

The background of the slide features a photograph of a large industrial truck, possibly a container transporter, in a warehouse or port setting. Overlaid on this image is a semi-transparent, glowing blue wireframe model of the same truck, showing its structural components like the chassis, wheels, and frame. The overall color scheme is dominated by blue tones.

Rapiscan[®]

Academic-industry collaboration on source development for security screening

David Sharp (not an accelerator physicist)

Particle Accelerator and Beams Conference, Lancaster, July 1st 2026

- 
- Who are Rapiscan?
- Why we use particle accelerators for security?
- Anatomy of an industrial particle accelerator
- R&D drivers for industrial accelerators
- University engagement
- DEPART
- ORION
- ARRIVALS
- Urban-Air Port App
- Journey planning, flight reservations, check-in & boarding
 - E-commerce platform: Urban-Air Choice®
 - Browse and buy retail brand showcase, as well as exclusive offers through our partnerships with service providers and event organisers
 - Click & Collect ordering from the
 - Integrated vending solutions
 - Loyalty program with benefits and
 - Online payment options

Who are Rapiscan?

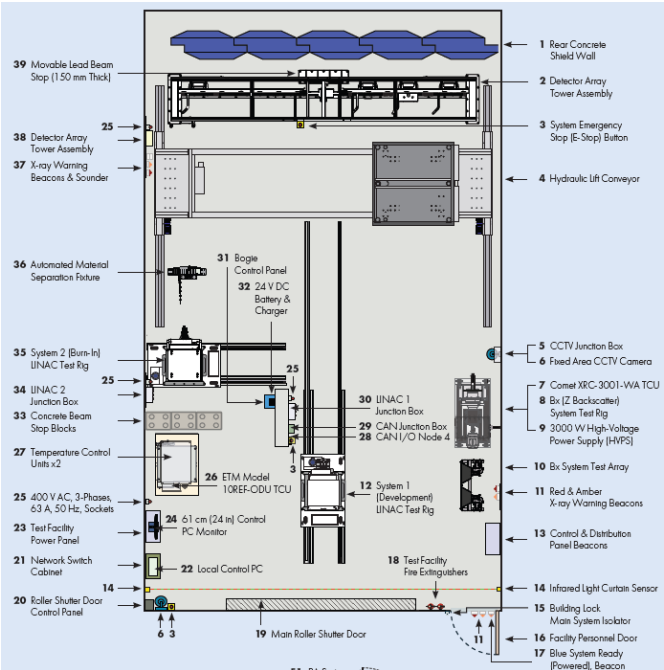
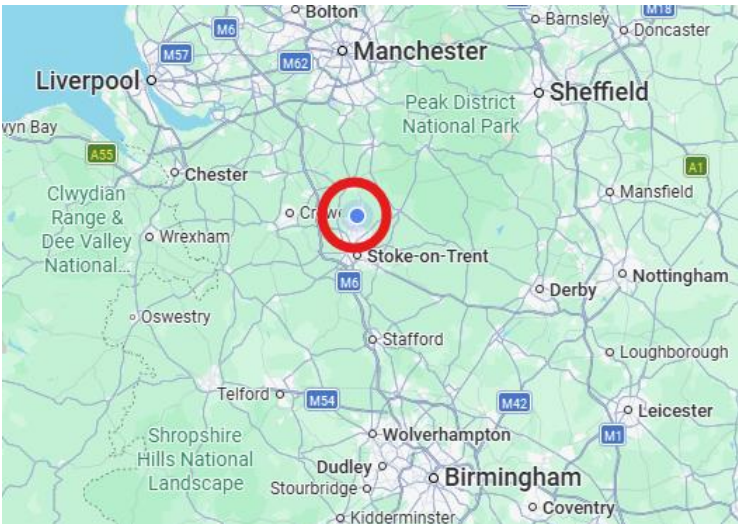


Global leaders in security screening technology.

Site based in Biddulph, just north of Stoke-on-Trent (another in Salfords near Gatwick).

Home to our x-ray imaging laboratory, including linac test bunkers, that enable sub-system level performance testing.

Footprint at Daresbury as tenants of the Campus Technology Hub.



DEVELOP TEST VALIDATE

SECURITY SOLUTIONS FOR A SAFER WORLD

Cargo & Vehicle Inspection Systems

Rapiscan®



Portals
for Cargo & Trucks



Gantry
for Cargo & Trucks



Mobile & Trailer
for Cargo & Trucks



Rail
for Rail Cargo



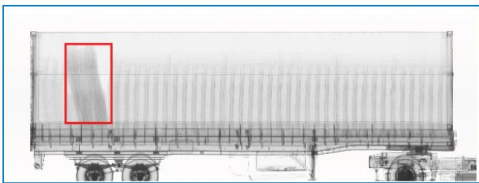
Portals
for Passenger Vehicles



Air Cargo



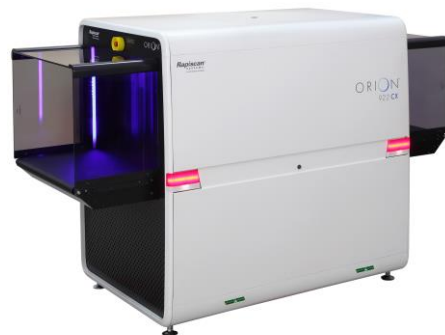
Handheld



insight®
Intelligent Image Analytics

Aviation and checkpoint inspection

Rapiscan®



**Baggage & Parcel
X-ray**



**EDS for
Cabin Baggage**



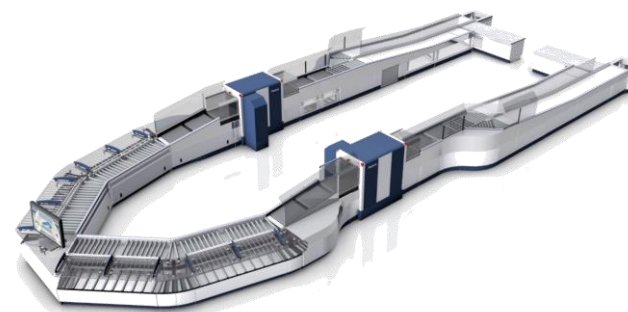
**Real-Time
Tomography EDS**



Trace Detection



People Screening



Tray Return System



Training



Portal



Mobile



Pedestrian



Conveyor



Portable



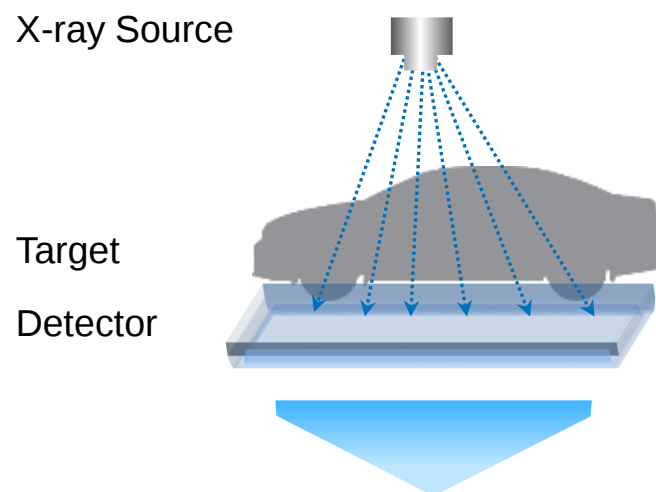
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Complementary Detection Technology: Transmission X-rays and Z Backscatter X-rays

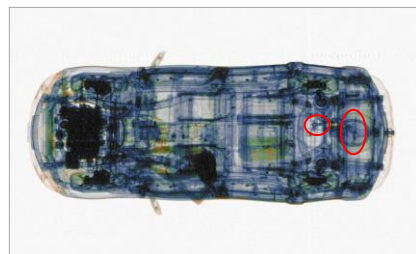
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Transmission

X-rays detect by passing an X-ray beam through a target to a detector on the far side.

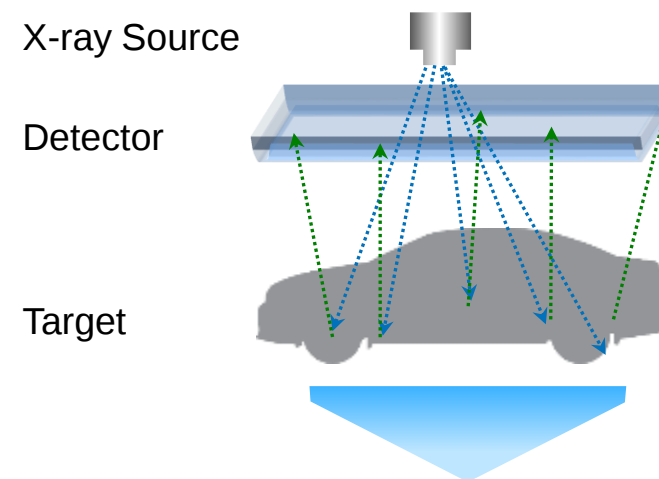


The transmission image reveals two weapons in the rear of the vehicle

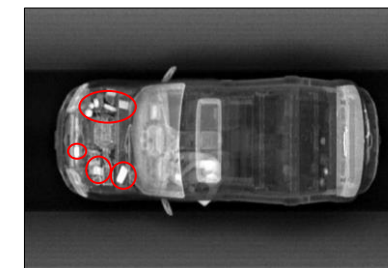


Z Backscatter

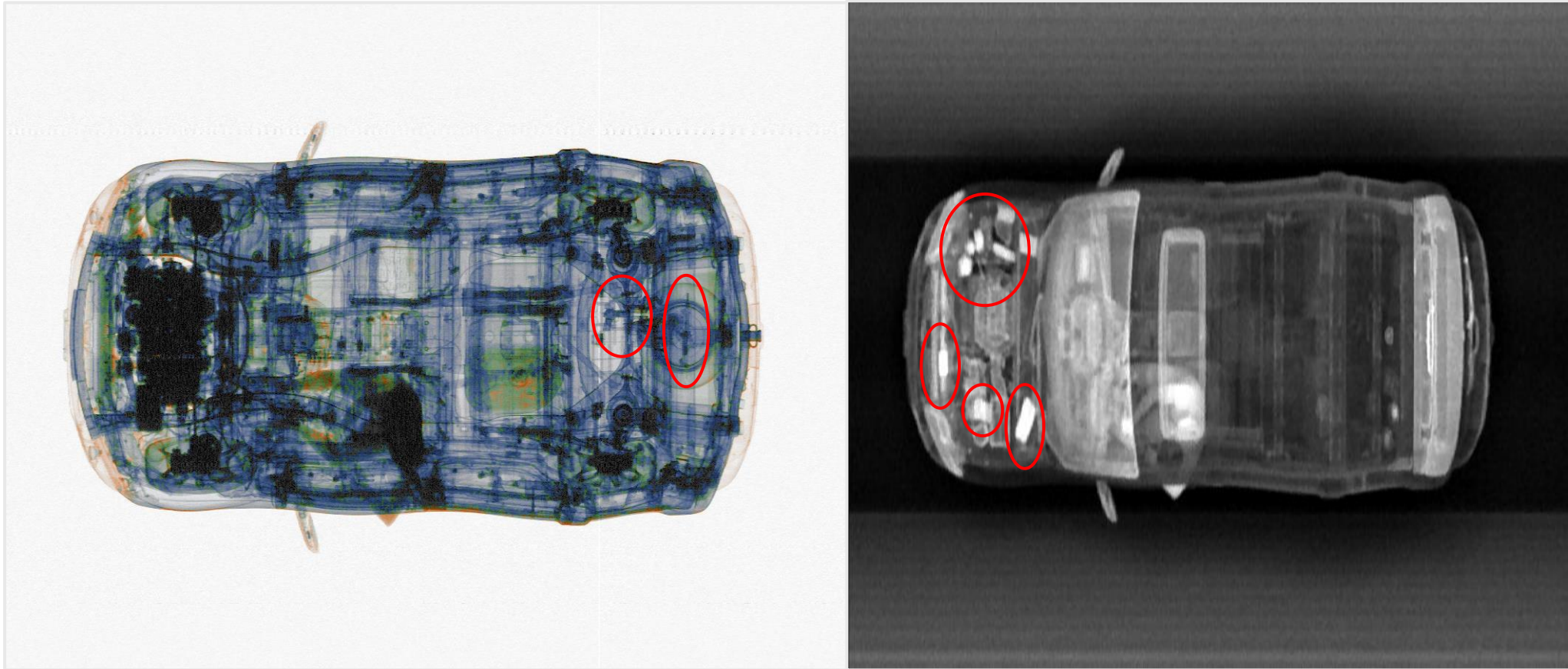
X-rays detect by reflecting an X-ray beam from a target to a detector on the near side, creating a photo-like image that is easy to interpret.



The Z Backscatter image of the same vehicle reveals hidden drugs and currency



Transmission X-rays and Z Backscatter X-rays



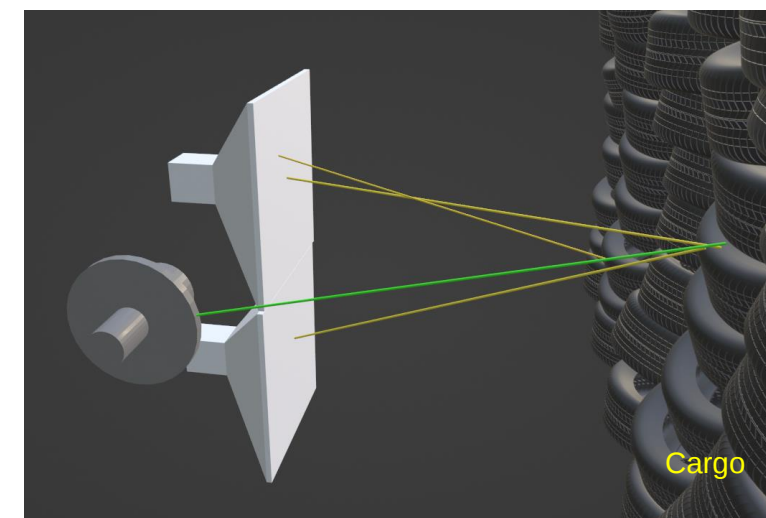
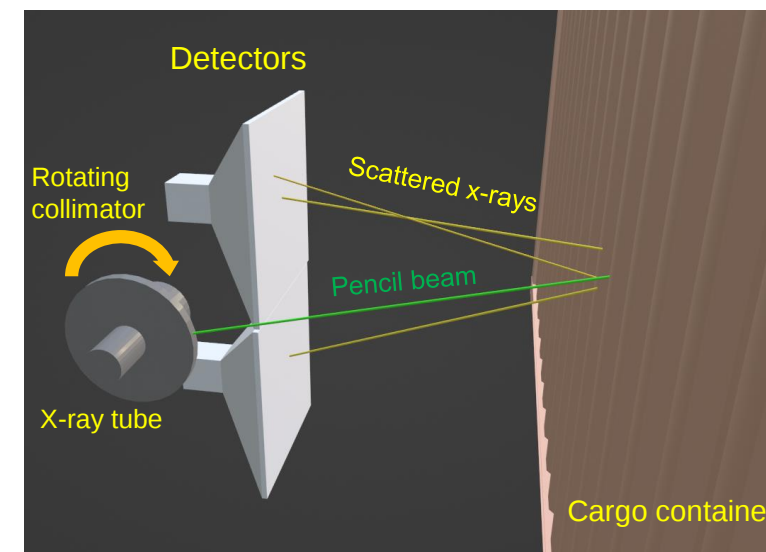
Backscatter (Bx) systems

- X-ray source: **Tube around 200 keV**
- Collimated beam: Rotating pencil beam
- Directed onto object
- Object scatters X rays
- Some X rays reach detectors source-side
- Signal on detectors changes: Scintillator screen – PM tube

Mobile units



Handheld units



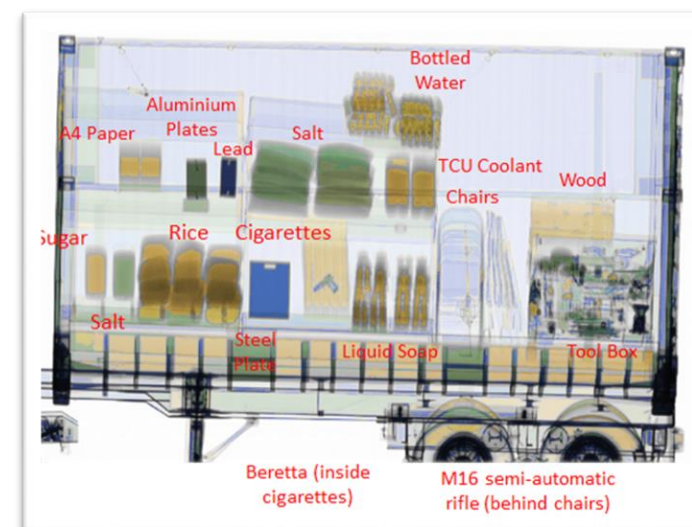
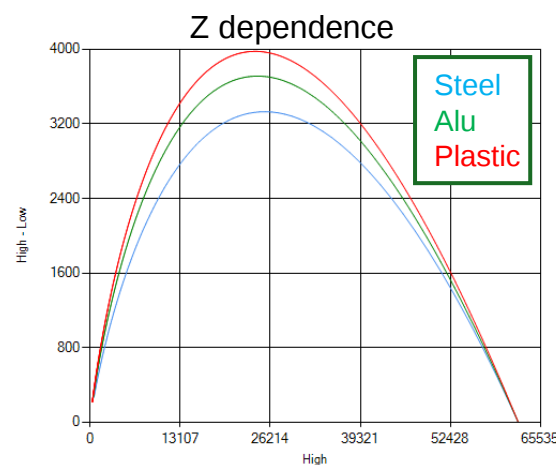
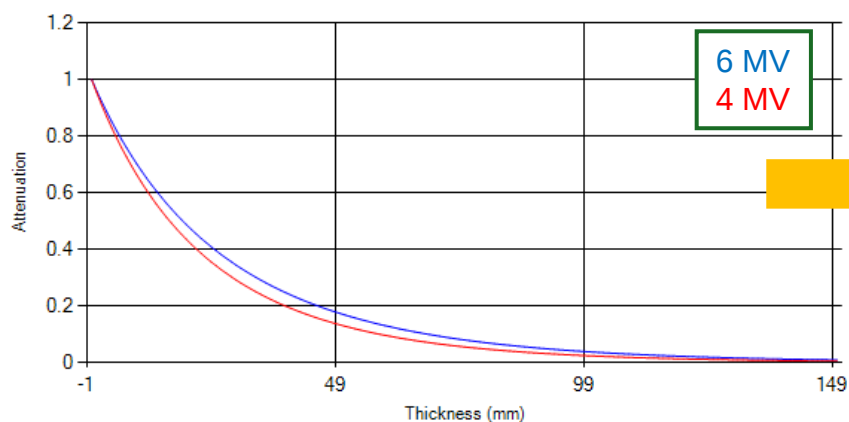
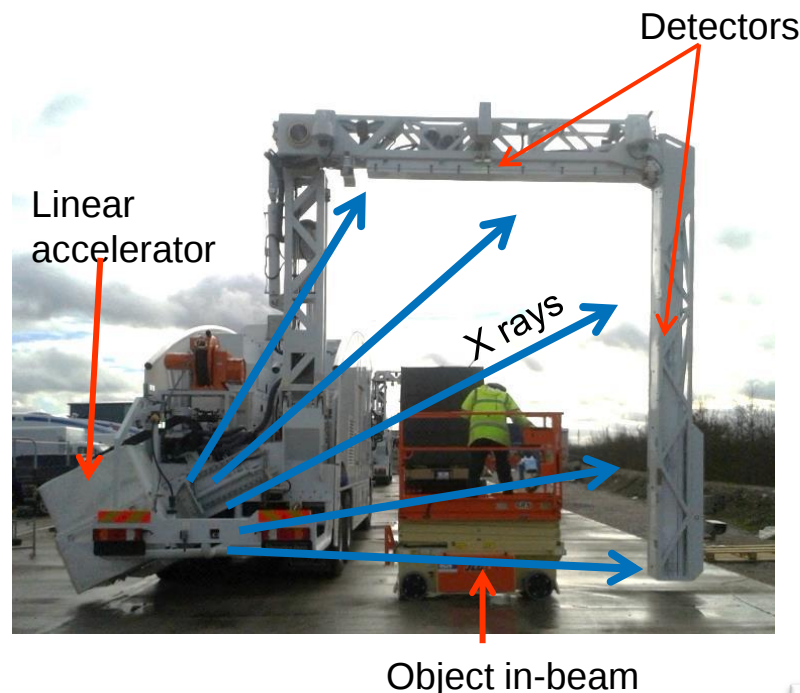
Transmission systems

Transmission imaging concept

- Linac X-ray source
- Collimated beam
- Directed onto sensitive detectors
- Object between source and detectors
- Object attenuates x-ray beam
- Signal on detectors changes

Dual-energy system 4-6 MeV

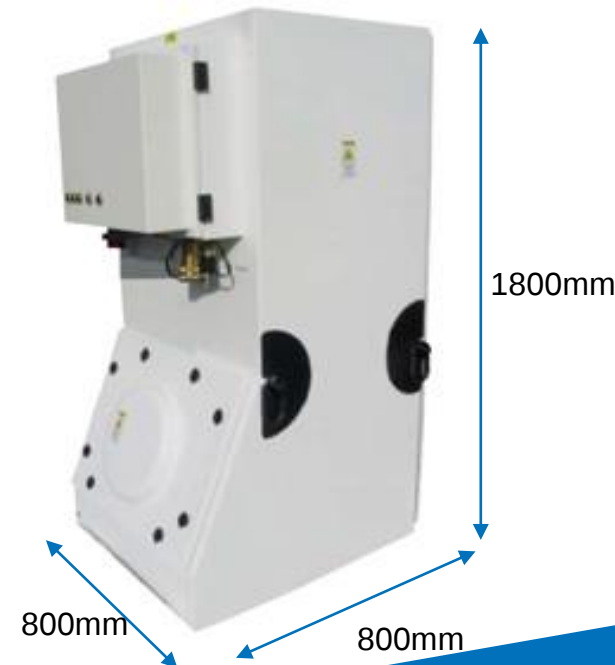
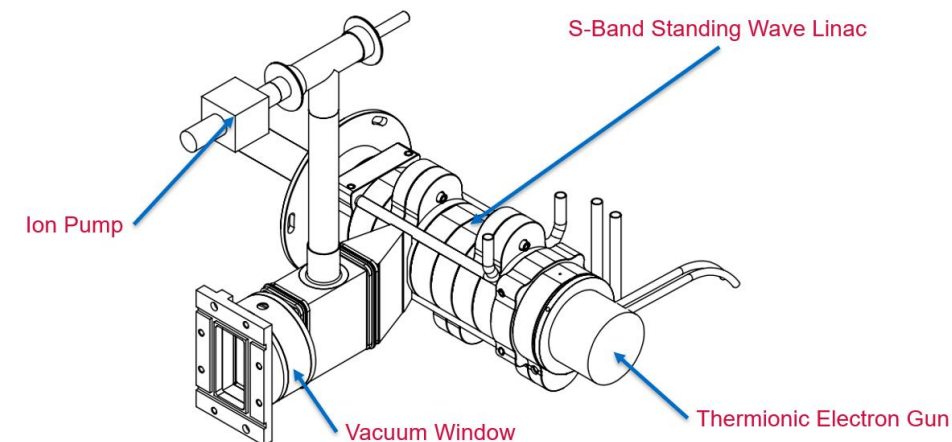
- Attenuation through thicknesses of steel
- Observe difference between energies



Linacs for Security

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- Accelerator design for security is mature and **there has been little development.**
- Linacs used in cargo inspection systems are typically:
 - **Normal conducting electron linacs**
 - Standing wave design
 - Magnetron RF source
 - Self Contained Systems
- Beam energy ranges from 1 to 9 MeV
 - **Typical energies are 2.5MeV and (4)/6MeV**
- Beam currents up to 200mA
- Beam spot size of <2mm
- Repetition rates of up to 800Hz
 - Typically closer to 400Hz



- **Linac critical to imaging performance** Defines (along with detector geometry) throughput (rep rate), penetration and exclusion zone (dose), material discrimination (stable energy output).
- **Dose Optimisation** We have a legal responsibility to minimise dose to people; this means we need to optimise source design to deliver maximum performance at minimum dose
- **Novel Subsystem Developments** For linear accelerator systems we are open to subsystem developments (RF sources, diagnostics, cavities, electron guns, etc.)
- **Design for Industry** X-ray source development needs to consider how they will be operated (environment, reliability, skill level, size)
- **Cost** For high energy systems the x-ray source is typically the single most expensive component.



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Leveraging a wider pool of innovative
researchers, facilities and expertise for all TRLs



Leveraging a wider pool of innovative researchers, facilities and expertise for all TRLs

Expertise in various areas of R&D

Novel instrumentation and potential new inspection modalities or technologies.

Algorithm development and data science.

New source technologies.

Lab access and technician support – detector development labs, electronics labs.

Manufacturing capabilities – e.g. laser manufacturing, 3D printing, Rapid prototyping, mechanical workshops, PCB manufacturing.

National facilities – ISIS neutron and muon facility. National Physical Laboratory. Daresbury.

Large pool of researchers – undergraduates, PhDs and postgraduate researchers. **Extra R&D resource!**



Leveraging a focussed pool of innovative researchers, facilities and expertise for commercialisation

Expertise in various areas of **applied R&D**

Validating technology in relevant environments.

Deployment of industrial accelerators within a complete system.

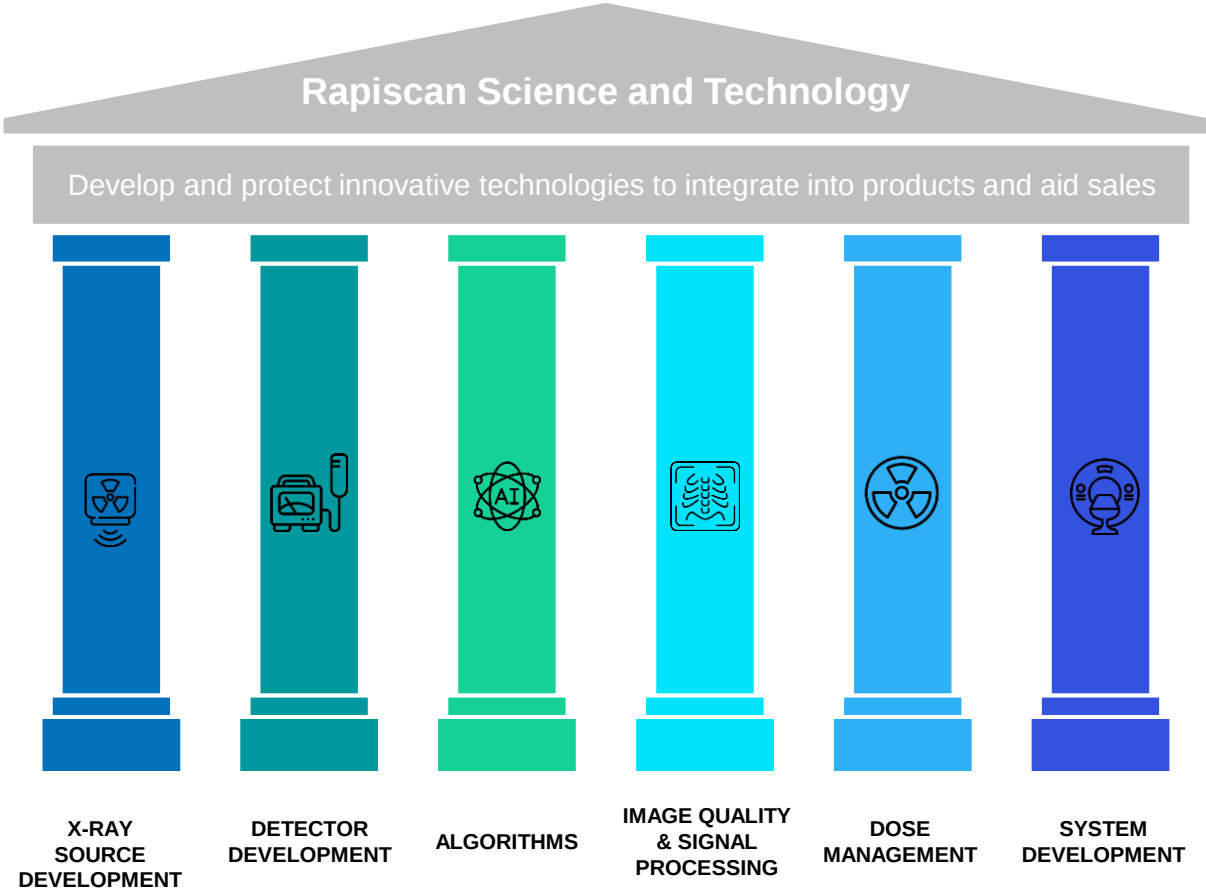
Lab access and technician support – detector development labs, HV lab.

Manufacturing capabilities – engineering support and expertise for system deployment.

Industrial facilities – test facility (access to imaging systems), bunkers for source development (higher TRL).

Pool of researchers and business input—understanding of markets, size, competitive price point.

Funding – access to different funding pipelines



Mark Procter
Vice President
Cargo Science & Technology

James Ollier
Science & Technology
Manager

Mike Jenkins
Senior X-ray imaging
Laboratory Manager

David Sharp
Director Technical
Business Development

Joe Crone
Accelerator Scientist

Dre Cristini
Data Scientist

Science and technology team is global.

Stoke team contains a mix of STFC trained scientists (accelerator, nuclear and astro).

Key areas of R&D in detector development, source development, algorithms and image quality.

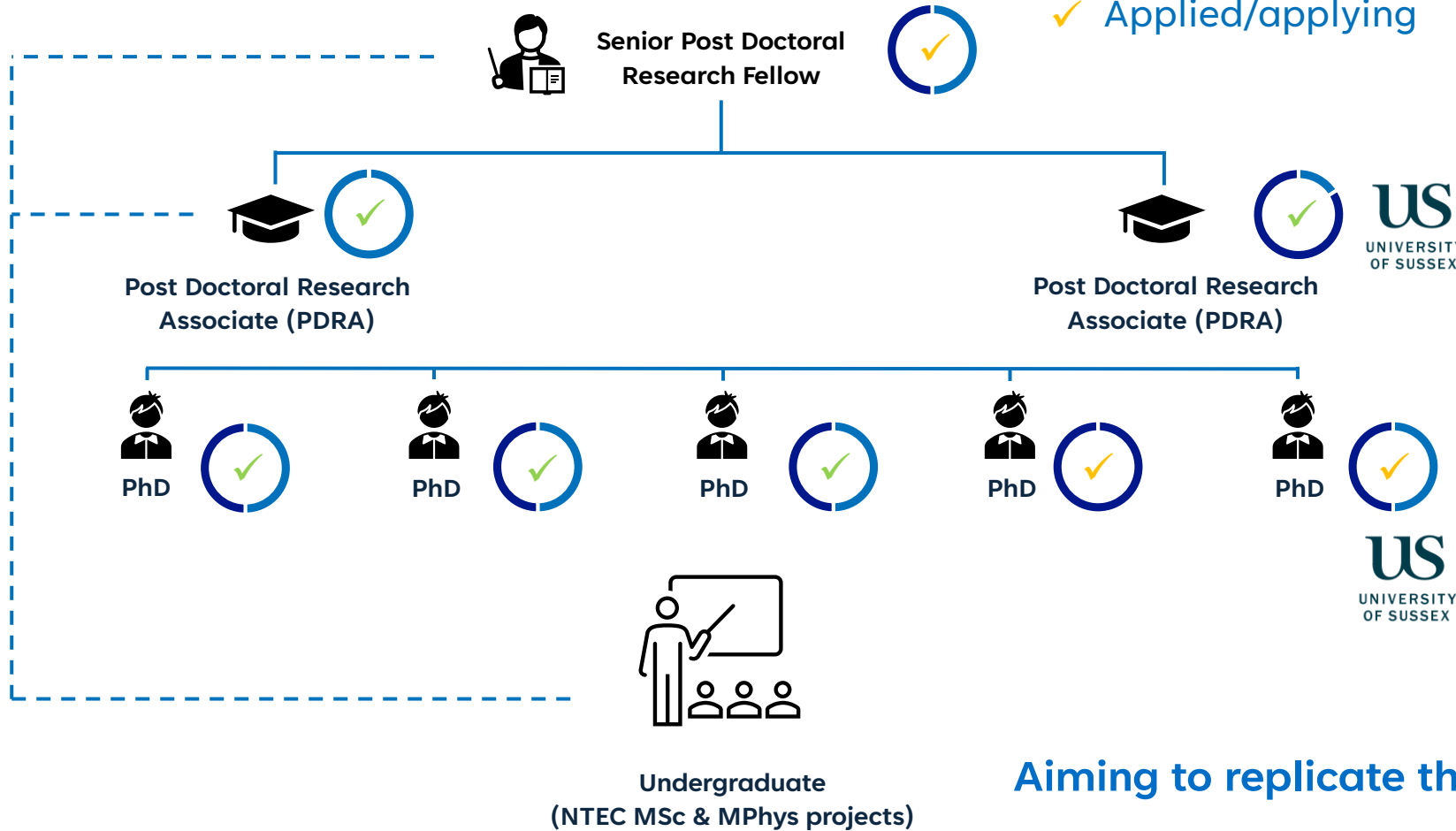
LEVERAGING ACADEMIA

Innovation in the North-West of UK

Instrumentations group

✓ In place

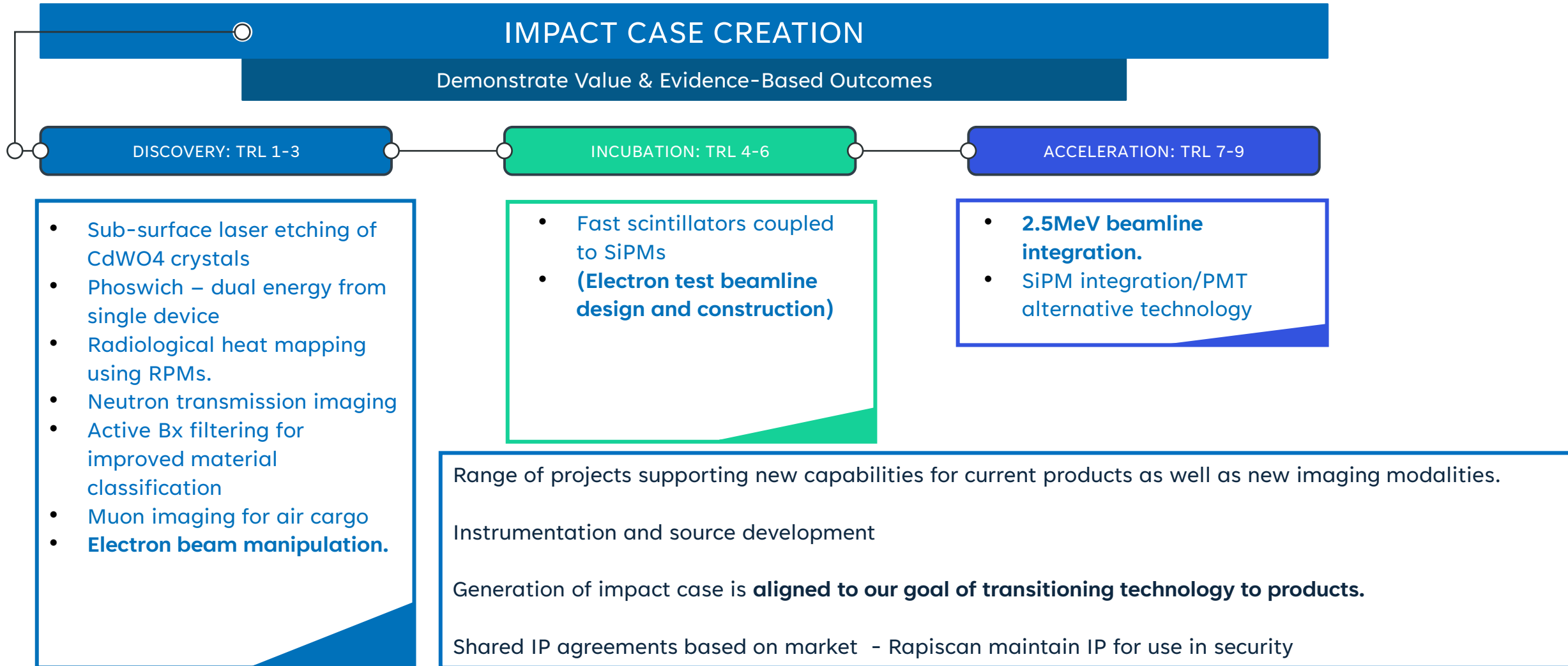
✓ Applied/applying

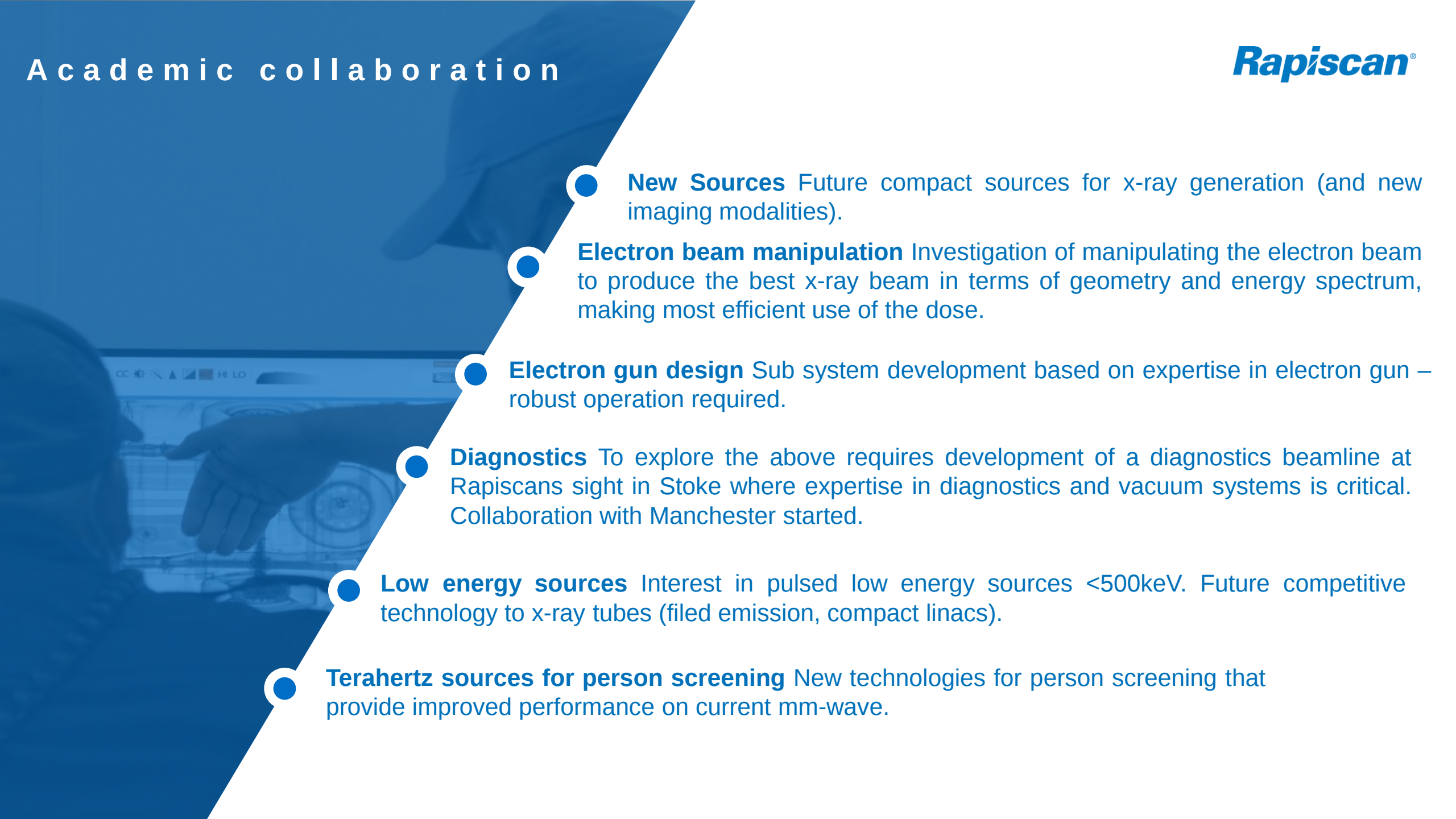


- Targeting Manchester fellow to provide leadership of group – and alignment to industry priorities.
- PDRA (IAA funded) currently employed until December.
- Application for 2.5-year KTA.
- 3 current PhDs (EPSRC, CDT) and 2 proposed projects in rad detection (DFAs).
- Masters projects.

Aiming to replicate this effort in source development

IMPACT CASE CREATION – Pathway to product



- 
- **New Sources** Future compact sources for x-ray generation (and new imaging modalities).
 - **Electron beam manipulation** Investigation of manipulating the electron beam to produce the best x-ray beam in terms of geometry and energy spectrum, making most efficient use of the dose.
 - **Electron gun design** Sub system development based on expertise in electron gun – robust operation required.
 - **Diagnostics** To explore the above requires development of a diagnostics beamline at Rapiscans sight in Stoke where expertise in diagnostics and vacuum systems is critical. Collaboration with Manchester started.
 - **Low energy sources** Interest in pulsed low energy sources <500keV. Future competitive technology to x-ray tubes (field emission, compact linacs).
 - **Terahertz sources for person screening** New technologies for person screening that provide improved performance on current mm-wave.

Rapiscan Cockcroft Collaboration



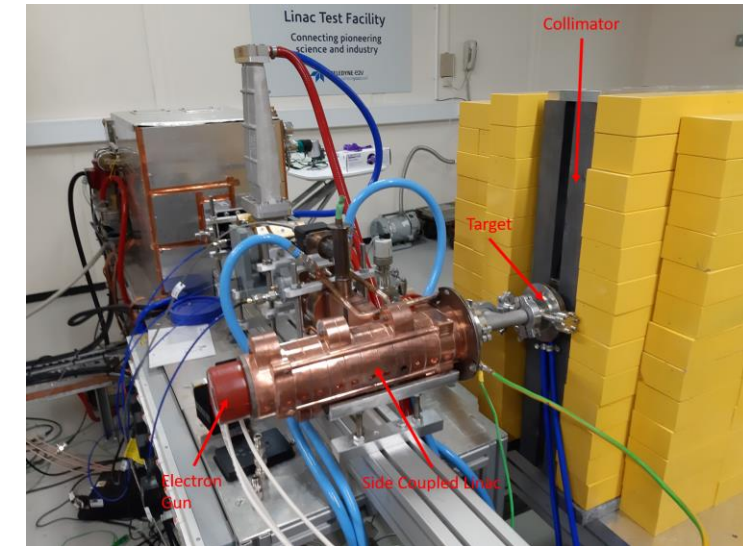
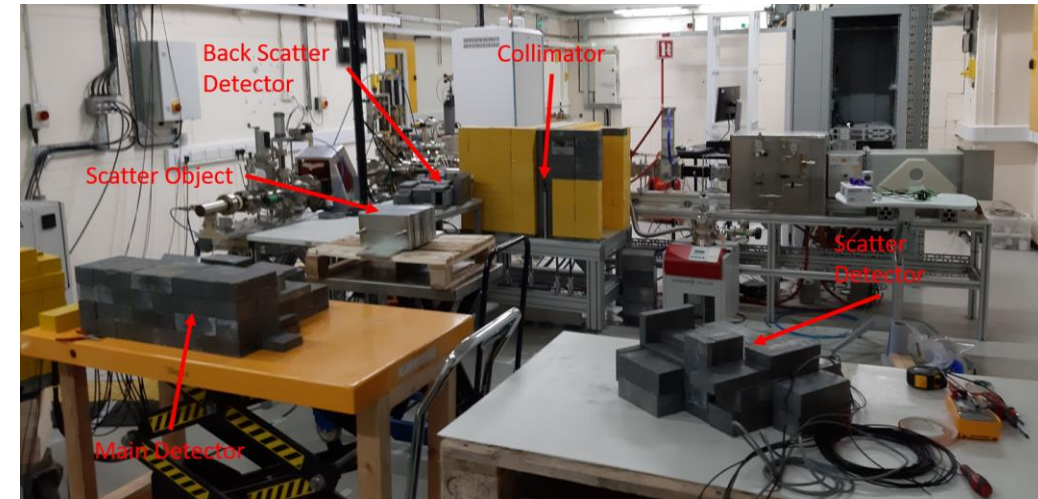
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- Rapiscan have been collaborating with the Cockcroft Institute for around 15 years – experimental work on site.
- Collaborations have primarily been through Lancaster University and STFC.
- Work at Daresbury has concentrated on linac development and detector testing.
- Developing on site capability at Rapiscan Innovation Centre (Joe Crone talk).



Collaborative projects

- Projects have included:
- **X-band Linac (2011 to 2014)**
 - Rapiscan, Lancaster and STFC.
 - **Linac Test Facility**
 - Innovation grant and direct funding towards facility use.
- X-ray Time of Flight Evaluation (2015)
 - Rapiscan, Liverpool, UCL and STFC.
 - **Versatile Electron Linear Accelerator – provided pulsed beams.**
 - PhD and Innovation grant with Rapiscan contribution towards facility access.
- Photon Counting Experiments (2019 to 2021)
 - Rapiscan, Manchester and STFC.
 - **Linac Test facility.**
 - **Electronics expertise.**
 - Innovation grant with Manchester.
- New Linac Design for Car Scanner (2020 to 2024)
 - Rapiscan and Lancaster.
 - **Simulations based.**
 - ASHE Doctoral Training Centre PhD.
- Cockcroft Summer Student Program (2024)
 - Rapiscan and Lancaster with 3 students working across two projects (another has started this summer).
 - Detector diagnostics – developing bench top diagnostics that related back to x-ray performance.



Drive for a low Energy, low Output (reduced dose footprint) source

- Initially 1 MeV, up to 2 cGy/min at 1m @ 100 Hz.

Mobile screening with a small exclusion zone:

- Current mobile screening systems require 40m x 40m exclusion zone $\Rightarrow$ protect public.
- A low energy and dose rate LINAC can:
 - significantly reduce the exclusion zone footprint,
 - allow scanning in more constrained areas
 - allow deployment on a smaller mobile chassis (no need for HGV license).

Source Development: Case study 2.5MeV



Lancaster
University

Rapiscan®

CLASP I – 1 MeV beamline

- X-band technology chosen due to:
- e2V collaboration on electron gun and magnetron.
- Lancaster beamline design.
- Shakespeare engineering manufacturing.
- Rapiscan – x-ray target and imaging.
- Achieved 1.5MeV@10smA.



CLASP II – Move to 2.5 MeV

- Pivot to S-band 2.5MeV beamline design.
- More market opportunity.



KTP?

- KTP submitted with Lancaster to translate technology to Rapiscan.
- Applicable to air cargo screening and medium energy mobiles.



SECURITY SOLUTIONS
FOR A SAFER WORLD

New markets with 2.5MeV system

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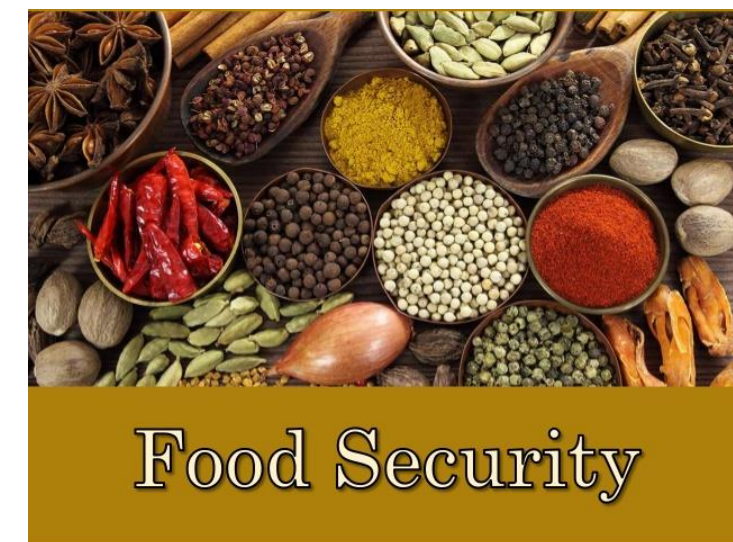
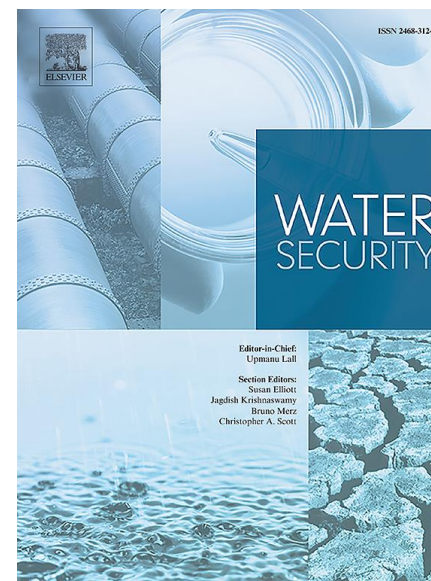
Inspection

- Imaging and Evaluation of people/objects
 - Borders
 - Infrastructure
 - Hardware
 - Cargo



Processing

- Improve, Treat or Protect materials
 - Wastewater
 - Soil
 - Food
 - Materials (leather)
- Typically x-ray or electron beams



Summary

Rapiscan deploy X-ray source technology as part of imaging systems.

- We have specific requirements in the security field

Key areas of R&D for Rapiscan are:

- Understanding and producing ideal energy spectrum.
- Making best use of the dose.
- Stable delivery of dual energies (interleaved verse intrapulse).
- Electron beam irradiation.

Academic-industry partnerships benefit both parties.

- Business partner provides market needs and **commercialisation pathway** (and industrial facilities).
- Academic partner provides expertise in **existing and emerging technology** and R&D resource (and academic facilities).

Our science team is heavily from **STFC background** (2 accelerator, 3 nuclear, 1 astro).

Our academic engagement is predominantly with STFC scientists and labs but collaborative funding predominantly from EPSRC and Innovate sources.