





**LARGE, CONVENTIONAL REACTOR**  
700+ MW(e)

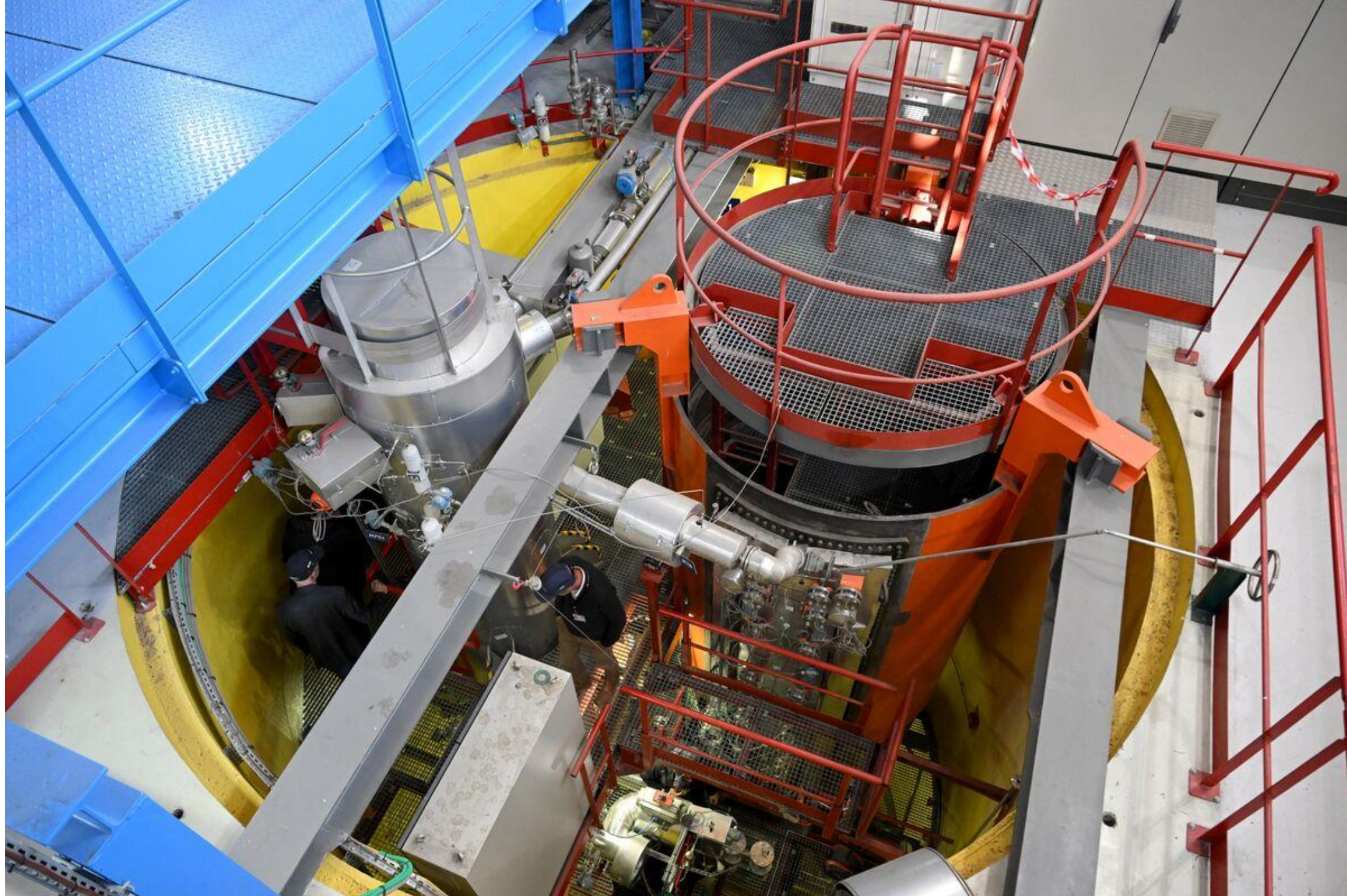


**SMALL MODULAR REACTOR**  
Up to 300 MW(e)









# Neutronic Analysis of Sequential Fuel Utilization in Fluoride-Salt-Cooled High-Temperature Reactors

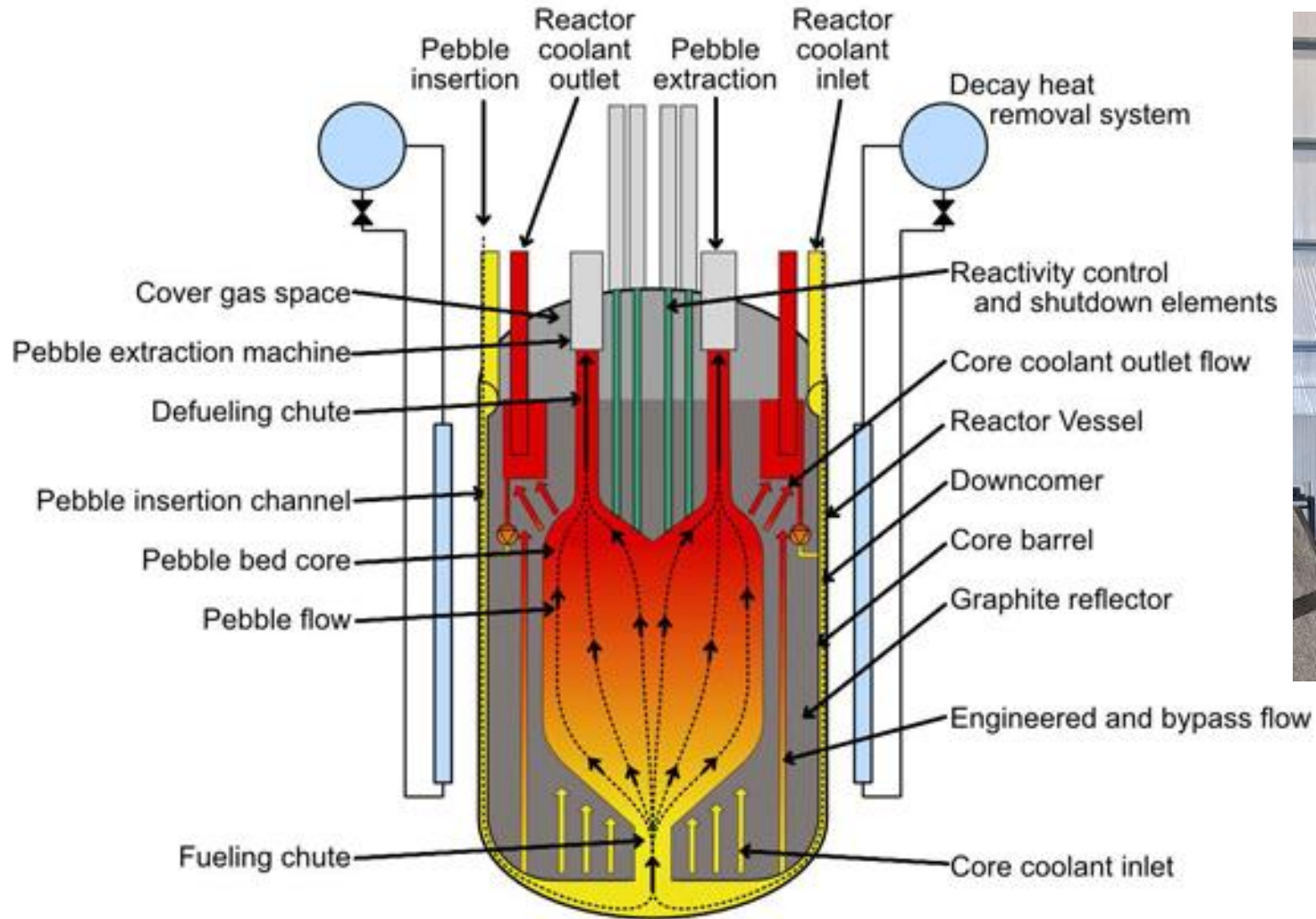
Neutronic Behavior, Burnup Optimization, and Reuse Potential of  
Depleted Pebbles

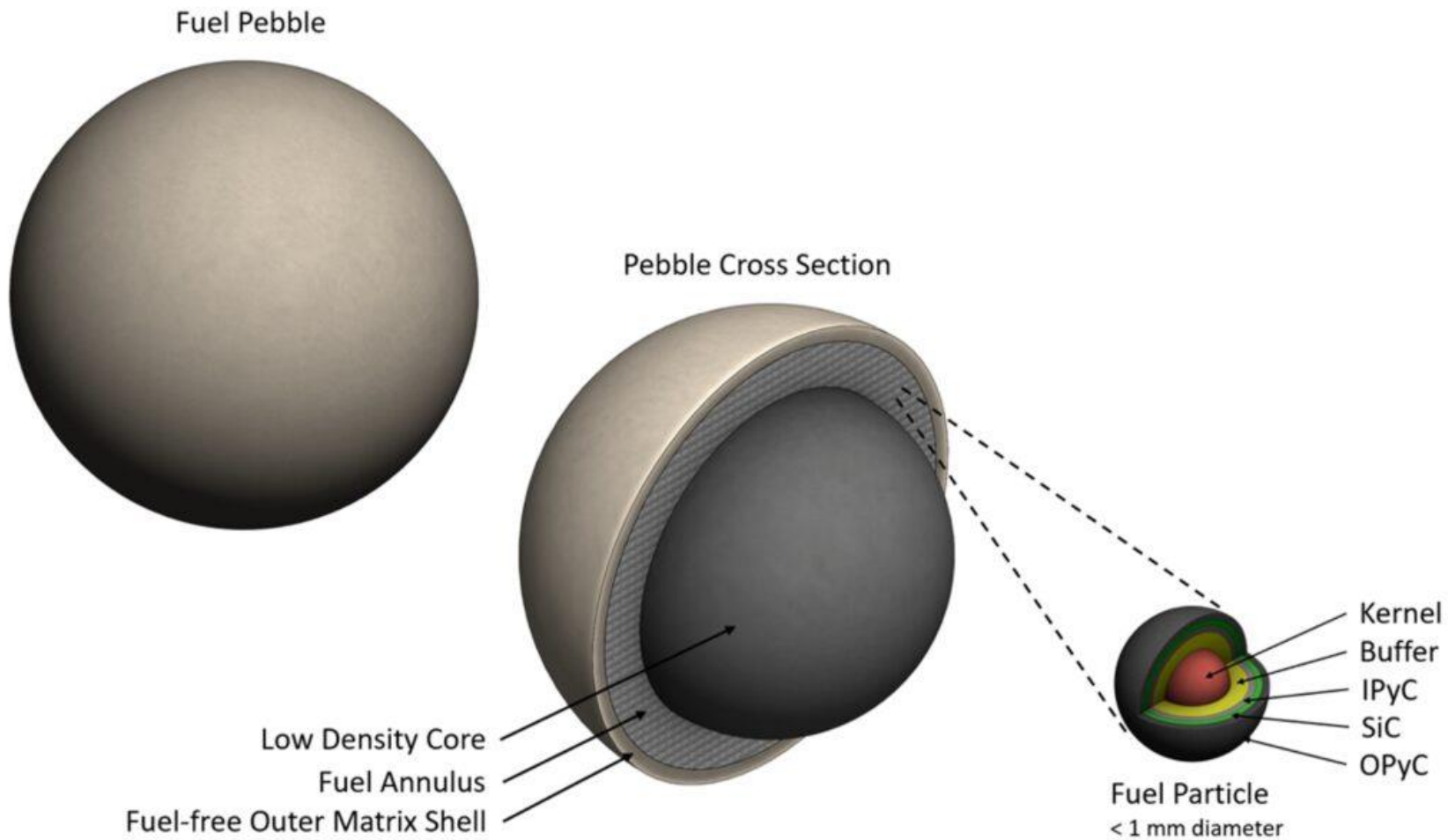
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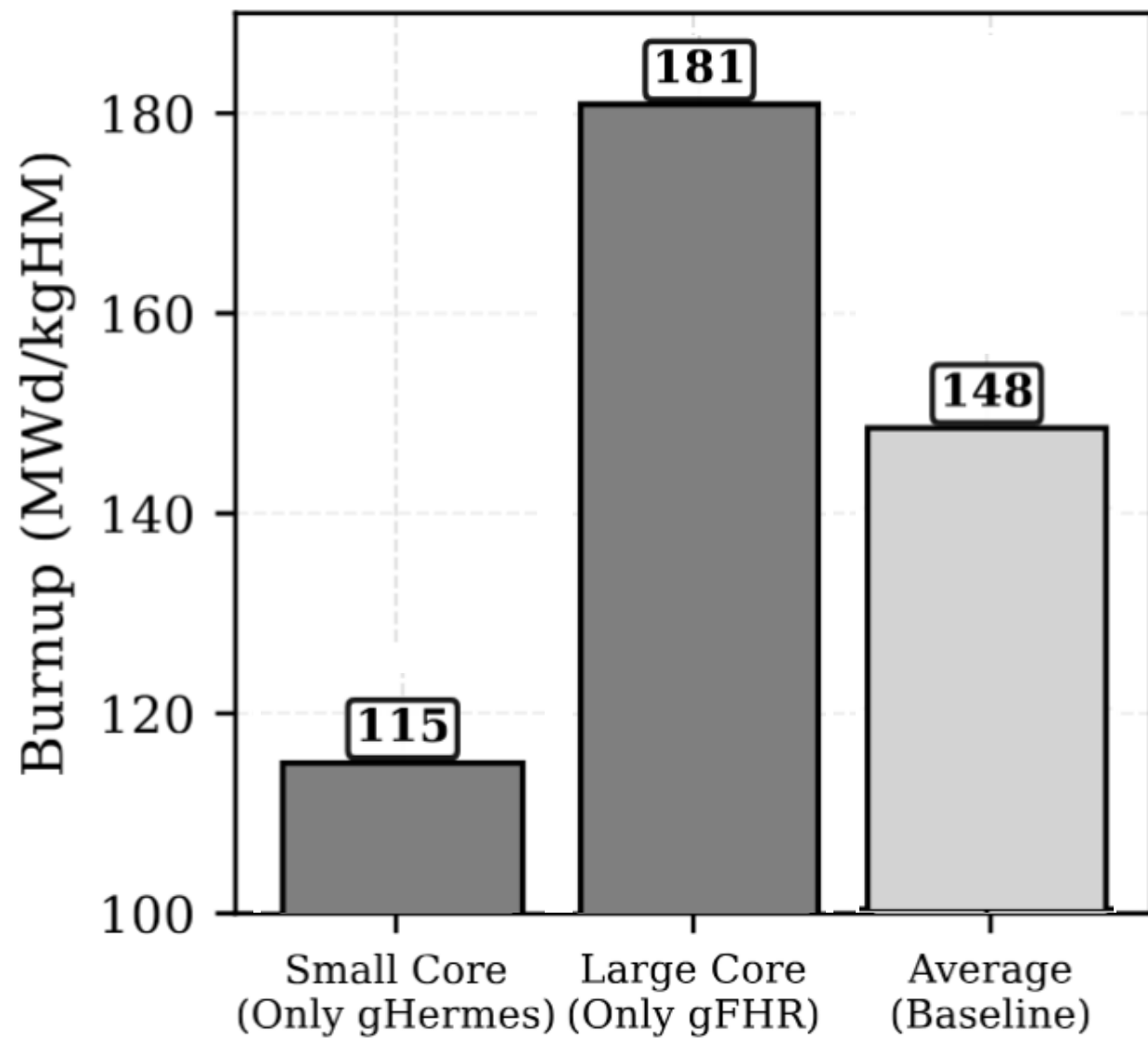


# Fluoride High-temperature Reactor (FHR)



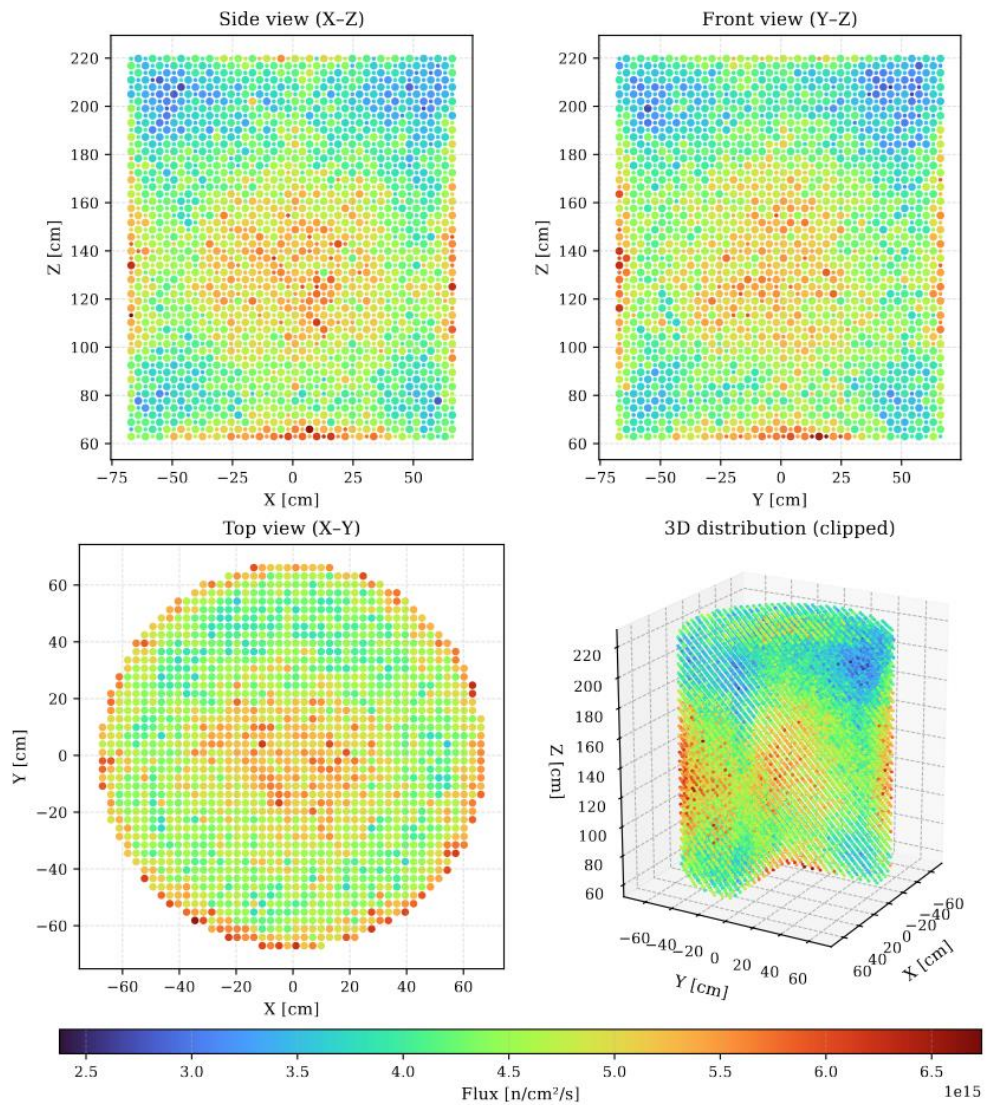


## Max. Burnup Ind. Cores



# Methodology

### gHermes Pebble Flux Distribution



### gFHR Pebble Flux Distribution

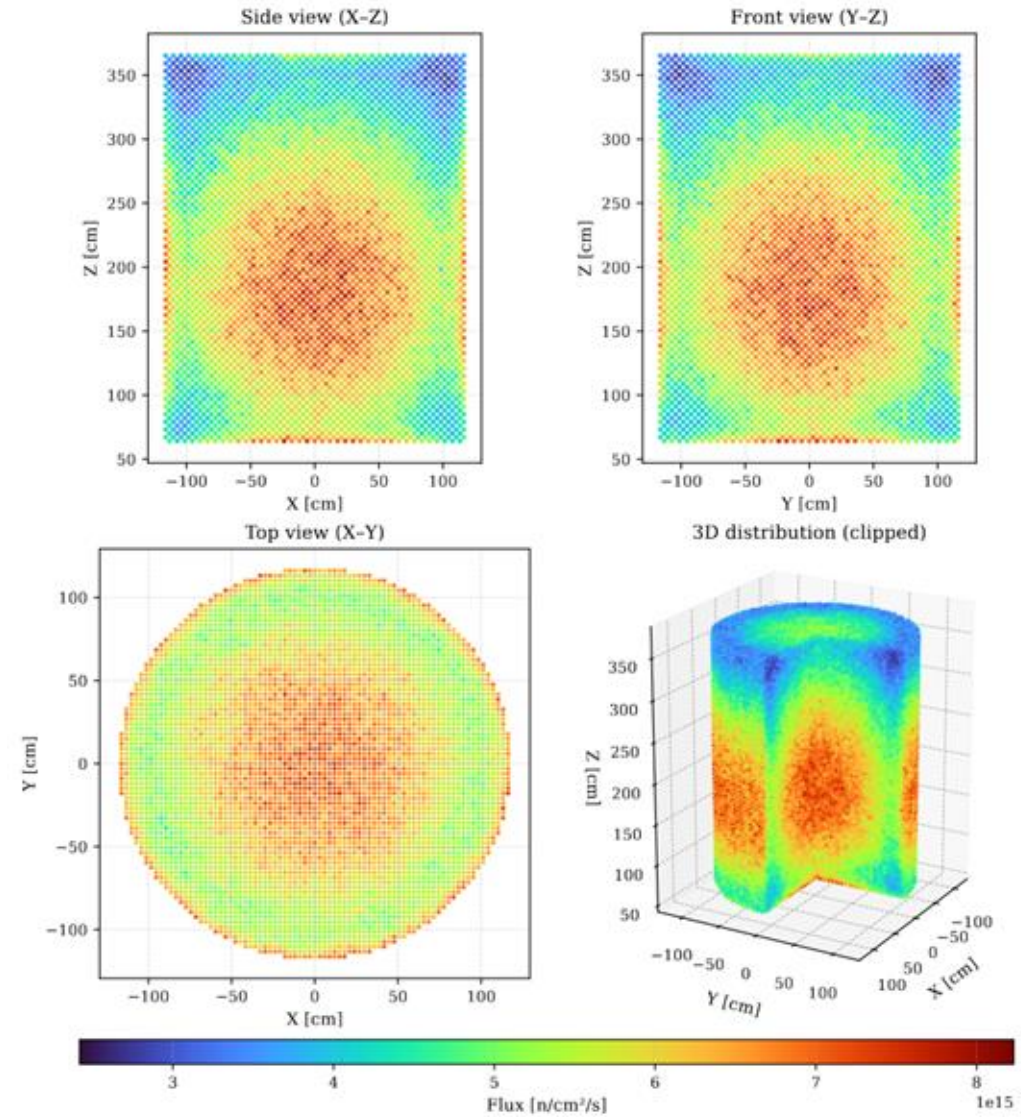
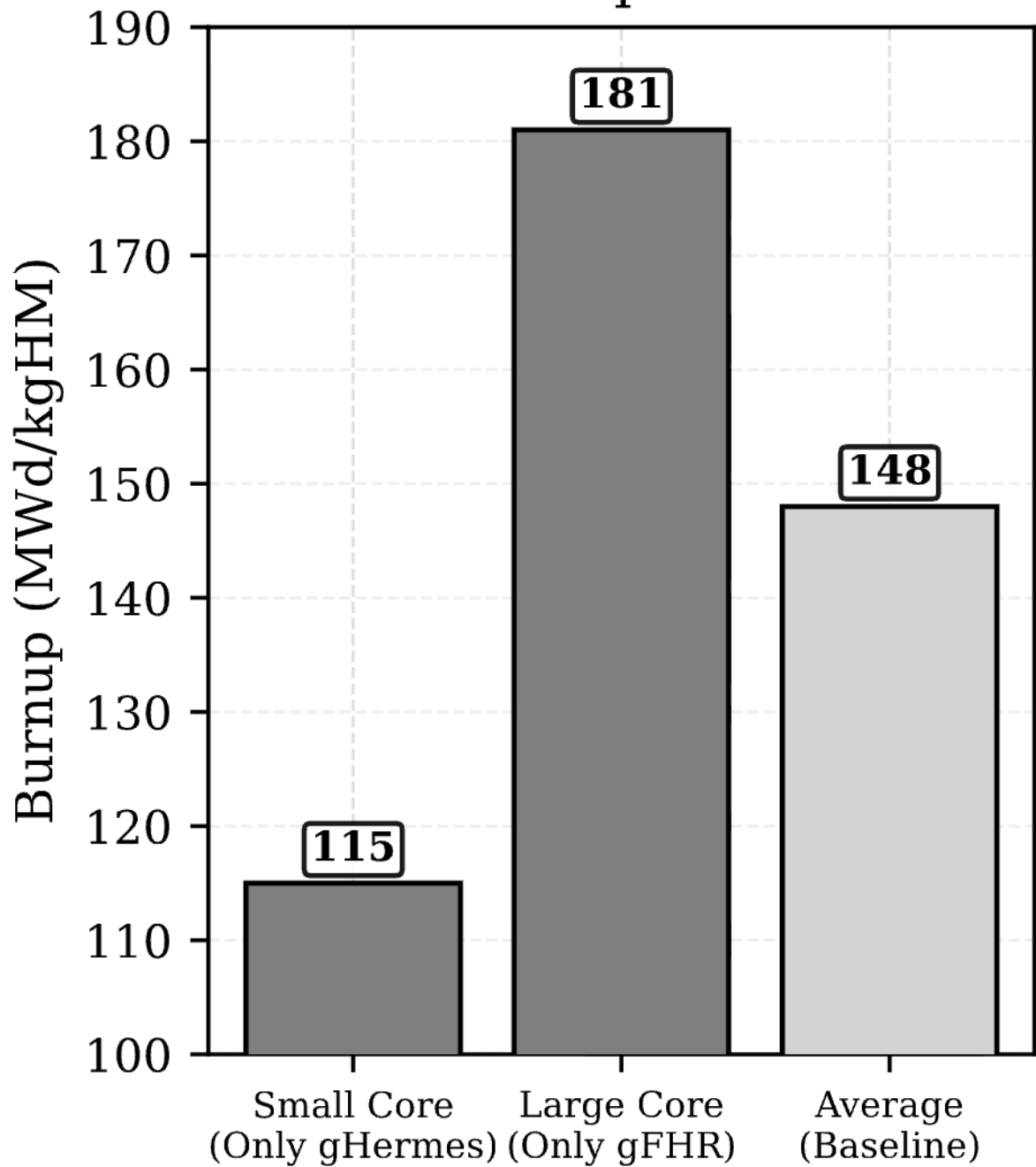


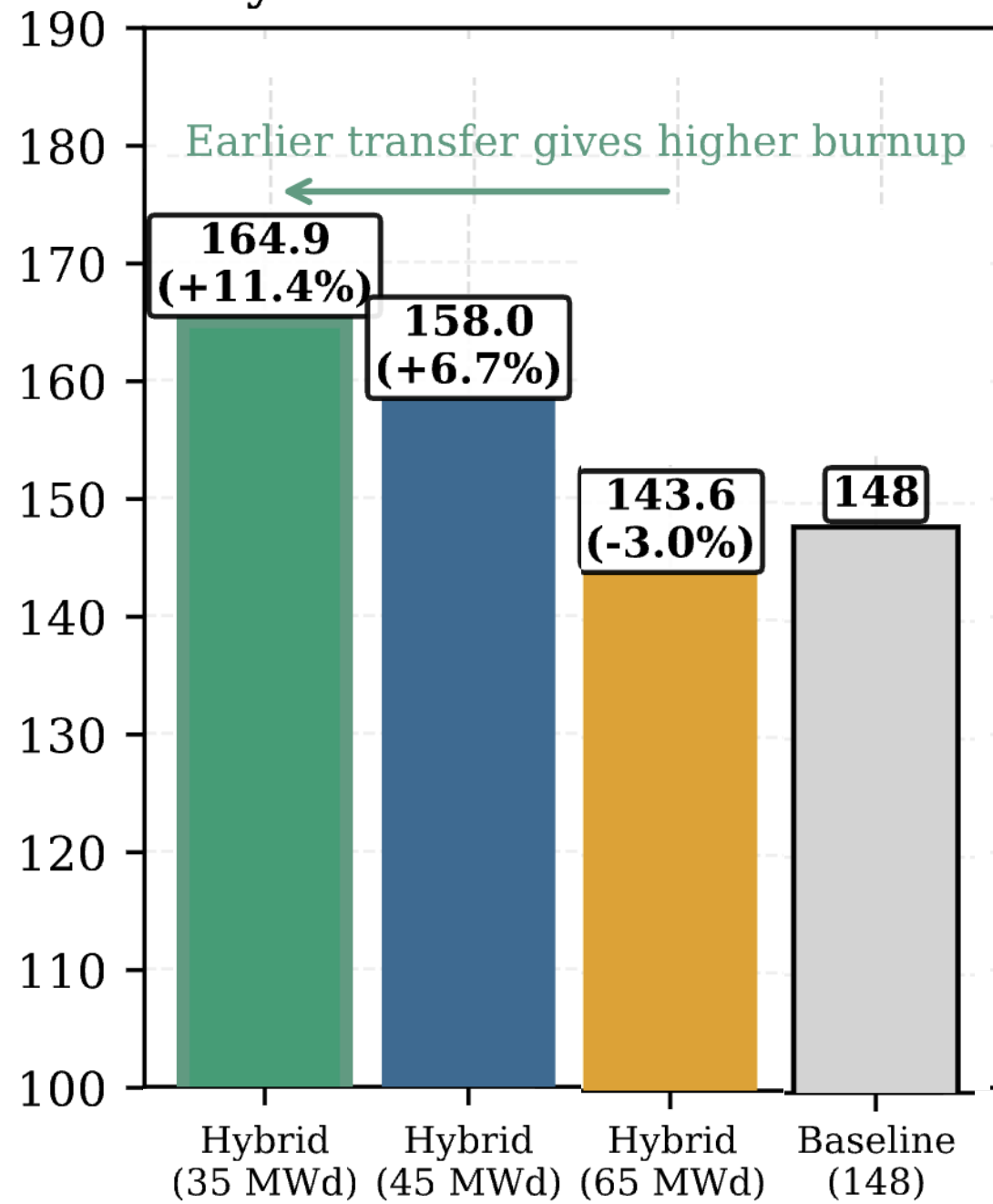
Figure 4.5: Pebble-wise neutron flux distribution in the gFHR core. The four panels show orthogonal slices through the pebble bed in the (X, Y), (X, Z), and (Y, Z) planes, together with a clipped three-dimensional visualization providing access to the interior region. Each circle represents an individual pebble at its geometrically modelled location, coloured according to its normalized neutron flux. This visualization highlights spatial gradients, symmetry properties, and localized flux.

Figure 4.6: Pebble-wise neutron flux distribution in the gHermes core. The four panels show orthogonal slices through the pebble bed in the (X, Y), (X, Z), and (Y, Z) planes, together with a clipped three-dimensional visualization providing access to the interior region. Each circle represents an individual pebble at its geometrically modelled location, coloured according to its normalized neutron flux. This visualization highlights spatial gradients, symmetry properties, and localized flux.

### Max. Burnup Ind. Cores



### Hybrid Fuel Performance



# Discussion

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