

Renormalizing the two-photon contribution to $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ decay

The 43th International Symposium on Lattice Field Theory

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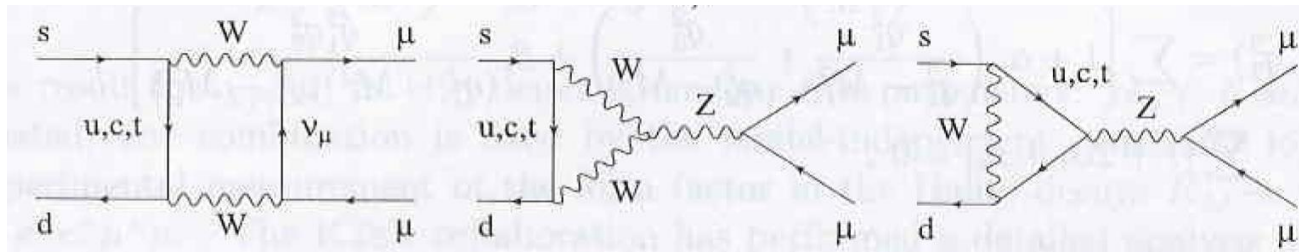
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Outline

- Physics of $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
- $N_f = 3$ weak interactions without GIM
- Renormalizing two photon contribution to $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
 - Content of recent paper: [2607.14077](#) [hep-lat]
 - Quark contractions and divergent sub-diagrams
 - Required counter terms
- Determining the counter terms: Next talk, Ceran Hu

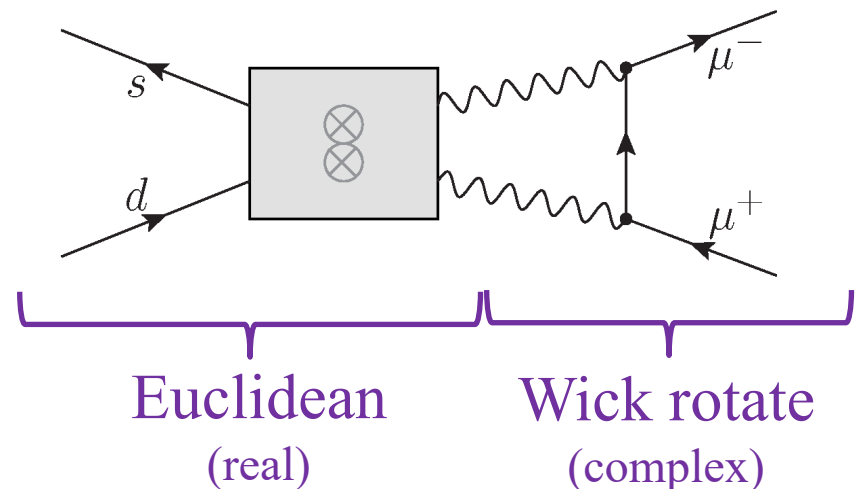
Physics of $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

- 2nd-order-weak, “strangeness changing neutral current” – test of the standard model at high energies and one loop



- Obscured by 2 photon $O(\alpha_{EM}^2 G_F)$ process:

- Compute using lattice QCD
- 1.6% expt + 10% lattice
→ 13% new SM test

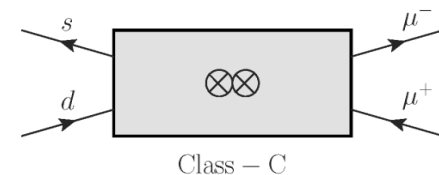
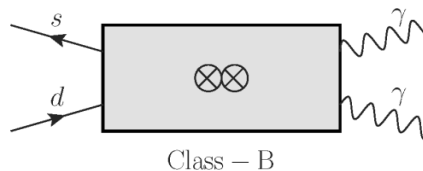
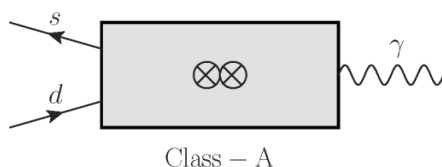


Three-flavor calculation

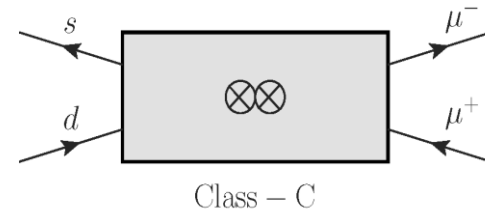
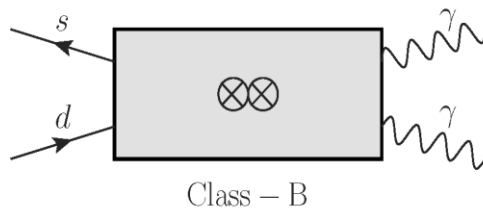
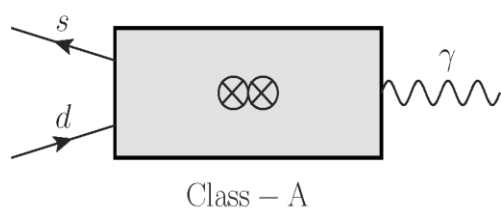
- Three-flavor calculation w/o renormalization
 - 4 $\rightarrow$ 3 flavors: Active charm too heavy for current resources
 - $24^3 \times 64$, $1/a=1.023$ GeV, physical mass calculation
 Phys.Rev.D 113 (2026) 7, 074523: [2509.04346](#) [hep-lat]
 (P. Boyle, E-H Chao, N. Christ, C. Hu, L. Jin and Y. Zhao)

	$\text{Re}\mathcal{A} \times 10^{-4} [\text{MeV}^3]$	$\text{Im}\mathcal{A} \times 10^{-4} [\text{MeV}^3]$
LD2 γ	5.27(1.30)(0.17)	16.61(2.96)(0.38)
SDG 2_F	-2.47(18)	—
exp.	$\pm 1.53(14)$	$\pm 7.10(3)$

- Without GIM cancellation, three-flavor weak interaction requires 3-6 LECs **determined from four-flavor theory:**



Limited four-flavor calculation is needed

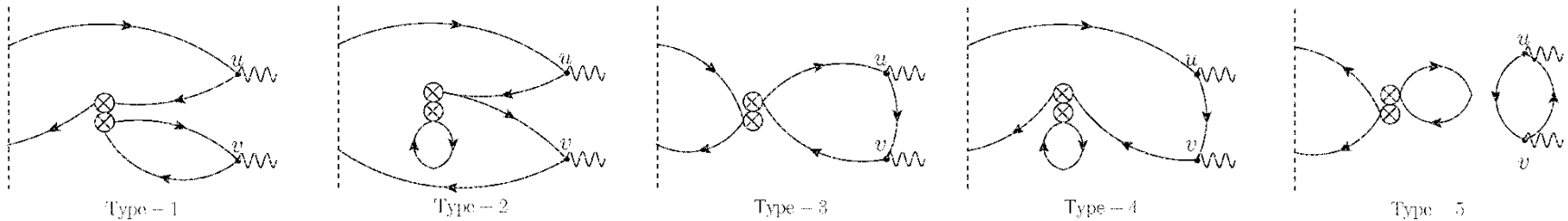


- Fortunately, local counter terms can be determined using unphysical heavy quarks and small volumes
- This allows a practical four-flavor $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ calculation to determine counter terms
- Work with two ensembles:
 - 24ID $24^3 \times 64$ $1/a = 1.023$ GeV ($N_f = 3$)
 - 32IF $32^3 \times 64$ $1/a = 3.1$ GeV (“ $N_f = 4$ ”)

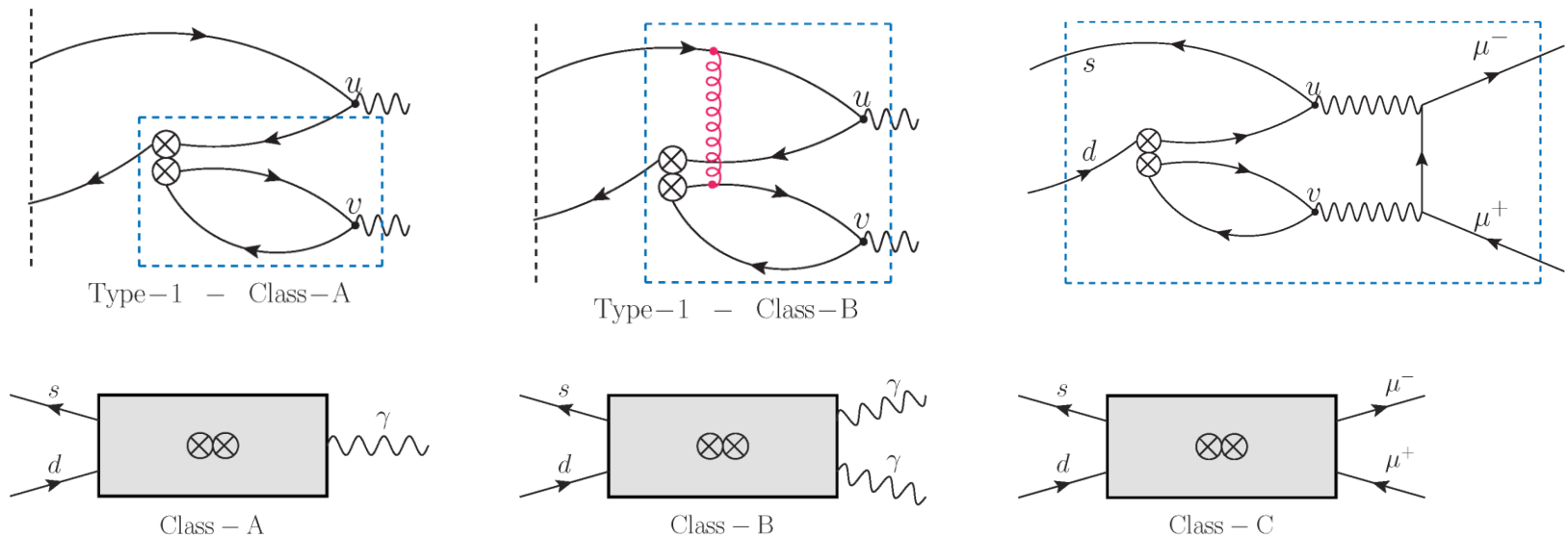
Used for full $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ calculation

Quark Contractions & sub-diagrams

- Lattice calculation: five quark line topologies:

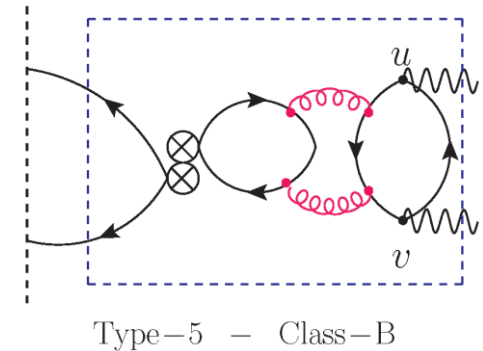
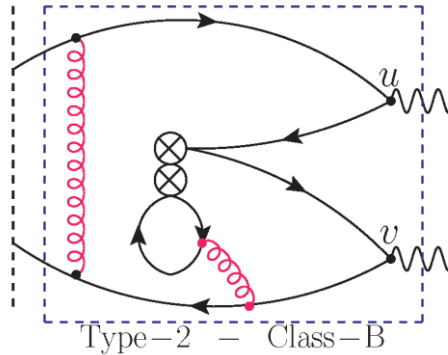
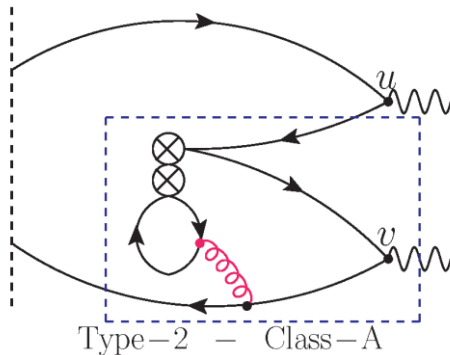


- Identify divergent sub-diagrams: Type-1



Quark Contractions & sub-diagrams

- Identify divergent sub-diagrams: Type-2 & 5

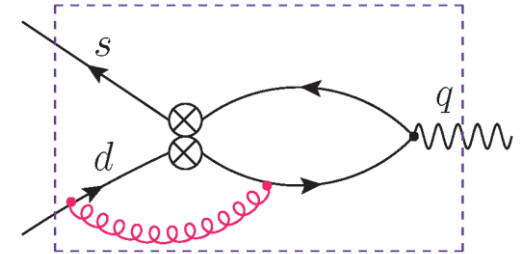


- Order in $\alpha_s(m_c)$ at which divergent sub-diagrams appear:
- Dropping all operators in H_W except Q_1 and Q_2 works to order $[\alpha_s(m_c)]^0$ and $|V_{ts}V_{td}^*/(V_{us}V_{ud}^*)|^0$

contraction	sub-diag A	sub-diag B	sub-diag C
Type-1	0	1	0
Type-2	1	2	1
Type-3	X	0	0
Type-4	1	1	1
Type-5	X	2	2

Class-A counter terms – Conserved Current

- Extra power of q_μ reduces degree of divergence to +1.
- Three possible counter terms



$$Q_1^A = (\bar{s}\gamma^\nu d + \bar{d}\gamma^\nu s) \partial^\mu F^{\mu\nu} \quad \leftarrow \text{Leading order in } \alpha_s$$

$$Q_2^A = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \bar{s}\gamma^\nu \gamma^5 (\overleftarrow{D}^\mu - \overrightarrow{D}^\mu) d + \bar{d}\gamma^\nu \gamma^5 (\overleftarrow{D}^\mu - \overrightarrow{D}^\mu) s \right\} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu}$$

$$Q_3^A = (m_d + m_s) (\bar{s}\sigma^{\mu\nu} d + \bar{d}\sigma^{\mu\nu} s) F^{\mu\nu},$$

- Only Q_1^A appears at order $[\alpha_s(m_c)]^0$

- Determine 3 coefficients
 - Match 4-point functions between 3- and 4-flavor ensembles
 - Non-perturbative, Landau gauge-fixed, RI/MOM
 - Use $m_l = m_s$ to reduce physical volume and inversion cost

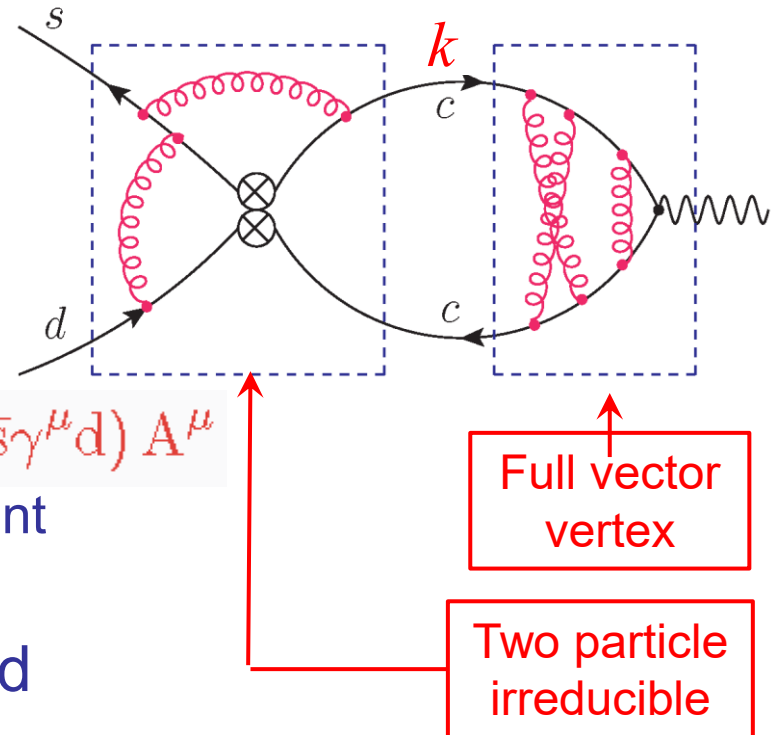
Class-A counter terms – non-conserved current

- Each k region requires different counter terms
- $0.1/a \leq k \leq 4/a$ Non-conserved current

- Needs 1 counter term: $O_4^A = m_c^2 (\bar{s} \gamma^\mu d) A^\mu$
- Coef. determined by imposing current conservation

- $0 \leq k \leq 0.1/a$ Current is conserved

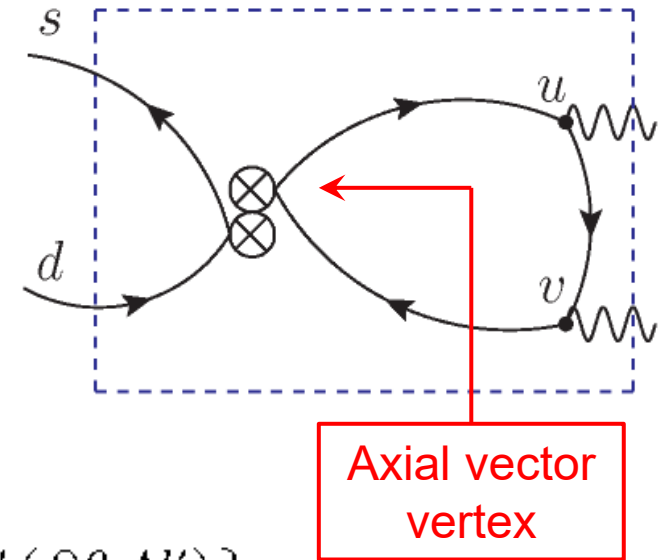
- Finite with GIM' subtraction + conserved current
- Must correct $m_{c'}^2 \rightarrow m_c^2$
- Need 3 previous counter terms: Q_1^A, Q_2^A, Q_3^A
- Choose coefficients to make 3-flavor agree with 4-flavor
- Coef.'s $\sim \log(m_c/m_{c'})$



Class-B ambiguity

- Diagram has degree of divergence 1
- Linear “divergence” $\int d^4k k_\mu$ is finite but ambiguous to symmetrize
- *Adler ambiguity* corresponds to the local counter term:

$$\zeta (\bar{s} \gamma^\sigma \gamma^5 d) \epsilon^{\mu\nu\sigma\rho} \{ (\partial^\rho A^\mu) A^\nu - A^\mu (\partial^\rho A^\nu) \}$$



- This violates gauge invariance but will appear if we use a non-conserved current
- We must add this counter term and adjust ζ to achieve current conservation

Class-C counter terms

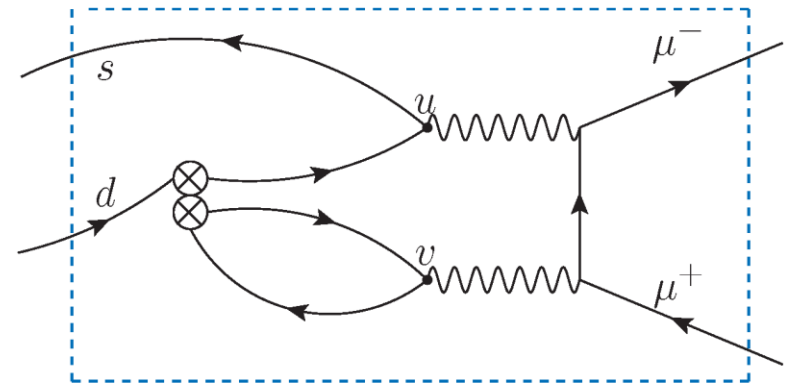
- The whole diagram has degree of divergence 0 (also a four-fermi vertex)
- Not present in a four-flavor calculation.
- Requires a simple counter term,

$$C_1^C (\bar{s} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 d) (\bar{\mu} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \mu)$$

- Determine C_1^C coefficient from 4-flavor, 3-flavor equality:

$$\langle \mu^+ \mu^- | H_W^{N_f=4} | K \rangle_{\text{QCD+QED}}^{\mathcal{K}} = \langle \mu^+ \mu^- | H_W^{N_f=3} | K \rangle_{\text{QCD+QED}}^{\mathcal{K}} + C_1^C \langle \mu^+ \mu^- | (\bar{s} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 d) (\bar{\mu} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \mu) | K \rangle_{\text{QCD}}^{\mathcal{K}}$$

- Where $\mathcal{K}$ denotes heavy-quark, small-volume kinematics



Conclusion

- It is practical to perform a 3-flavor calculation of the two-photon contribution to $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ decay
- Must determine 5 or 6 LECs from a 4-flavor calculation with an active charm quark
- This 4-flavor calculation can be simplified:
 - Use heavier than physical quark masses
 - Use small volume.
- Number of LECs and contractions can be reduced by expanding in $\alpha_s(m_c)$: ($N_{\text{LEC}} \geq 3$, $N_{\text{cntrc}} \geq 2$)
- In the next talk Ceran Hu will
 - Describe explicitly how these LEC's can be determined
 - Show first results

