

# Lattice QCD on the 16-cell honeycomb

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## Context and motivation

**Symmetry important, lattice breaks it**

**Lorentz, Poincarè, chiral, ...**

**Lots of effort: break as little as possible**

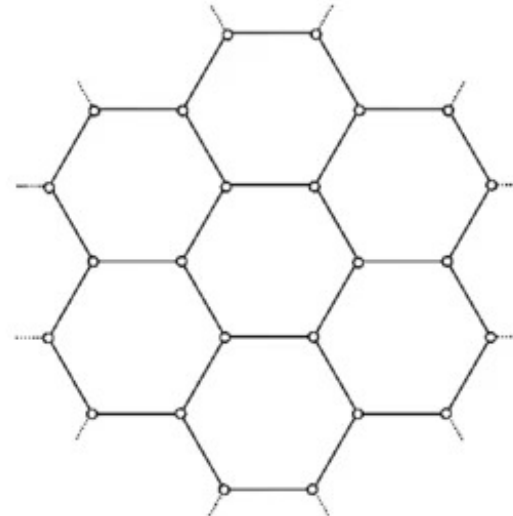
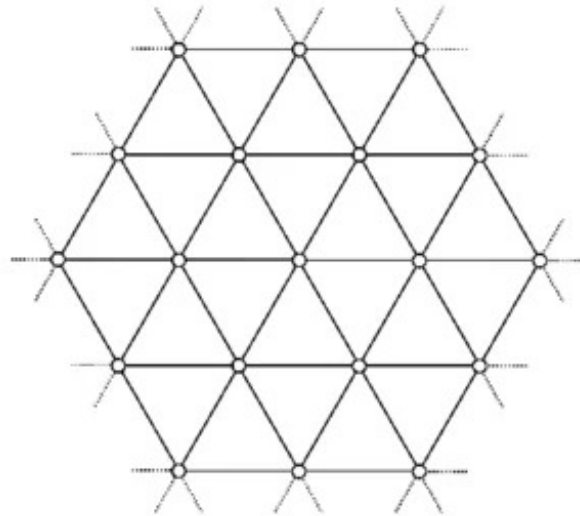
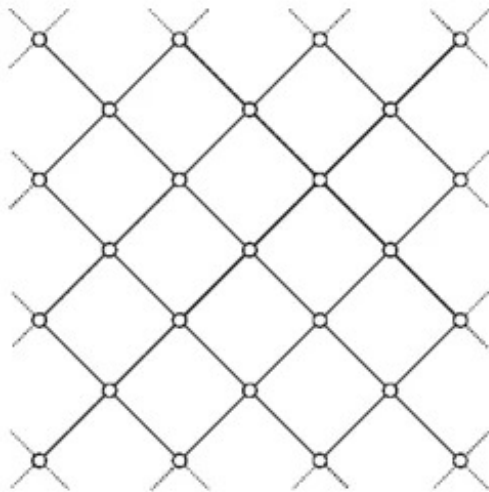
**Lattice: almost always 4D cubic**

**Not most symmetric!**

## Context and motivation

**In 4D, 3 different regular space-filling tessellations**

**2D analogue**



## Context and motivation

**4D: also 3 regular space-filling tessellations**

**Cubic, 16-cell, 24-cell, like in 2D, but not 3D**

**Order of symmetry group:**

**cubic: 384 , 16-cell and 24-cell: 1152**

**Very similar again to 2D**

## Context and motivation

**Let's do lattice QCD on the 16-cell honeycomb**

**Larger symmetry → closer to continuum →**

**→ larger lattice spacing → computational gain**

**Old idea, 1980s,**

William Celmaster

## Context and motivation

### Old idea

- William Celmaster: gauge theory + naive fermions
- Lorentz violating naive fermion doublers
- Abandoned ...
- Bhanot/Heller/Neuberger: scalar field theory

## The lattice

Many ways to define, sites:

- Cubic lattice  $\cup$   $(1/2, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2)$  shifted cubic lattice  $\rightarrow$   
 $\rightarrow$  body centered cubic lattice
- $(n_1, n_2, n_3, n_4)$  with  $n_1 + n_2 + n_3 + n_4$  even  $\rightarrow D_4$  lattice

Links: nearest neighbors, 24 total (8 for cubic)

## The lattice

**Nearest neighbor directions, 24 total**

$$(\pm 1, 0, 0, 0), \quad (0, \pm 1, 0, 0), \quad (0, 0, \pm 1, 0), \quad (0, 0, 0, \pm 1)$$

**Usual cubic neighbors: 8**

$$(\pm 1/2, \pm 1/2, \pm 1/2, \pm 1/2)$$

**16 more**

## Gauge theory

12 links per site  $x$  (4 for cubic)

Shortest closed loop: triangle,  $P(x) = U_3 U_2 U_1$

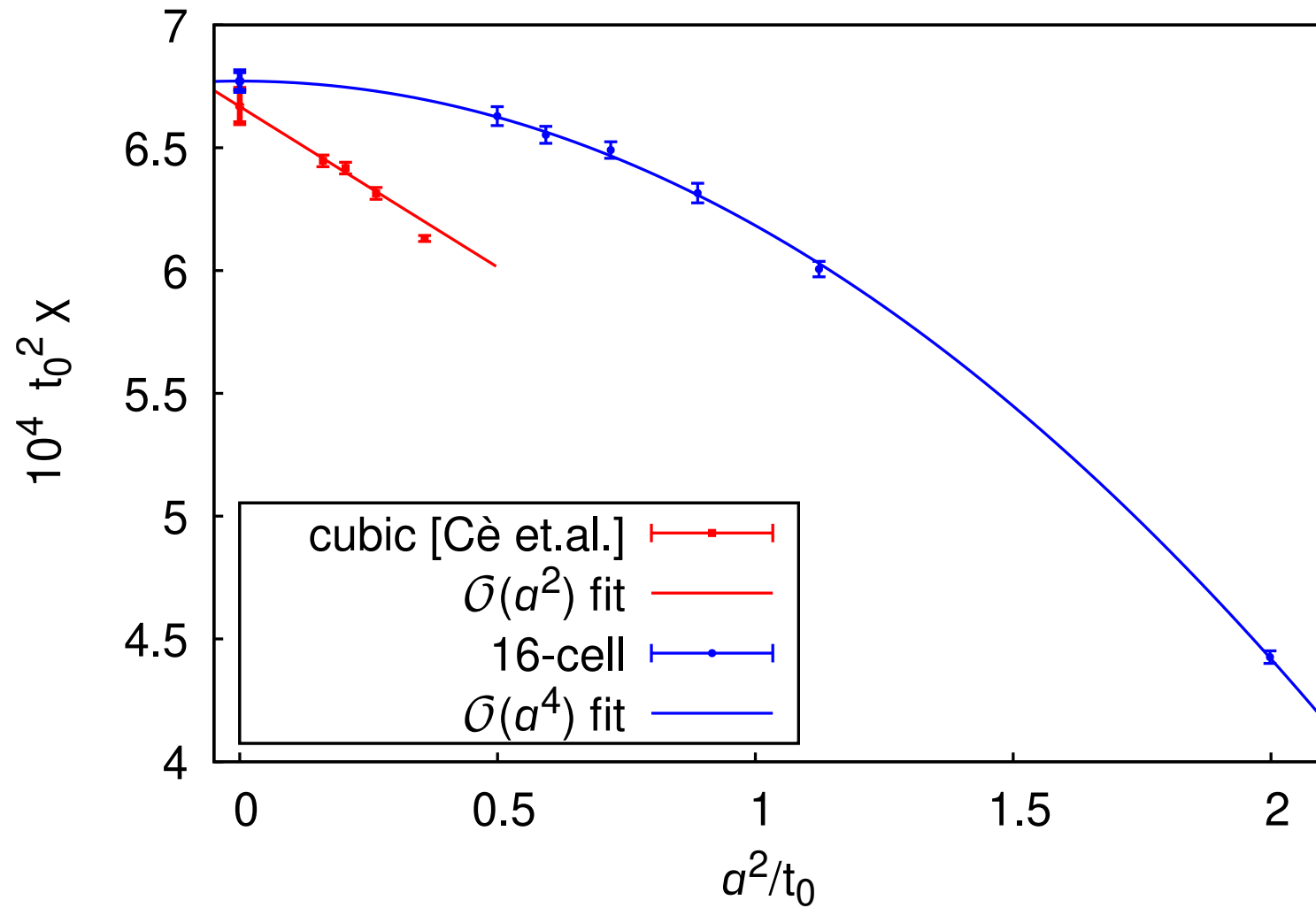
$$S = \frac{\beta}{2} \sum_x \sum_{i=1}^{32} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{N} \text{Re Tr } P_i(x) \right)$$

$\beta = 2N/g^2$  just as before

Gradient flow straightforward

Topological charge  $\rightarrow$  clover-style hexagons from triangles

## Topological susceptibility, $SU(3)$



$O(a^2)$  consistent with zero  $\rightarrow$  probably very small

## Fermions

Naive discretization,  $n_i$  the 24 neighbor vectors

$$D_0 = \frac{1}{6} \sum_{i=1}^{24} \gamma_\mu n_{\mu i} \nabla_i$$

Many doublers, some break Lorentz invariance

Celmaster

Introduce Wilson term

$$D = D_0 + a \frac{r}{6} \sum_{i=1}^{24} \nabla_i^* \nabla_i$$

Only 1 physical mode

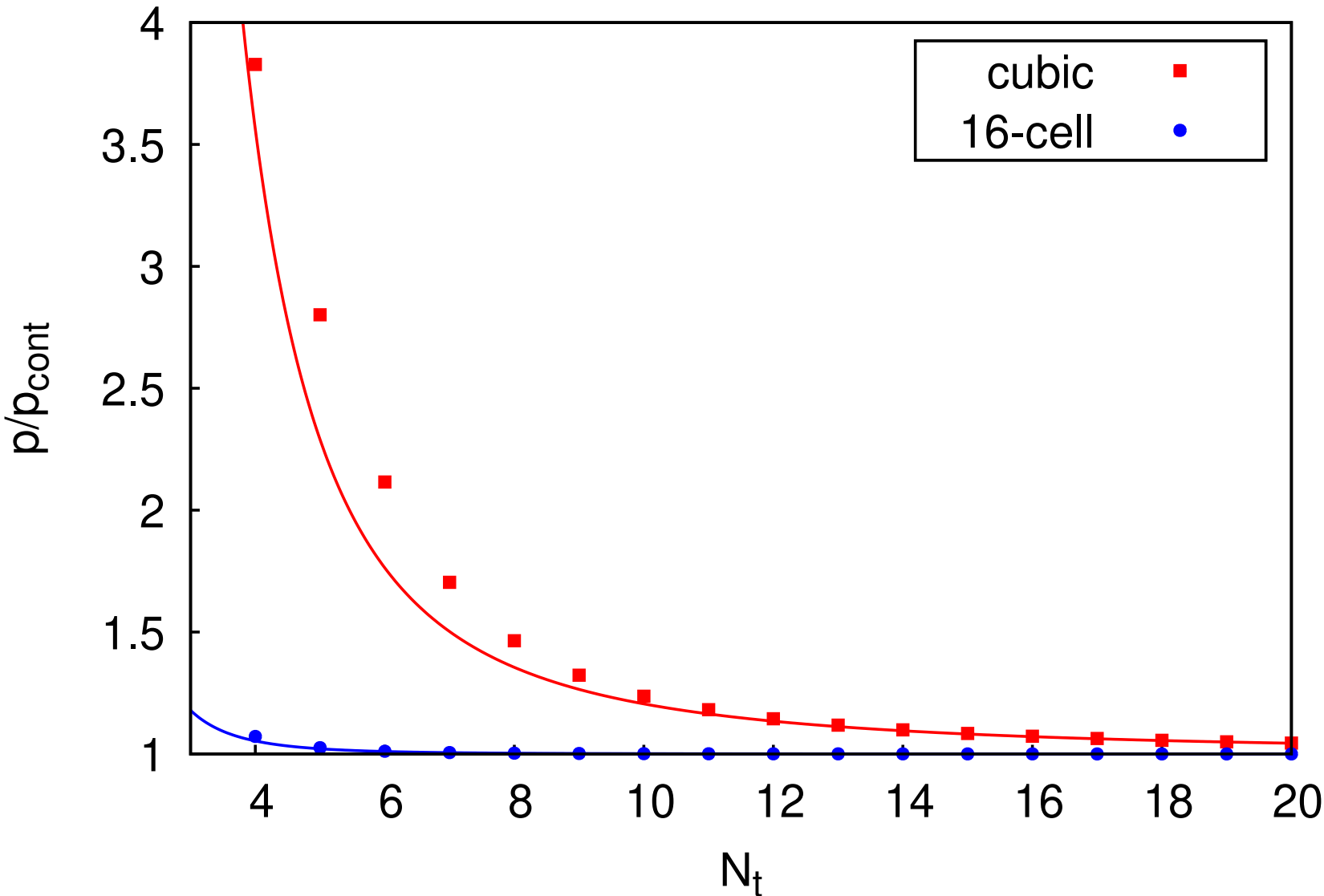
## Fermions, free pressure

$$\mathcal{O} = \frac{p(T) - p(0)}{T^4}$$

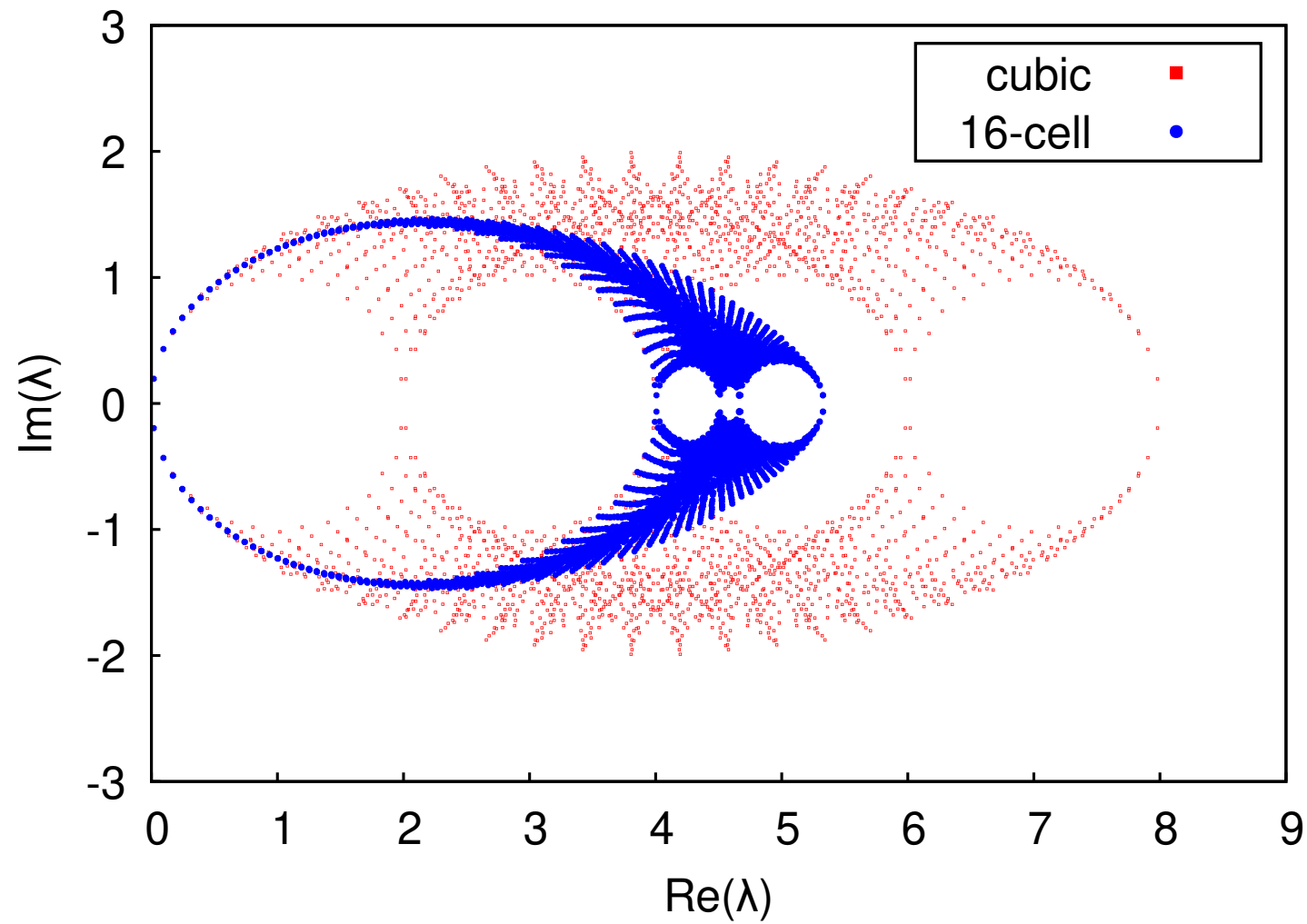
$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{O}_{cubic} &= \frac{7\pi^2}{720} \left( 1 + \frac{248}{147} \frac{\pi^2}{N_t^2} + \frac{635}{147} \frac{\pi^4}{N_t^4} \dots \right) \\ \mathcal{O}_{16-cell} &= \frac{7\pi^2}{720} \left( 1 + \frac{127}{980} \frac{\pi^4}{N_t^4} + \frac{73}{4158} \frac{\pi^6}{N_t^6} + \dots \right).\end{aligned}$$

**16-cell: leading correction  $\mathcal{O}(a^4)$**

Fermions, free pressure



## Fermions, free spectrum



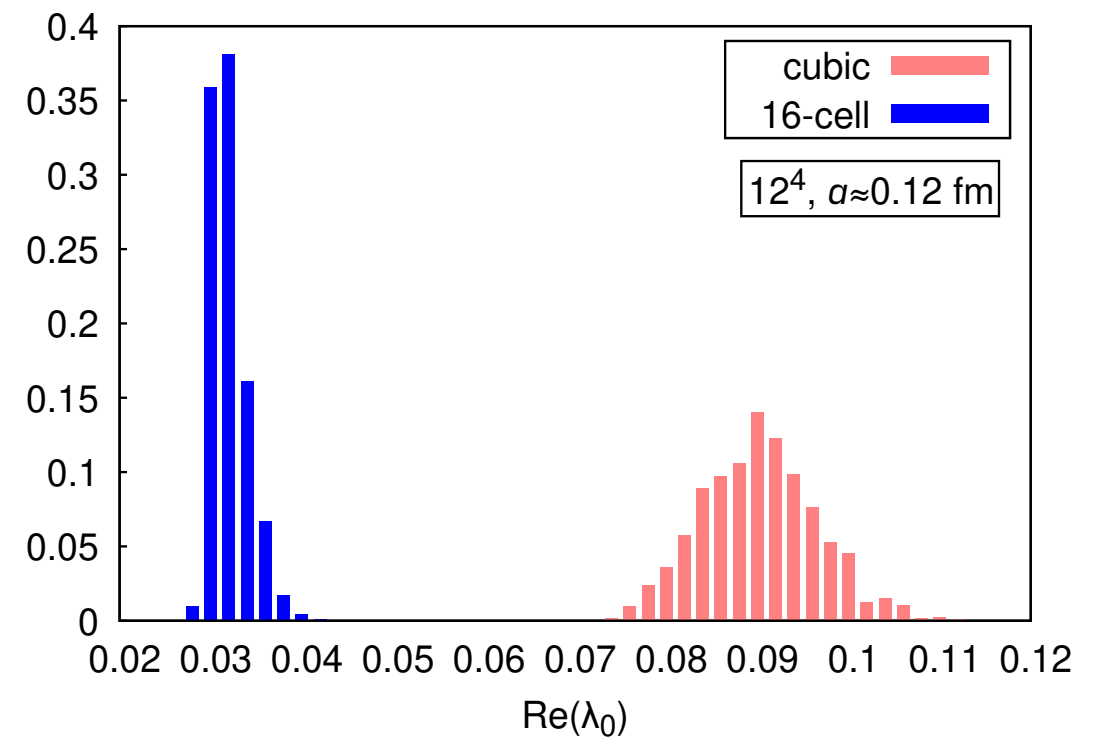
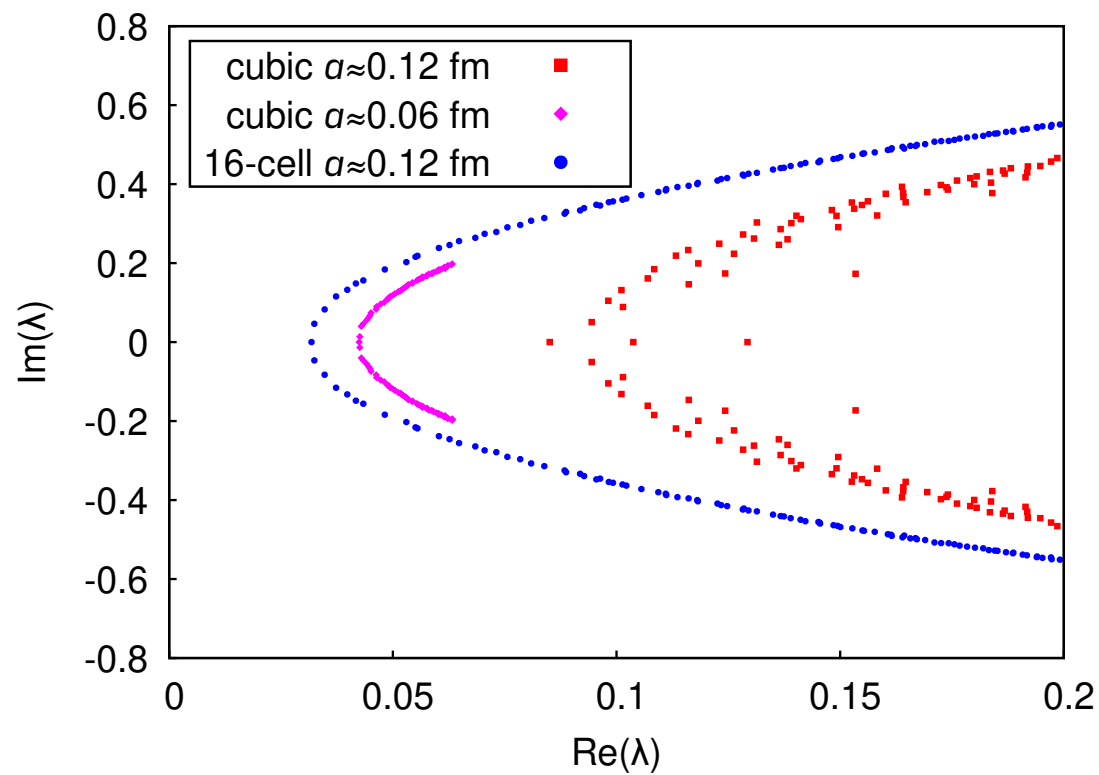
Close to a circle (ellipse)  $\rightarrow$  Ginsparg-Wilson ... ???

Fermions, interacting (not free)

Free improvement amazing, what about interacting case?

- Dirac-spectrum, additive mass normalization (Wilson term)
- Index theorem, topological charge, chirality

## Additive mass normalization (Wilson term)



**Fluctuates much less  $\rightarrow$  real gain in dynamical simulations**

Index theorem, topology, chirality

**Wilson-term: no chiral symmetry**

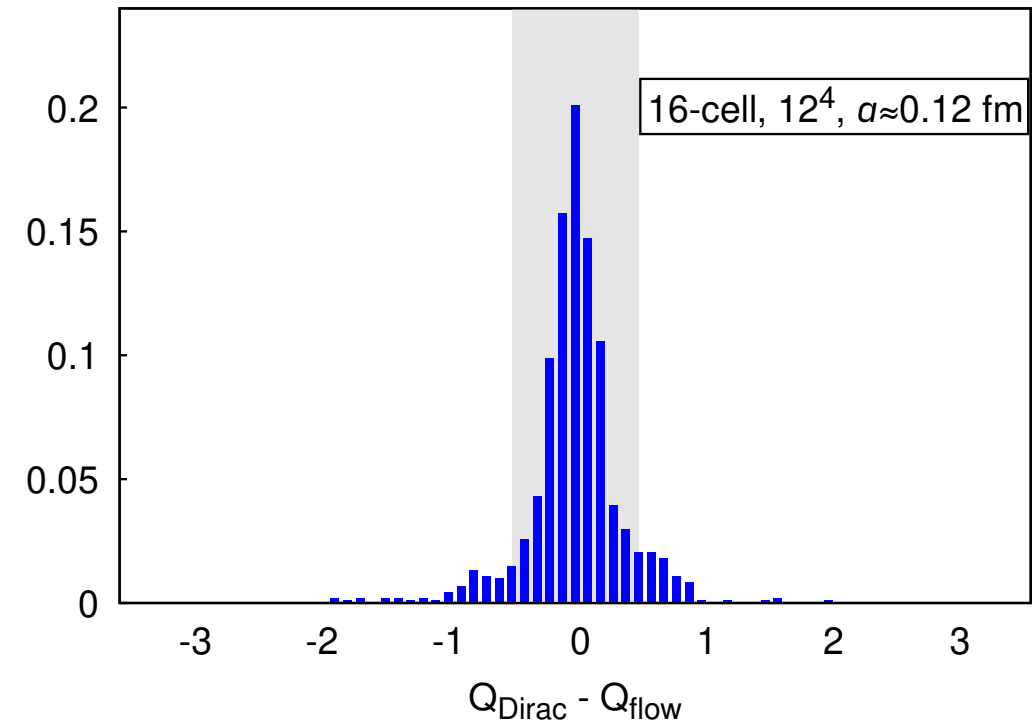
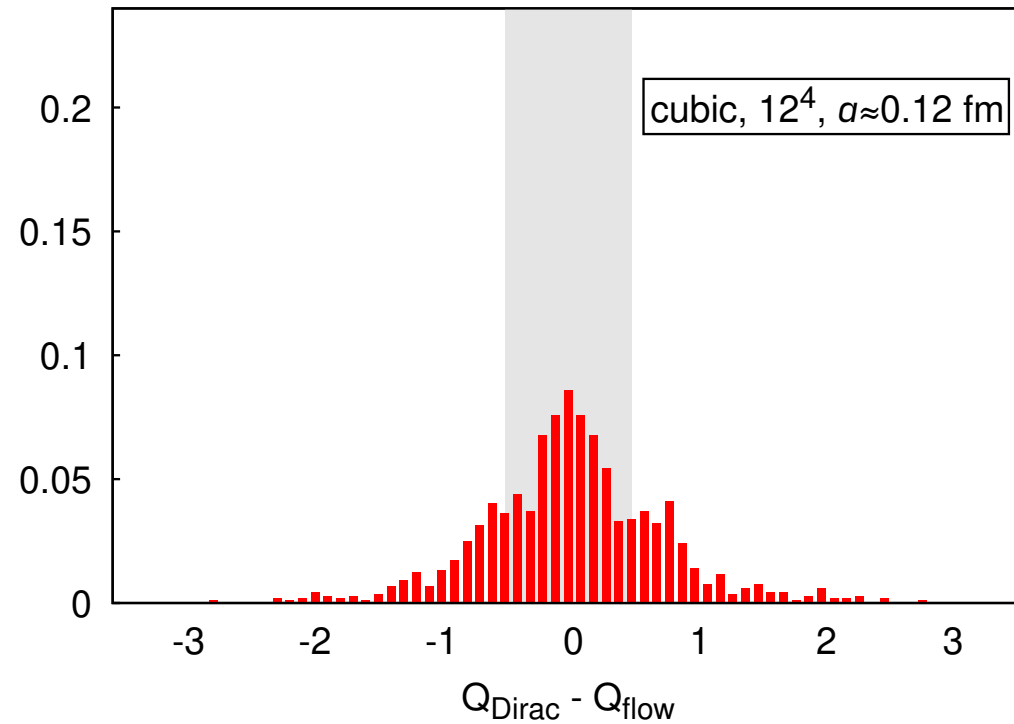
$n_{\pm}$ : number of real low-lying eigenvalues with non-zero chirality

$$Q_{Dirac} = n_+ - n_-$$

$$Q_{flow} = Q_{flow}(t = t_0)$$

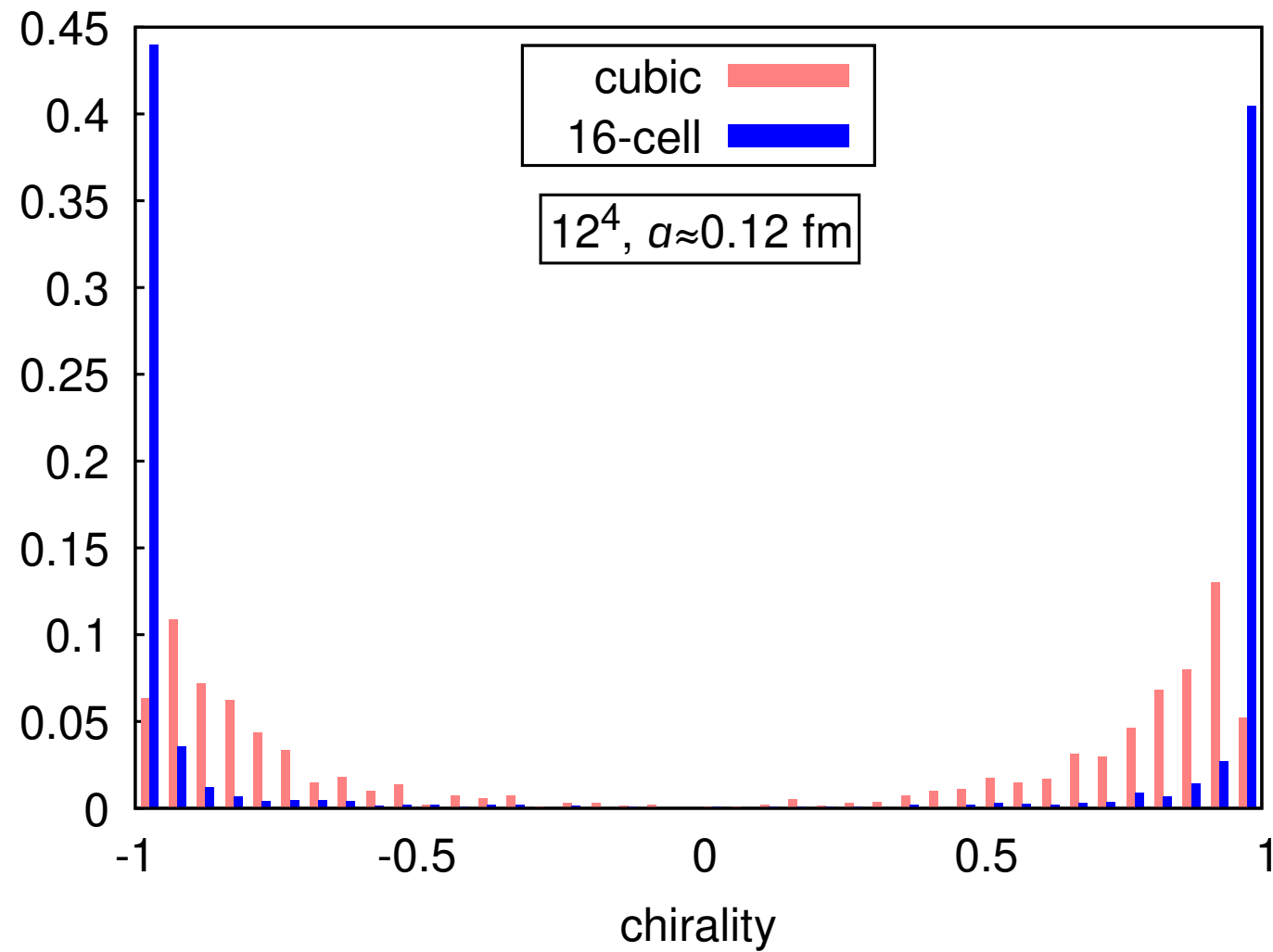
**Of course  $Q_{Dirac} \neq Q_{flow}$  and chirality  $\neq \pm 1$**

# Index theorem, topology, chirality



**Distribution of  $Q_{\text{Dirac}} - Q_{\text{flow}}$**

# Index theorem, topology, chirality



**Distribution of real low-mode chiralities**

## Summary and outlook

- **Cubic  $\rightarrow$  16-cell lattice: larger space-time symmetry**
- **Expect better scaling**
- **Confirmed in both gauge and fermion sector**

## Summary and outlook

**3× more neighbors, 2× more sites: 6× cost**

$$\text{HMC} \sim V^{3/2}$$

**2× gain in lattice spacing → 64× gain in HMC →**

**→ fixed 6× cost penalty →**

**→ order of magnitude cheaper than cubic**

**Thank you for your attention!**