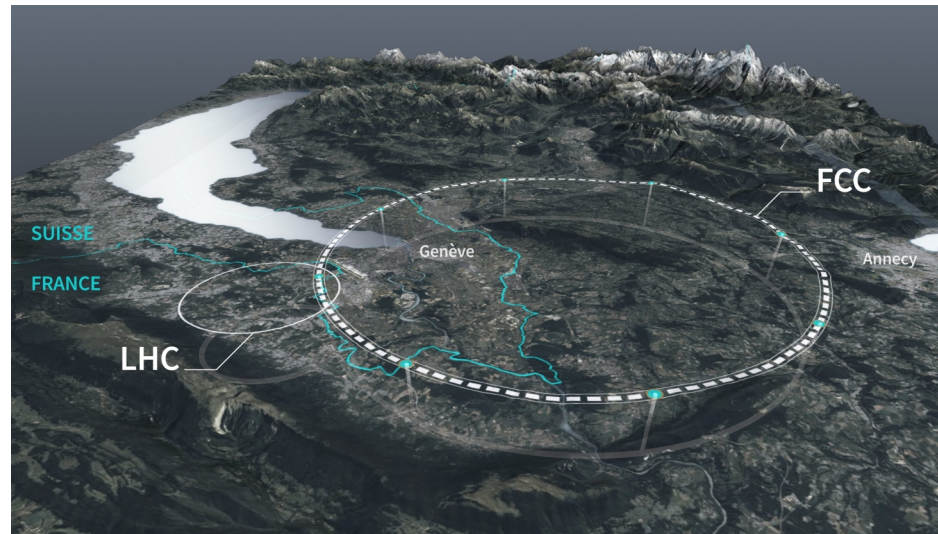


# FCC Flavor Physics Workshops

Gino Isidori, Zoltan Ligeti, Stéphane Monteil, Guy Wilkinson



**Physics at the Flavoured Circular Collider, Nov 19–21, 2025**

# How this came about

- I was contacted in the Summer to help organize workshops on flavor physics at the FCC

Goals: grow the community;

consolidate what has been done already;

bring our understanding of what is possible at FCC-ee in flavor to a similar level of maturity as that which already exists for Higgs and electroweak physics

- Capabilities for flavor can be important for detector planning and R&D that is underway
- First workshop Nov. 19–21: <https://indico.cern.ch/event/1588013>
- **194 registrants**; lower bound, as even some speakers didn't register... focus on physics

# My views on the 2040s landscape

- When HL-LHC stops running, Higgs will have been studied for 30 years  
LHC is a Higgs factory, will want better precision & probe unexplored Higgs couplings — as in  $B$  decays
- We don't know where and how new physics will show up  $\Rightarrow$  need broad program  
We must study the Higgs as much as possible, but it's no longer uncharted territory (except for 1st gen.)  
 $\Rightarrow$  A high- $p_T$  anomaly, a Higgs coupling anomaly, or a flavor anomaly, are now on similar footings
- The HL-LHC is a luminosity frontier experiment; greatest increase in discovery reach for precision measurements, weakly produced states — not particles near kinematic limit
- Ultimately, building a  $10 \times$  better microscope than the LHC is a clear case  
We ought to explore Nature to the shortest distance scales that technologies allow

# Why flavor physics?

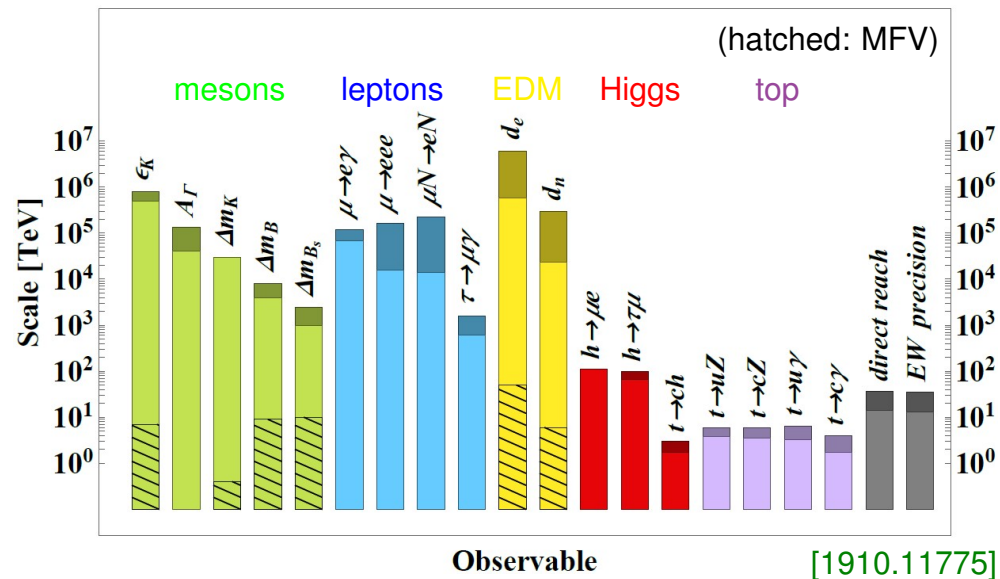
- Flavor,  $K, B, D$ :  $\frac{(\bar{b} \Gamma d)^2}{\Lambda^2} \Rightarrow \Lambda \gtrsim 10^2 - 10^5 \text{ TeV}$

The only probe of such scales (& EDMs)

- Electroweak:  $\frac{(H^\dagger D_\mu H)^2}{\Lambda^2} \Rightarrow \Lambda \gtrsim 10 \text{ TeV}$

- Actual scales may be smaller; e.g., in SM:

$$\frac{\Delta m_K}{m_K} \sim \frac{g_2^4}{16\pi^2} |V_{cs} V_{cd}|^2 \frac{m_c^2}{m_W^4} f_K^2 \sim 7 \times 10^{-15}$$



- Lack of NP motivates  $\text{tera-}Z$  as part of a comprehensive search
- If NP is within any collider's reach, non-generic flavor structure ( $\Rightarrow$  flavor is a powerful probe)
- Of the future colliders discussed, only FCC would go well beyond LHCb + Belle II goals

# Five Working Groups

- **WG1 – Rare decays and FCNCs:** Wolfgang Altmannshofer, Marzia Bordone, Thibaud Humair, Renato Qualigiani, Eluned Smith, Niharika Rout
- **WG2 – CP violation in nonleptonic b-hadron decays:** Alberto Bragagnolo, Laurent Dufour, Matt Kenzie, Stefan Schacht, Michele Veronesi, Jure Zupan
- **WG3 – Charged current processes:** Cristina Agapopoulou, Andreas Juttner, Markus Prim, Dean Robinson, Raynette van Tonder, Xunwu Zuo
- **WG4 – Charm: mixing, CPV, and rare decays:** Michel Bertemes, Gudrun Hiller, Nathan Jurik, Jernej Kamenik, Dominik Mitzel
- **WG5 – Tau physics and selected electroweak properties:** Maria Cepeda, Romain Madar, Aurelien Martens, Emilie Passemar, Olcyr Sumensari

# Flavor physics at FCC- $ee$

- $10^5 \times \text{LEP}$  is the right target (mass scale)  $\propto$  (uncertainty) $^{-1/2} \propto$  (stat) $^{-1/4}$
- Can one appreciate / anticipate a  $10^5$  improvement? (Recall: Belle II / ARGUS  $\sim 10^5$ )  
Theory and experimental techniques both changed a lot! (e.g., full hadronic reconstruction)  
Asymmetric  $B$  factories at  $\Upsilon(4S)$  great for  $CP$  violation, less ideal for (semi)leptonic decays
- What was not even tried at LEP? (due to lack of statistics or lack of physics interest)
- Some rare decay sensitivity may improve linearly with statistics; e.g.,  $Z \rightarrow \mu\tau, \mu e$ , etc.
- A lot of what's usually called precision electroweak, also concern flavor ( $\tau$  lifetime & mass,  $R_b, R_\ell$  for each  $\ell$  flavor, etc.)

# Objectives and Questions

- Obtain realistic estimates for precision on key flavor benchmarks
- Identify and develop strategies for potentially limiting systematics (both exp & theor.)
- Investigate requirements on and impact of various detector designs
- Formulate new measurement strategies and identify new processes of interest
- Understand the complementarities with the HL-LHC
- Explore the interplay with the Higgs, electroweak, and possible hidden sectors
- Assess if there exists a physics case to go beyond  $6 \times 10^{12}$   $Z$  decays
- Address cross-cutting questions: normalizing BF measurements, hadronization fraction measurements, modeling parton shower and fragmentation, etc.

# How to get involved?

- Many ways to contribute, both for experimentalists and theorists:
  - Sign up for mailing lists (next page)
  - Contact conveners
  - Engage with some experimental and/or theoretical studies
  - Come to next workshop: June 16 – 19 at CERN (4 days)

# Don't forget to sign up to the WG e-groups

[FCC-PED-PhysicsGroup-Flavours-Rare@cern.ch](mailto:FCC-PED-PhysicsGroup-Flavours-Rare@cern.ch)

To subscribe: <https://e-groups.cern.ch/e-groups/EgroupsSubscription.do?egroupName=FCC-PED-PhysicsGroup-Flavours-Rare>

[FCC-PED-PhysicsGroup-Flavours-CPV@cern.ch](mailto:FCC-PED-PhysicsGroup-Flavours-CPV@cern.ch)

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which will be used for general announcements. (Can subscribe directly:

<https://e-groups.cern.ch/e-groups/EgroupsSubscription.do?egroupName=FCC-PED-PhysicsGroup-Flavours> )

Please use institutional email addresses, as you have to be approved.

There are also Mattermost channels (see info on workshop webpage).

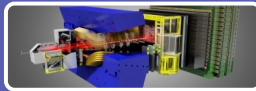
# Conclusions — from Yossi Nir



Flavor violation and CPV probe otherwise uncharted territory:  $10 - 10^4$  TeV



FV and CPV probe otherwise uncharted territory of  $d=6$  SMEFT operators



FCC-ee will provide unprecedented huge statistics



FCC-ee will provide unprecedented low background



FCC-ee will provide unique tagging capabilities



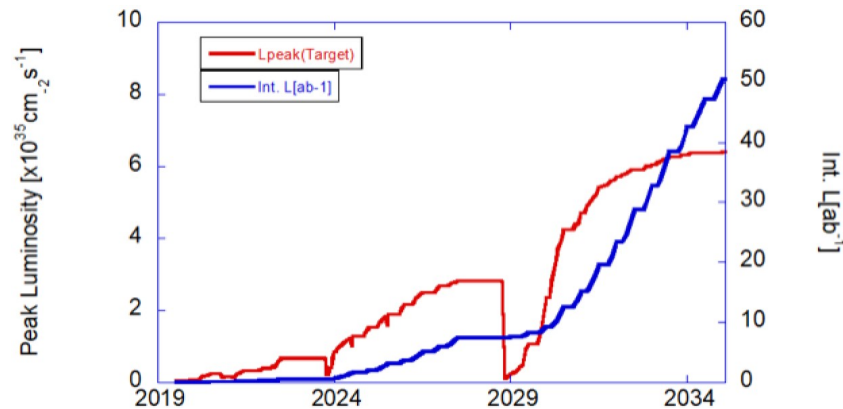
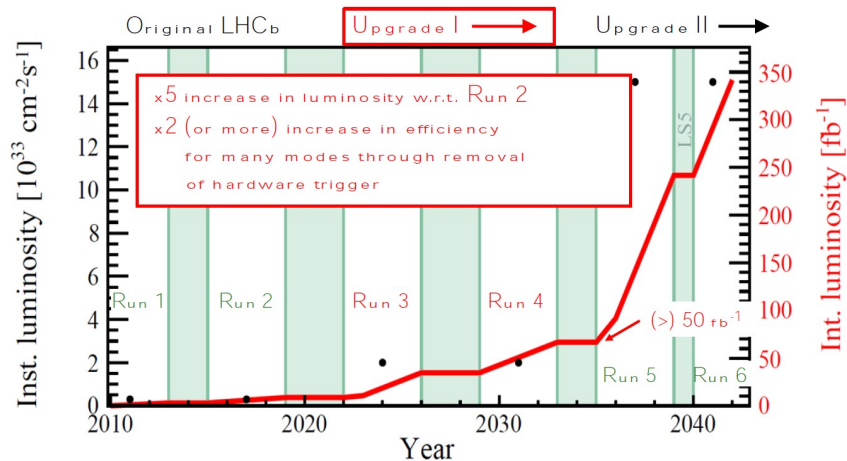
FCC-ee has a guaranteed, rich, unique, exciting flavor program

- The whole FCC-*ee* program is greater than the sum of the parts — even just in flavor
- Interesting challenges to maximize sensitivity — both for experiment and theory



**Extra slides**

# Flavor and future colliders



- LHCb upgrade in LS2 (inst. lumi.:  $2 \times 10^{33}$ )
- LHCb Upgrade II in LS4 (inst. lumi.:  $1.5 \times 10^{34}$ )
- ATLAS & CMS competitive in some modes

Extensive sensitivity projections: 1808.08865, 1812.07638

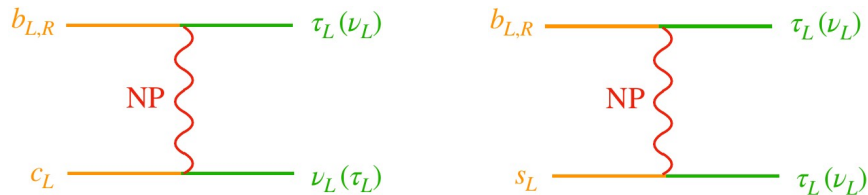
- Goal: over  $50 \times$  the Belle data set
- Discussions about physics case and feasibility of an upgrade, aiming 50/ab  $\rightarrow$  250/ab (parallel LHCb Upgrade II)

Extensive sensitivity projections: 1808.10567

- Only Tera- $Z$  would go well beyond current program — clear case if BSM seen in flavor

# The $b \rightarrow c\tau\bar{\nu}$ anomalies could make compelling case

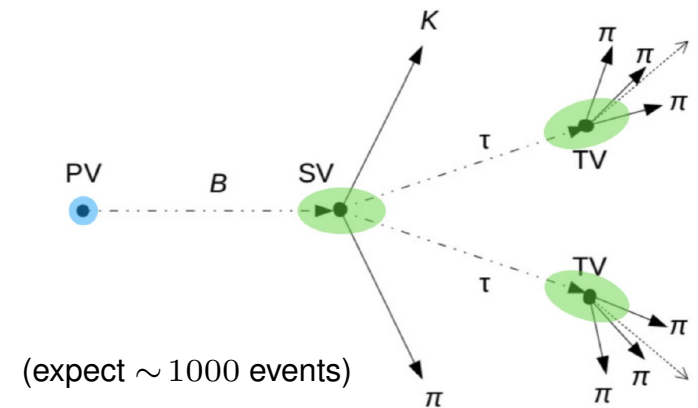
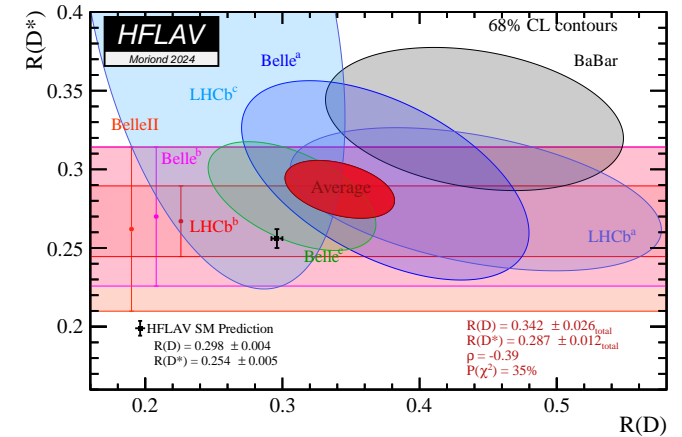
- Over  $3\sigma$  tension for  $R(D^{(*)})$ , if it prevails, requires  $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$  correction to a tree-level SM process
- If NP is charged under  $SU(2)$ , unavoidable connection to  $b \rightarrow s\tau^+\tau^-$  or  $b \rightarrow s\nu\bar{\nu}$  — correlations distinguish models



[image credit]

Tera-Z: measure  $B \rightarrow K^*\tau^+\tau^-$ ,  $K^*\nu\bar{\nu}$  even at SM level

- Boost of  $B$  from  $Z$  decay provides ideal environment



# $CP$ violation in neutral meson mixing: $A_{\text{SL}}^{d,s}$

- Only seen in  $K$  so far; for  $B_{(s)}$ , the  $m_c^2/m_b^2$  suppression in the SM may be lifted by BSM

[hep-ph/0202010]

$$A_{\text{SL}} = \frac{\Gamma[\bar{B}^0(t) \rightarrow \ell^+ X] - \Gamma[B^0(t) \rightarrow \ell^- X]}{\Gamma[\bar{B}^0(t) \rightarrow \ell^+ X] + \Gamma[B^0(t) \rightarrow \ell^- X]}$$

- Current status: Data:  $A_{\text{SL}}^d = -(2.1 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-3}$      $A_{\text{SL}}^s = -(0.6 \pm 2.8) \times 10^{-3}$   
SM:  $A_{\text{SL}}^d = -(4.7 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$      $A_{\text{SL}}^s = (2.22 \pm 0.27) \times 10^{-5}$  [1603.07770]

Plenty of room between current sensitivity and the SM predictions

(Hard to extrapolate whether LHCb becomes systematics limited)

- Unique to Tera- $Z$ : uncertainty  $\sim 2.5 \times 10^{-5}$  for both  $A_{\text{SL}}^d$  and  $A_{\text{SL}}^s$ , reach SM level

# (Very) rare (semi)leptonic decays

- Unique capabilities for decays with large missing energy, i.e.,  $\nu$  or  $\tau$  in final state  
(And better than LHCb for  $e^\pm$ )
- Tera- $Z$  could be the first to measure:  
Many decays mediated by  $b \rightarrow s\nu\bar{\nu}$  or  $b \rightarrow s\tau^+\tau^-$ , and their  $b \rightarrow d$  counterparts  
 $B \rightarrow K^{(*0)}\tau^+\tau^-$ ,  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda\tau^+\tau^-$ ,  $B \rightarrow K^{(*)}\nu\bar{\nu}$ ,  $B_s \rightarrow \phi\nu\bar{\nu}$ ,  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda\nu\bar{\nu}$ ,  $B \rightarrow \pi(\rho)\nu\bar{\nu}$ , etc.
- Two-body  $B \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$  decays sensitive to very high scales (comparable to  $K \rightarrow \pi\nu\bar{\nu}$ )  
 $B_{s,d} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ : tera- $Z$  expected to be comparable to HL-LHC for  
 $B_{s,d} \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ : tera- $Z$  is much more sensitive: measure it, if  $\geq$  SM level [ $\sim 8 \times 10^{-7}$ ]
- Another important 2-body decay, to be measured by FCC- $ee$ :  $B_c \rightarrow \tau\bar{\nu}$
- $b \rightarrow c\tau\bar{\nu}$  and  $sl^+\ell^-$  anomalies: in many models, correlated effects in many processes

# Theory challenges / opportunities

- **New methods & ideas:** recall that the best  $\alpha$  and  $\gamma$  measurements are in modes proposed in light of Belle & BaBar data (i.e., not in the BaBar Physics Book)
  - Better SM evaluation of  $S_{\eta'K_S} - S_{\psi K_S}$ ,  $S_{\phi K_S} - S_{\psi K_S}$ , and  $S_{\pi^0 K_S} - S_{\psi K_S}$   
And similarly in  $B_s$  decays, and for  $\sin 2\beta_{(s)}$  itself
  - How big can  $CP$  violation be in  $D^0 - \bar{D}^0$  mixing (and in  $D$  decays) in the SM?
  - Many lattice QCD calculations (operators within and beyond SM)
  - Better understanding of inclusive & exclusive semileptonic decays
  - Factorization at subleading order (different approaches), charm loops
  - Can direct  $CP$  asymmetries in nonleptonic modes be understood enough to make them “discovery modes”? [ $SU(3)$ , the heavy quark limit, etc.]
- **We know how to make progress on some + discover new frameworks / methods?**

# What are the largest useful data sets?

- No one has seriously explored it!
- Many measurements will remain far from being limited by theory uncertainties:
  - For  $\gamma \equiv \phi_3$ , theory uncertainty only from higher order EW
  - $B_{s,d} \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ,  $B \rightarrow \mu\nu$  and other leptonic decays (lattice QCD, [double] ratios)
  - $A_{\text{SL}}^{d,s}$  — when would experimental systematics become limiting?
  - Lepton flavor violation & lepton universality violation searches
  - Probably many more...
- Very broad program, dark sector searches, etc.
- In some decays, even in 2040s we'll have (exp. bound)/SM  $\gtrsim 10^3$  (E.g.,  $B_{d,s} \rightarrow e^+e^-$ ,  $\tau^+\tau^-$ )
- NP sensitivity would improve with data  $\gg$  LHCb, Belle II, *tera-Z* ( $\Rightarrow$  flavor exp. @ FCC-*hh*?)