



OLD DOMINION
UNIVERSITY

EPFL Framework for EIC

Leon van Riesen-Haupt, Tirsi Prebibaj, Lara Sievert, Tatiana Pieloni



EPFL Framework

- Xsuite workflow that
 - Applies user specified field errors and misalignments
 - Runs global orbit and optics correction algorithms
- More details in Tirsi's slides
- Xsuite allows for
 - Readily install other perturbations including beam-beam effects, electron cloud, impedance and space charge
 - Spin tracking
 - Accessibility for other European collaborators – HL-LHC control room tool
 - Complement and strengthen BMAD results



Requirements

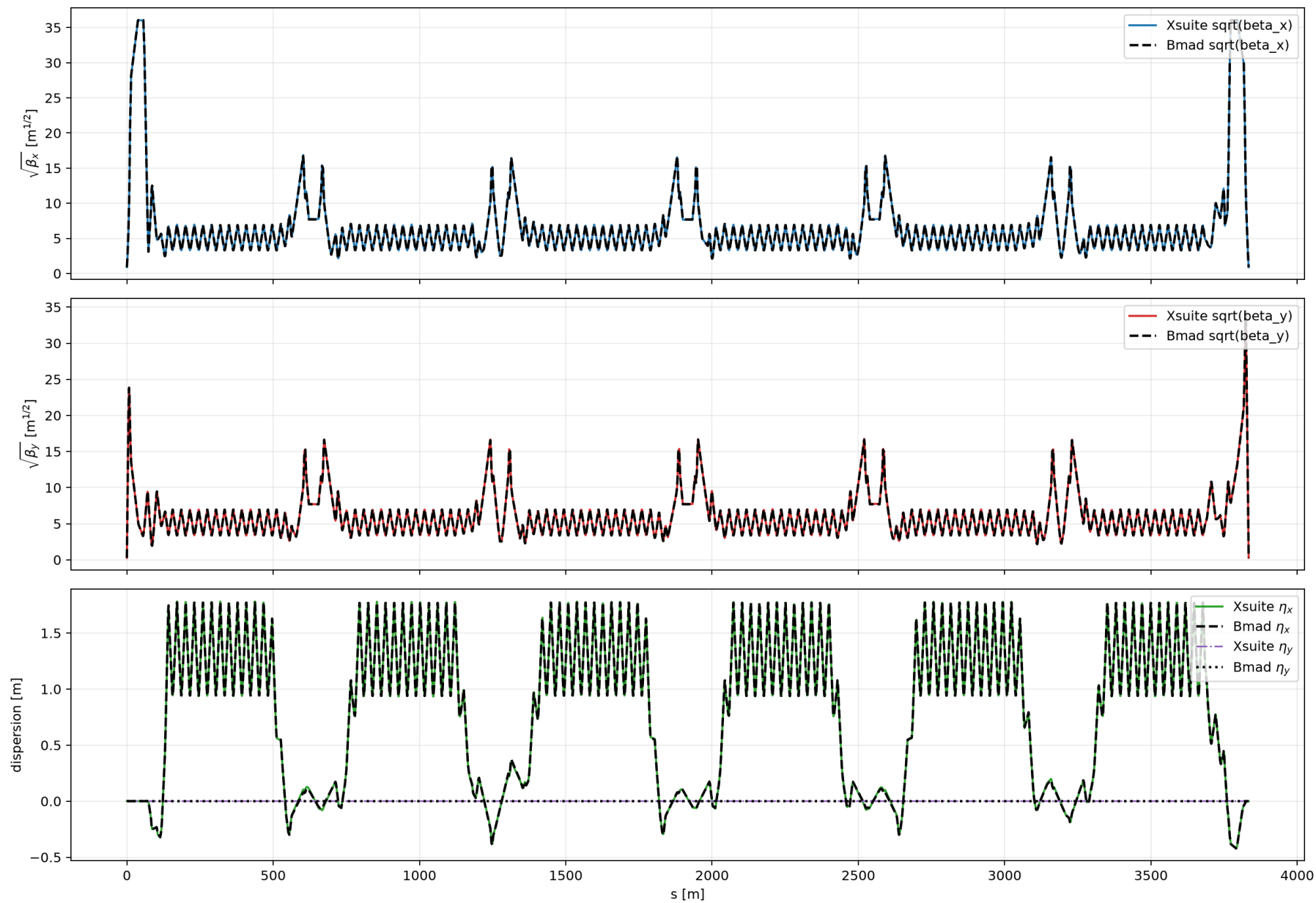
- Lattices in Xsuite
 - Conversion from MADX built in but needs to be tested
- Magnet errors
 - Do EIC estimates exist?
 - Adapt from other large colliders LHC, FCC, RHIC?
- BPMs, correctors and optics tuning knobs
 - Either installed in lattice or locations for thin kicks/markers
 - Multiple approaches possible



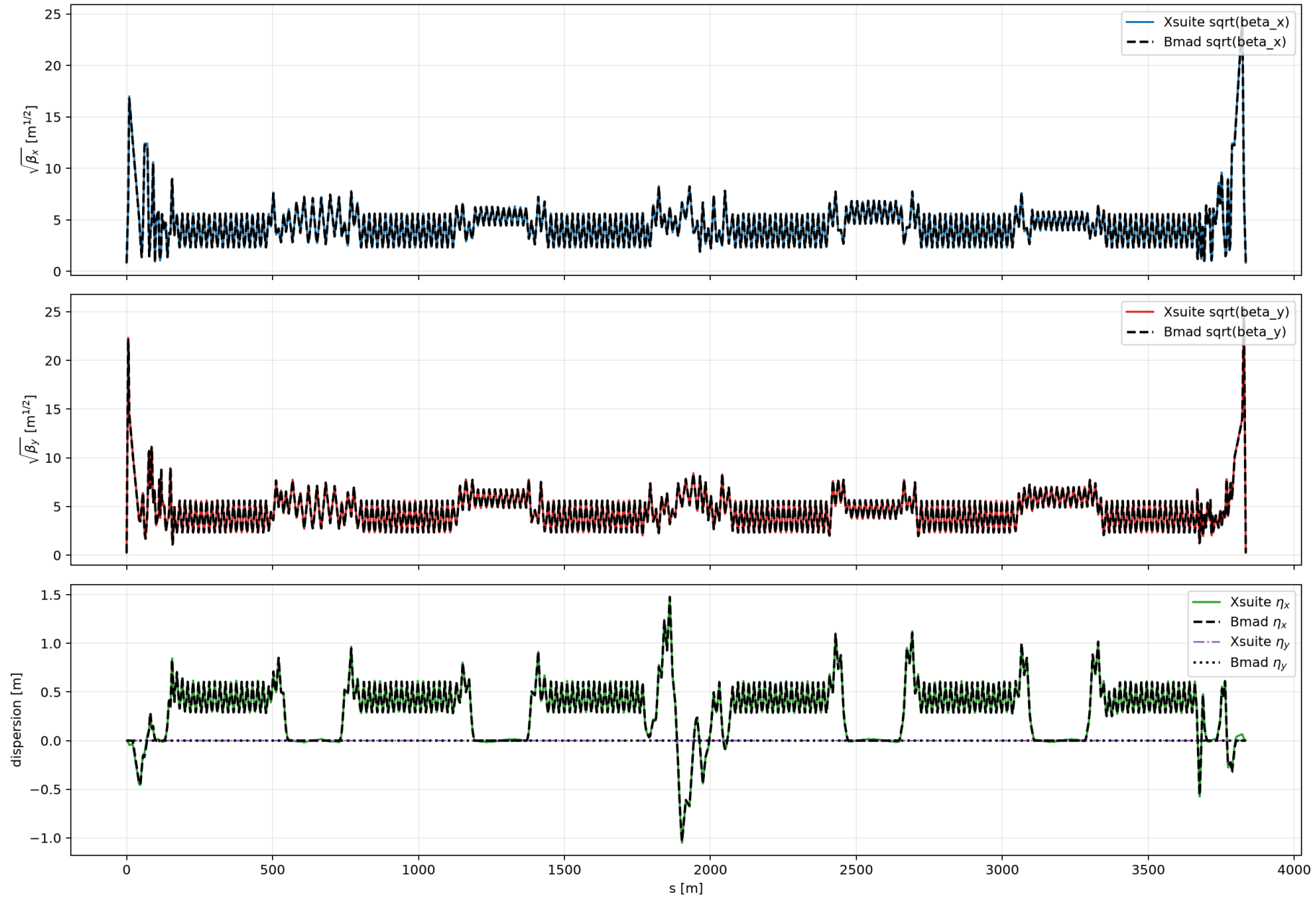
Xsuite Lattices

- All MADX elements recognized by Xsuite
 - Need to make sure this is the case when more details added e.g. complicated solenoid geometries
- Most robust test – compare Xsuite optics to BMAD
 - Beta functions and dispersion
 - Both HSR and ESR
 - Check geometry

HSR optics: beta and dispersion



ESR optics: beta and dispersion





Correctors and BPMs

- Could place correctors and BPMs manually
 - Start with conservative approach next to every quadrupole
 - Remove systematically and observe change in beam quality
- Implement baseline scheme once available
- Ability to evaluate efficacy of different designs including
 - Different error seeds and distributions
 - BPM tolerances
 - Other effects in the long run
- Also indication of space requirements and radiation