & M = SO(d) \\ \text{maximally compact} & K = SO(d+1) \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Casimir} \quad \chi = \{ \ell, c \}$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{Invariant/stability subgroup} & \text{NAM}, K \xrightarrow{\text{Discrete}} \\ & \text{Principal & Comp} \end{cases}$$

t -transl

\vec{x} -transl.

boosts

rotations

3 ways to build reps

1) from generators

Sun

T_g^χ structure preserving

maps

2) for $g \in G$ working with function spaces

Sun , Dobrev et al

act on

χ

3) analytic cont. from Higuchi, Lettios

$C_\chi = \{ f : \text{Domain} \rightarrow V, \text{ properties related to the place how they transform under stability subgroup} \}$

(f_1, f_2)

Unitary rep: $(T_g^\chi f_1, T_g^\chi f_2) \stackrel{!}{=} (f_1, f_2)$

$$\int |a|^{-k+\alpha''}$$

In momentum space

$$\mathcal{O}(\vec{x}) = \int \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d} e^{i \vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}}$$

$$\mathcal{D}(\vec{x}, \eta) = \int \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d} e^{i \vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}} [\quad]$$

$$\lim_{\eta \rightarrow 0} \mathcal{D}(\vec{x}, \eta) = \int \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d} e^{i \vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}} [\quad]$$

$$(=0, d+1=4)$$

$$c = i p \quad (\mathcal{O}, \bar{\mathcal{O}})$$

$$c \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$(\mathcal{O}, \bar{\mathcal{O}})$$