

Particle & Nuclear Physics with Quantum Optics

The QuIPS Experiment

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OSSAP Workshop 2026



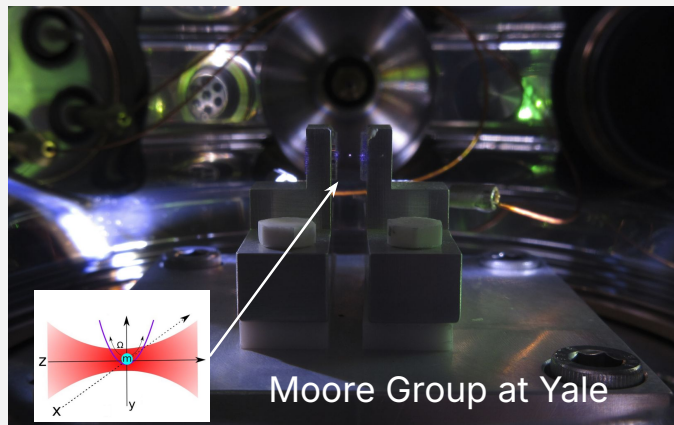
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Starting line:

Optically levitated 100 nm silica sphere (~fg) in high vacuum (<10⁻⁷ mBar)

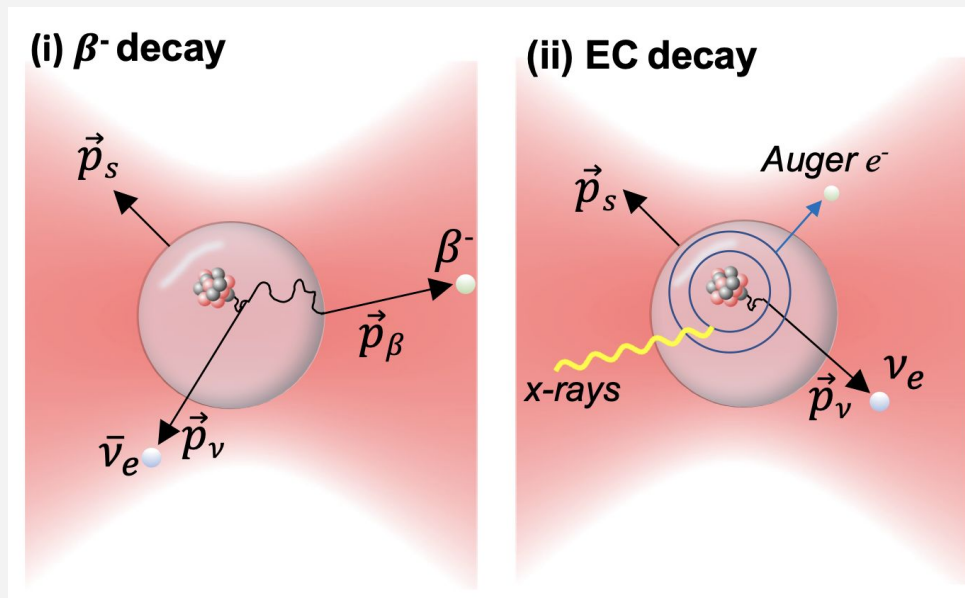
- Operated at (*or near*) the standard quantum limit (SQL)

$$\Delta p_{\text{SQL}} = \sqrt{\hbar m_s \Omega_s} = 15 \text{ keV} \times \left(\frac{m_s}{1 \text{ fg}} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{\Omega_s/2\pi}{100 \text{ kHz}} \right)^{1/2}$$



For the impatient, make your own source...

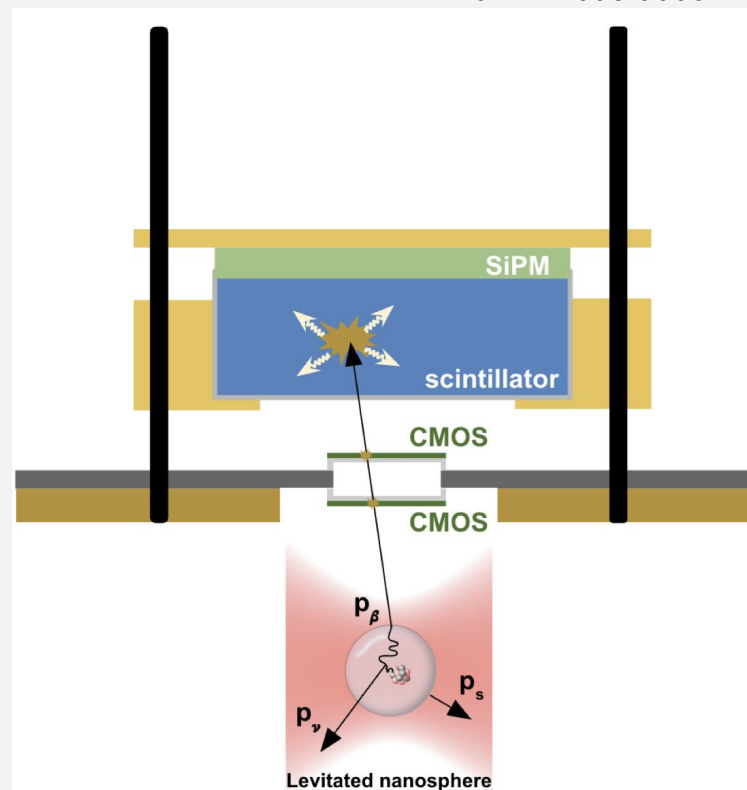
Embed radioisotopes in an optically trapped nanosphere surrounded by particle detectors



Full kinematic reconstruction of nuclear decays

arXiv:2608.06661

1. Impulse measurement of sphere
 - a. + measure charge state
2. Beta measured by particle detectors
3. Reconstruct momentum of neutrino
4. Profit!

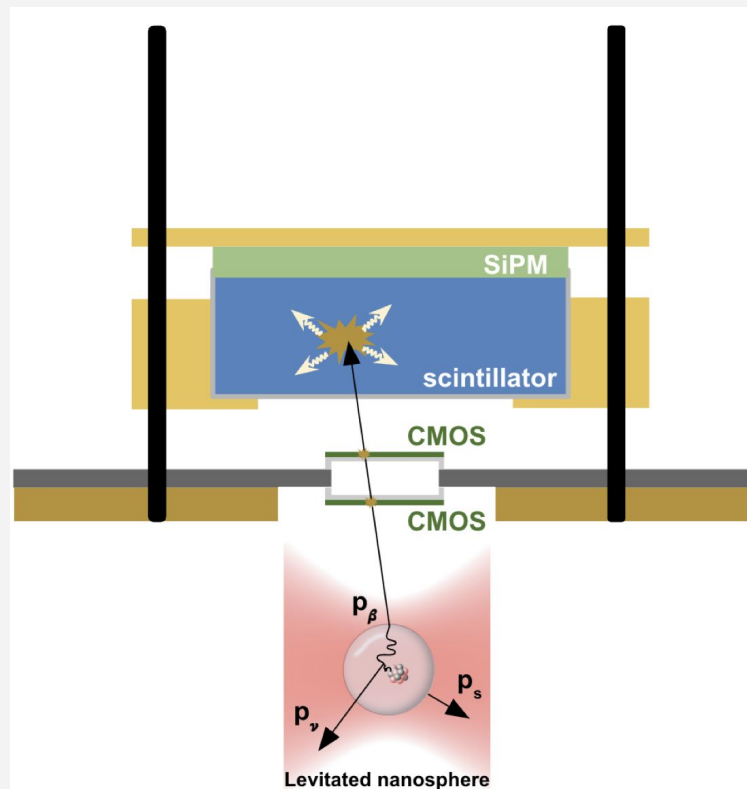


Full kinematic reconstruction of nuclear decays

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Backgrounds...



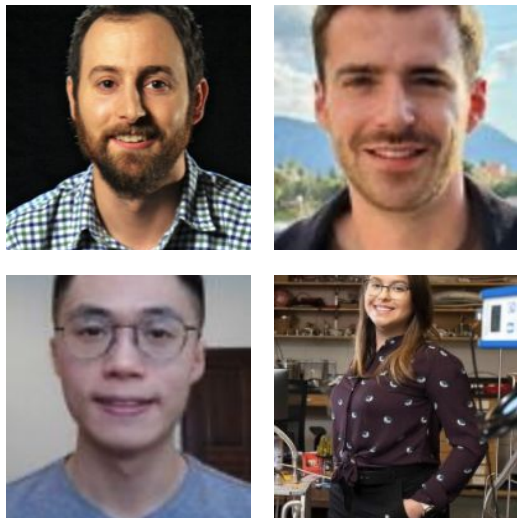
What's the physics reach?

Reconstruct momentum of neutrino to ...

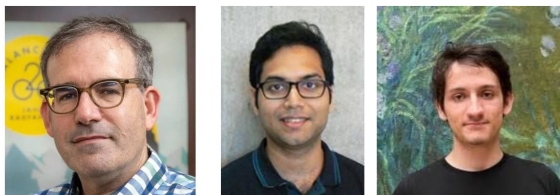
- Search for sterile neutrinos
 - Measure neutrino mass (?)
- Angular correlation of beta and neutrino
- Search for axions in nuclear deexcitations
- Nuclear forensics
- Measure rare decays
- ...

Quantum Invisible Particle Sensor (QuIPs)

QuIPs team at Yale



QuIPs team at Berkeley



QuIPs team at LBL



FUNDING & SUPPORT



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First goal: heavy sterile neutrinos

Tackle multiple outstanding neutrino and SM problems all at once...

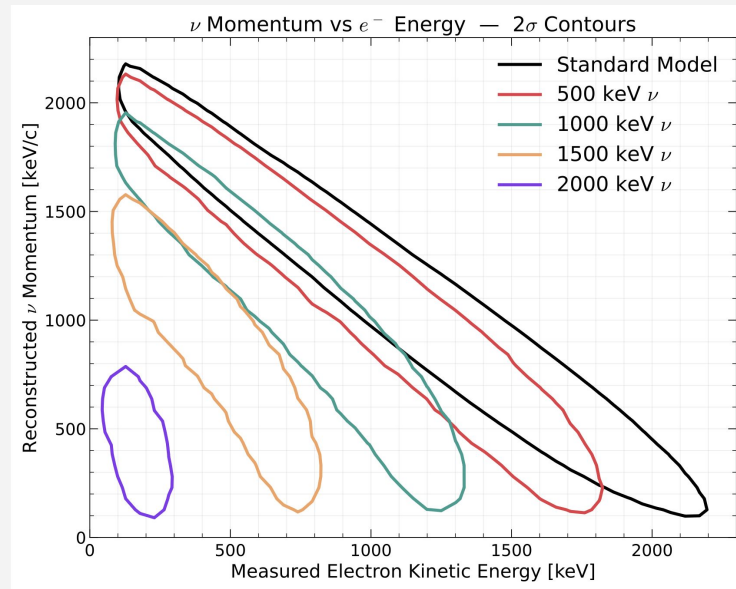
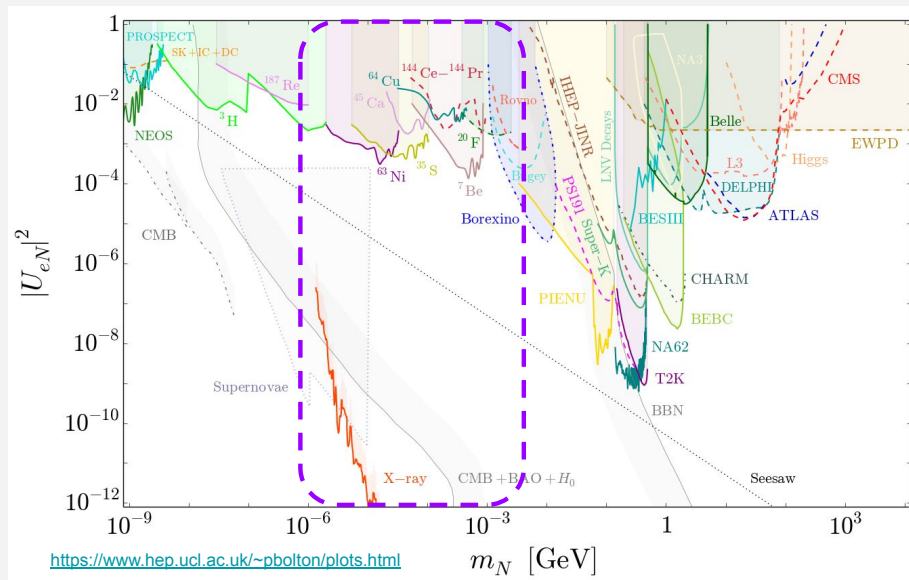
- Neutrino mass
- Matter-Antimatter asymmetry
- Dark Matter candidate



Measurement plan

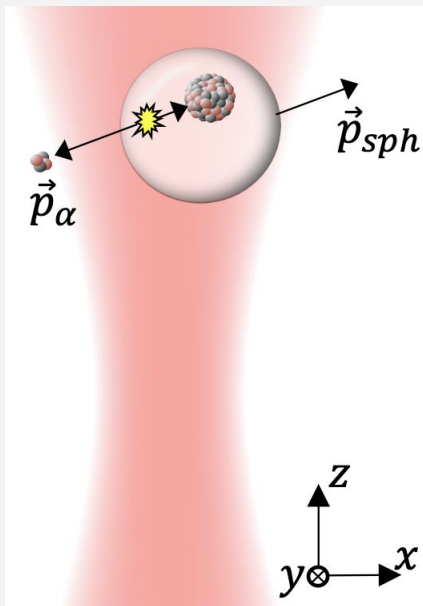
Embed ^{90}Y beta ($Q = 2279$ keV, 2.7 day half-life) in 100 nm silica nanosphere

- $\sim 10^5$ isotopes at 1% loading (*can we do better?*)

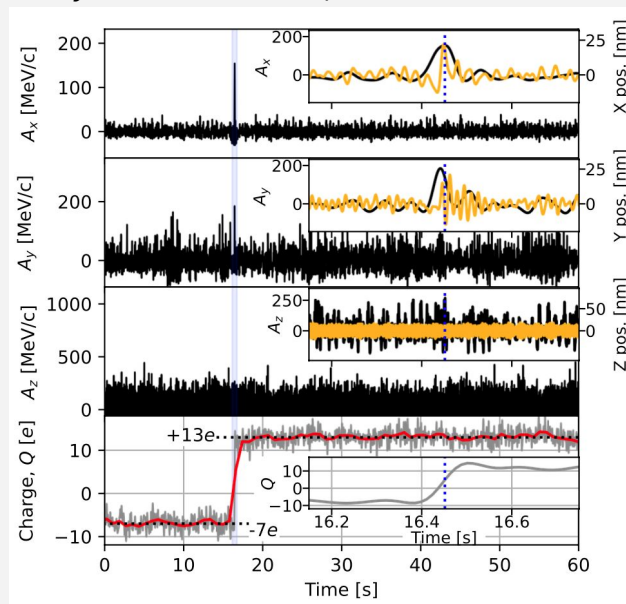


Proof of principle at Yale

Optomechanical detection of alpha and beta decays in 1.5 μm sphere using Pb-212 chain

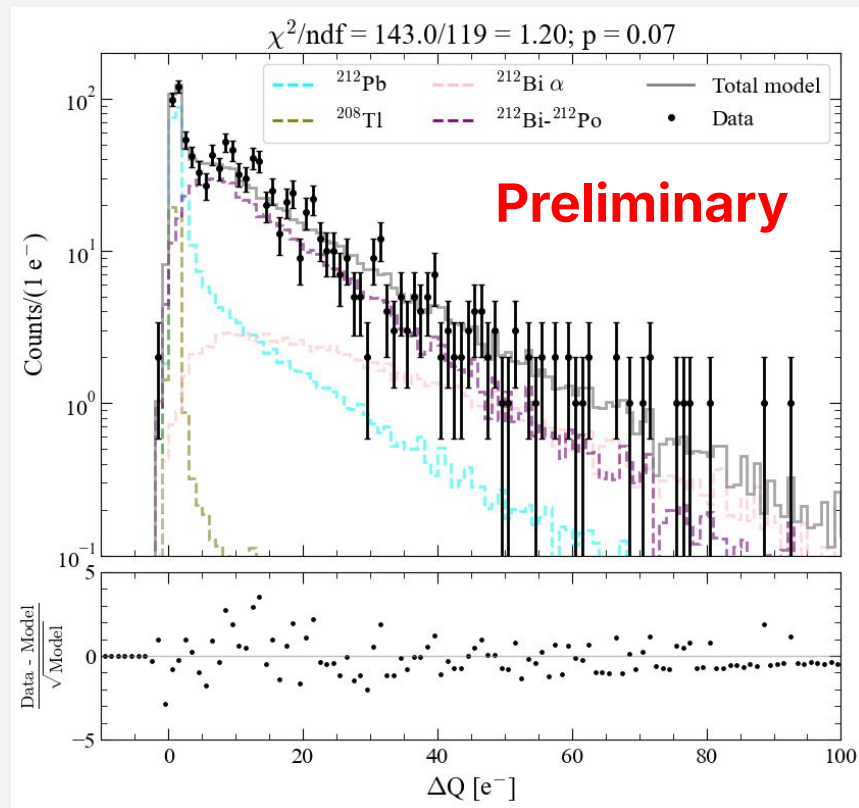


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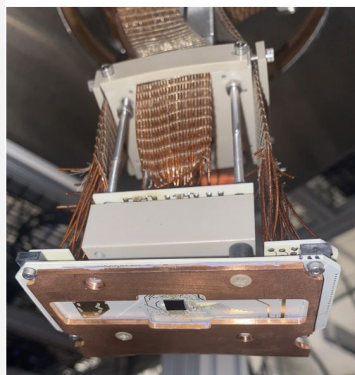
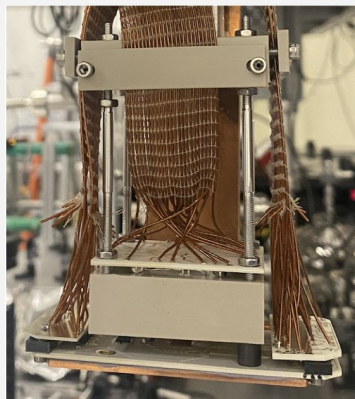
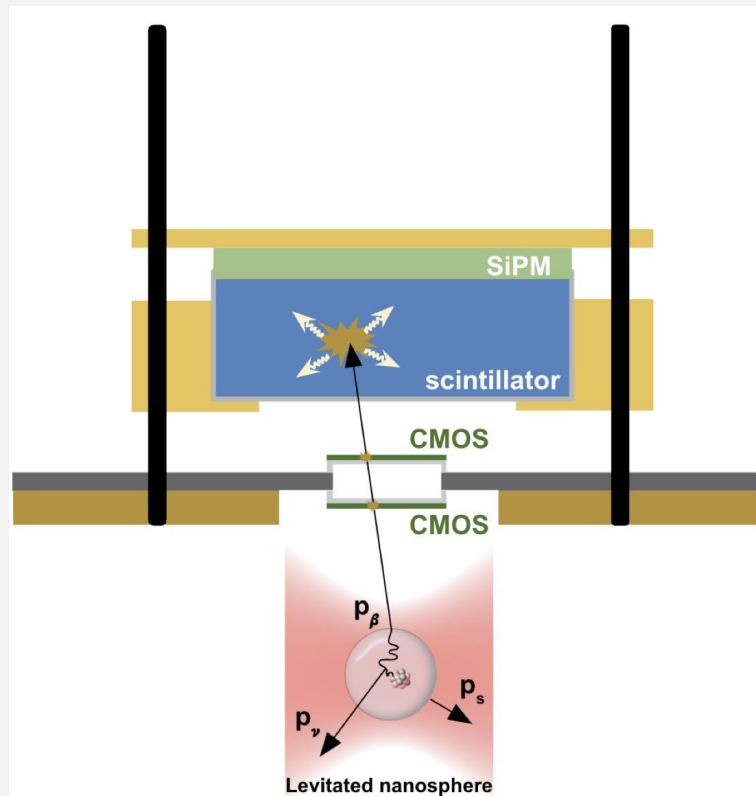


Proof of principle at Yale

- Model *all* electrons down to 0.9 eV surface affinity of SiO_2
- Make predictions...
 - For other decays
 - For other geometries



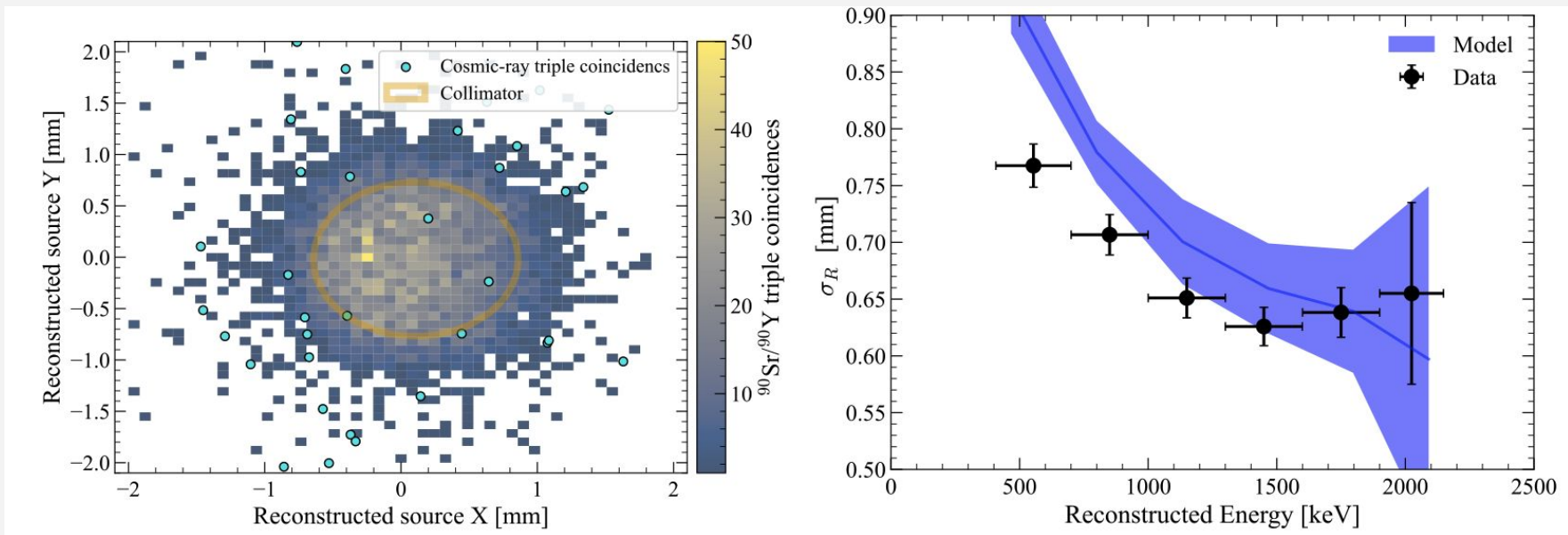
Proof of principle at LBL



arXiv:2608.06661

Proof of principle at LBL

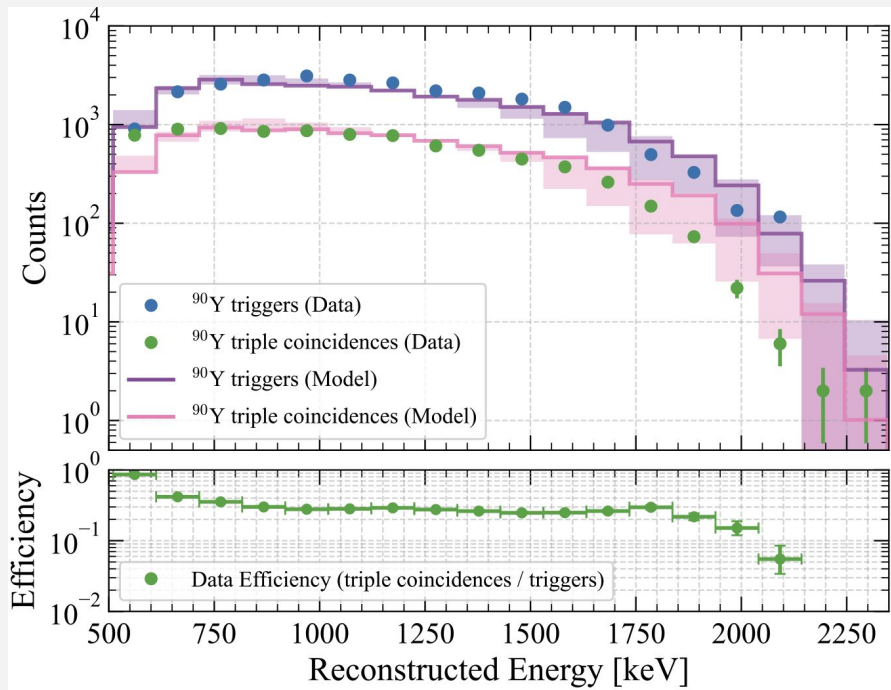
Goal 1: Reconstruct source of emitted beta*



*Using a collimated source as opposed to a point source nanosphere

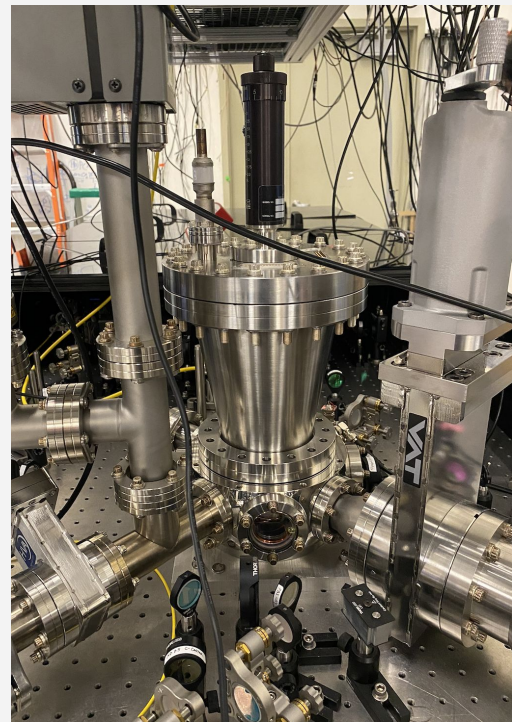
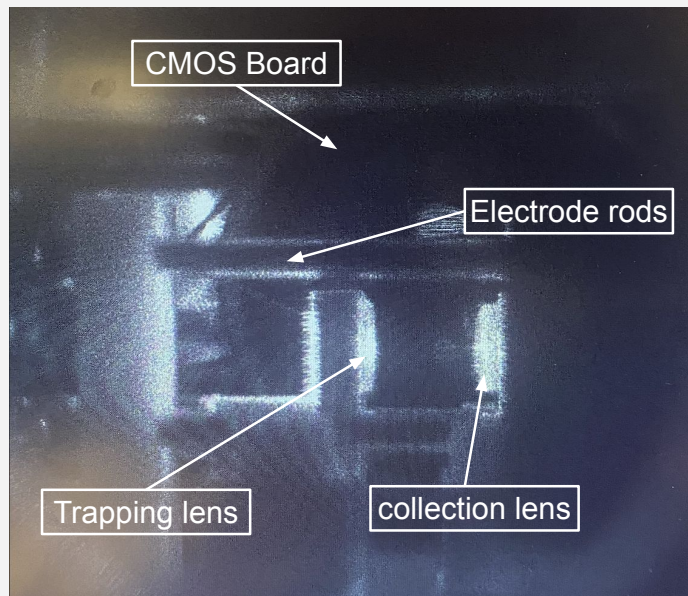
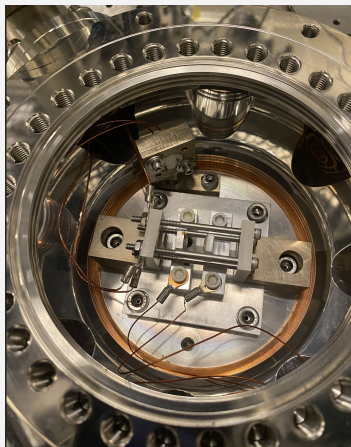
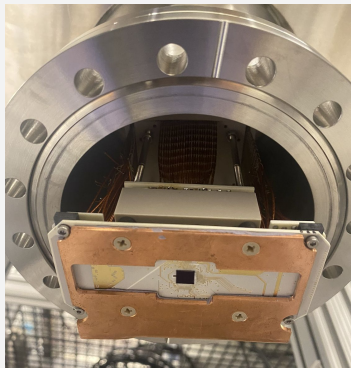
Proof of principle at LBL

Goal 2: Reconstruct beta energy*



*Data taken with high trigger threshold, not a fundamental limitation of system

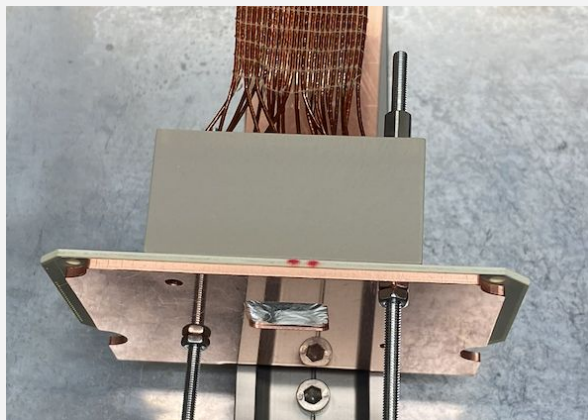
Combined demonstrator: 'beta' tests



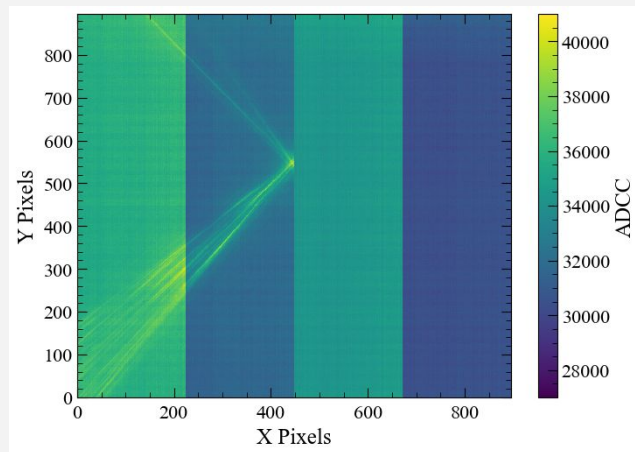
Lessons learned

Single photon sensitive devices are sensitive to single photons

- Already a problem at $\sim$ nW of 1064 nm
- **Use 1550 nm laser $\rightarrow$ below silicon bandgap!**



Hermetic sealed detector with Aluminum reflectors

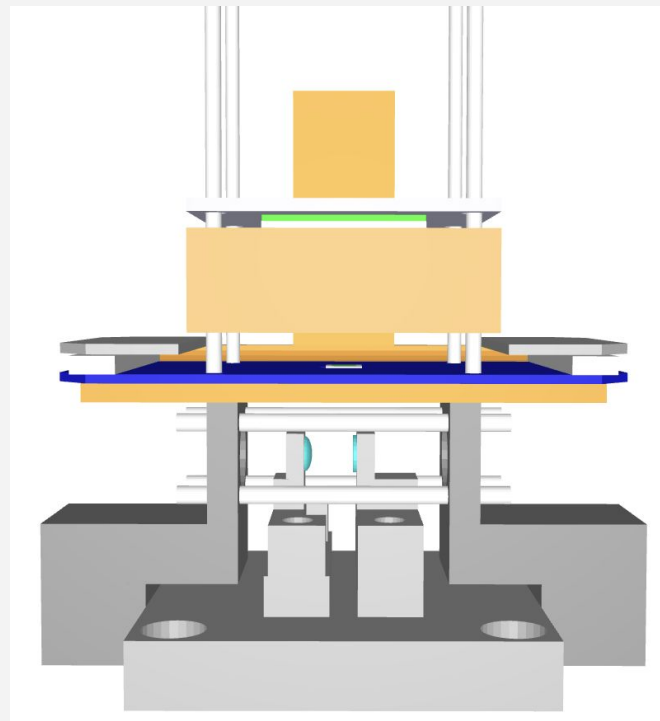


Scattered light pattern on pixelated CMOS array

Detector design

Simulations imitate experiment imitate simulations

- Dedicated Geant4 simulations
 - Motivate detector requirements
 - Mitigate backgrounds



Geant4 model of QulPS detectors

Optimizing readout to
'squeeze' the most out of
momentum resolution



Designing optical system
compatible with particle
detectors



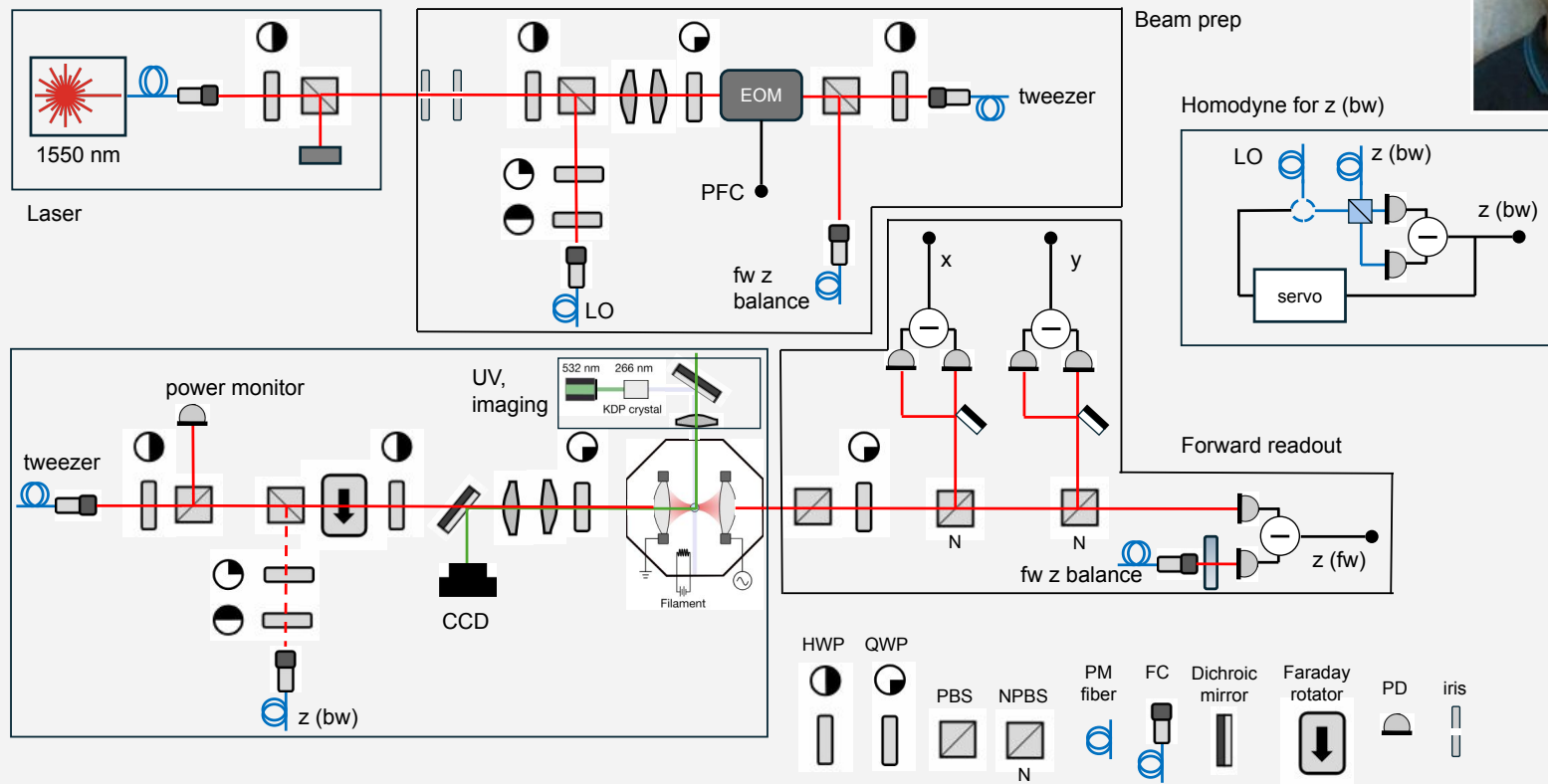
Simulating full-system
response to optimize
detector design



Codesign optics and particle detectors at LBL



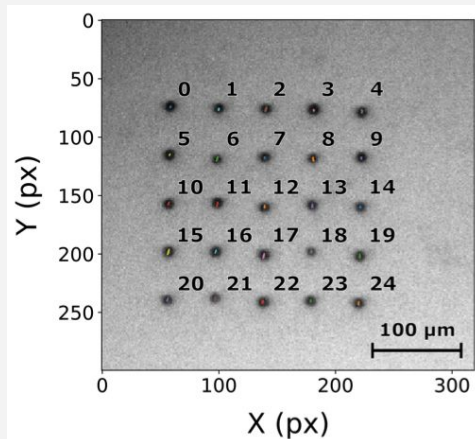
Preliminary design



Technical Challenges

- Controlling activity within the sphere
 - Need repeatable production of radioactive spheres
- Loading strategy
 - Excess spheres = excess radioactivity
⇒ deterministic loading required
- Scaling → levitated arrays
 - ~100 spheres, ~1 year, ~ SQL to reach seesaw bounds
- *Unknown unknowns...*

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Summary

- QulPS experiment is rapidly working towards a first combined demonstration using F-18 at Yale
- Optical levitation setup at LBL is being designed with 1550 nm laser
 - Special care to codesign optics and particle detectors for maximum sensitivity