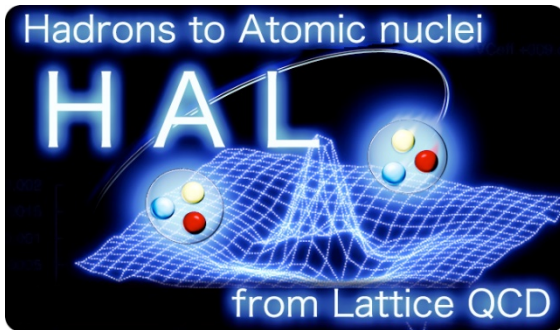


Hyperon forces from lattice QCD at the physical point

Takumi Doi
(RIKEN iTHEMS)



With

Kenji Sasaki (U. of Niigata Pref.) : [H-dibaryon](#)

Liang Zhang (Fudan U.) : [\$N\Omega\$ dibaryon](#)

Koichi Murase (Osaka U.) : (next next talk)

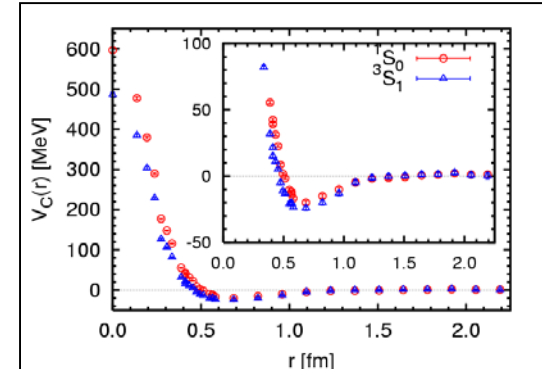
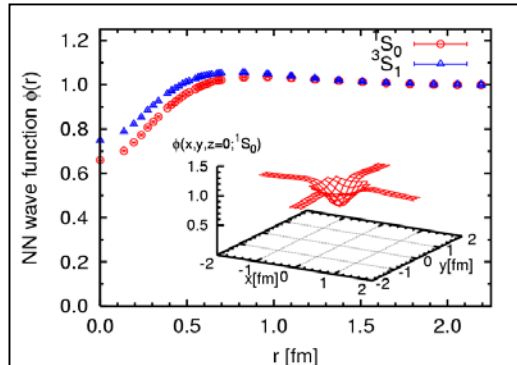
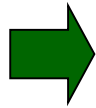
for HAL QCD Collaboration

HAL QCD method

NBS wave func.

Lat Hadron Force

Lattice QCD



$$\begin{aligned}\psi_{\text{NBS}}(\vec{r}) &= \langle 0 | H_1(\vec{r}) H_2(\vec{0}) | H_1(\vec{k}) H_2(-\vec{k}), in \rangle \quad (k^2/m_N - H_0) \psi_{\text{NBS}}(\vec{r}) = \int d\vec{r}' U(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') \psi_{\text{NBS}}(\vec{r}') \\ &\simeq A_k \sin(kr - l\pi/2 + \delta_l(k)) / (kr)\end{aligned}$$

- Interacting kernel (“potential”) from spatial & temporal correlation

- Potential → Phase Shifts guaranteed by QFT

Aoki-Hatsuda-Ishii PTP123(2010)89

- Energy-indep potential

- “Signal” from (elastic) excited states → Ground state saturation NOT required

N.Ishii et al. (HAL Coll.) PLB712(2012)437

- Coupled Channel formalism

- Physics above inelastic threshold → Essential for Hyperon-forces, Exotics

S. Aoki et al. (HAL Coll.) Proc.Jpn.Acad.B87(2011)509

- Extension to N-body systems (N>=3)

S. Aoki et al. (HAL Coll.) PRD88(2013)014036
(non-rela approx.)

LQCD @ near & on the physical point

- **Nf = 2 + 1 gauge configs**

- Iwasaki gauge + clover-uds + (quenched) RHQ-charm
- $V = (96 a)^4 = (8.1\text{fm})^4$, $1/a = 2339 \text{ MeV}$



Fugaku (440PFlops)

- **[K-conf]**

PACS Coll., PoS LAT2015, 075

$(m_\pi, m_K) = (146, 525) \text{ MeV}$

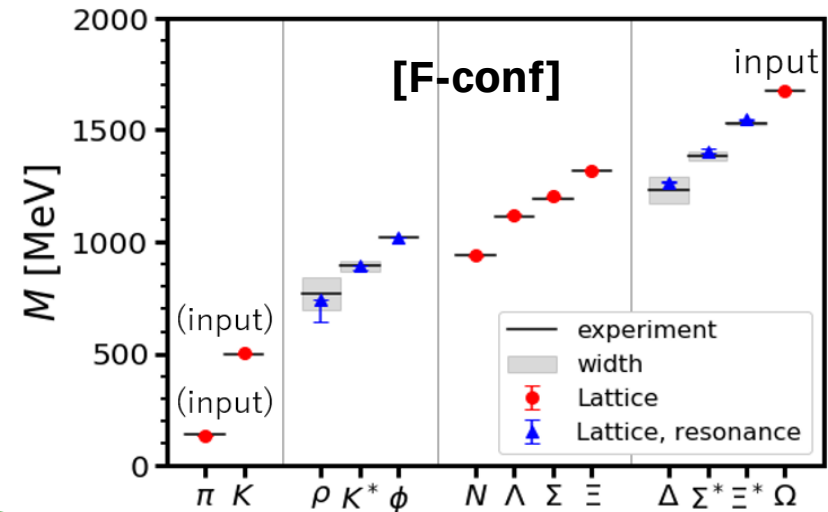
$(\# \text{confs} \sim 400)$

- **[F-conf]**

HAL QCD Coll., PRD110(2024)094502

$(m_\pi, m_K) = (137, 502) \text{ MeV}$

$(\# \text{confs} = 1600)$



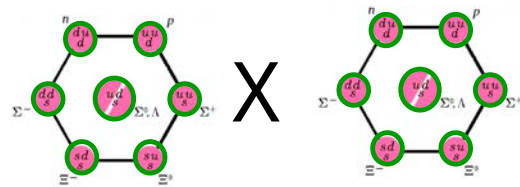
S=0	S=-1	S=-2	S=-3	S=-4	S=-5	S=-6
NN	NΛ, NΣ	ΛΛ, ΛΣ, ΣΣ, NΞ	ΛΞ, ΣΞ, NΩ	ΞΞ	ΞΩ	ΩΩ

EXP
rich data

LQCD
better S/N

(& charmed/bottomed interactions)

Candidates of di-baryons



X

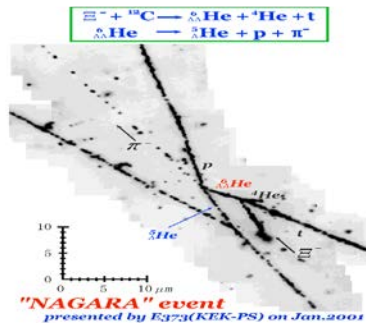
$$8 \times 8 = 27 + 8s + \textcircled{1} + 10^* + 10 + 8a$$

H-dibaryon
(J=0)

HAL QCD, PRL106(2011)
NPLQCD, PRL106(2011)
J.R. Green+, PRL127(2021)

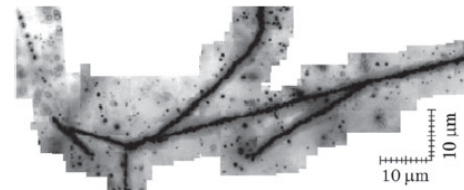
Also relevant to S= -2 hypernuclei

$\Lambda\Lambda$ -hypernuclei



NAGARA-event (2001)

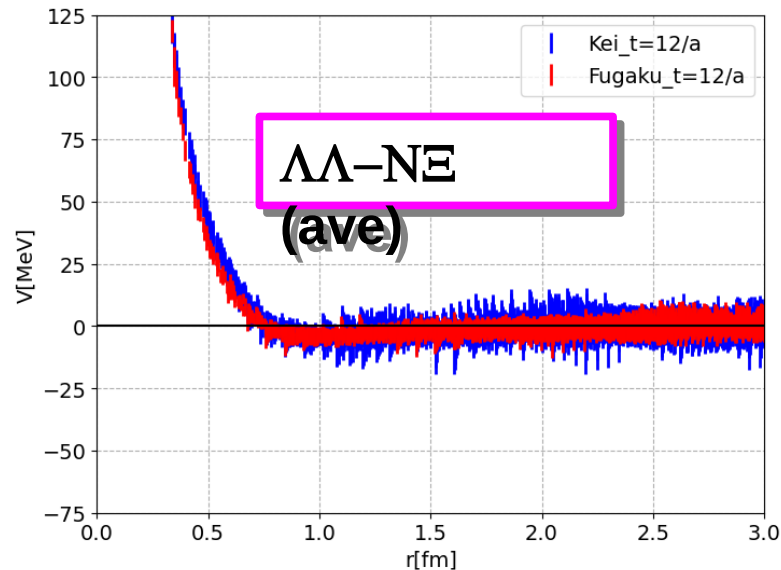
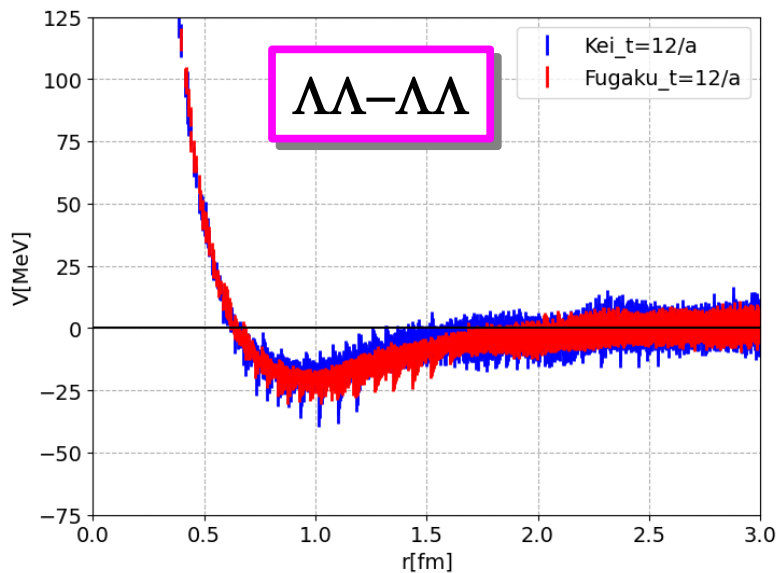
Ξ -hypernuclei



KISO-event (2014)

➔ LQCD study w/ SU(3) breaking effects (particle-base)

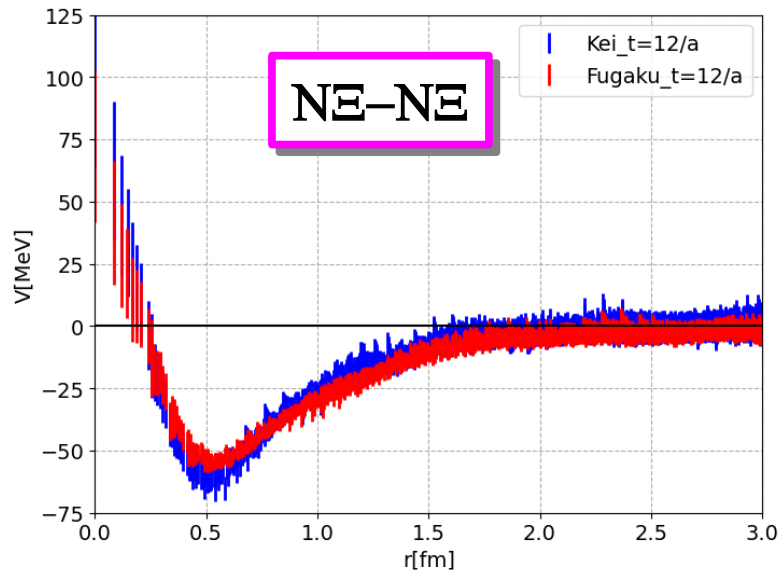
$\Lambda\Lambda$, NE (effective) 2x2 coupled channel analysis



$m_\pi = 146 \text{ MeV}$ [K-conf]

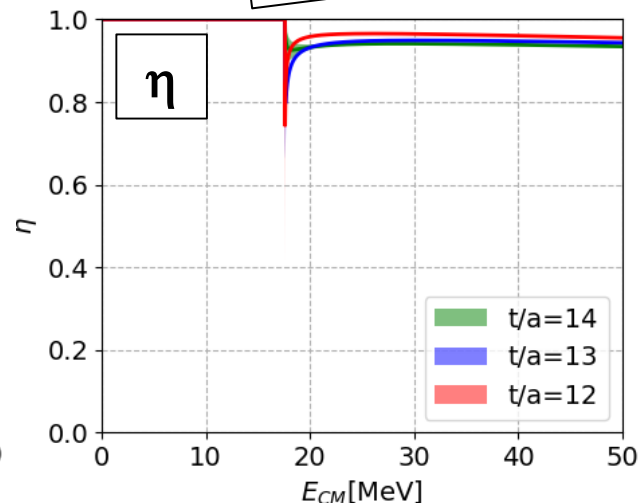
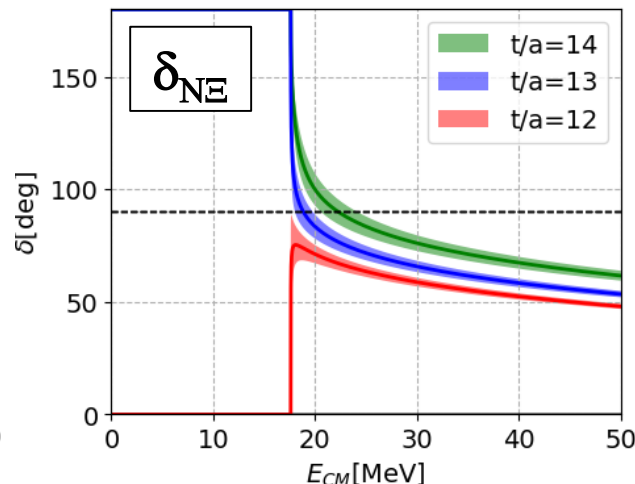
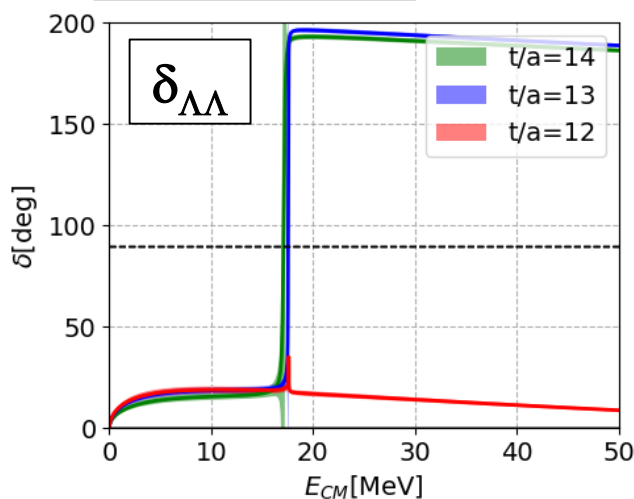
$m_\pi = 137 \text{ MeV}$ [F-conf]

NE ($^{11}S_0$) channel is attractive
 $NE-\Lambda\Lambda$ coupling is small



$\Lambda\Lambda$ and NE phase shift and inelasticity

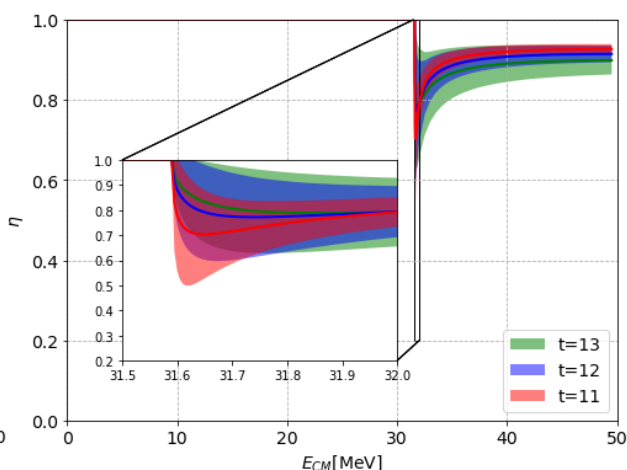
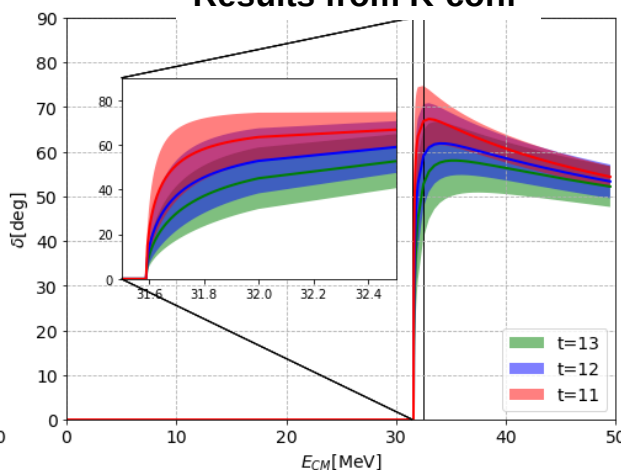
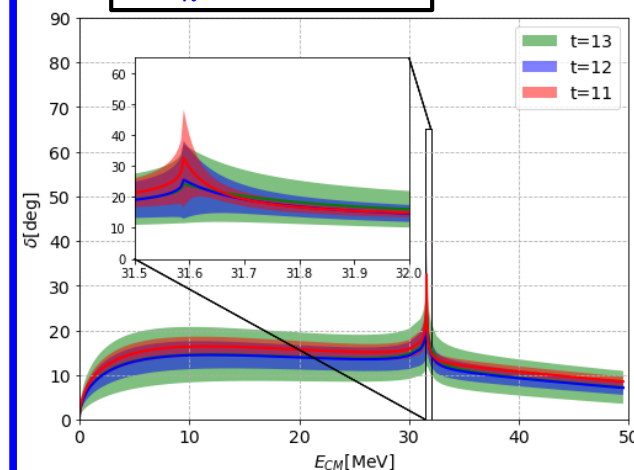
$m_\pi = 137 \text{ MeV}$



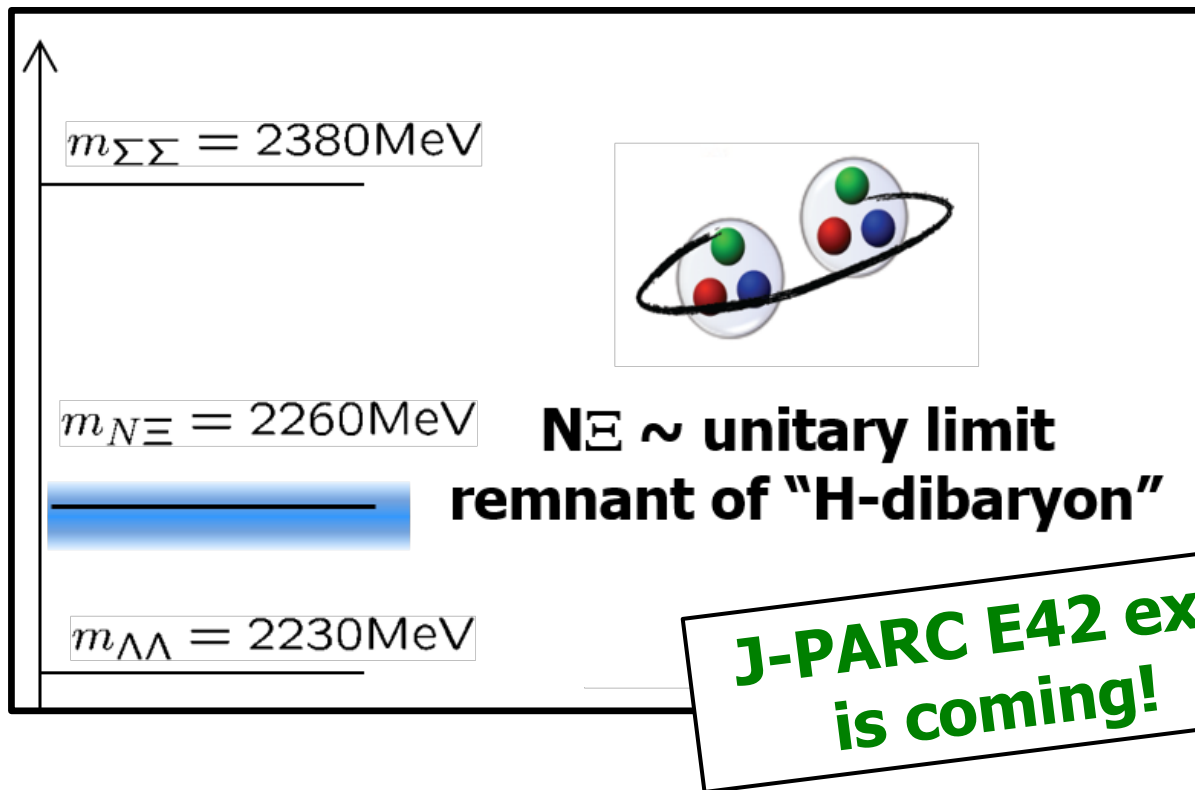
Preliminary

$m_\pi = 146 \text{ MeV}$

Results from K-conf



Fate of the H-dibaryon



NE ($^{11}S_0$) channel
is attractive

NE- $\Lambda\Lambda$ coupling
is small

No bound state
below $\Lambda\Lambda$

$m_{\pi} = 146\text{MeV}$

NE virtual pole in (+, -) sheet

K. Sasaki et al., (HAL Coll.), NPA998(2020)12137

Y. Kamiya, K. Sasaki et al., PRC105(2022)014915

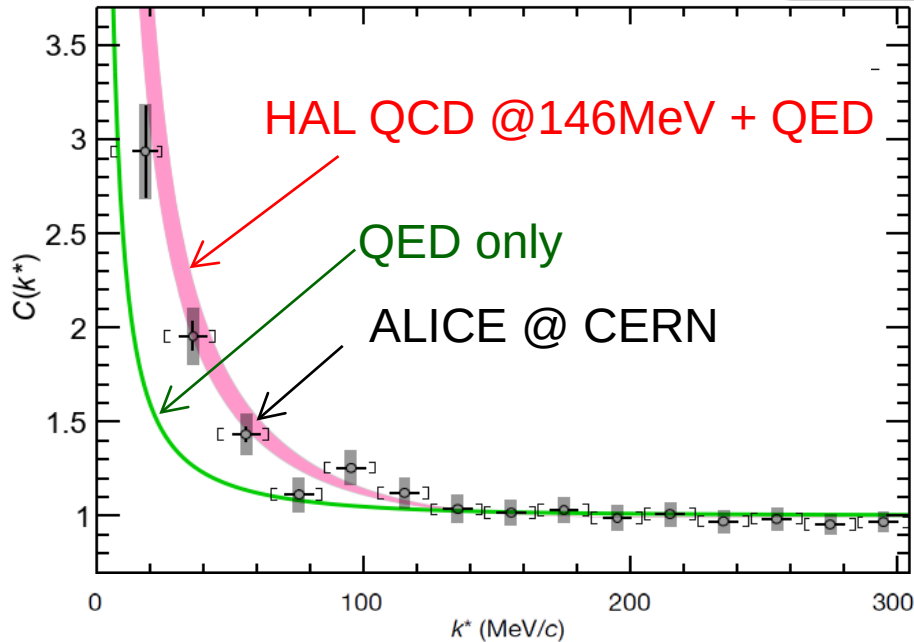
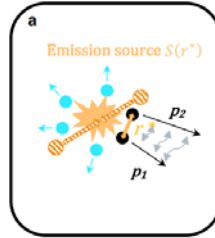
$m_{\pi} = 137\text{MeV}$

NE quasibound resonance pole in (-, +) sheet
is most likely

K. Sasaki, Proc. of HYP2025 + updates

LQCD meet Exp. for $N\Xi$ int ($^{11}S_0, ^{13}S_1, ^{31}S_0, ^{33}S_1$)

Femtoscscopy in nuclear collision (N- Ξ correlation)

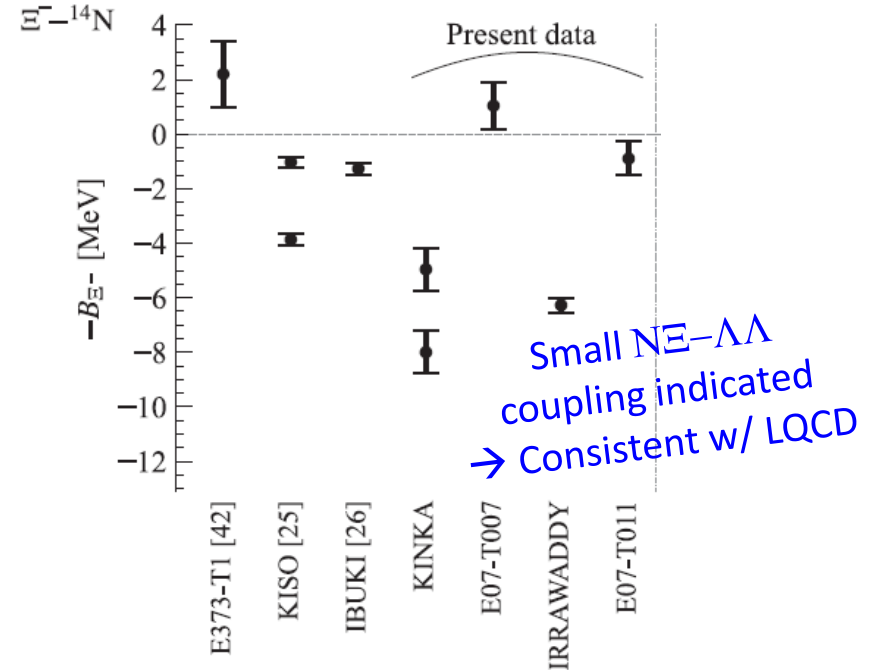


ALICE Coll., Nature 588, 232 (2020)
Y. Kamiya et al., PRC105, 014915 (2022)



LHC-ALICE

Spectrum of Ξ - Hypernuclei



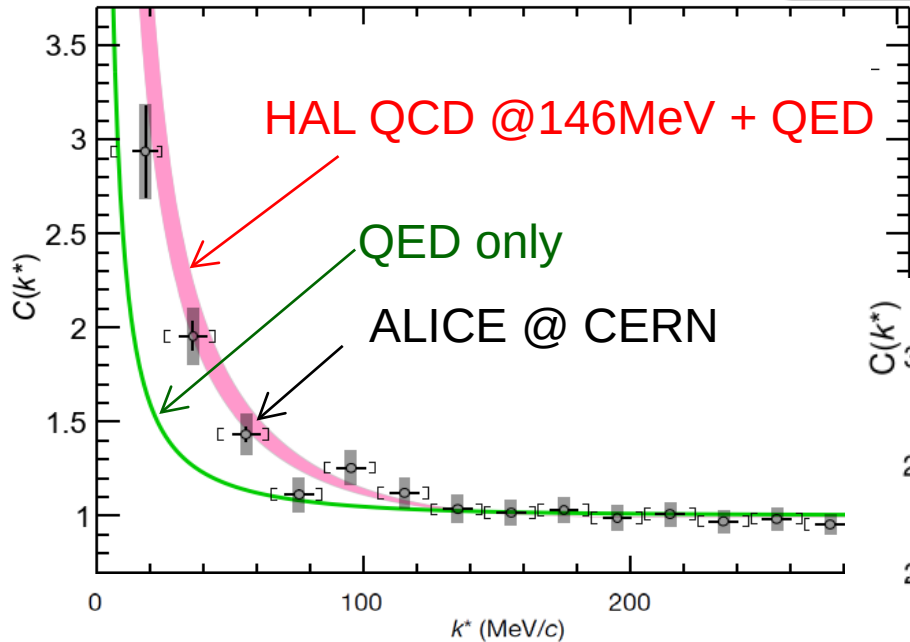
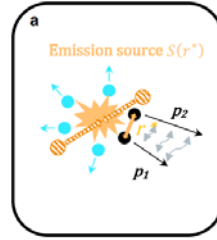
M. Yoshimoto et al., PTEP2021, 073D02
See also W. S. Jung et al., PTEP2025, ptaf064



J-PARC

LQCD meet Exp. for $N\Xi$ int ($^{11}S_0, ^{13}S_1, ^{31}S_0, ^{33}S_1$)

Femtoscscopy in nuclear collision (N- Ξ correlation)

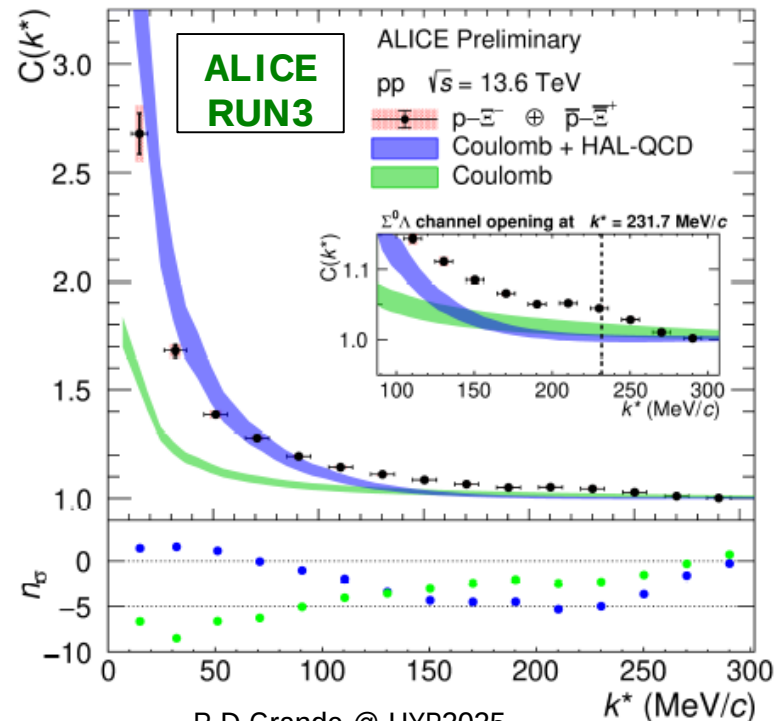
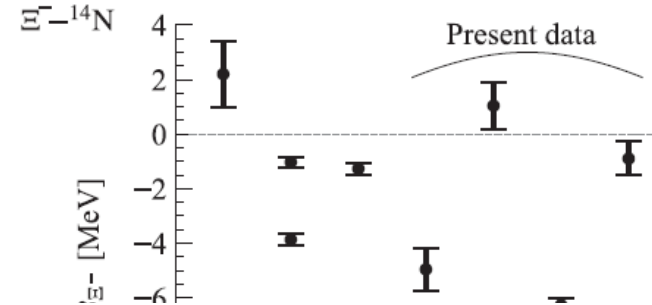


ALICE Coll., Nature 588, 232 (2020)
Y. Kamiya et al., PRC105, 014915 (2022)



LHC-ALICE

Spectrum of Ξ - Hypernuclei

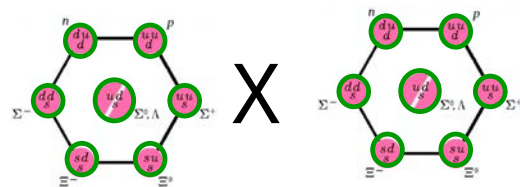


$\Xi - \Lambda$
indicated
ent w/ LQCD

DOI
10.1016/j.nucphysa.2022.105064

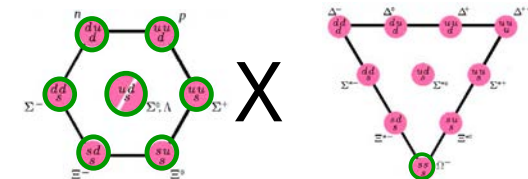
R.D.Grande @ HYP2025

Candidates of di-baryons



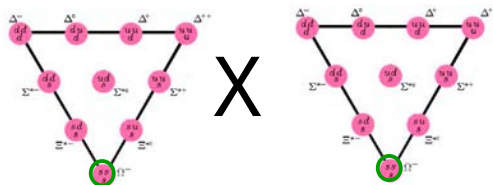
$$8 \times 8 = 27 + 8s + \textcircled{1} + 10^* + 10 + 8s$$

H-dibaryon
(J=0)



$$8 \times 10 = 35 + \underbrace{8}_{N\Omega \text{ (J=2)}} + 10 + 27$$

T. Iritani et al. (HAL Coll.), PLB792(2019)284



$$10 \times 10 = \textcircled{28} + 27 + 10^* + 35$$

$\nearrow \Omega\Omega (J=0)$

See our prediction

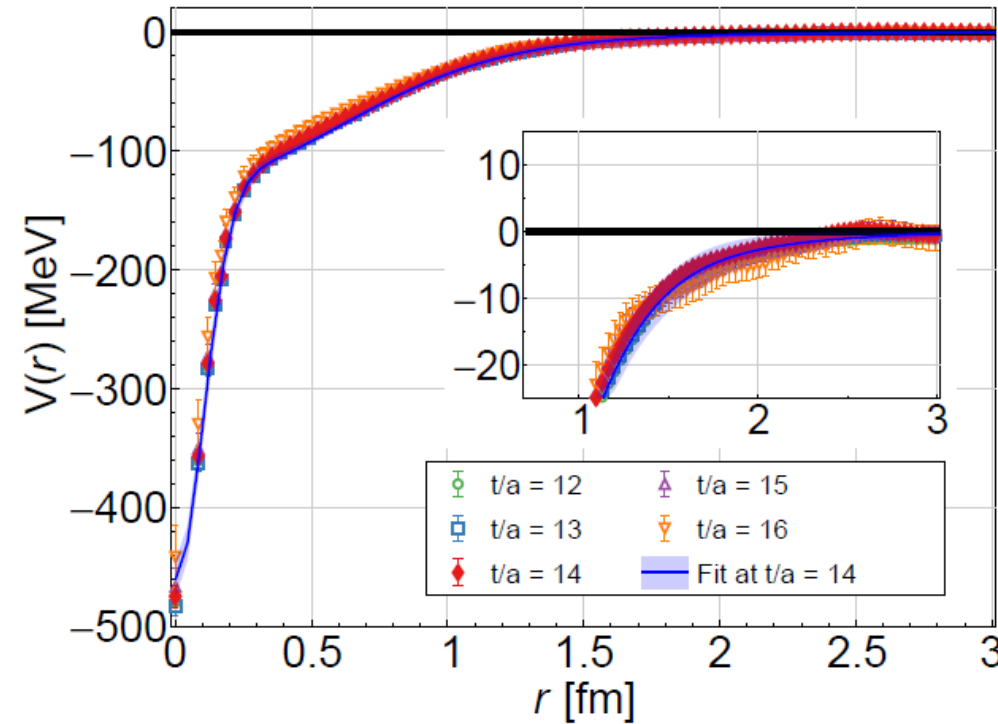
S. Gongyo et al. (HAL Coll.), PRL120(2018)212001 : $\Omega\Omega$
Y. Lyu, H. Tong et al., PRL127(2021)072003 : $\Omega_{\text{ccc}}\Omega_{\text{ccc}}$

Goldman et al. ('87)	Dyson-Xuong ('64)
Oka ('88)	Kamae-Fujita ('77)
Zhang et al. ('97)	Oka-Yazaki ('80)

$N\Omega$ potential (5S_2)

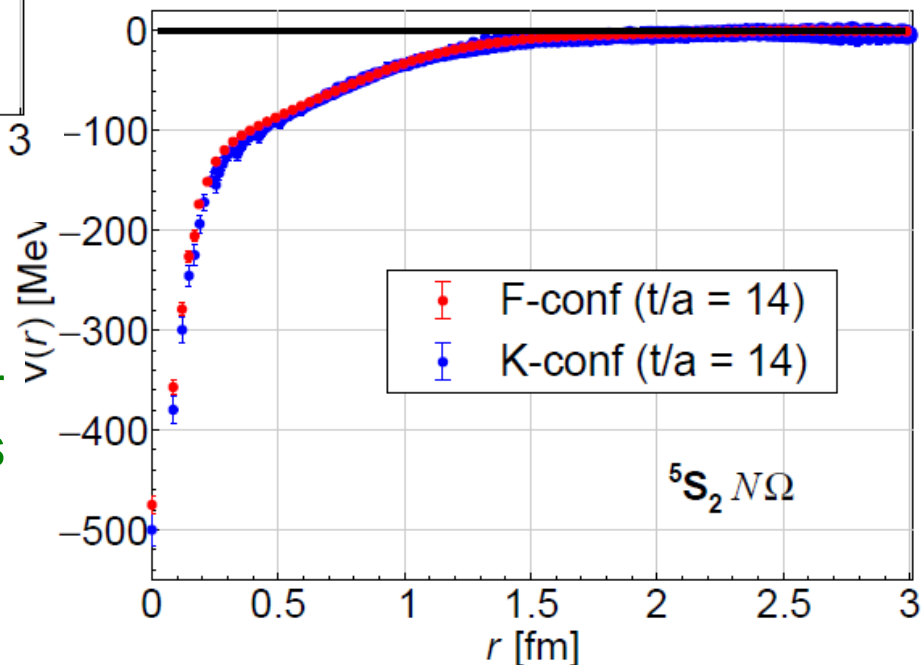


$m_\pi = 137\text{MeV}$ [F-conf]



No visible t -dep; the effect of $\Lambda E, \Sigma E$ channels are suppressed (by D-wave)

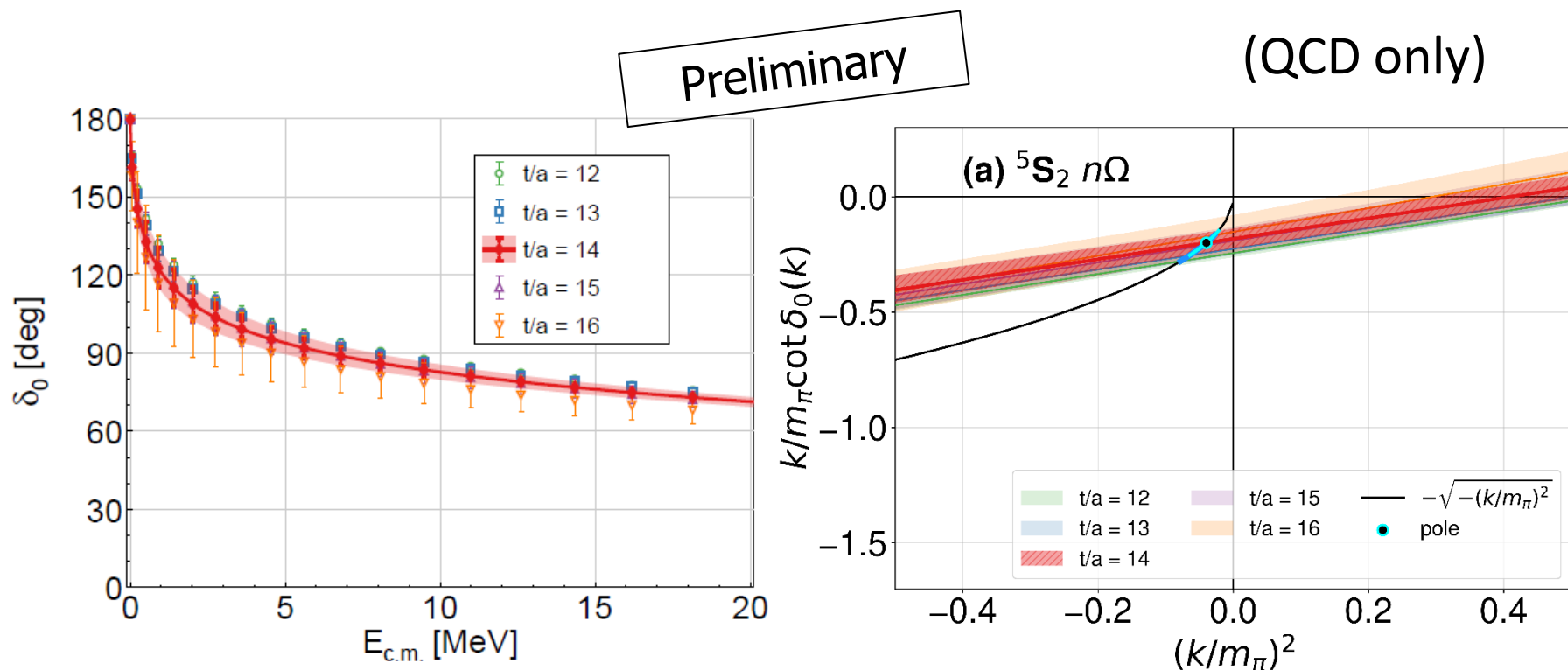
$m_\pi = 137\text{MeV}$ [F-conf] vs.
 $m_\pi = 146\text{MeV}$ [K-conf]



Similar universal attraction observed for
 $N\text{-}\phi$, $N\text{-}J/\psi$, $N\text{-}\eta_c$, $N\text{-}\Omega_{ccc}$ interactions

Y. Lyu+, PRD106(2022)074507
Y. Lyu+, PLB860(2025)139178
L. Zhang+, PLB871(2025)139998

$N\Omega$ phase shifts at $m_\pi=137\text{MeV}$



$N\Omega$ (5S_2) has (quasi) bound state near unitarity

$m_\pi=137\text{MeV}$

Quantity	Center	Stat	Sys
B [MeV]	0.6076	$(^{+0.3970}_{-0.2890})$	$(^{+0.6019}_{-0.1793})$
$\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle}$ [fm]	5.6881	$(^{+1.8885}_{-1.0954})$	$(^{+1.0785}_{-1.4550})$

$m_\pi=146\text{MeV}$

$$B_{N\Omega} = 1.54(0.30)(^{+0.04}_{-0.10}) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle}_{N\Omega} = 3.77(0.31)(^{+0.11}_{-0.01}) \text{ fm}$$

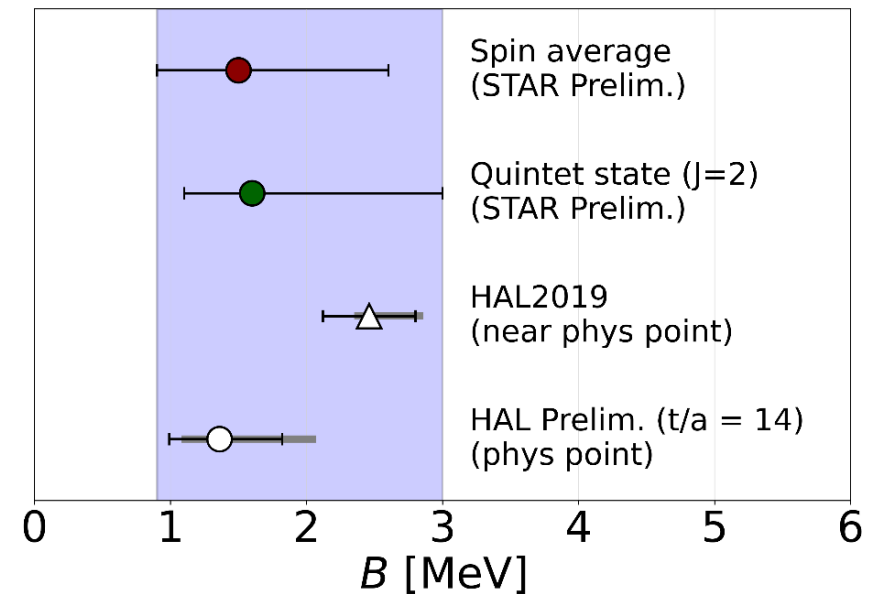
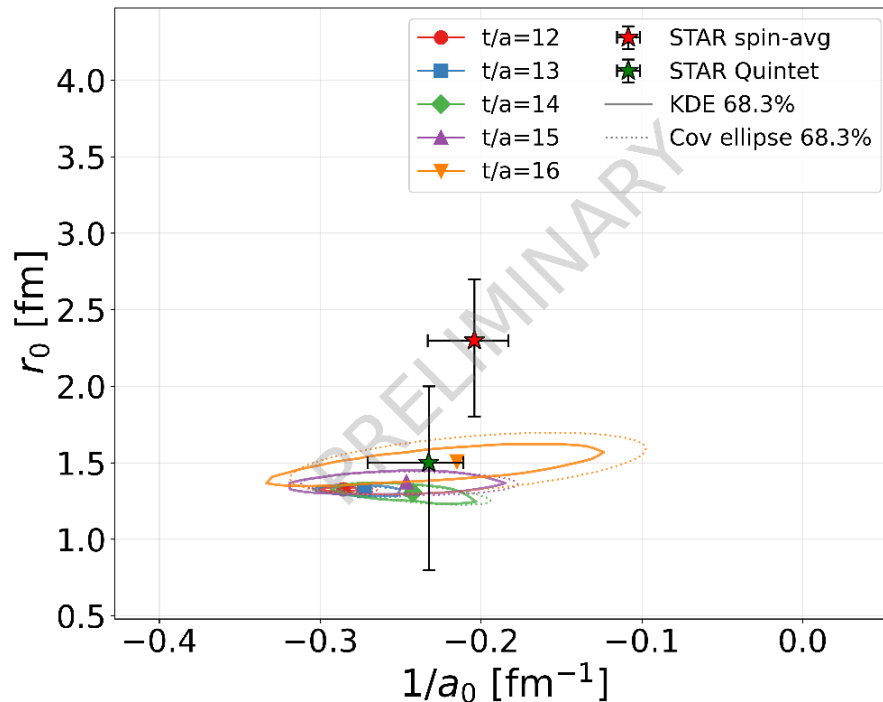
LQCD prediction meet Experiments: $p\Omega^-$ int

(QCD + Coulomb)

Scatt. parameters

Preliminary

Binding energy



↔ New Femtoscopy analysis from STAR@RHIC

Summary

- Hadron interactions by HAL QCD method at physical point
 - $(m_\pi, m_K) = (137, 502) \text{ MeV}$, $L \sim 8 \text{ fm}$, $1/a \sim 2.3 \text{ GeV}$, $\# \text{traj} = 8000$
- Hyperon forces in $S = -2$ channel
 - **H-dibaryon** : $\Lambda\Lambda - N\Xi$ (1S_0) coupled channel study
 - No bound state below $\Lambda\Lambda$, but remnant exists near $N\Xi$ threshold
 - $N\Xi$ ($^1S_0, ^{13}S_1, ^{31}S_0, ^{33}S_1$) int predicted, compared with femtoscopy exp
- Hyperon forces in $S = -3$ channel
 - $N\Omega$ (5S_2) interaction: attraction at all distances
 - (quasi)-bound state, compared with femtoscopy exp
- Future
 - Hyperon forces in other channels $\rightarrow$ K. Murase [Fri], also K. Murakami [Fri]
 - Int w/ charm, bottom, relevant to exotics $\rightarrow$ W. Yamada [Fri]
 - Calc. w/ optimized op method to control sys err $\rightarrow$ S. Aoki [Mon]