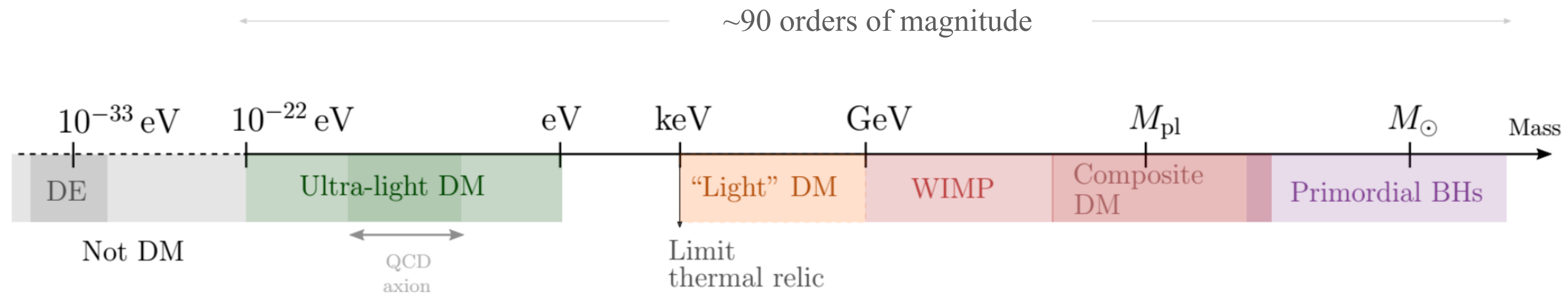


Cold and fuzzy dark sector

Christian Capanelli (McGill → IPMU)

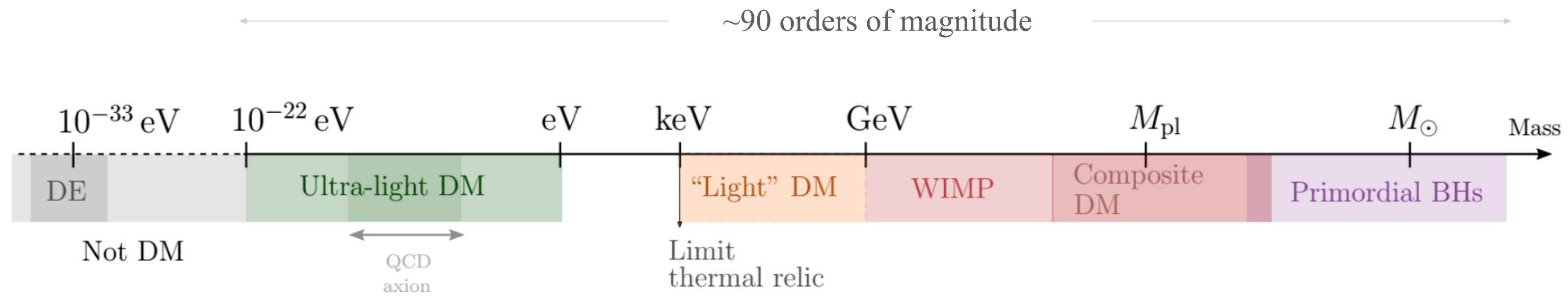
with Evan McDonough and Elisa GM Ferreira [2509.15299]

Zoo of ultralight models

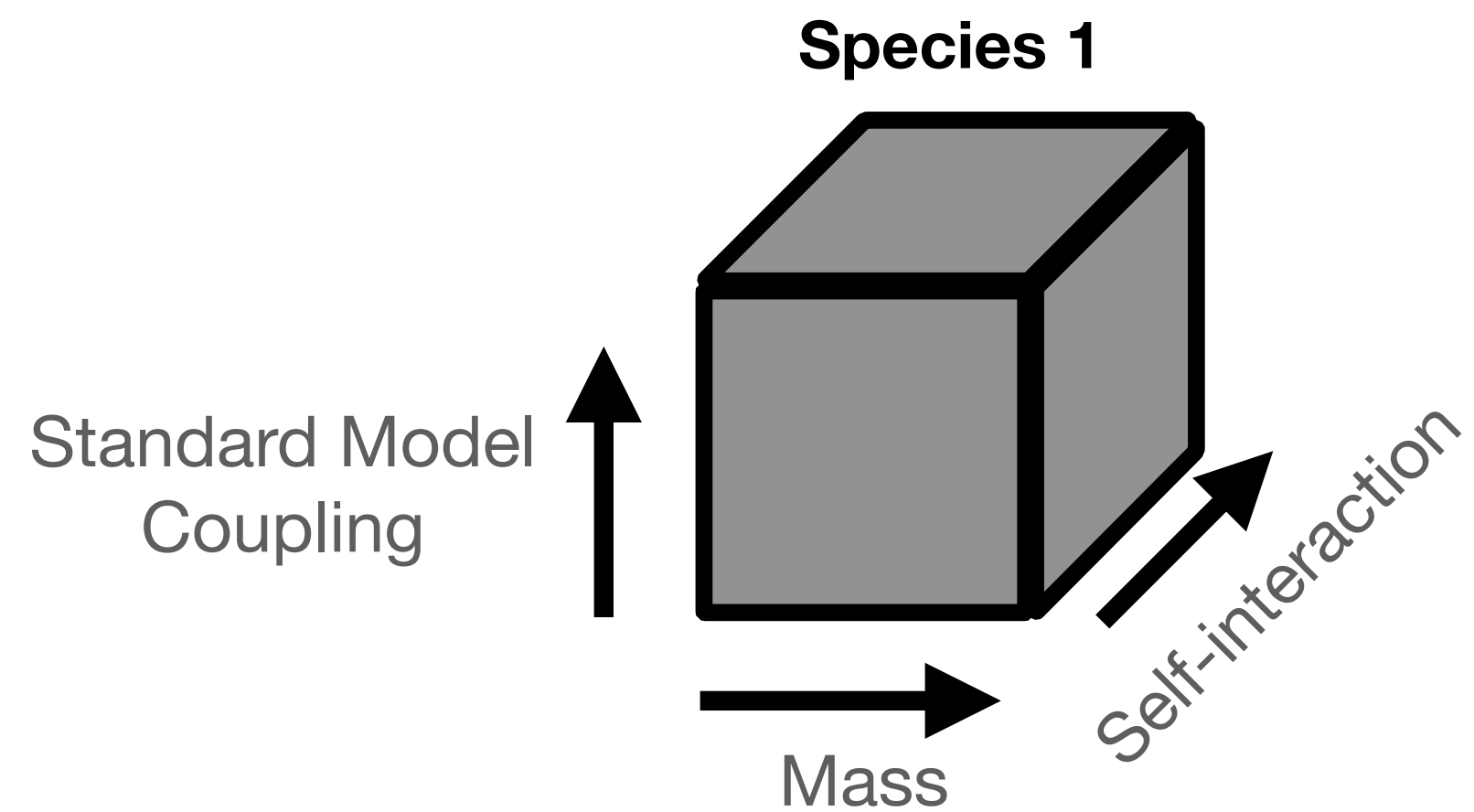


[E.G.M. Ferreira 2020]

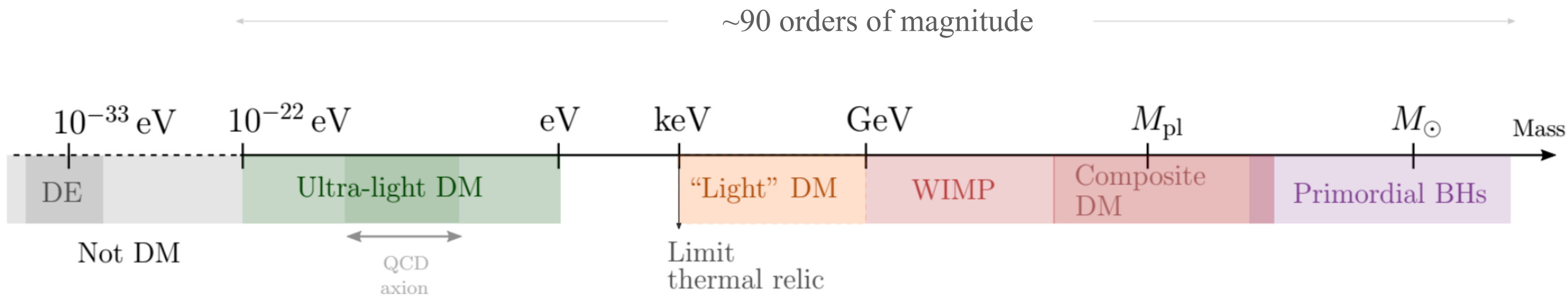
Zoo of ultralight models



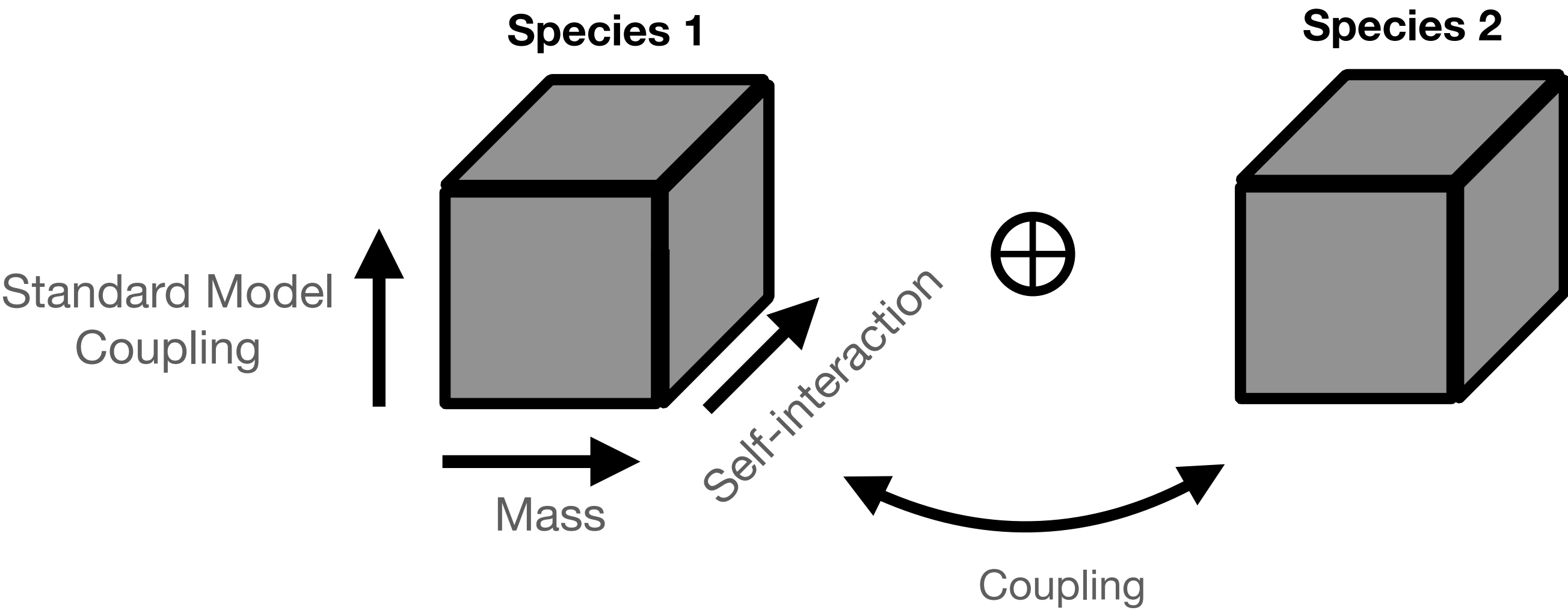
[E.G.M. Ferreira 2020]



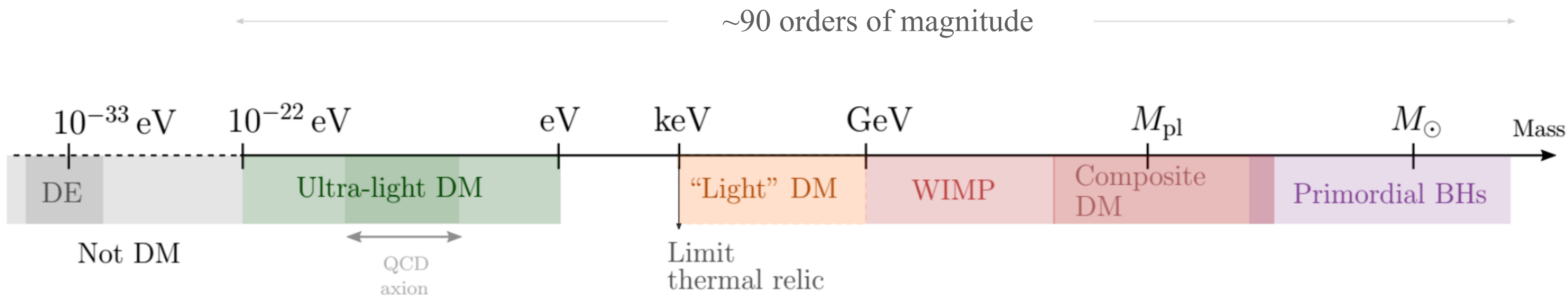
Zoo of ultralight models



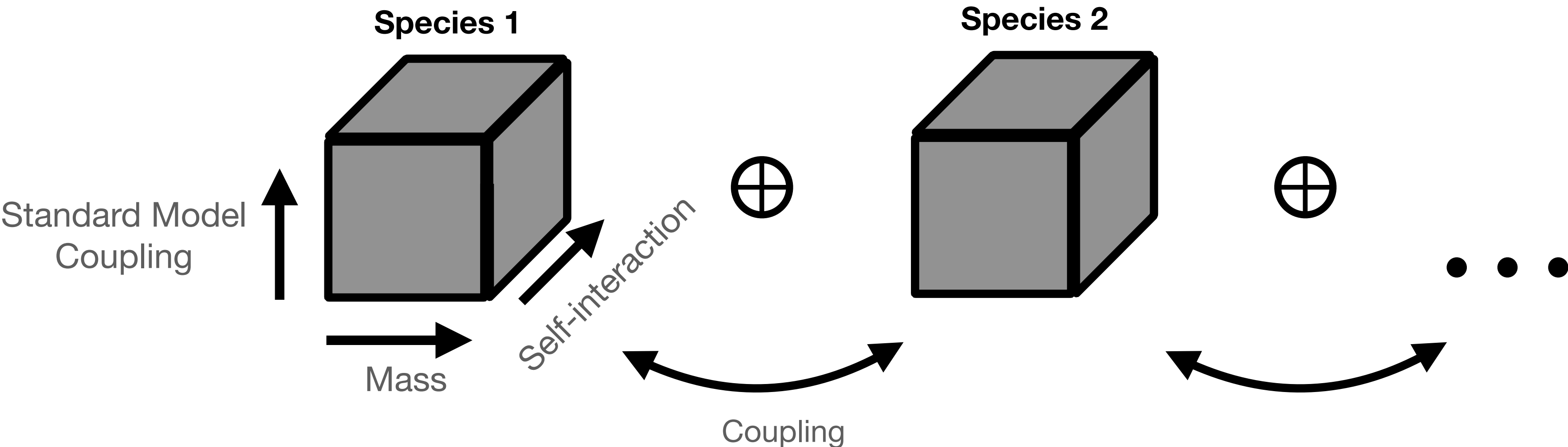
[E.G.M. Ferreira 2020]



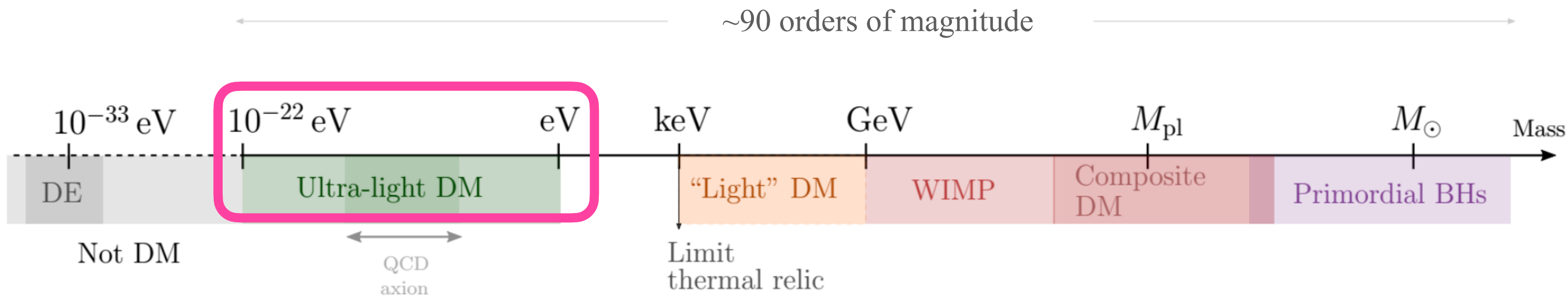
Zoo of ultralight models



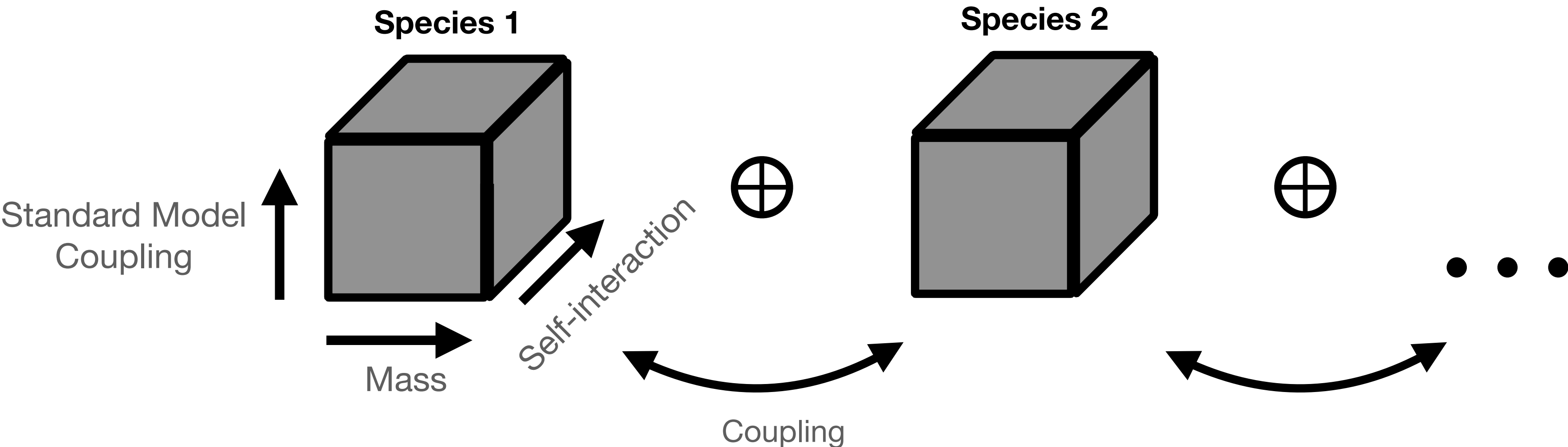
[E.G.M. Ferreira 2020]



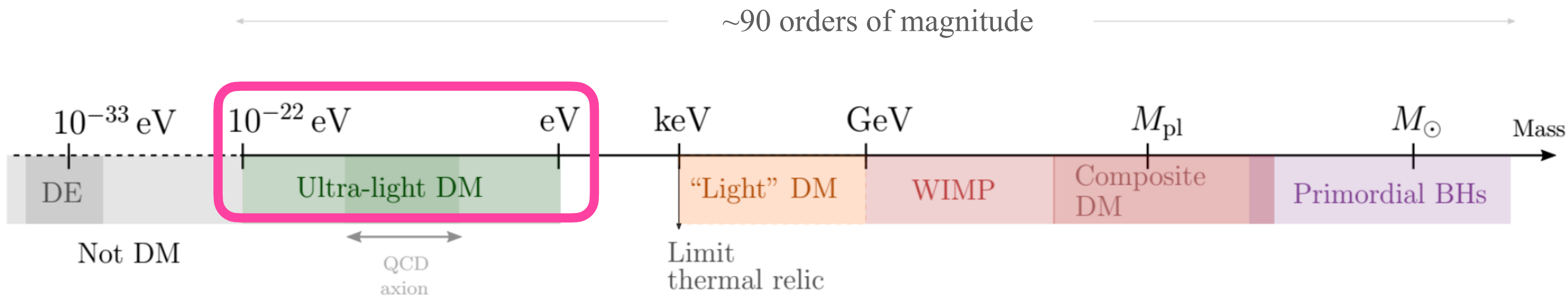
Zoo of ultralight models



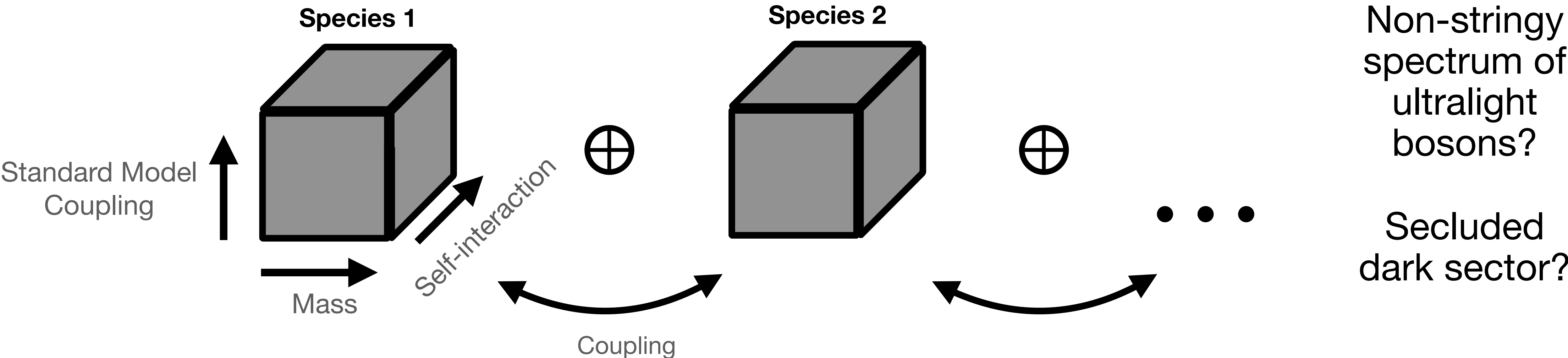
[E.G.M. Ferreira 2020]



Zoo of ultralight models

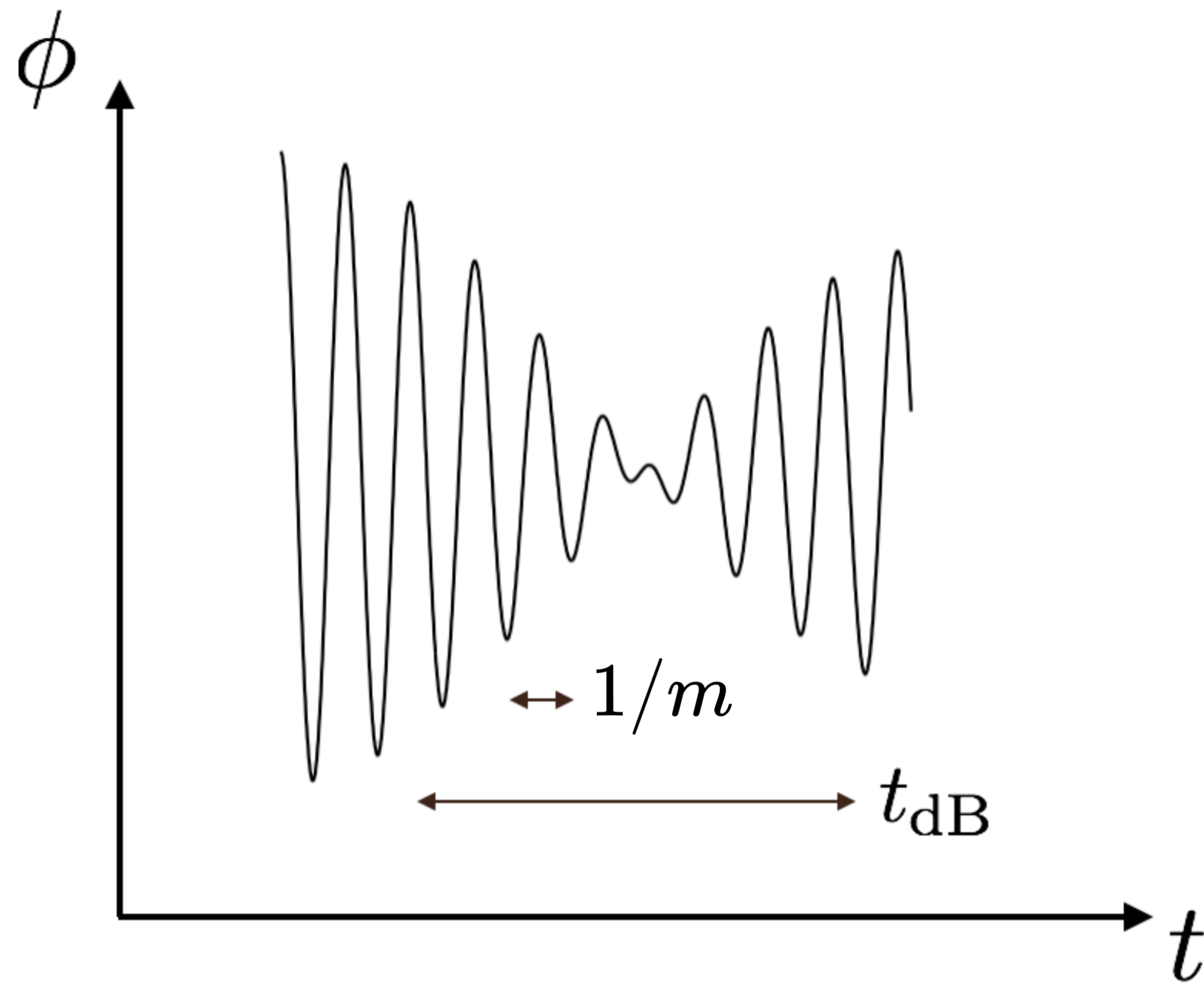


[E.G.M. Ferreira 2020]



Single field non-relativistic limit

Slow and fast modes



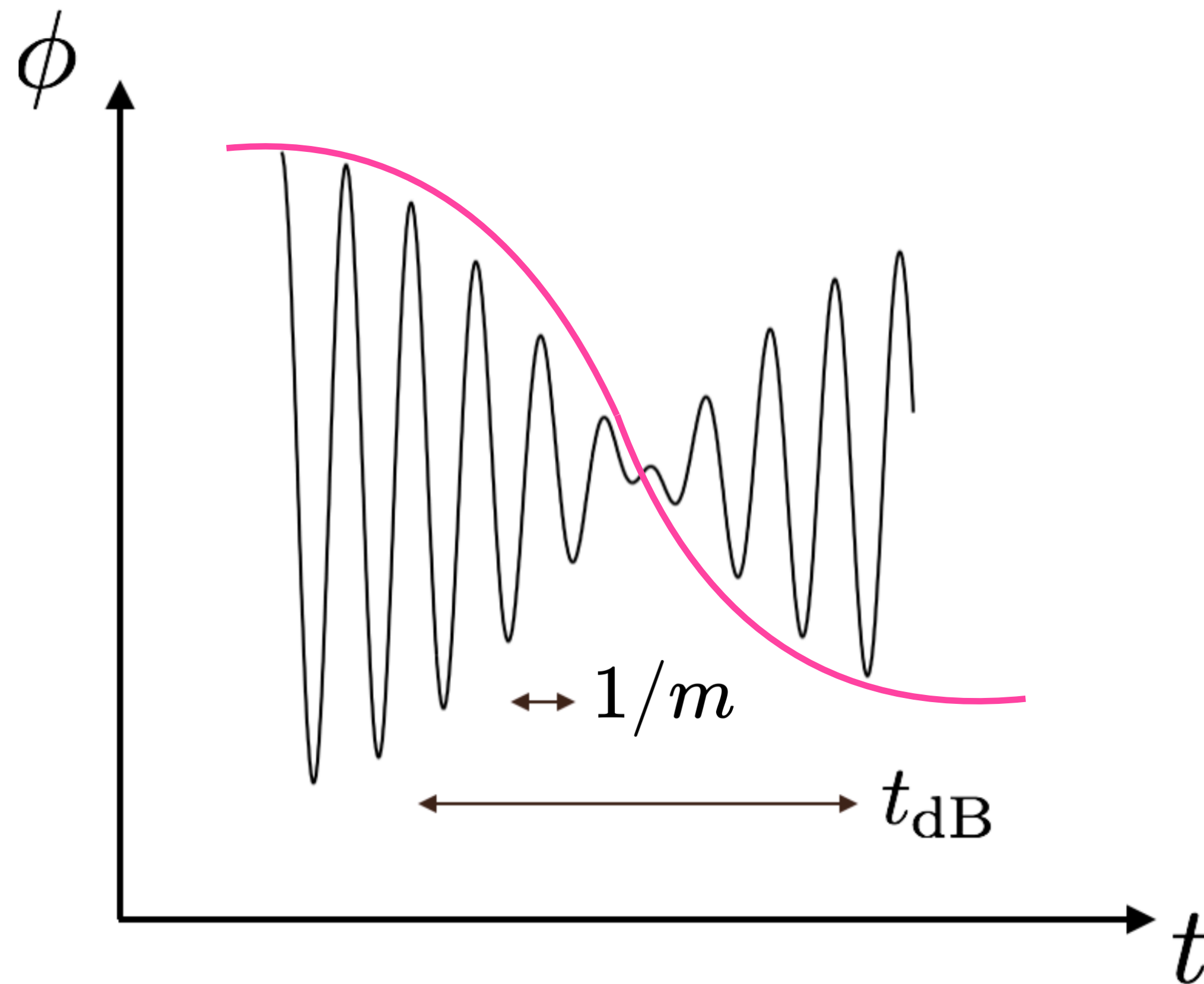
Decompose a real
scalar field:

$$\phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2m}} (\psi e^{-imt} + \psi^* e^{imt})$$

where $\dot{\psi} \ll m\psi$

Single field non-relativistic limit

Slow and fast modes



Decompose a real scalar field:

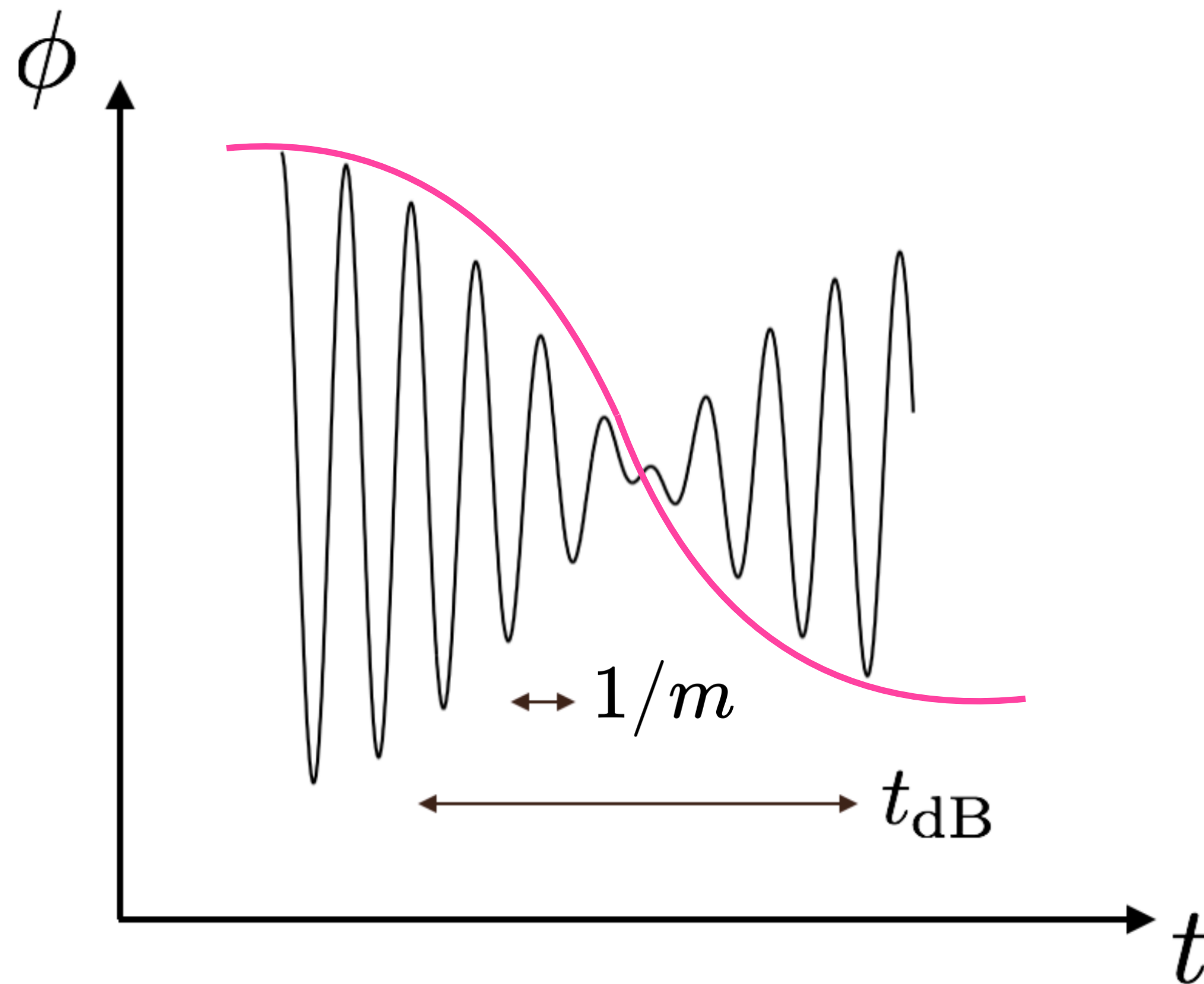
$$\phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2m}} \left(\psi e^{-imt} + \psi^* e^{imt} \right)$$

Complex “wave-function”

where $\dot{\psi} \ll m\psi$

Single field non-relativistic limit

Slow and fast modes



Decompose a real scalar field:

$$\phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2m}} (\psi e^{-imt} + \psi^* e^{imt})$$

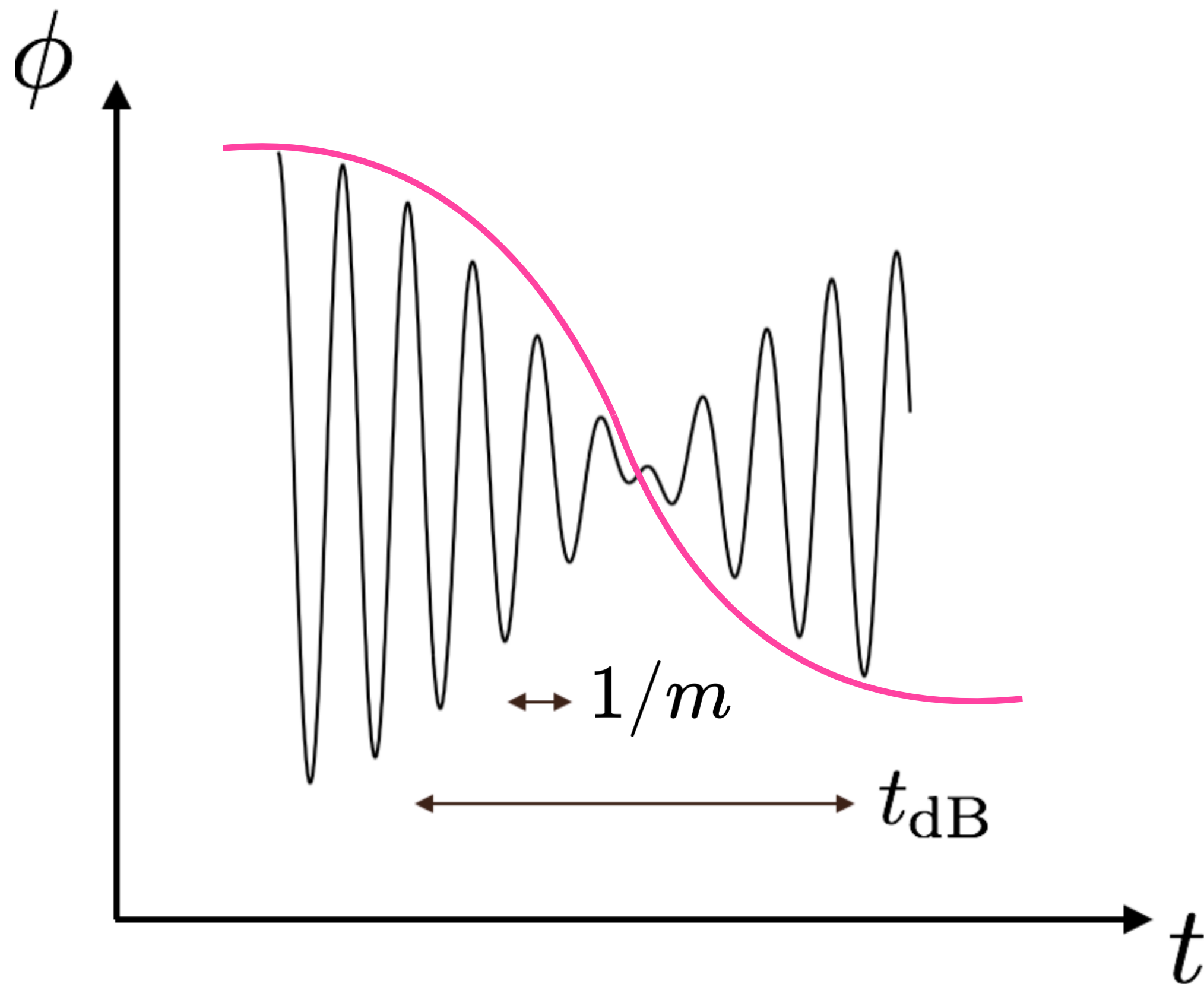
Complex “wave-function”

where $\dot{\psi} \ll m\psi$

Interpretation: $\rho = m|\psi|^2$

Single field non-relativistic limit

Slow and fast modes



Decompose a real scalar field:

$$\phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2m}} (\psi e^{-imt} + \psi^* e^{imt})$$

Complex “wave-function”

where $\dot{\psi} \ll m\psi$

Interpretation: $\rho = m|\psi|^2$

$$i\dot{\psi} = -\frac{1}{2m} \nabla^2 \psi + m\Phi_N \psi + \frac{g}{2} |\psi|^2 \psi$$

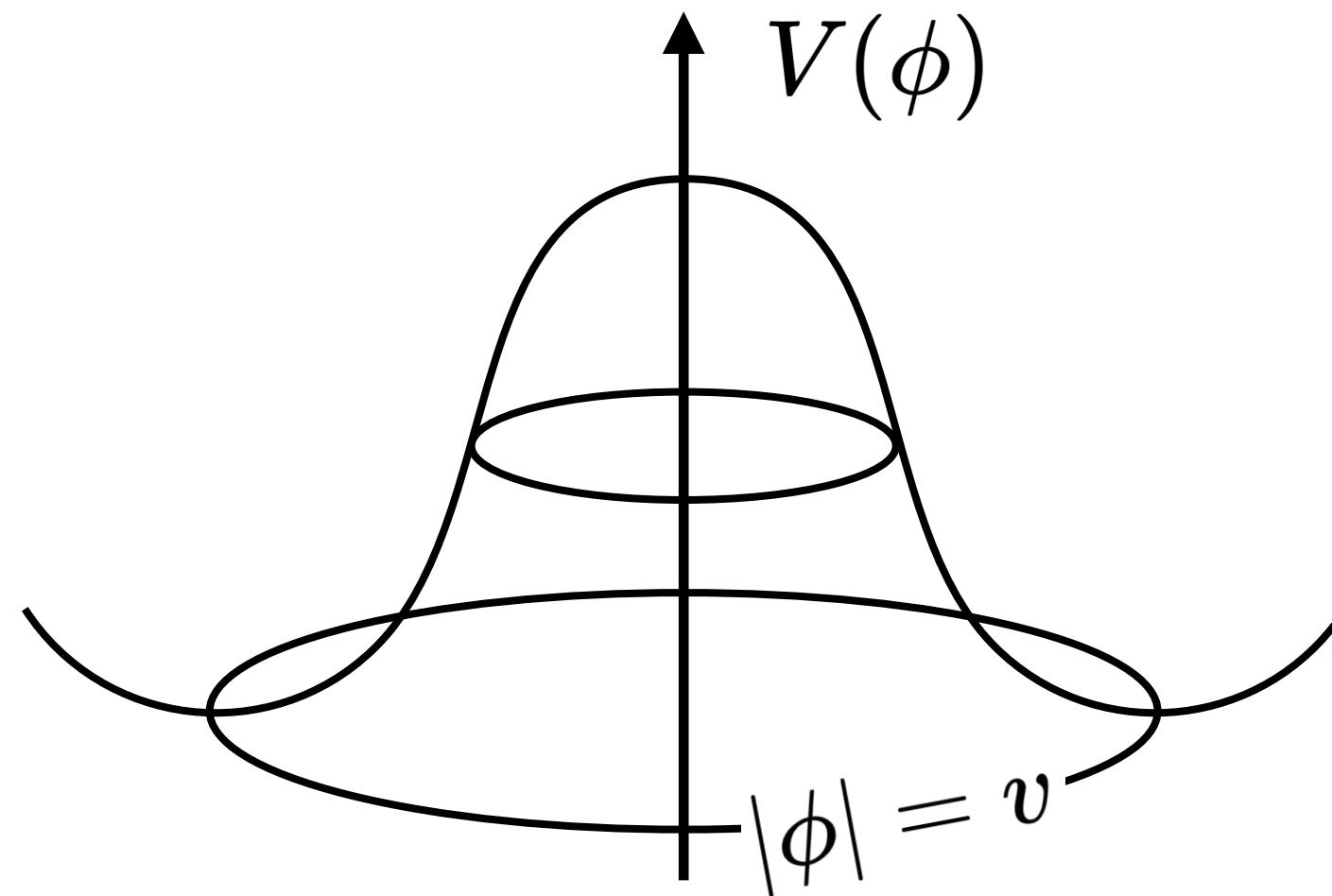
Model

Dawn of the fuzzy dark sector

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]

Ultra-light Abelian Higgs

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[\frac{R}{16\pi G} - \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{2} |D_\mu \phi|^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4!} (|\phi|^2 - v^2)^2 \right]$$



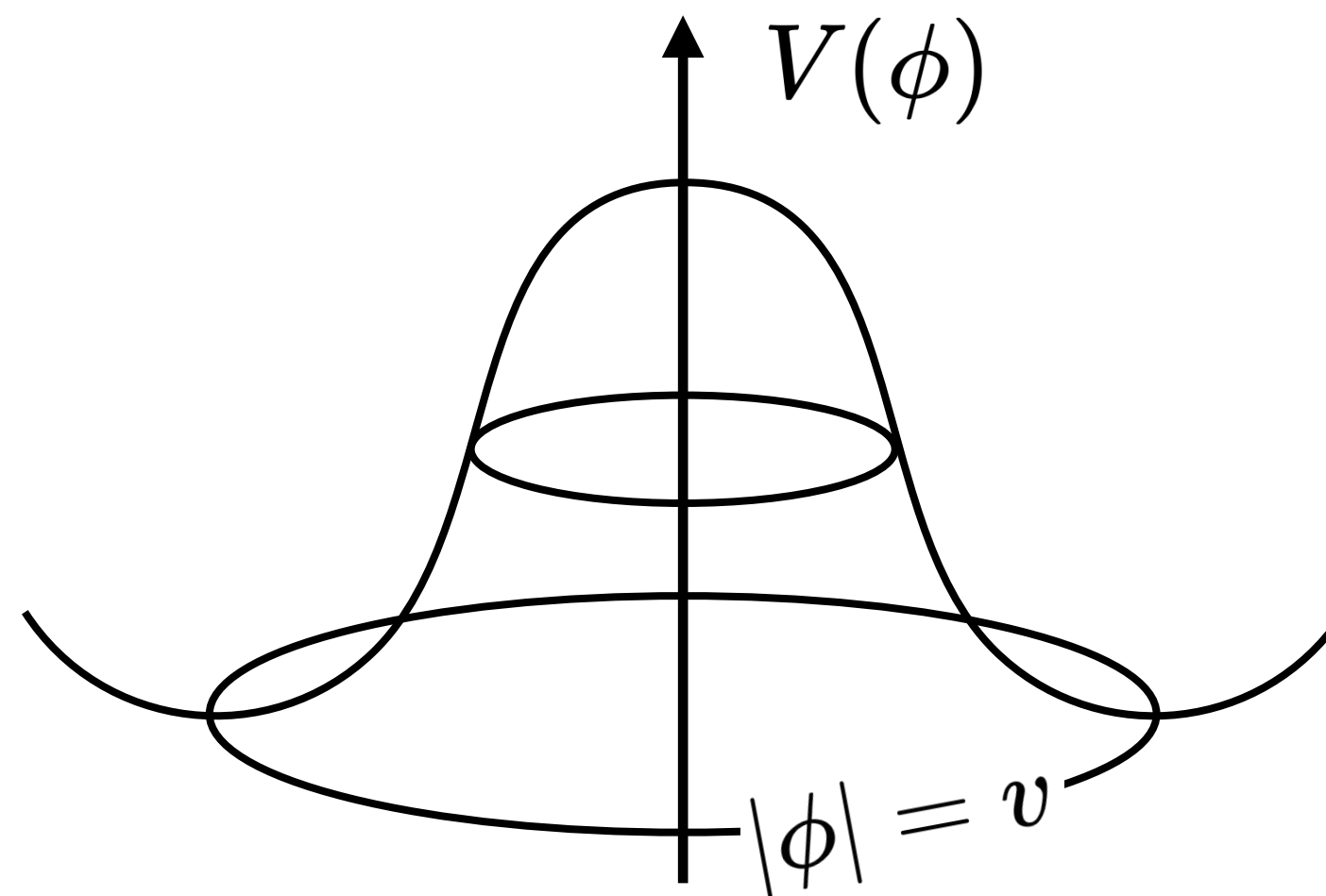
Dawn of the fuzzy dark sector

Ultra-light Abelian Higgs

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[\frac{R}{16\pi G} - \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{2} |D_\mu \phi|^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4!} (|\phi|^2 - v^2)^2 \right]$$



$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[\frac{1}{2} (\dot{A}_i)^2 - \frac{1}{2} A_i (-\nabla^2 + m_{A, \text{eff}}^2) A_i + \frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu h)^2 - \frac{m_h^2}{2} h^2 - \frac{\lambda v}{3!} h^3 - \frac{\lambda}{4!} h^4 + \frac{R}{16\pi G} \right]$$



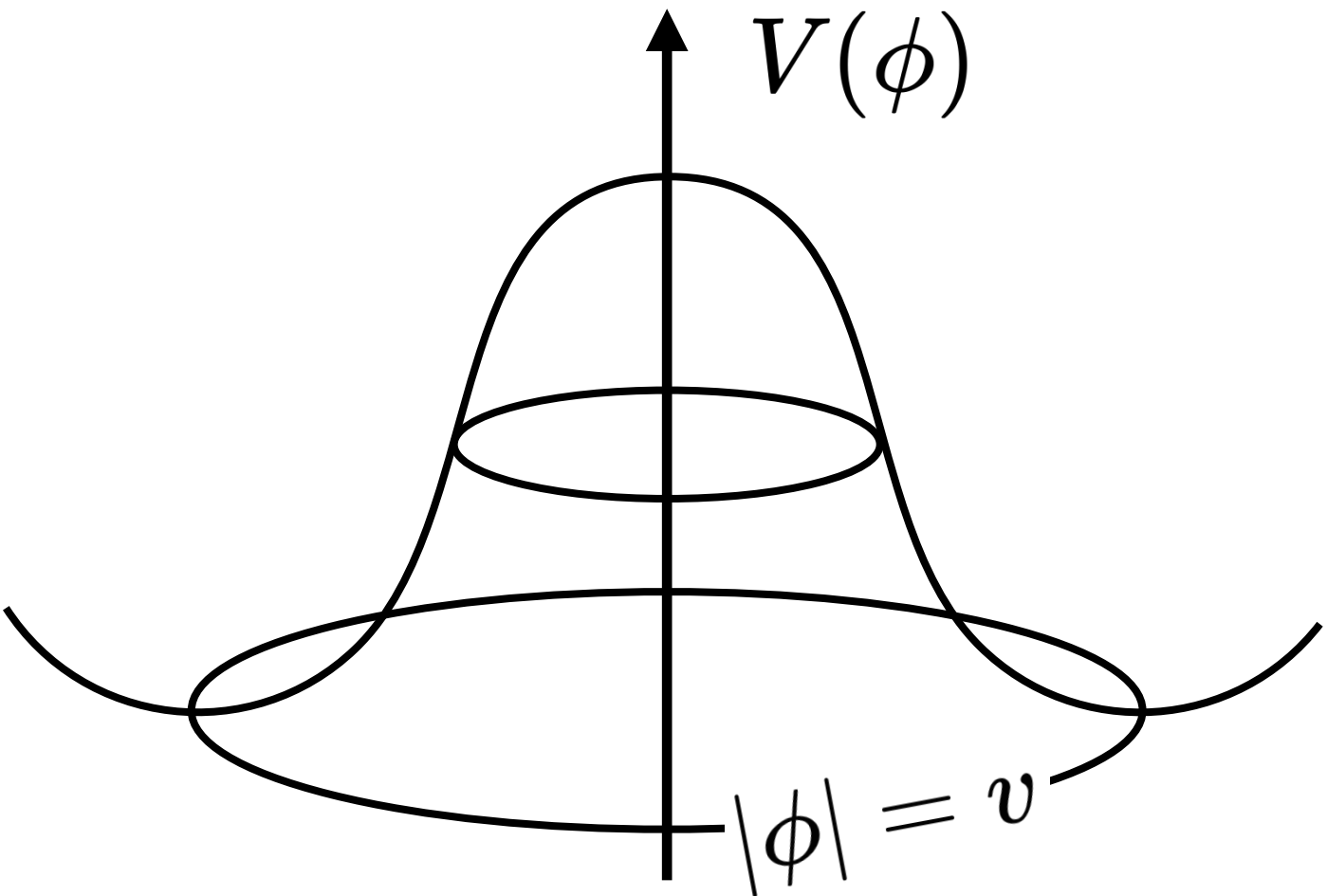
Dawn of the fuzzy dark sector

Ultra-light Abelian Higgs

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[\frac{R}{16\pi G} - \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{2} |D_\mu \phi|^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4!} (|\phi|^2 - v^2)^2 \right]$$



$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[\frac{1}{2} (\dot{A}_i)^2 - \frac{1}{2} A_i (-\nabla^2 + m_{A, \text{eff}}^2) A_i + \frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu h)^2 - \frac{m_h^2}{2} h^2 - \frac{\lambda v}{3!} h^3 - \frac{\lambda}{4!} h^4 + \frac{R}{16\pi G} \right]$$



Particle masses

$$m_A^2 \equiv g^2 v^2$$

$$m_h^2 \equiv 2\lambda v^2$$

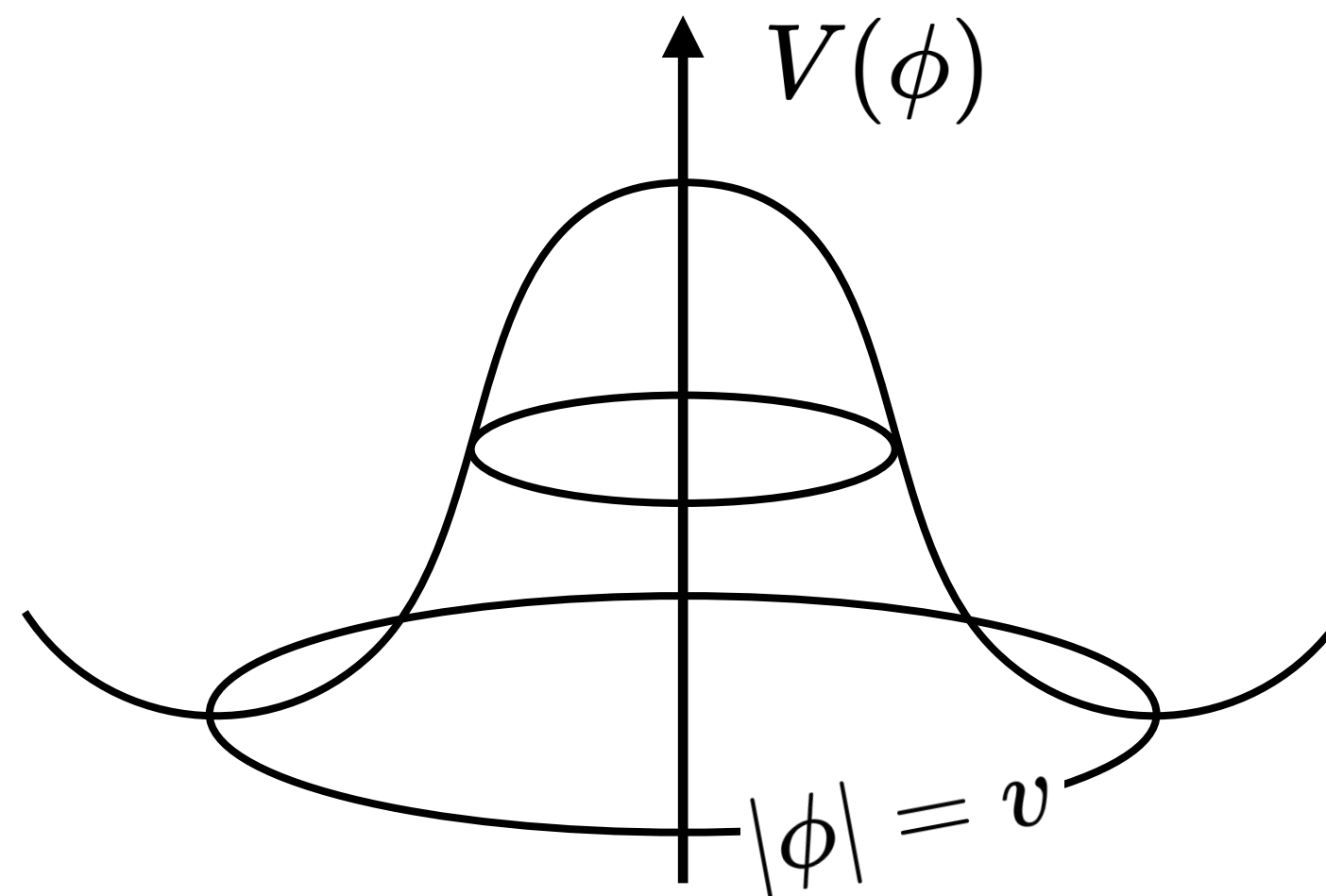
Dawn of the fuzzy dark sector

Ultra-light Abelian Higgs

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[\frac{R}{16\pi G} - \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{2} |D_\mu \phi|^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4!} (|\phi|^2 - v^2)^2 \right]$$



$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[\frac{1}{2} (\dot{A}_i)^2 - \frac{1}{2} A_i (-\nabla^2 + m_{A, \text{eff}}^2) A_i + \frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu h)^2 - \frac{m_h^2}{2} h^2 - \frac{\lambda v}{3!} h^3 - \frac{\lambda}{4!} h^4 + \frac{R}{16\pi G} \right]$$



Particle masses

$$m_A^2 \equiv g^2 v^2$$

$$m_h^2 \equiv 2\lambda v^2$$

For the Fuzzy Dark Sector

$$\lambda \sim g^2$$

$$m_A, m_h \ll \text{eV} \Rightarrow \lambda, g \ll 1$$

Fuzzy dark sector

Non-relativistic limit

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [[2509.15299](#)]

Dark Photon $i\partial_t \vec{\mathcal{A}} = -\frac{1}{2m_A} \nabla^2 \vec{\mathcal{A}} + m_A \Phi \vec{\mathcal{A}}$

Fuzzy dark sector

Non-relativistic limit

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [[2509.15299](#)]

Dark Photon $i\partial_t \vec{\mathcal{A}} = -\frac{1}{2m_A} \nabla^2 \vec{\mathcal{A}} + m_A \Phi \vec{\mathcal{A}}$

Scalar (Higgs) $i\partial_t h = -\frac{1}{2m_h} \nabla^2 h + m_h \Phi h$

$$\nabla^2 \Phi = 4\pi G (m_A |\mathcal{A}|^2 + m_h |h|^2)$$

Fuzzy dark sector

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [[2509.15299](#)]

Non-relativistic limit

Dark Photon $i\partial_t \vec{\mathcal{A}} = -\frac{1}{2m_A} \nabla^2 \vec{\mathcal{A}} + m_A \Phi \vec{\mathcal{A}} - g^2 \frac{\vec{\mathcal{A}}}{2m_A} \frac{|h|^2}{m_h}$

Scalar (Higgs) $i\partial_t h = -\frac{1}{2m_h} \nabla^2 h + m_h \Phi h + \frac{\lambda}{2m_h^2} h |h|^2 - g^2 \frac{h}{2m_h} \frac{|\vec{\mathcal{A}}|^2}{m_A}$

$$\nabla^2 \Phi = 4\pi G (m_A |\mathcal{A}|^2 + m_h |h|^2)$$

Fuzzy dark sector

Non-relativistic limit

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]

Dark Photon $i\partial_t \vec{\mathcal{A}} = -\frac{1}{2m_A} \nabla^2 \vec{\mathcal{A}} + m_A \Phi \vec{\mathcal{A}} - g^2 \frac{\vec{\mathcal{A}}}{2m_A} \frac{|h|^2}{m_h}$

Scalar (Higgs) $i\partial_t h = -\frac{1}{2m_h} \nabla^2 h + m_h \Phi h + \frac{\lambda}{2m_h^2} h |h|^2 - g^2 \frac{h}{2m_h} \frac{|\vec{\mathcal{A}}|^2}{m_A}$

$$\nabla^2 \Phi = 4\pi G (m_A |\mathcal{A}|^2 + m_h |h|^2)$$

Higgs (repulsive)
self-interaction

Fuzzy dark sector

Non-relativistic limit

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]

Dark Photon $i\partial_t \vec{\mathcal{A}} = -\frac{1}{2m_A} \nabla^2 \vec{\mathcal{A}} + m_A \Phi \vec{\mathcal{A}} - g^2 \frac{\vec{\mathcal{A}}}{2m_A} \frac{|h|^2}{m_h}$

Scalar (Higgs) $i\partial_t h = -\frac{1}{2m_h} \nabla^2 h + m_h \Phi h + \frac{\lambda}{2m_h^2} h |h|^2 - g^2 \frac{h}{2m_h} \frac{|\vec{\mathcal{A}}|^2}{m_A}$

$$\nabla^2 \Phi = 4\pi G (m_A |\mathcal{A}|^2 + m_h |h|^2)$$

Higgs-photon coupling

Higgs (repulsive) self-interaction

Fuzzy dark sector

EFT pitfalls

$$\mathcal{L} \supset h A^2 \sim \exp(\pm i (m_h - 2m_A)t)$$

Fuzzy dark sector

EFT pitfalls

$$\mathcal{L} \supset hA^2 \sim \exp(\pm i(m_h - 2m_A)t)$$

$$m_h \sim 2m_A$$

Slow oscillation survives averaging

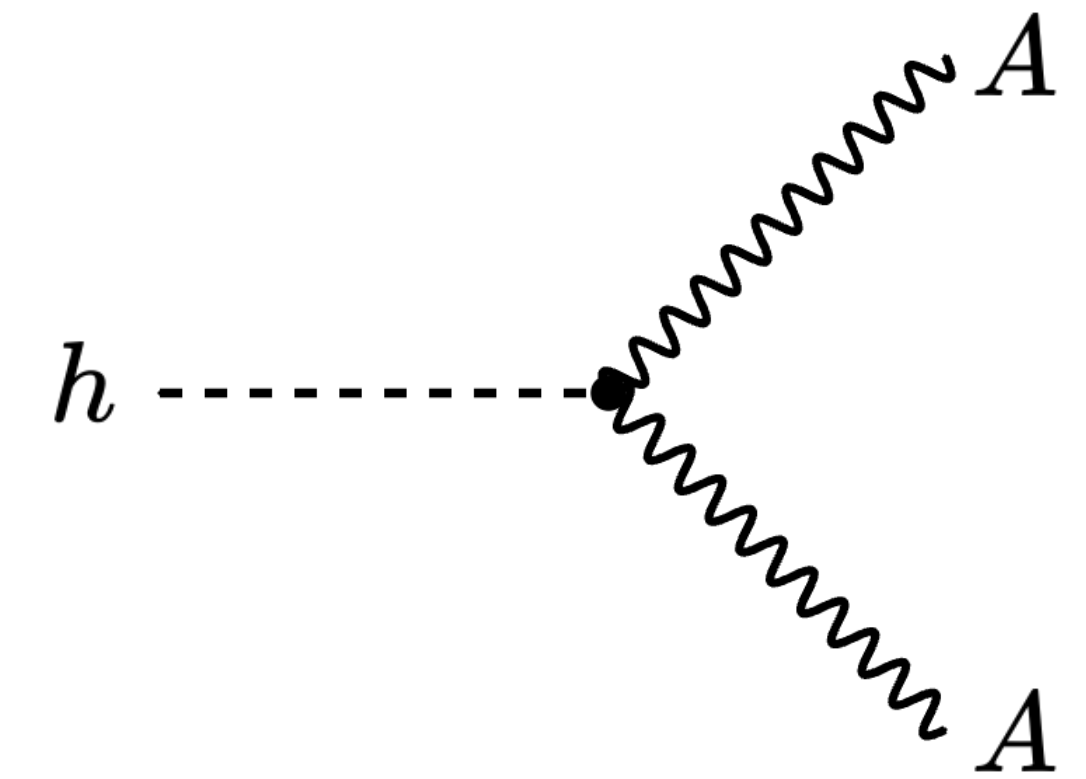
Fuzzy dark sector

EFT pitfalls

$$\mathcal{L} \supset h A^2 \sim \exp(\pm i (m_h - 2m_A)t)$$

$$m_h \sim 2m_A$$

Slow oscillation survives averaging



Violates particle number

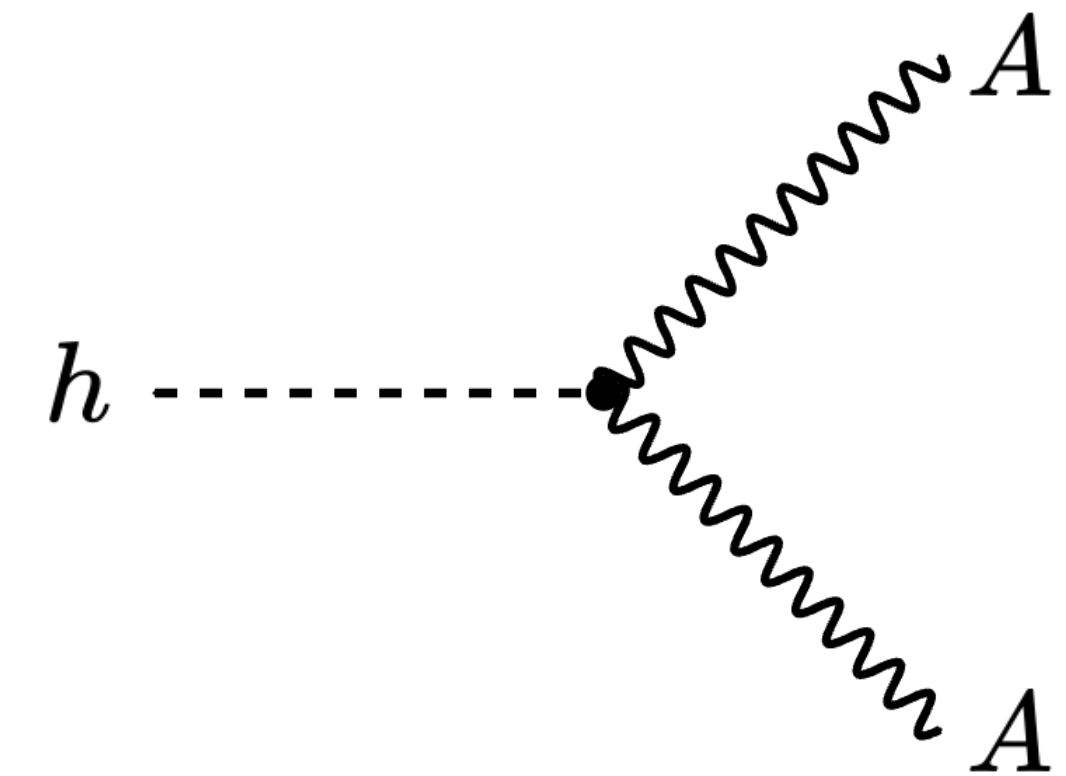
Fuzzy dark sector

EFT pitfalls

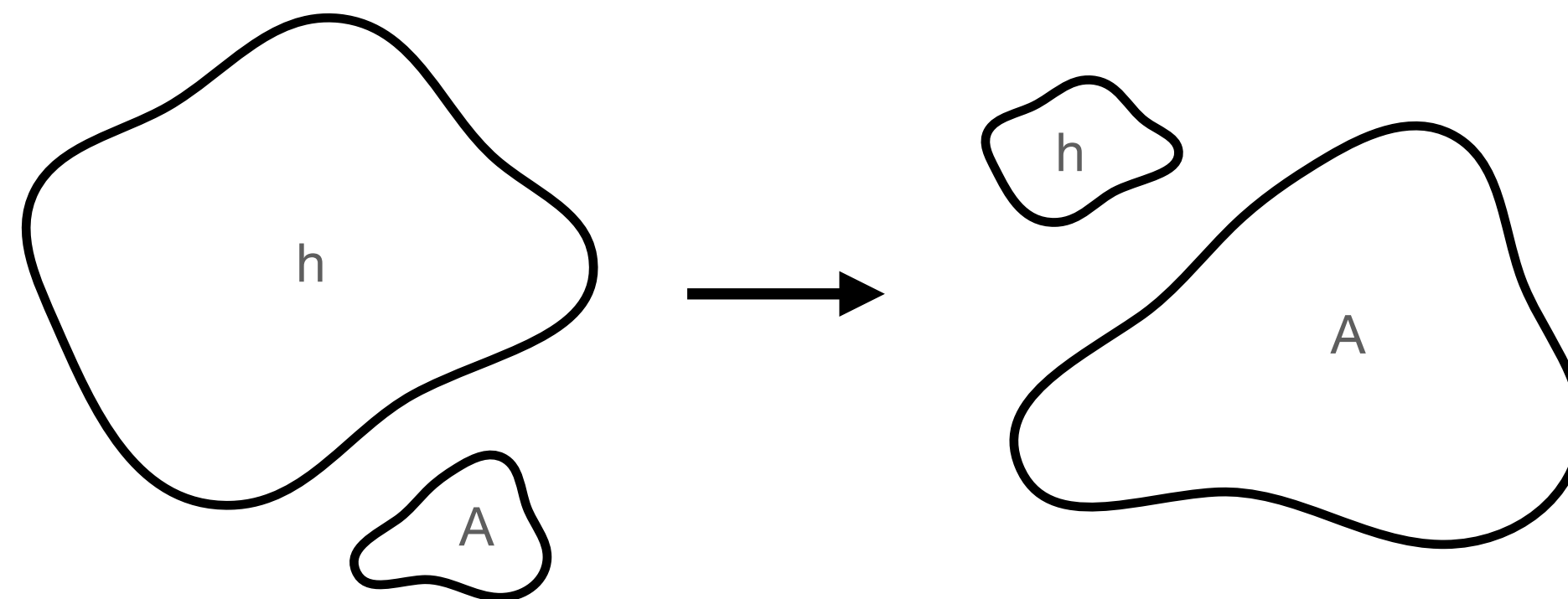
$$\mathcal{L} \supset hA^2 \sim \exp(\pm i(m_h - 2m_A)t)$$

$$m_h \sim 2m_A$$

Slow oscillation survives averaging



Violates particle number



Large and small scale probes

Fuzzy dark sector

Fluid description

Euler:

$$\frac{D\vec{v}_A}{Dt} = \frac{1}{2m_A^2} \nabla \left(\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_A}}{\sqrt{\rho_A}} \right) - \nabla \Phi + \frac{1}{\rho_A} \nabla P_{\text{int},h}$$
$$\frac{D\vec{v}_h}{Dt} = \frac{1}{2m_h^2} \nabla \left(\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_h}}{\sqrt{\rho_h}} \right) - \nabla \Phi - \frac{1}{\rho_h} \nabla P_{\text{SI}} + \frac{1}{\rho_h} \nabla P_{\text{int},A}$$

Fuzzy dark sector

Fluid description

Euler:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{D\vec{v}_A}{Dt} &= \frac{1}{2m_A^2} \nabla \left(\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_A}}{\sqrt{\rho_A}} \right) - \nabla \Phi + \frac{1}{\rho_A} \nabla P_{\text{int},h} \\ \frac{D\vec{v}_h}{Dt} &= \frac{1}{2m_h^2} \nabla \left(\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_h}}{\sqrt{\rho_h}} \right) - \nabla \Phi - \frac{1}{\rho_h} \nabla P_{\text{SI}} + \frac{1}{\rho_h} \nabla P_{\text{int},A}\end{aligned}$$

Gradient pressure

Fuzzy dark sector

Fluid description

Euler:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{D\vec{v}_A}{Dt} &= \frac{1}{2m_A^2} \nabla \left(\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_A}}{\sqrt{\rho_A}} \right) - \nabla \Phi + \frac{1}{\rho_A} \nabla P_{\text{int},h} \\ \frac{D\vec{v}_h}{Dt} &= \frac{1}{2m_h^2} \nabla \left(\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_h}}{\sqrt{\rho_h}} \right) - \nabla \Phi - \frac{1}{\rho_h} \nabla P_{\text{SI}} + \frac{1}{\rho_h} \nabla P_{\text{int},A}\end{aligned}$$

Gradient pressure

Mutual interaction
pressure

Fuzzy dark sector

Fluid description

Euler:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{D\vec{v}_A}{Dt} &= \frac{1}{2m_A^2} \nabla \left(\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_A}}{\sqrt{\rho_A}} \right) - \nabla \Phi + \frac{1}{\rho_A} \nabla P_{\text{int},h} \\ \frac{D\vec{v}_h}{Dt} &= \frac{1}{2m_h^2} \nabla \left(\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_h}}{\sqrt{\rho_h}} \right) - \nabla \Phi - \frac{1}{\rho_h} \nabla P_{\text{SI}} + \frac{1}{\rho_h} \nabla P_{\text{int},A}\end{aligned}$$

Diagram labels and connections:

- Gradient pressure** (red box) points to the red boxes containing $\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_A}}{\sqrt{\rho_A}}$ and $\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_h}}{\sqrt{\rho_h}}$.
- Self-interaction pressure** (teal box) points to the teal box containing ∇P_{SI} .
- Mutual interaction pressure** (pink box) points to the pink boxes containing $\nabla P_{\text{int},h}$ and $\nabla P_{\text{int},A}$.

Fuzzy dark sector

Fluid description

Euler:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{D\vec{v}_A}{Dt} &= \frac{1}{2m_A^2} \nabla \left(\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_A}}{\sqrt{\rho_A}} \right) - \nabla \Phi + \frac{1}{\rho_A} \nabla P_{\text{int},h} \\ \frac{D\vec{v}_h}{Dt} &= \frac{1}{2m_h^2} \nabla \left(\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_h}}{\sqrt{\rho_h}} \right) - \nabla \Phi - \frac{1}{\rho_h} \nabla P_{\text{SI}} + \frac{1}{\rho_h} \nabla P_{\text{int},A} \end{aligned}$$

Diagram labels and connections:

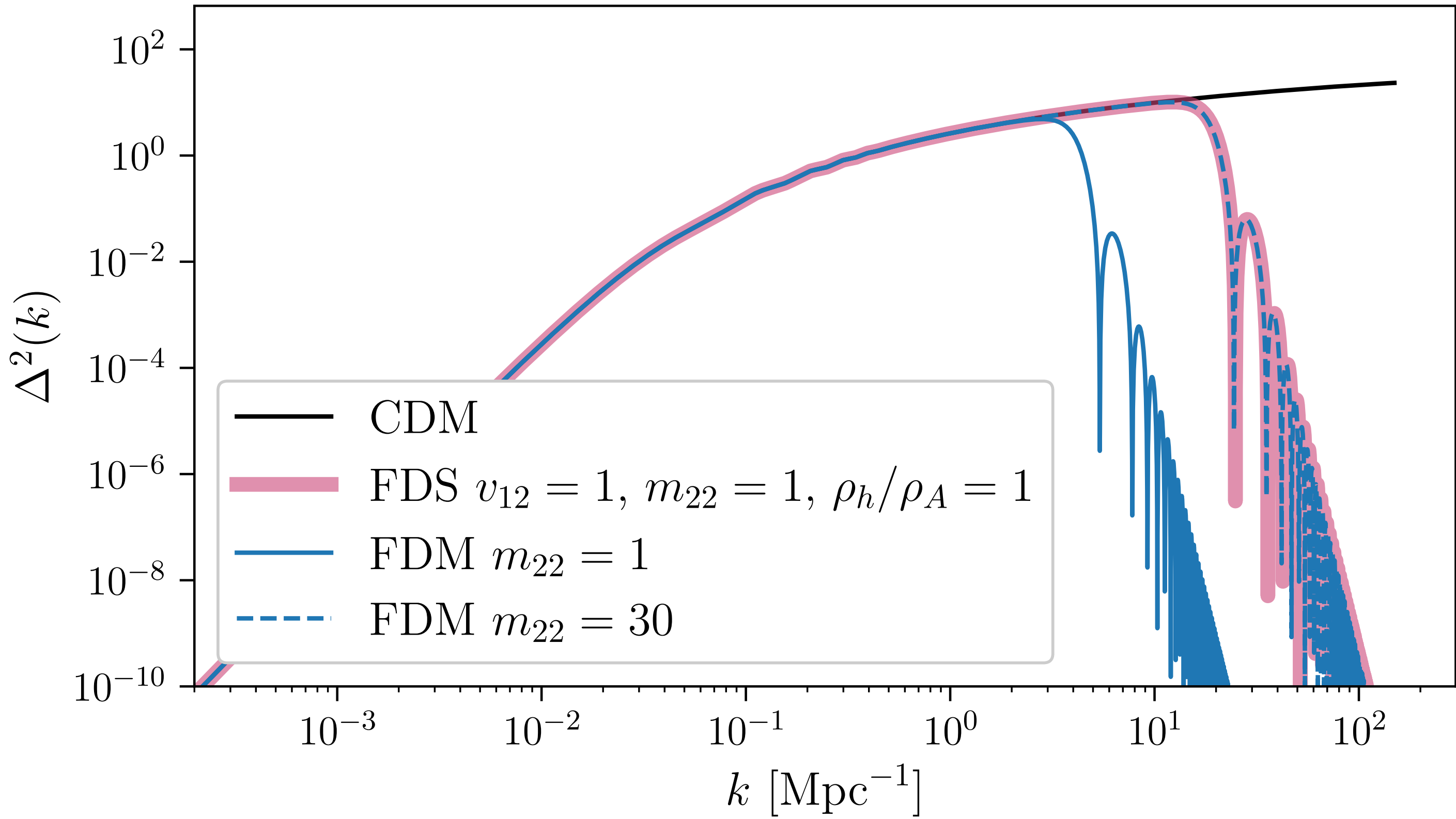
- Gradient pressure** (red box) points to the red boxes containing $\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_A}}{\sqrt{\rho_A}}$ and $\frac{\nabla^2 \sqrt{\rho_h}}{\sqrt{\rho_h}}$.
- Self-interaction pressure** (teal box) points to the teal box containing ∇P_{SI} .
- Mutual interaction pressure** (pink box) points to the pink boxes containing $\nabla P_{\text{int},h}$ and $\nabla P_{\text{int},A}$.

+ a copy of the continuity equation for each degree of freedom

Large scale structure

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]

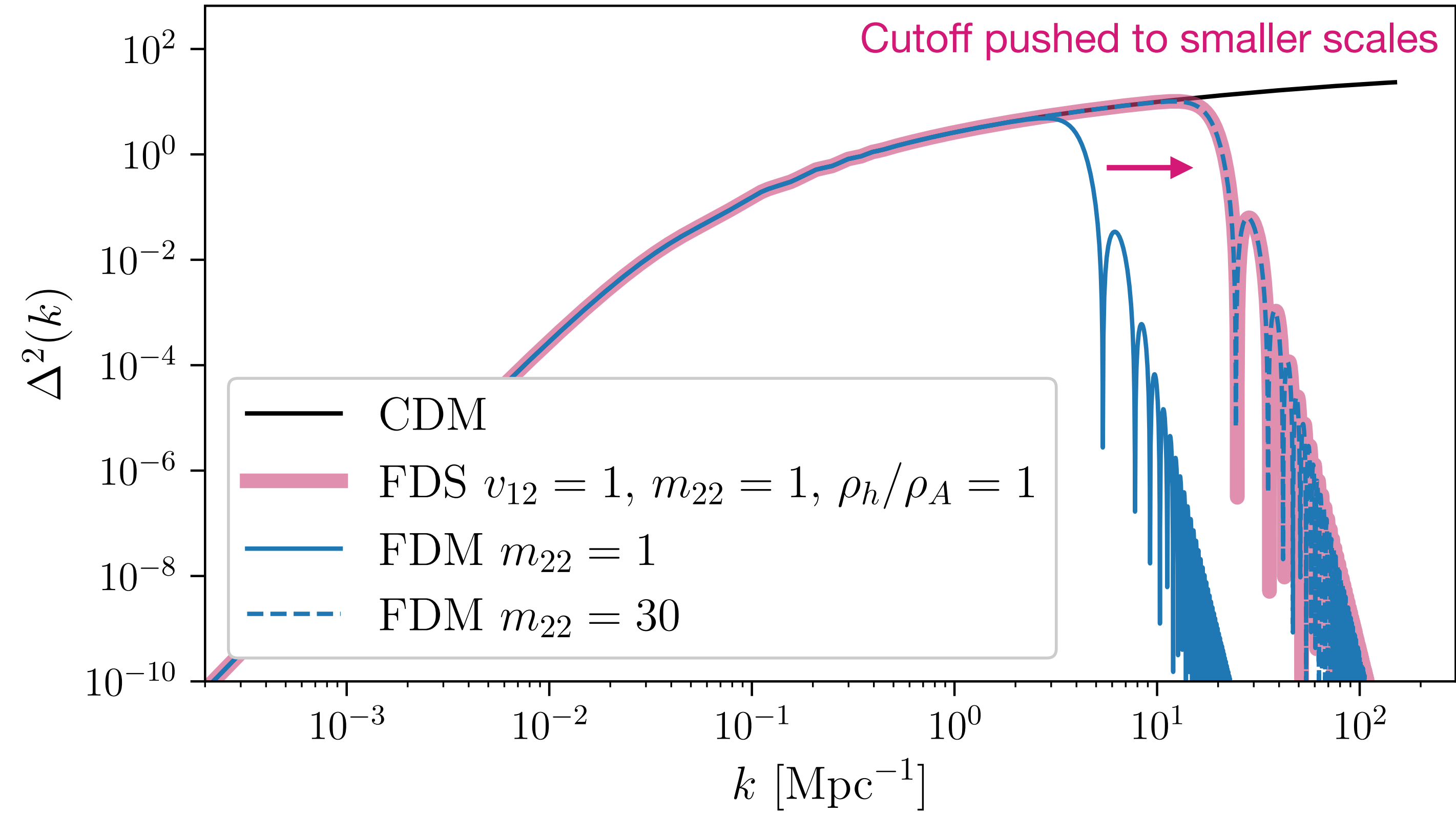
FDM 🤝 FDS: apparent degeneracy



Large scale structure

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]

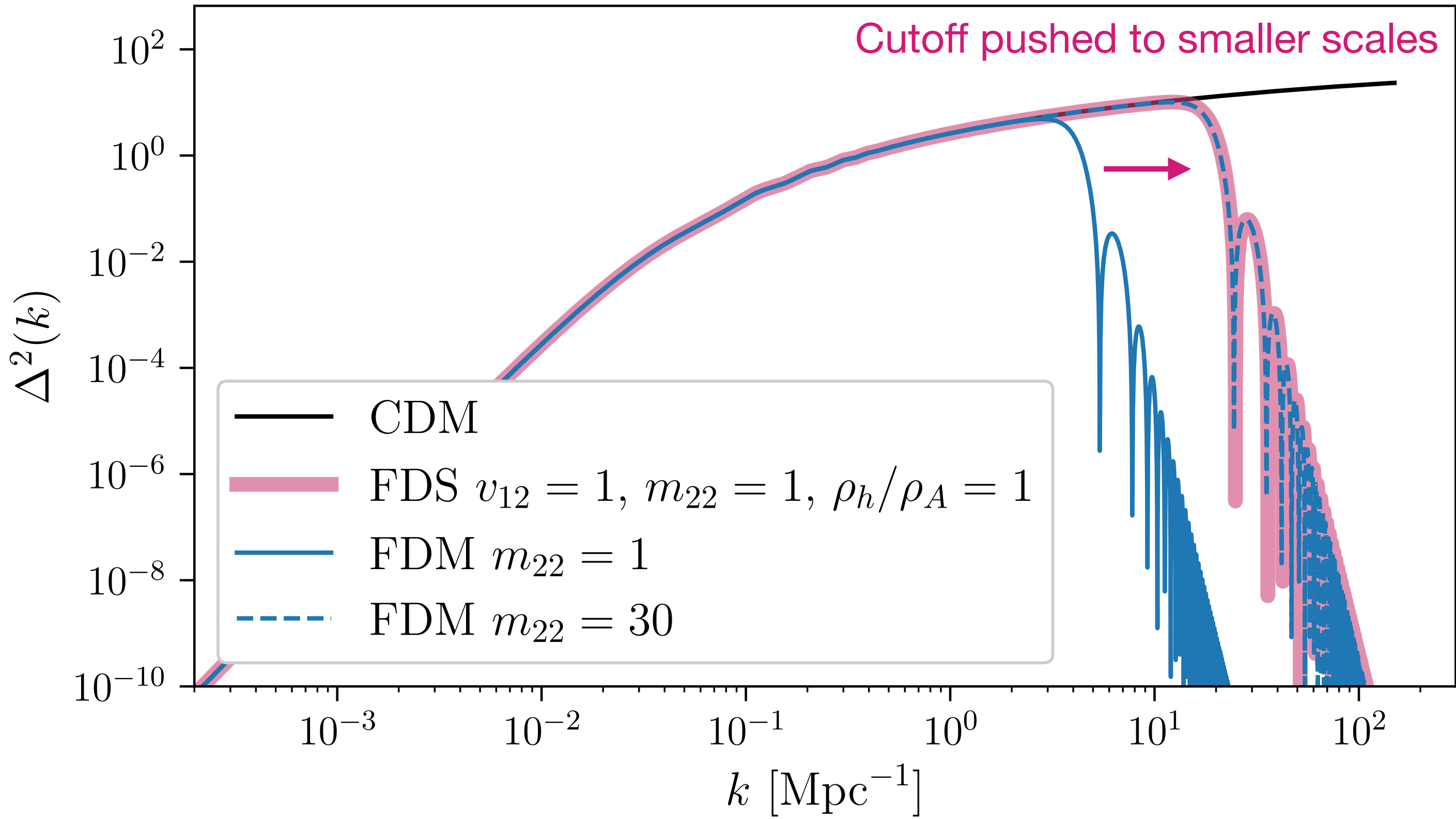
FDM 🤝 FDS: apparent degeneracy



Large scale structure

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]

FDM 🤝 FDS: apparent degeneracy

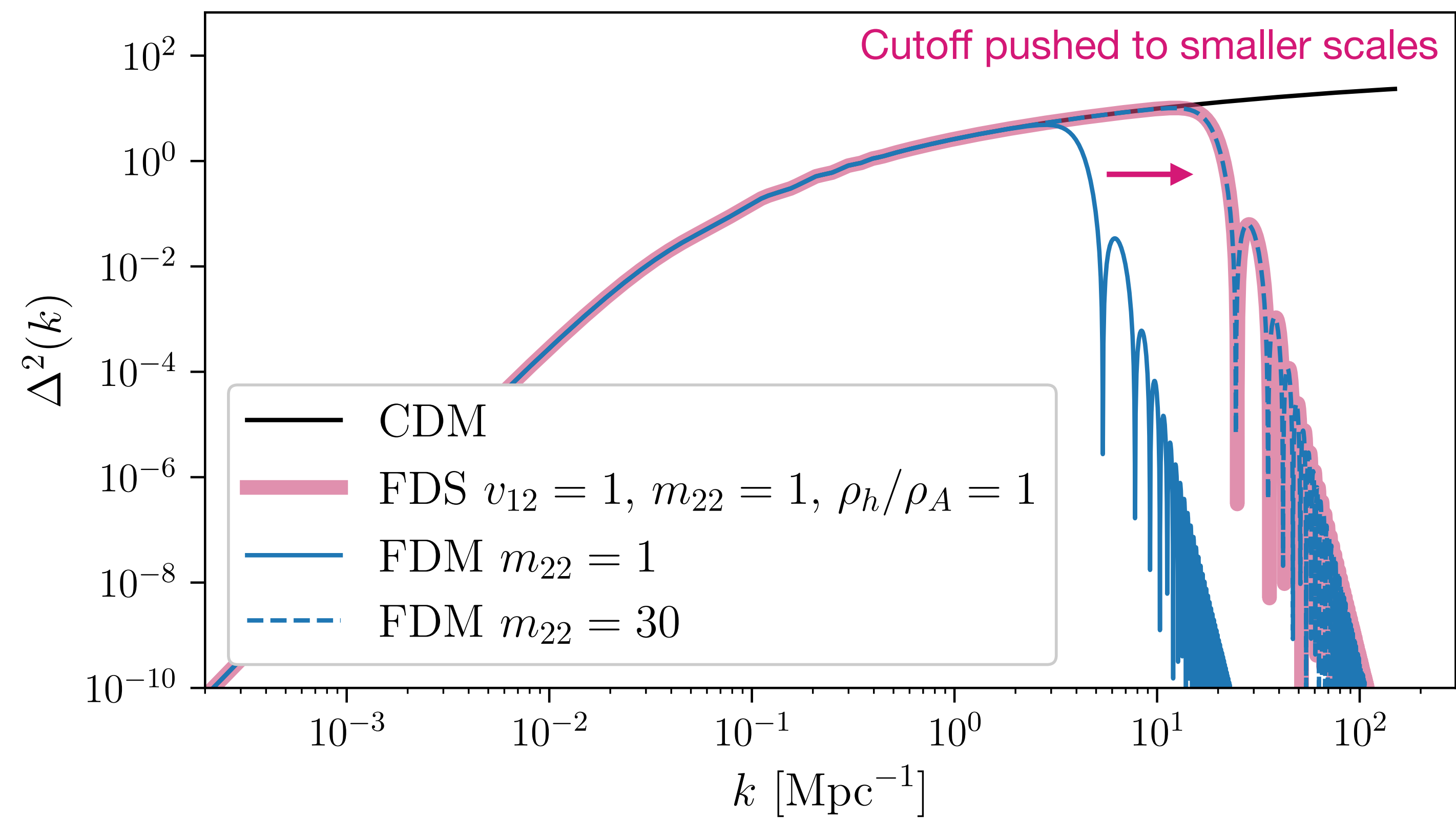


$$k_*^2 \approx \sqrt{k_{G,h}^4 + k_{G,A}^4} + 2m_h^2 c_{s,h}^2 \left(4 - \frac{5}{1 + \frac{k_{G,A}^4}{k_{G,h}^4}} \right)$$

Large scale structure

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]

FDM 🤝 FDS: apparent degeneracy



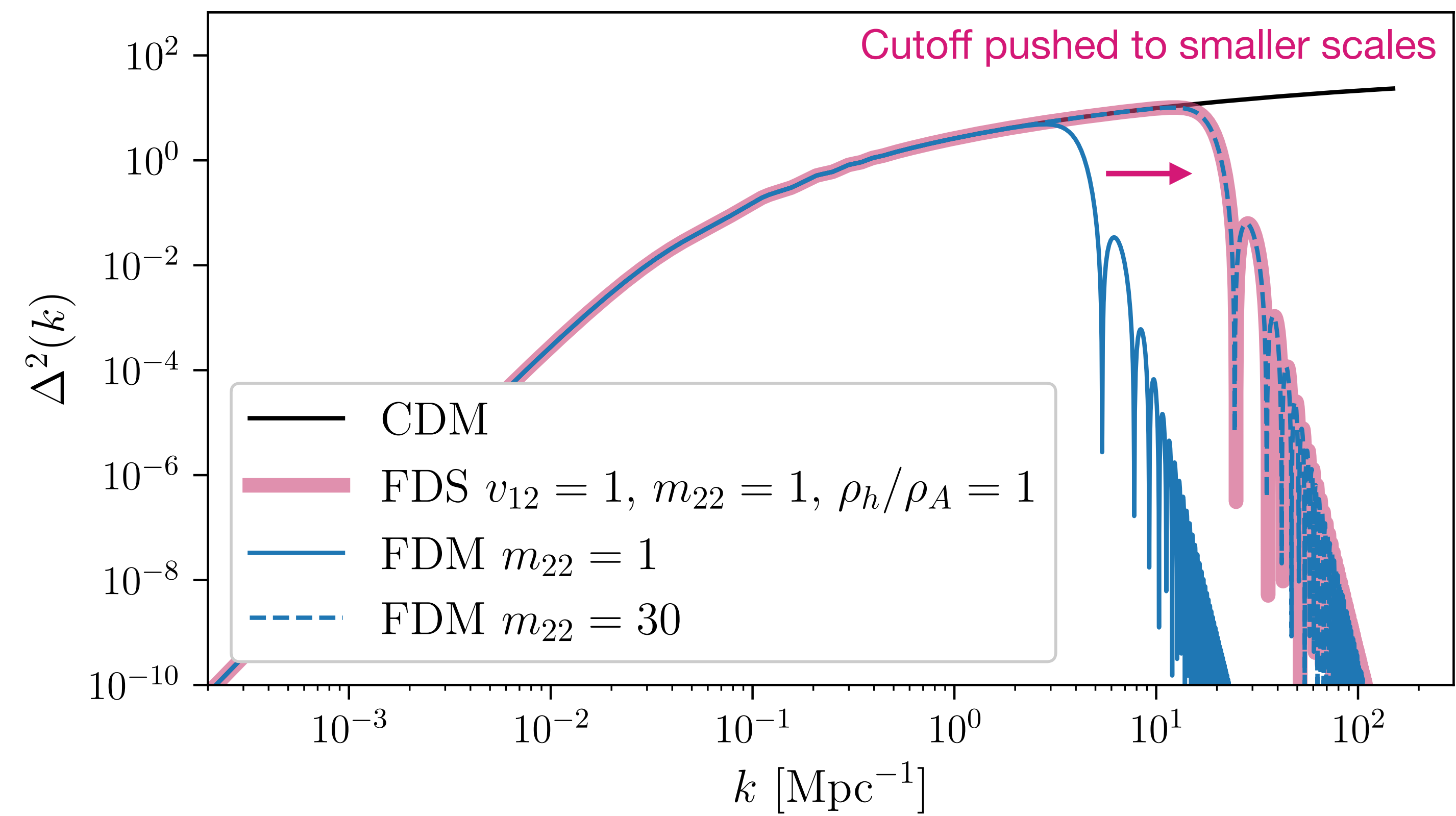
$$k_*^2 \approx \sqrt{k_{G,h}^4 + k_{G,A}^4} + 2m_h^2 c_{s,h}^2 \left(4 - \frac{5}{1 + \frac{k_{G,A}^4}{k_{G,h}^4}} \right)$$

Where $k_{G,X}^4 = 16\pi G m_X^2 \rho_X$

Large scale structure

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]

FDM 🤝 FDS: apparent degeneracy



$$k_*^2 \approx \sqrt{k_{G,h}^4 + k_{G,A}^4} + 2m_h^2 c_{s,h}^2 \left(4 - \frac{5}{1 + \frac{k_{G,A}^4}{k_{G,h}^4}} \right)$$

Where $k_{G,X}^4 = 16\pi G m_X^2 \rho_X$

large or small Jeans scale compared to FDM based on model parameters

Small scales

Formation of halos

In FDM, halos have “soliton” cores

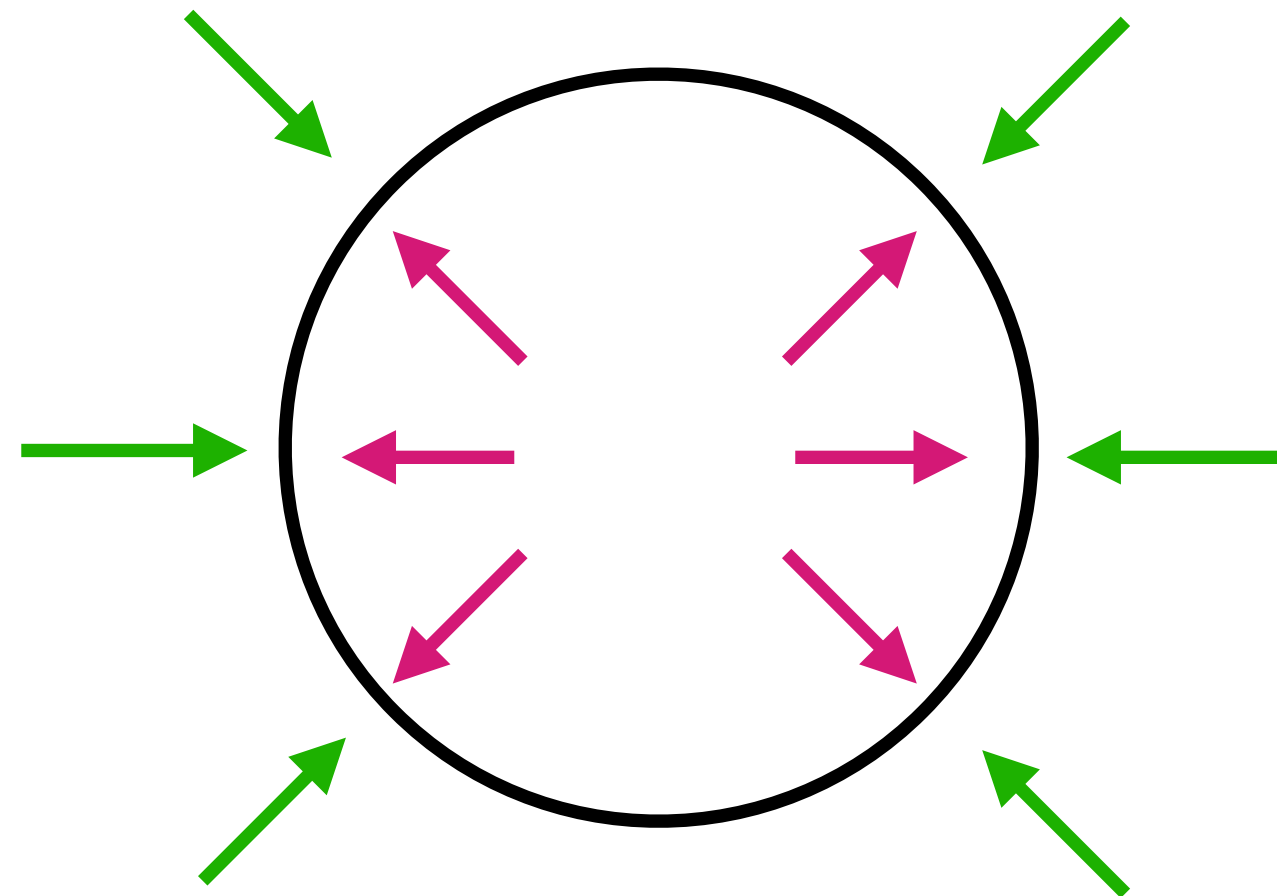
Stable clump balancing **gravity** with **gradient pressure**:

Small scales

Formation of halos

In FDM, halos have “soliton” cores

Stable clump balancing **gravity** with **gradient pressure**:



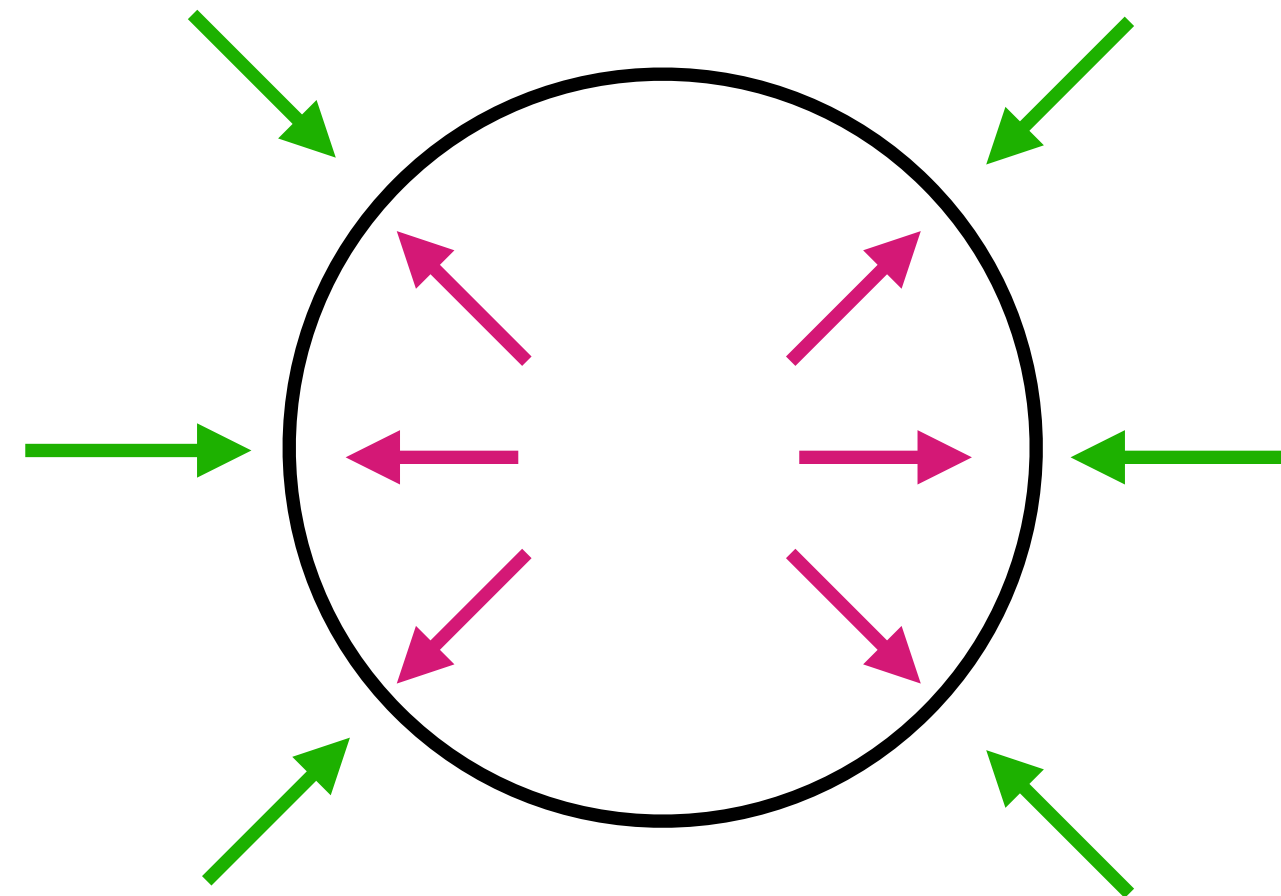
$$R \sim \frac{1}{GMm^2}$$

Small scales

Formation of halos

In FDM, halos have “soliton” cores

Stable clump balancing **gravity** with **gradient pressure**:



$$R \sim \frac{1}{GMm^2}$$

What about multi-field, interacting FDM?

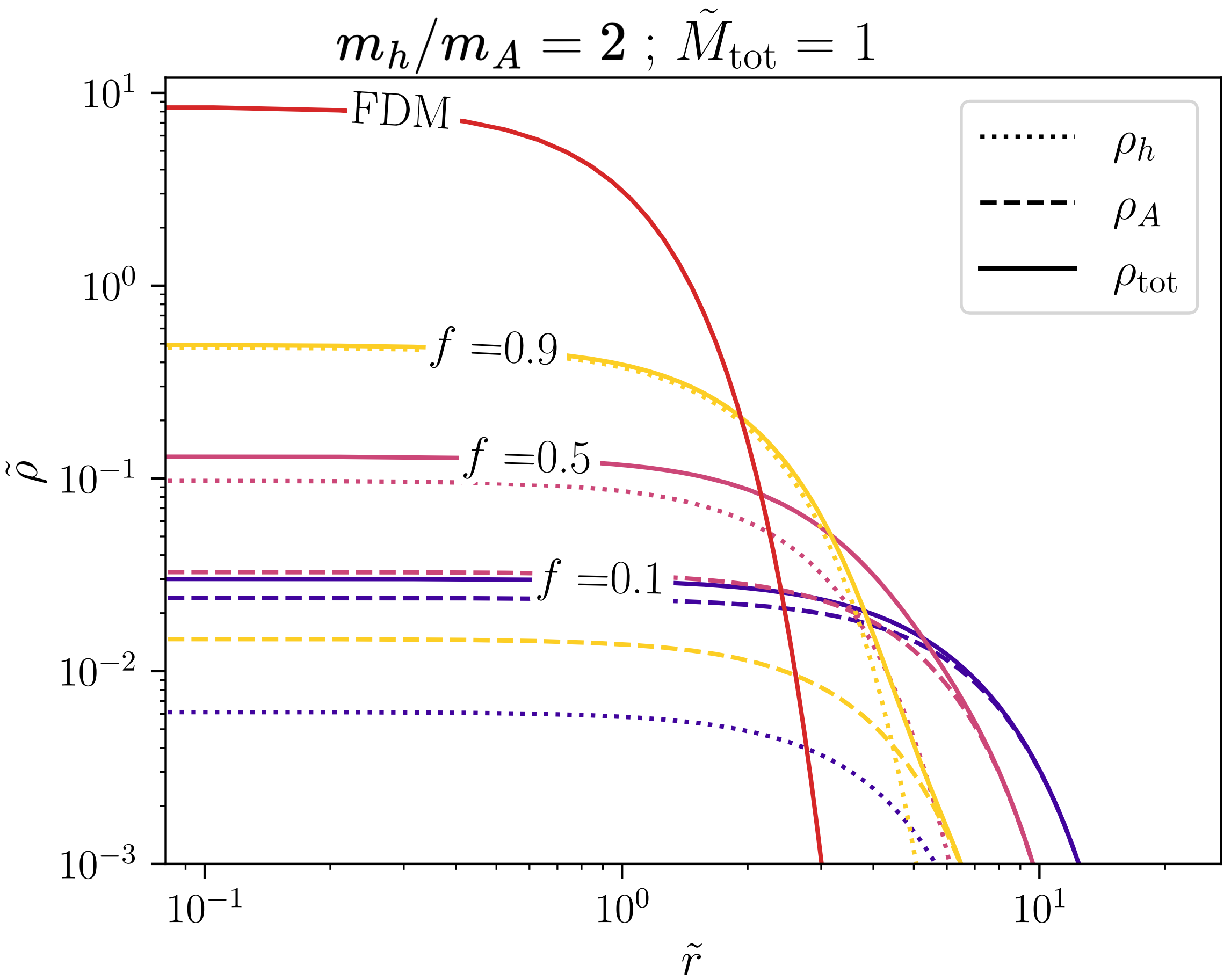
Small scales

Halo diversity

Large FDS parameter space for halos to explore!

$$\{M_{\rm tot}, f, \frac{m_h}{m_A}, \vec{\epsilon}\}$$

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]



Small scales

Halo diversity

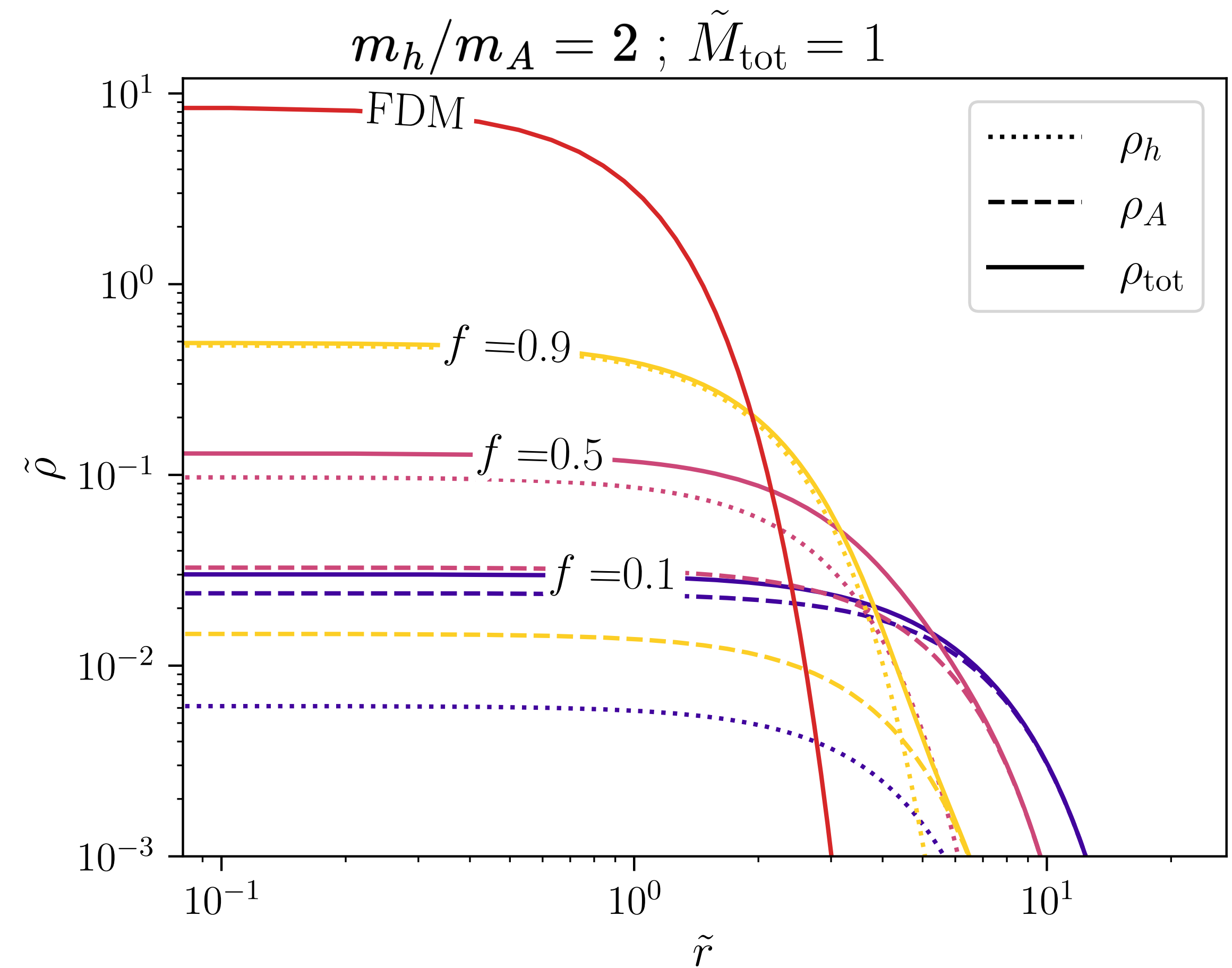
Large FDS parameter space for halos to explore!

$$\{M_{\text{tot}}, f, \frac{m_h}{m_A}, \vec{\epsilon}\}$$



Total soliton mass

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]



Small scales

Halo diversity

Large FDS parameter space for halos to explore!

$$\{M_{\text{tot}}, f, \frac{m_h}{m_A}, \vec{\epsilon}\}$$

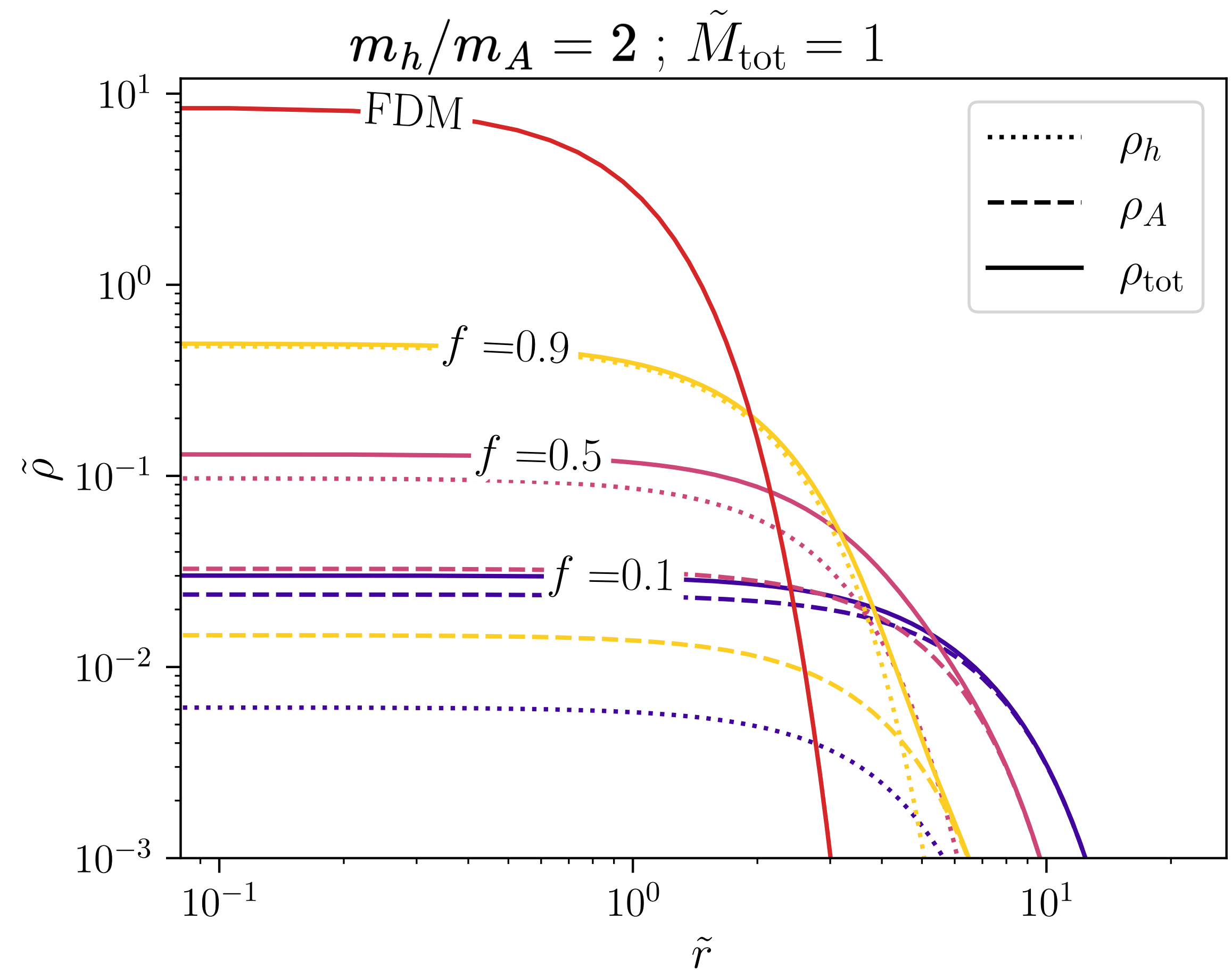


Total soliton mass



Halo mass fraction

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]



Small scales

Halo diversity

Large FDS parameter space for halos to explore!

$$\left\{ M_{\text{tot}}, f, \frac{m_h}{m_A}, \vec{\epsilon} \right\}$$



Total soliton mass

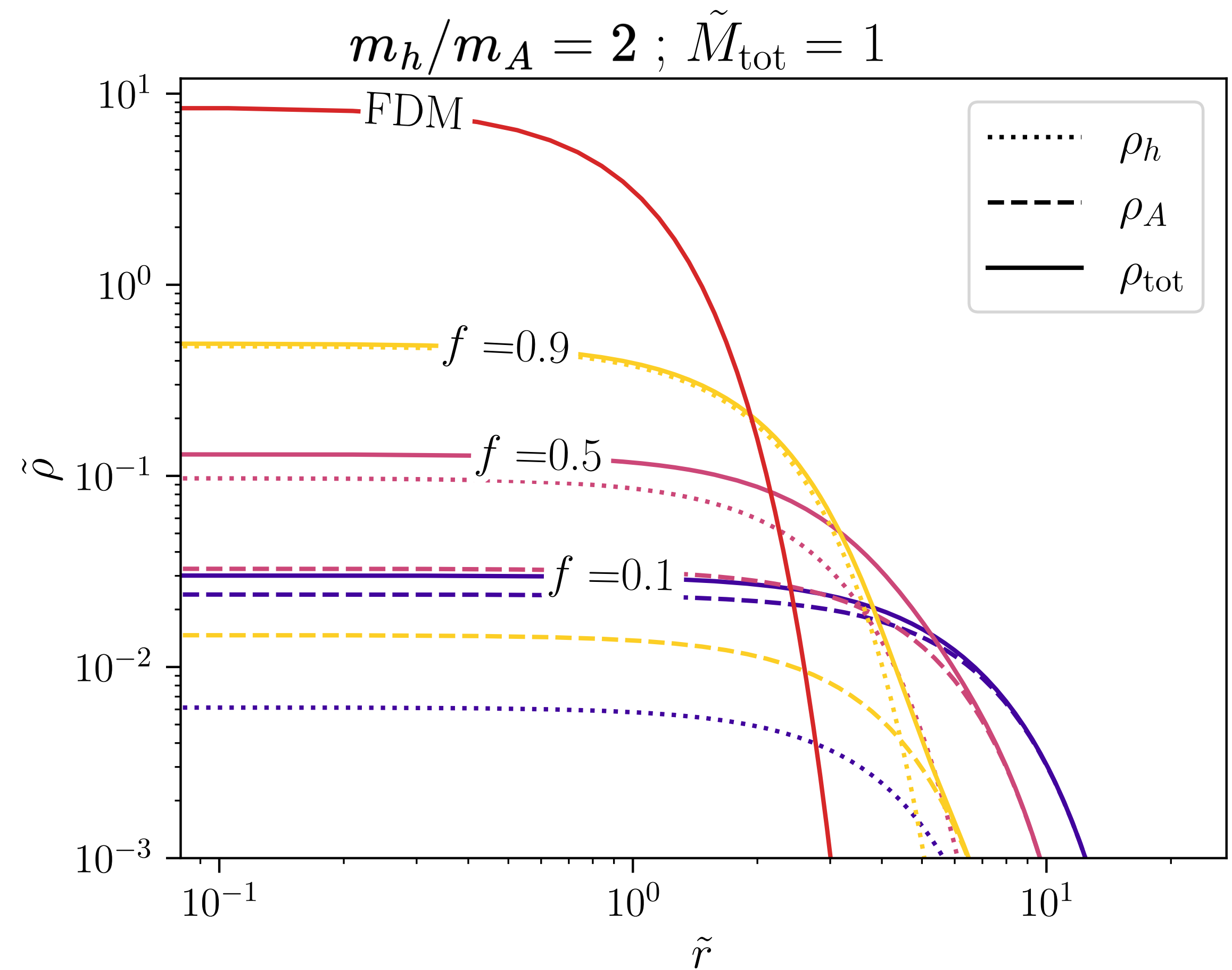


Halo mass fraction



Particle mass ratio

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]



Small scales

Halo diversity

Large FDS parameter space for halos to explore!

$$\left\{ M_{\text{tot}}, f, \frac{m_h}{m_A}, \vec{\epsilon} \right\}$$



Total soliton mass



Halo mass fraction

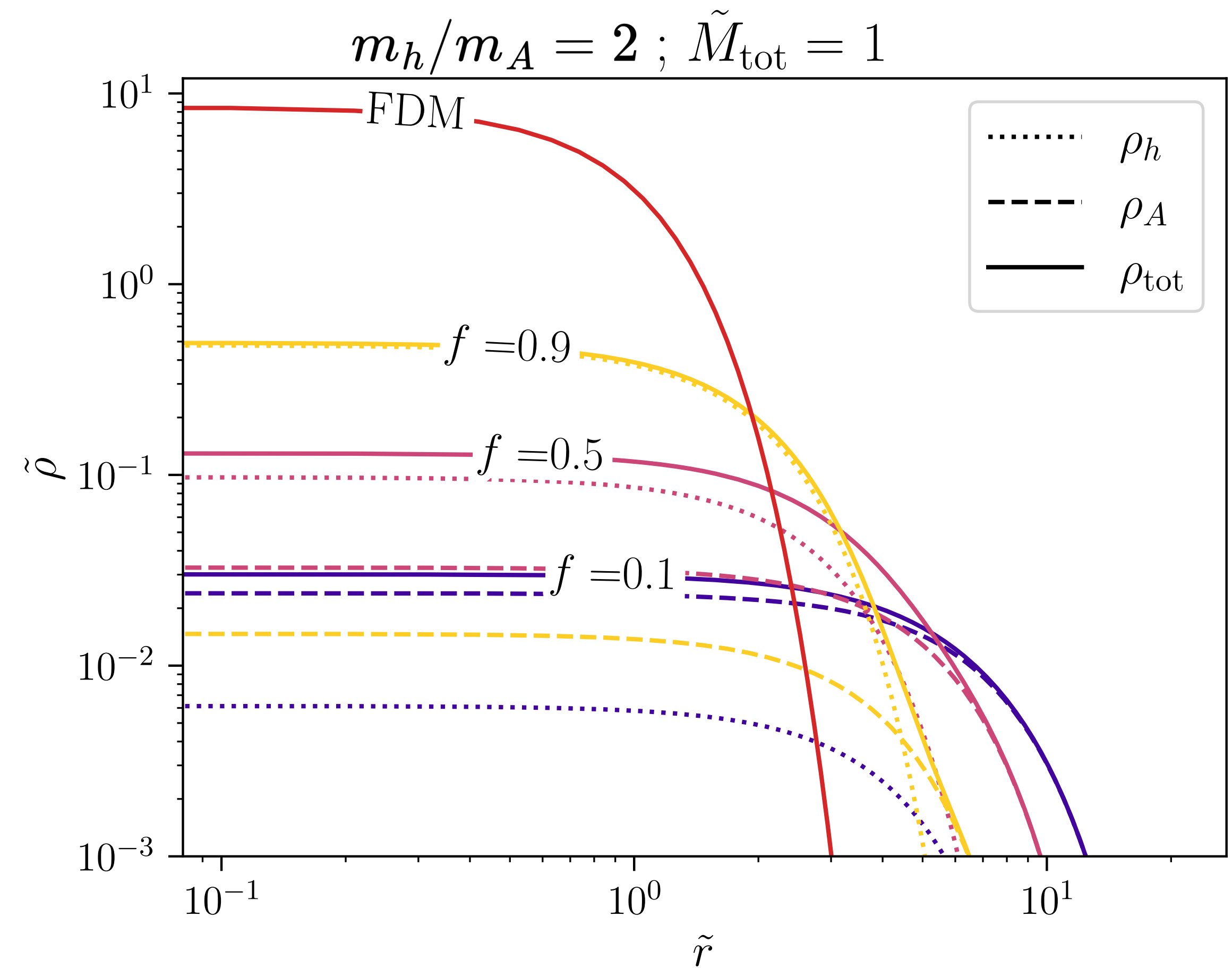


Particle mass ratio



Dark photon polarization

CC, Ferreira, McDonough [2509.15299]

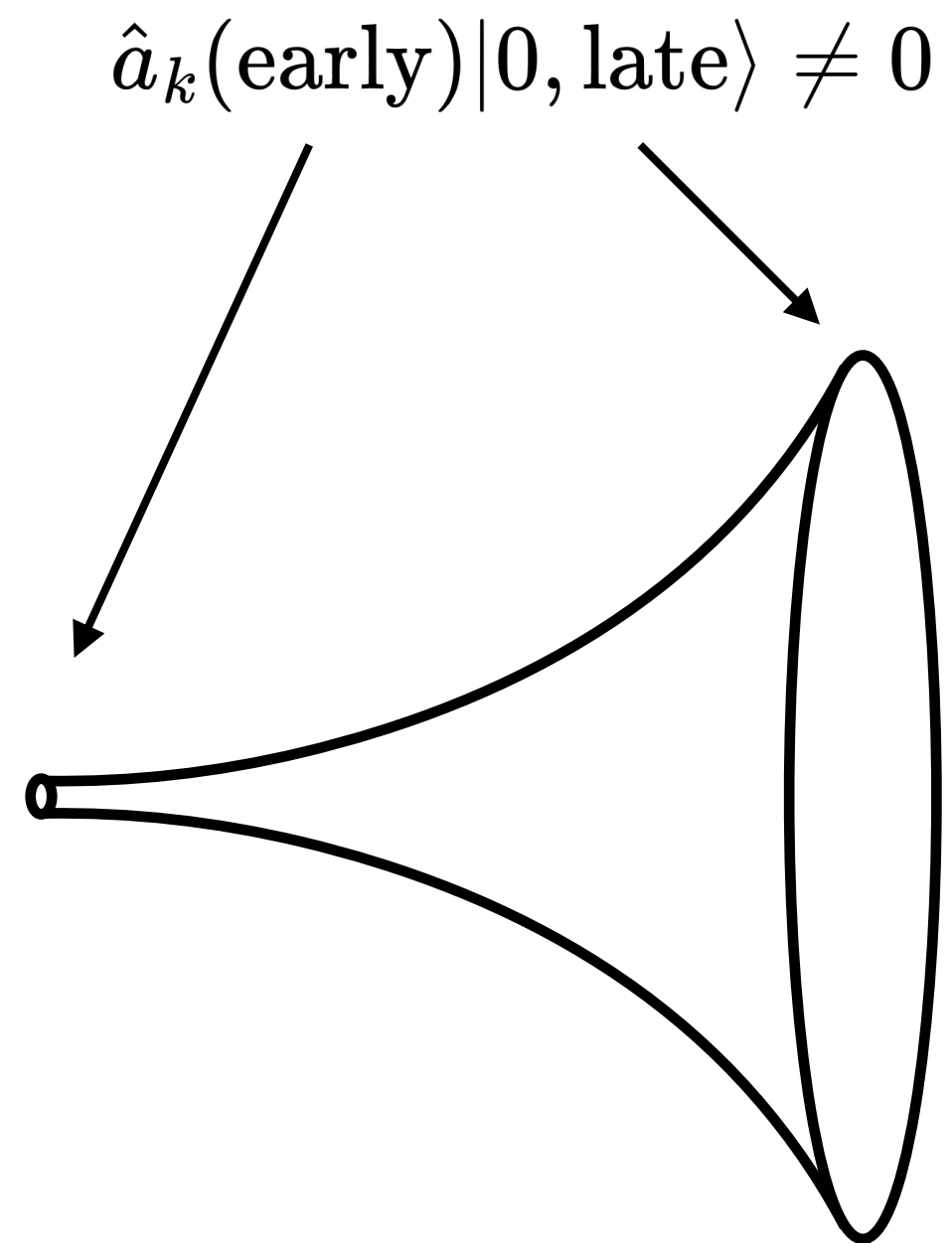


Production

Completely dark production of vectors

Non-minimal couplings

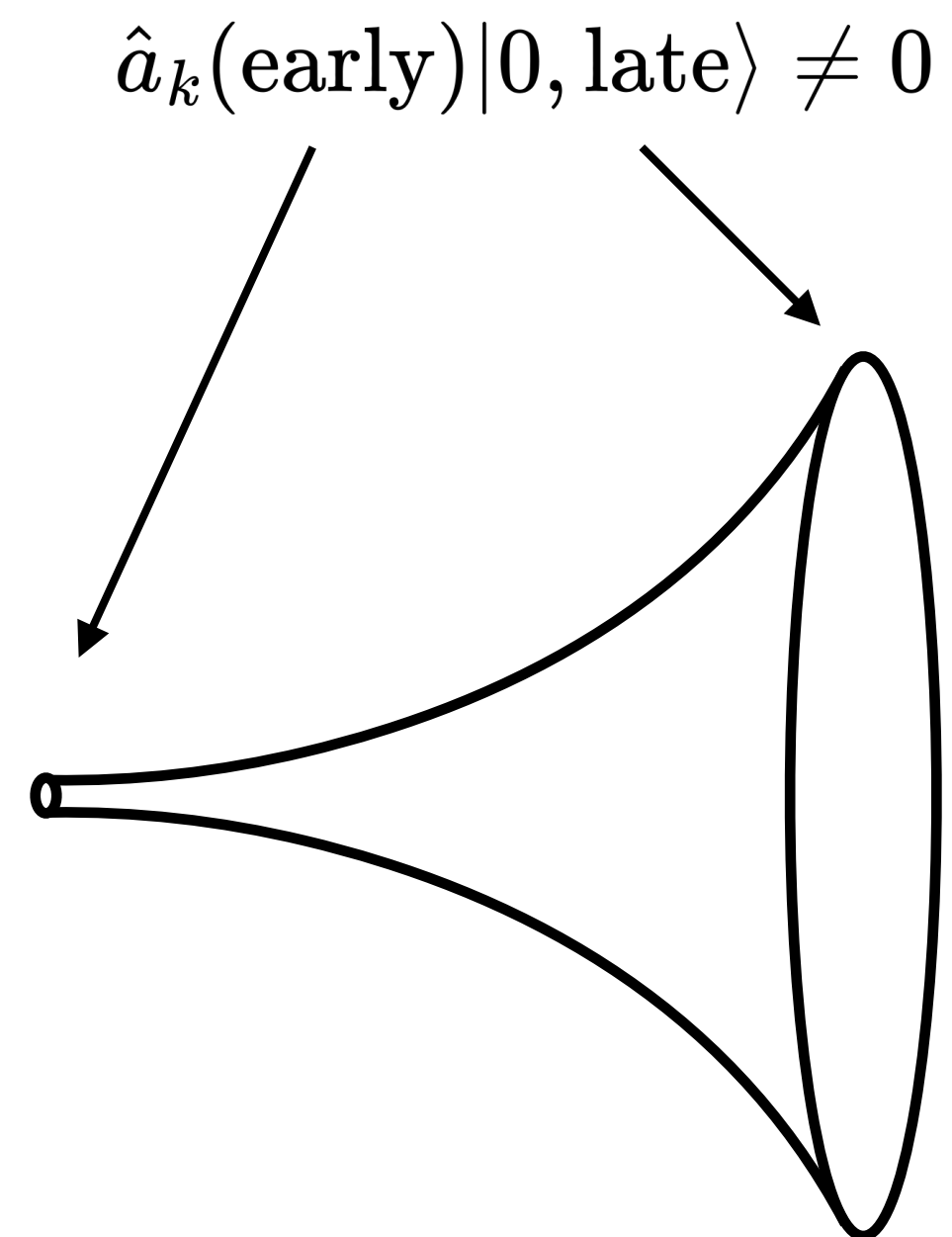
CC, Jenks, Kolb, McDonough
[2403.15536, 2405.19390]



Completely dark production of vectors

Non-minimal couplings

CC, Jenks, Kolb, McDonough
[2403.15536, 2405.19390]



$$\hat{a}_k(\text{early})|0, \text{late}\rangle \neq 0$$

$$\langle 0, \text{late} | \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_k | 0, \text{late} \rangle \neq 0$$

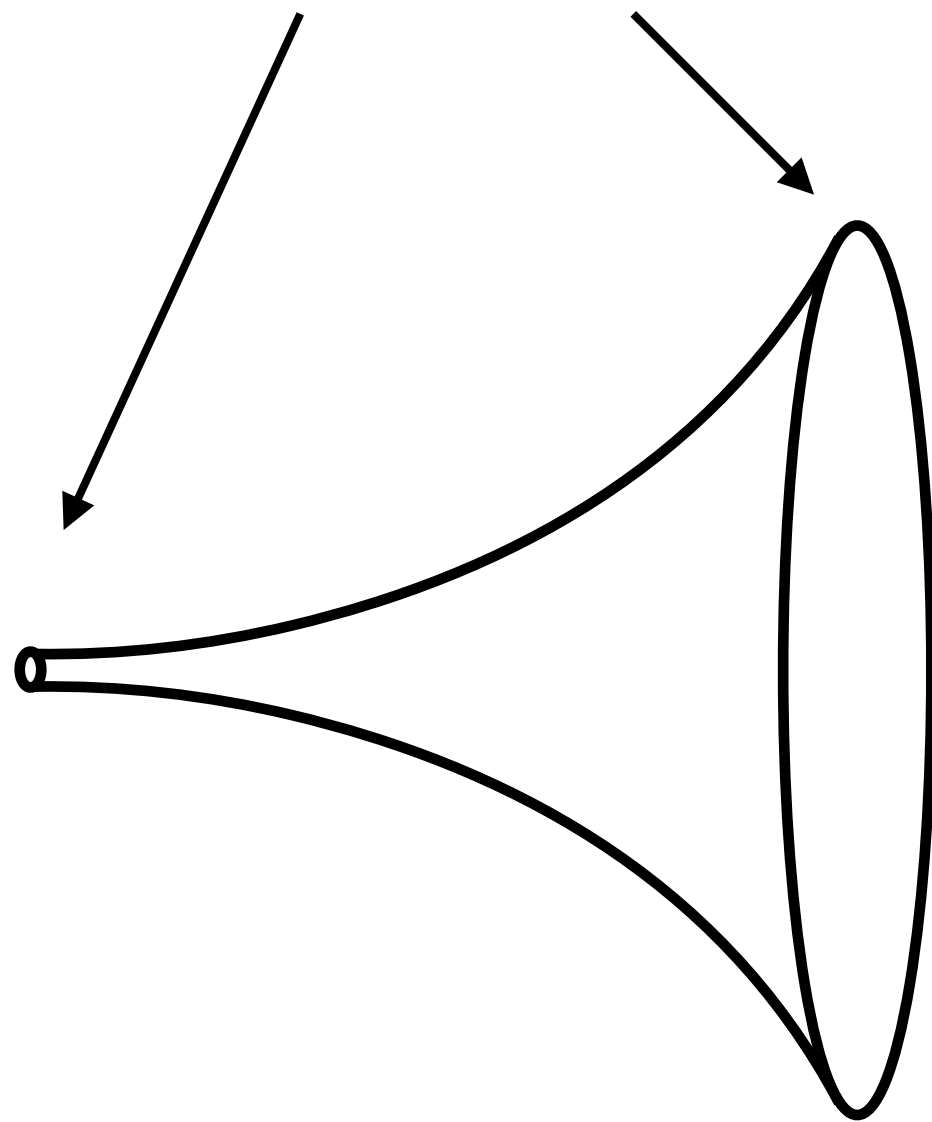
Expanding universe
produces particles!

Completely dark production of vectors

Non-minimal couplings

CC, Jenks, Kolb, McDonough
[2403.15536, 2405.19390]

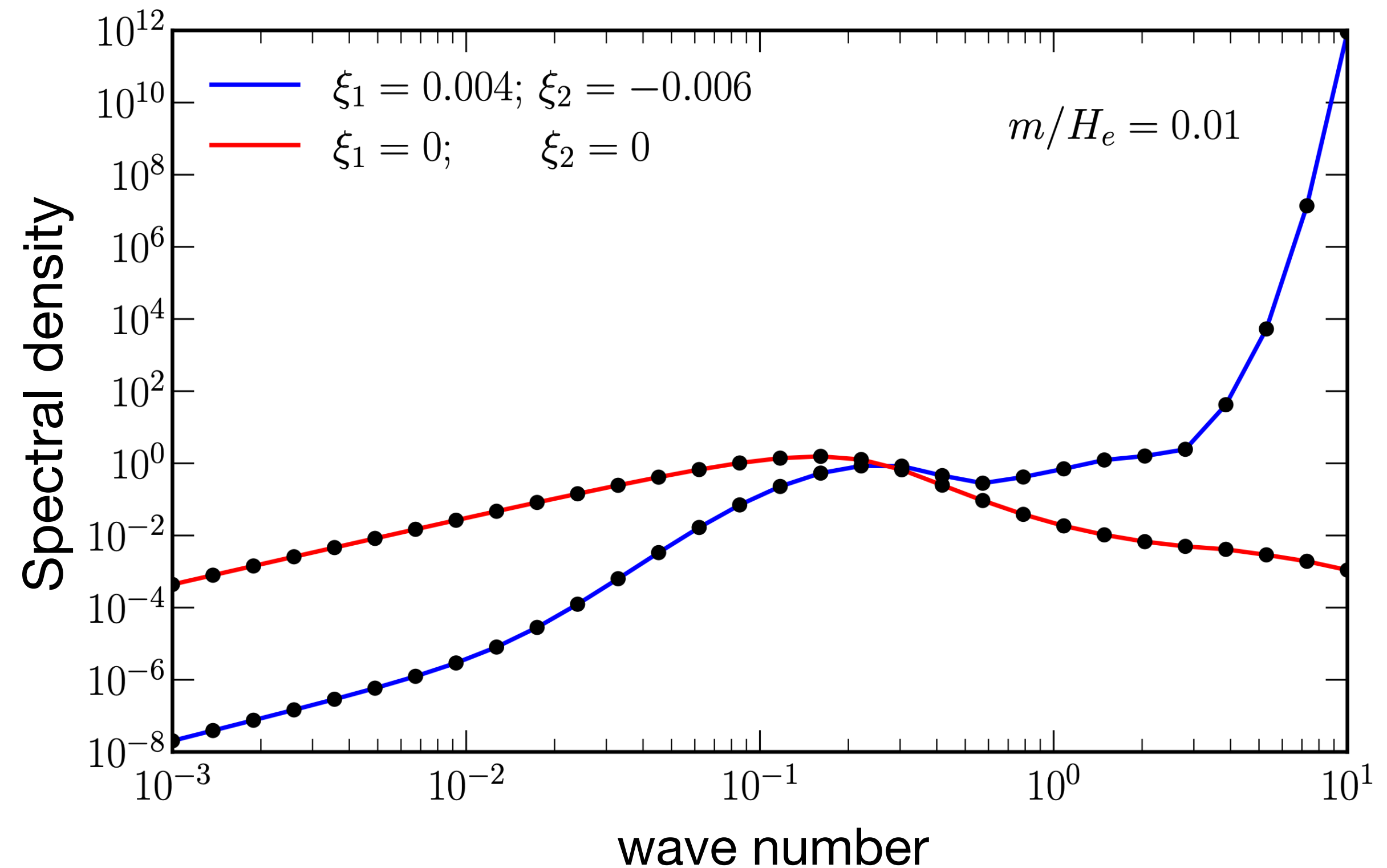
$$\hat{a}_k(\text{early})|0, \text{late}\rangle \neq 0$$



$$\langle 0, \text{late} | \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_k | 0, \text{late} \rangle \neq 0$$

Expanding universe
produces particles!

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{NM}} = -\frac{1}{2}\xi_1 R g^{\mu\nu} A_\mu A_\nu - \frac{1}{2}\xi_2 R^{\mu\nu} A_\mu A_\nu$$

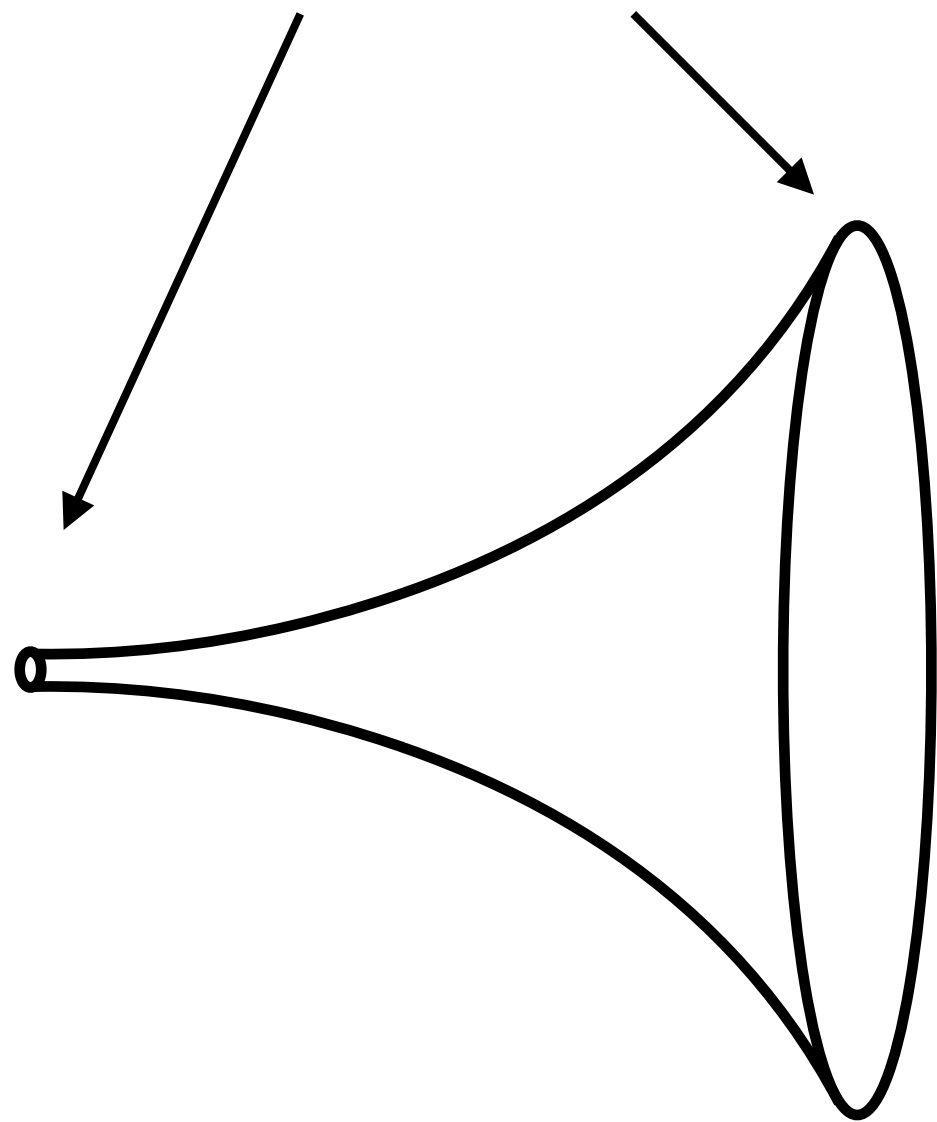


Completely dark production of vectors

Non-minimal couplings

CC, Jenks, Kolb, McDonough
[2403.15536, 2405.19390]

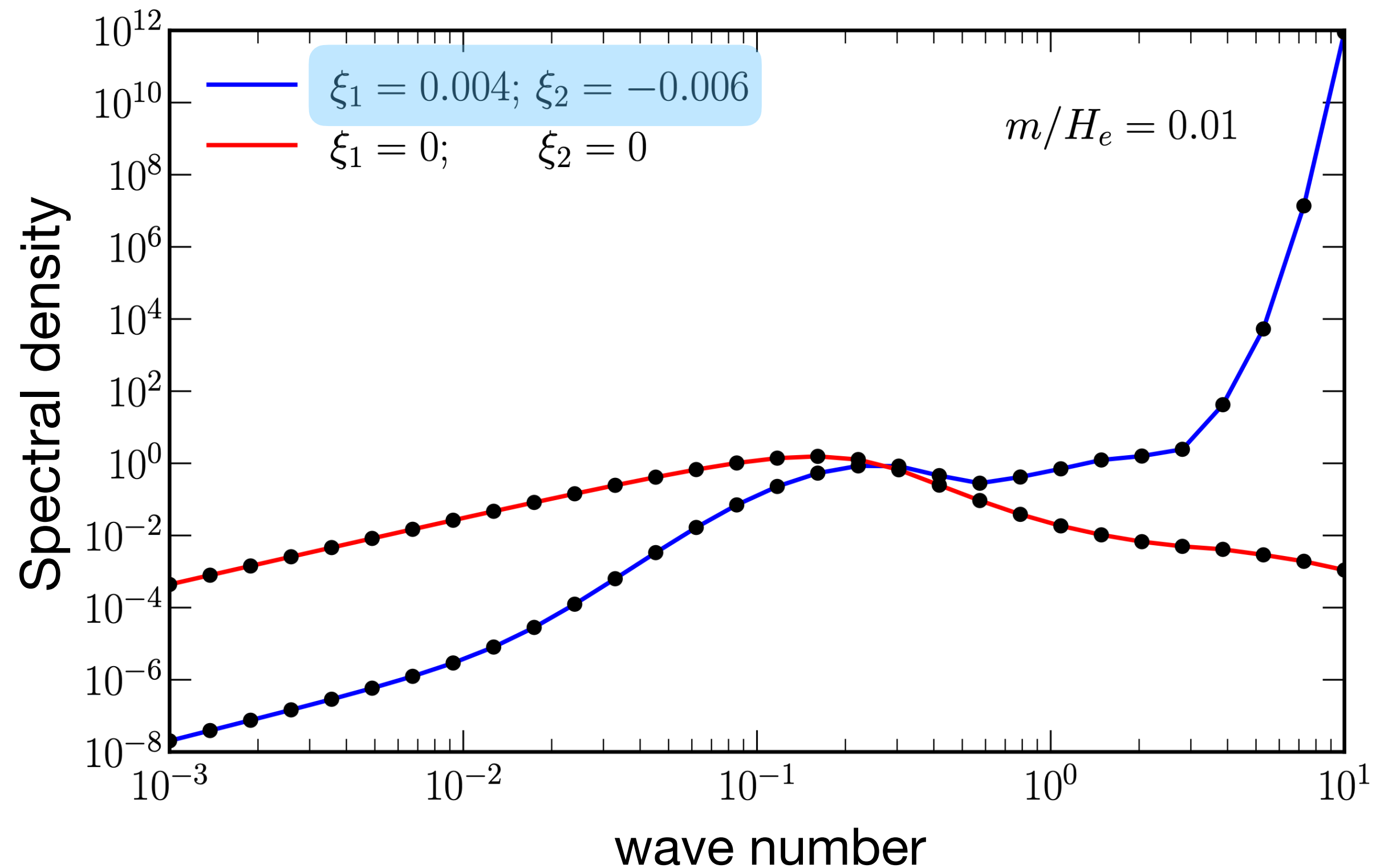
$$\hat{a}_k(\text{early})|0, \text{late}\rangle \neq 0$$



$$\langle 0, \text{late} | \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_k | 0, \text{late} \rangle \neq 0$$

Expanding universe
produces particles!

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{NM}} = -\frac{1}{2}\xi_1 R g^{\mu\nu} A_\mu A_\nu - \frac{1}{2}\xi_2 R^{\mu\nu} A_\mu A_\nu$$

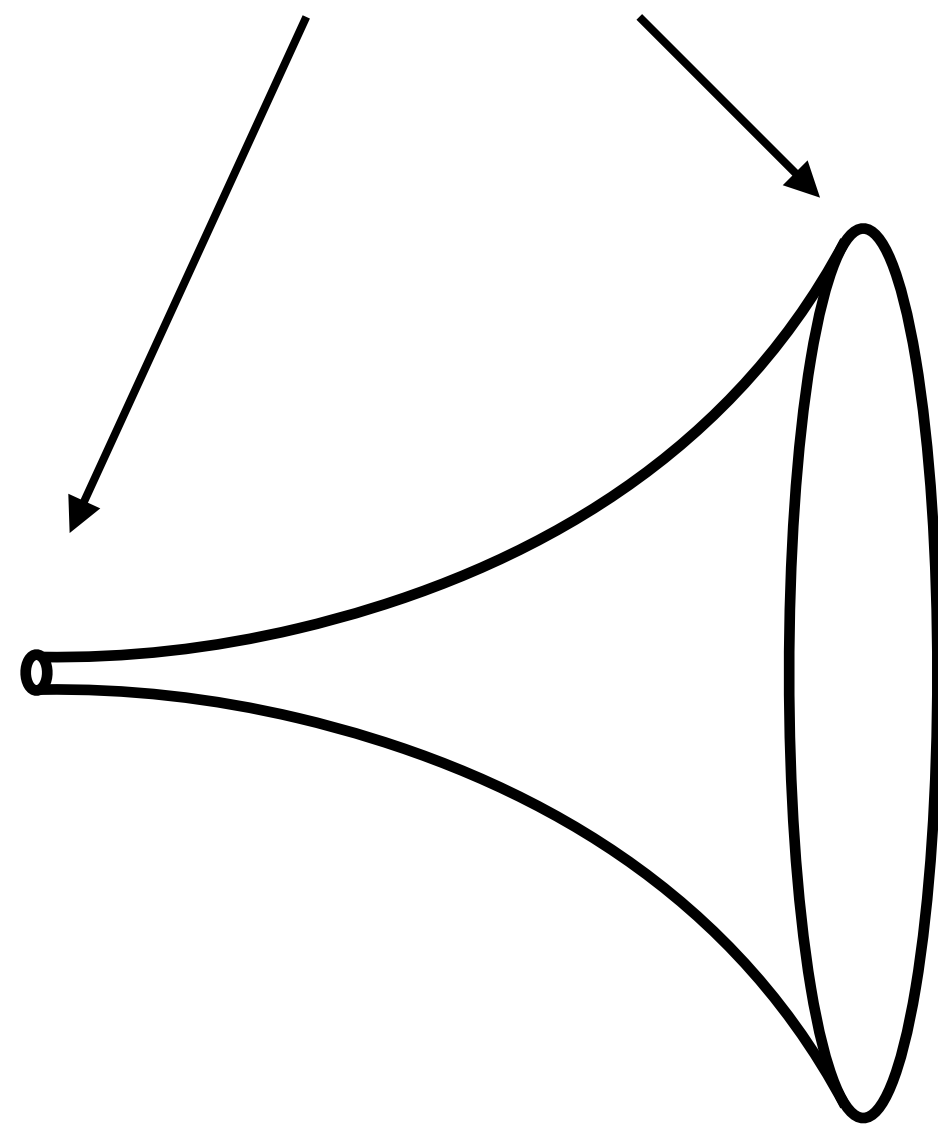


Completely dark production of vectors

Non-minimal couplings

CC, Jenks, Kolb, McDonough
[2403.15536, 2405.19390]

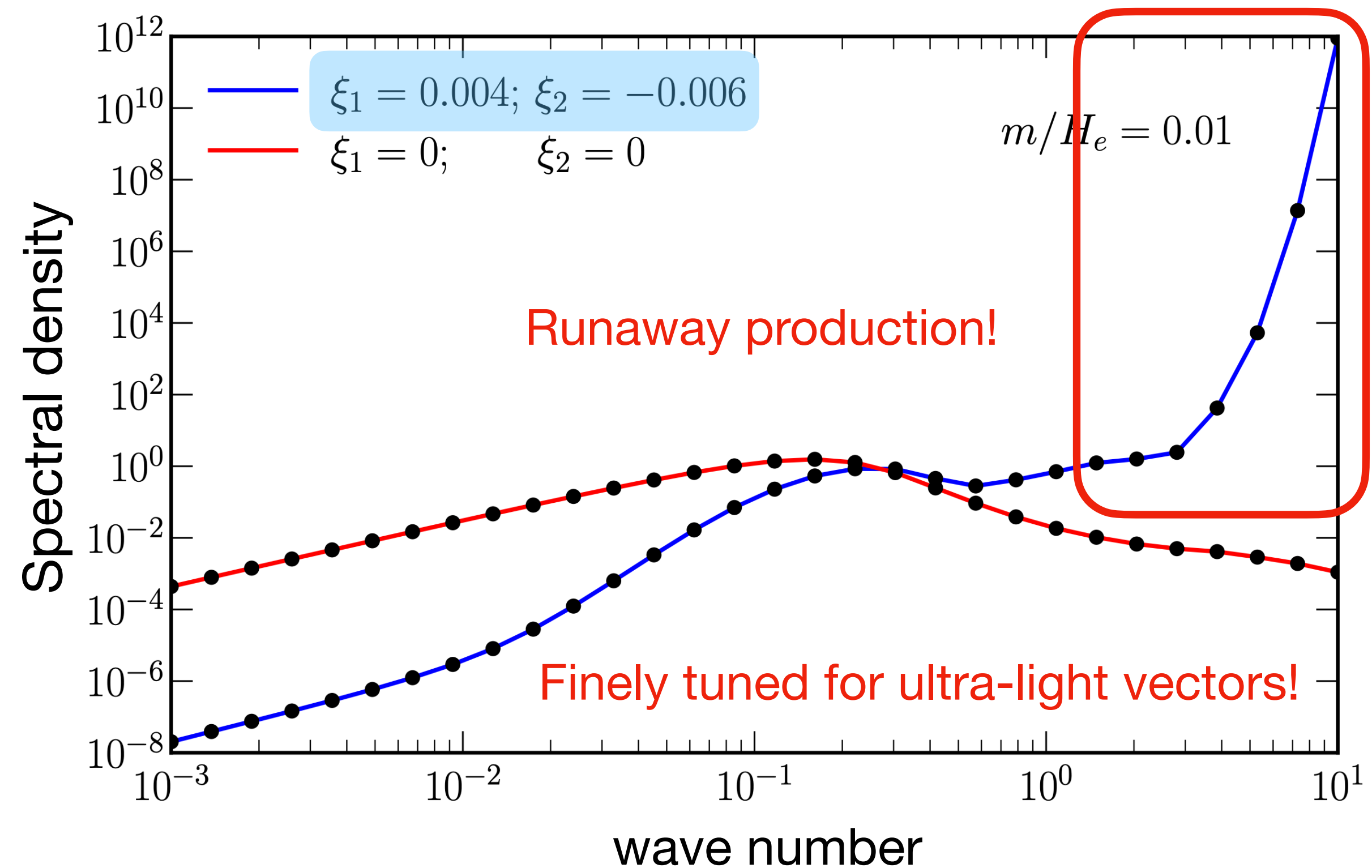
$$\hat{a}_k(\text{early})|0, \text{late}\rangle \neq 0$$



$$\langle 0, \text{late} | \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_k | 0, \text{late} \rangle \neq 0$$

Expanding universe
produces particles!

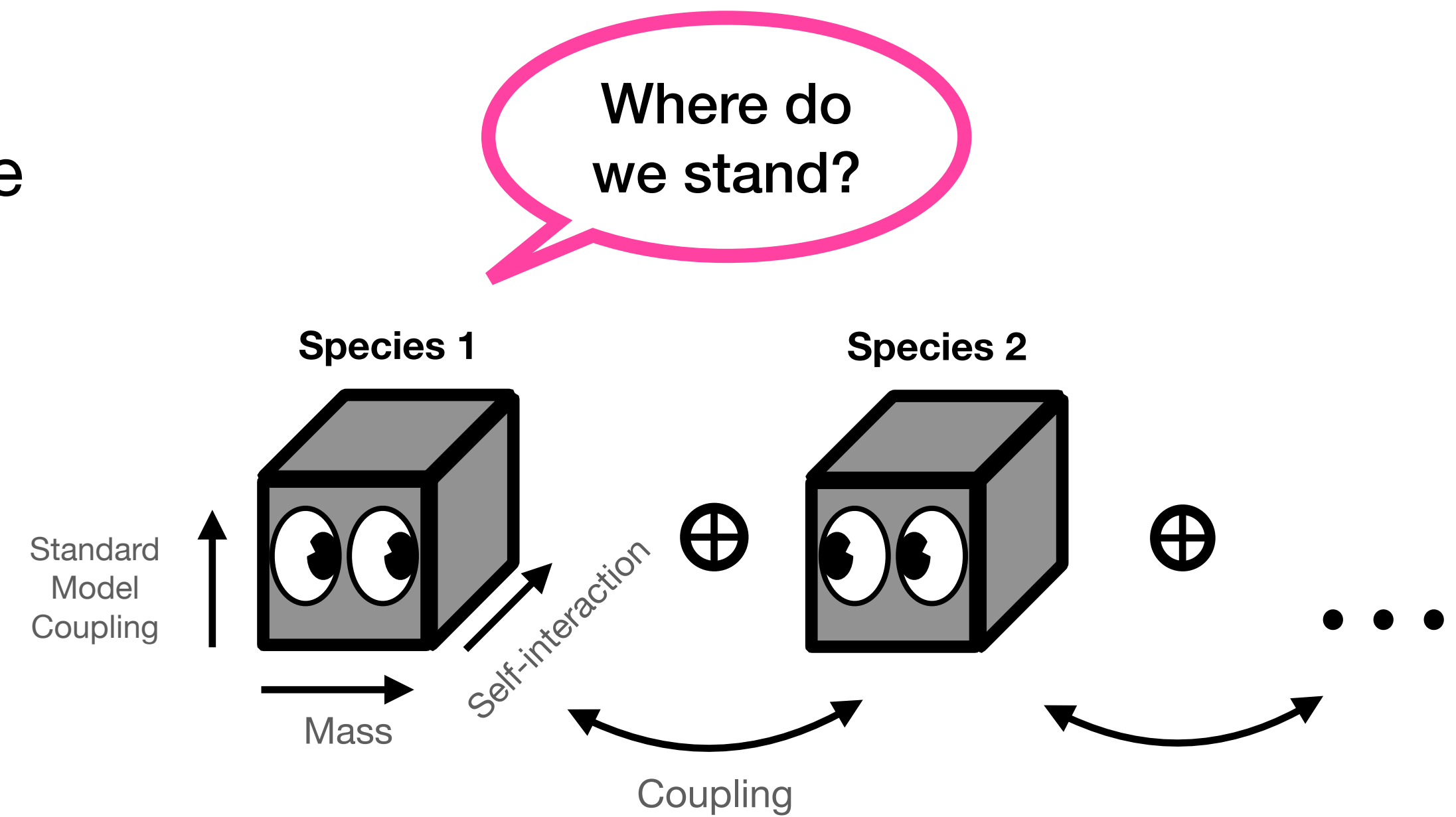
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{NM}} = -\frac{1}{2}\xi_1 R g^{\mu\nu} A_\mu A_\nu - \frac{1}{2}\xi_2 R^{\mu\nu} A_\mu A_\nu$$



Lessons learned

Non-comprehensive list....

- Many potential non-stringy UL dark sectors
- Nontrivial non-relativistic EFT
- Hope of disentangling dark sector using multi-scale probes
- Light dark vectors can be efficiently produced via gravity



Thank you!