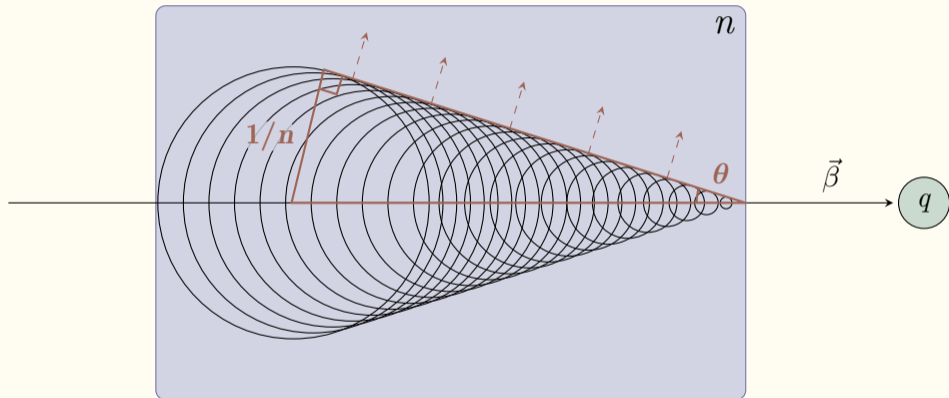


Novel Cherenkov Radiators

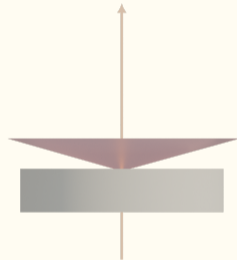
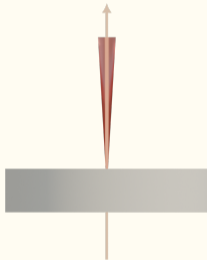
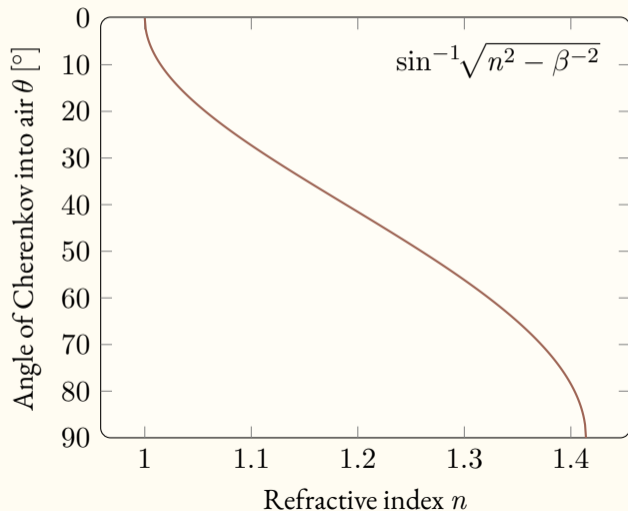
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Cherenkov Theory



Cherenkov Theory

Cherenkov Angle for a $\beta = 1$ Particle

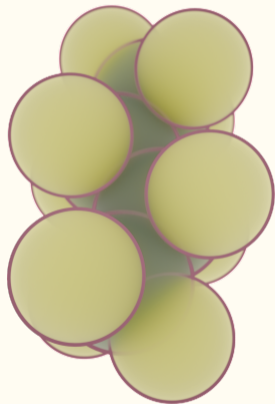


Cherenkov Detectors

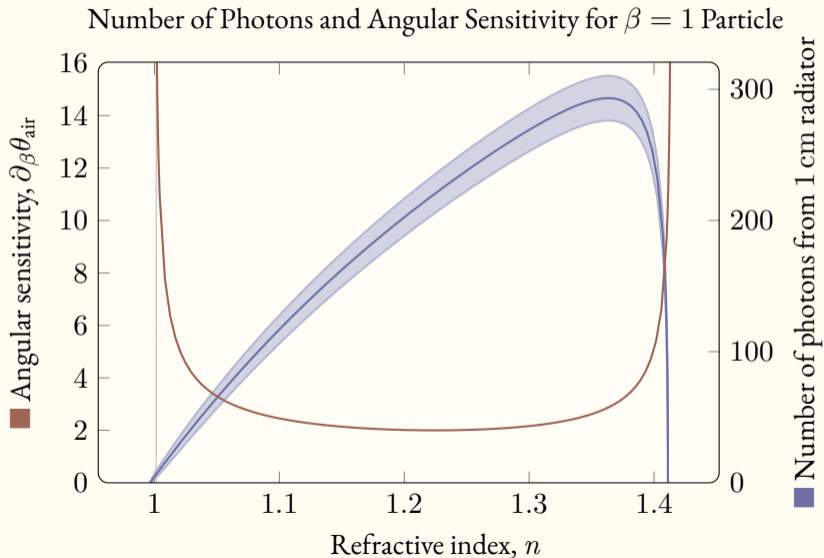


The Problem With C₄F₁₀

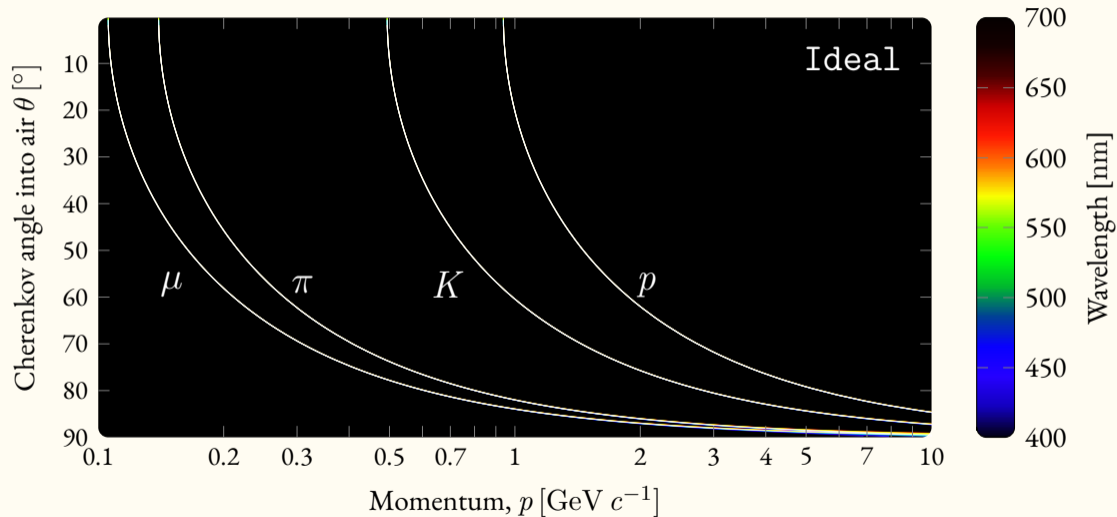
- ▶ The Cherenkov detectors in LHCb have traditionally used Fluorocarbon Gasses as their radiating medium
 - ▶ Refractive index of $n = 1.0014$.
-
- ▶ C₄F₁₀ as used in RICH1, has $\sim 6000\times$ greater global warming potential than CO₂
 - ▶ Buying and selling C₄F₁₀ was banned by the EU in 2014.



Glass Instead of Gas



Predicted Particle Separation: Ideal Glass

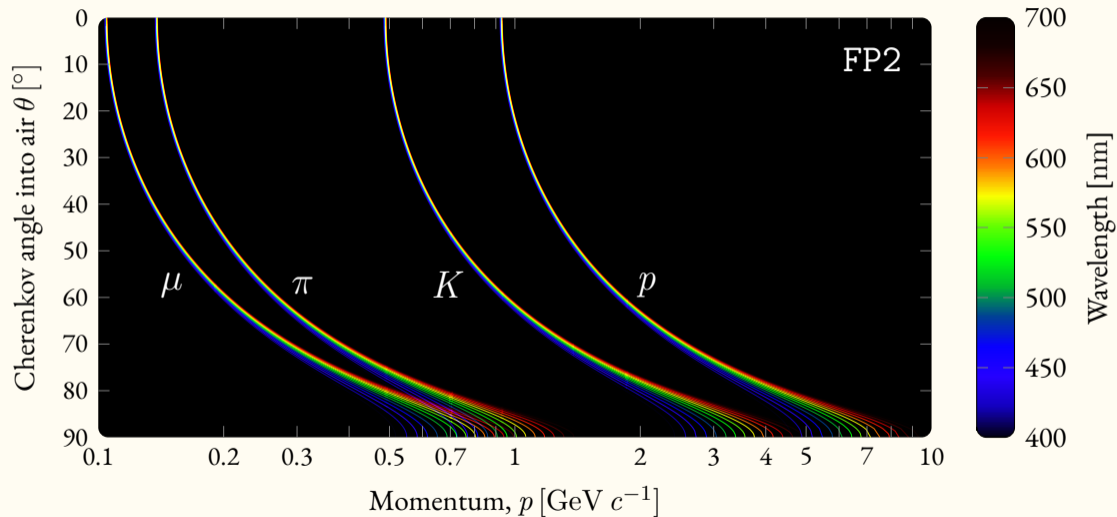


Anyone Want To Get A Glass Later?

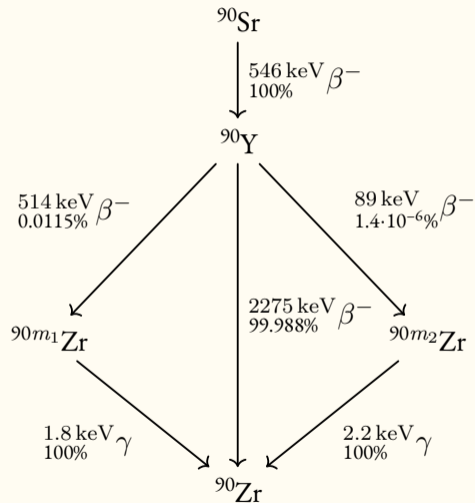
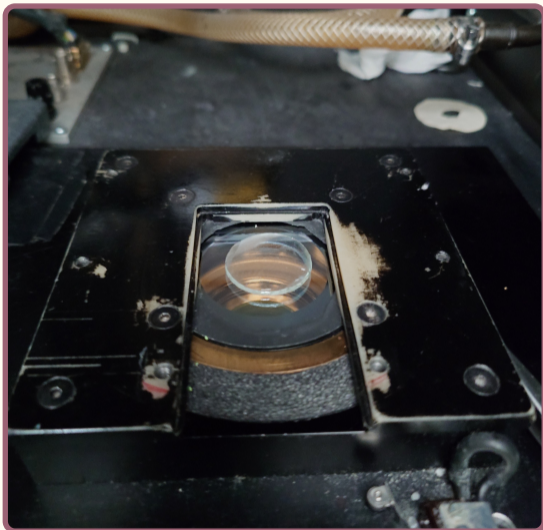


Nº	n	\varnothing	\updownarrow
FP1	$\sqrt{2.076}$	40 mm	5 mm
FP2	$\sqrt{2.025}$	40 mm	5 mm
FP3	$\sqrt{2.079}$	25 mm	5 mm
FP4	$\sqrt{2.016}$	25 mm	2 mm

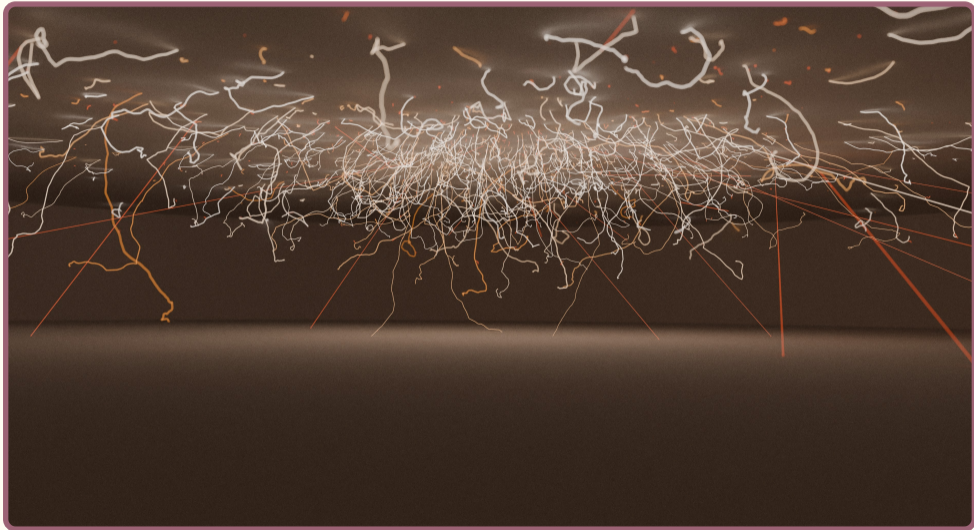
Predicted Particle Separation: FP2



Scintillation

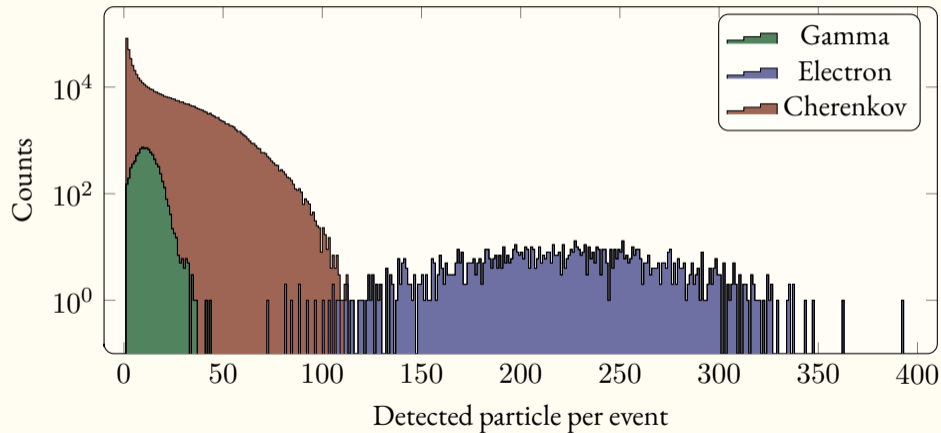


Scintillation



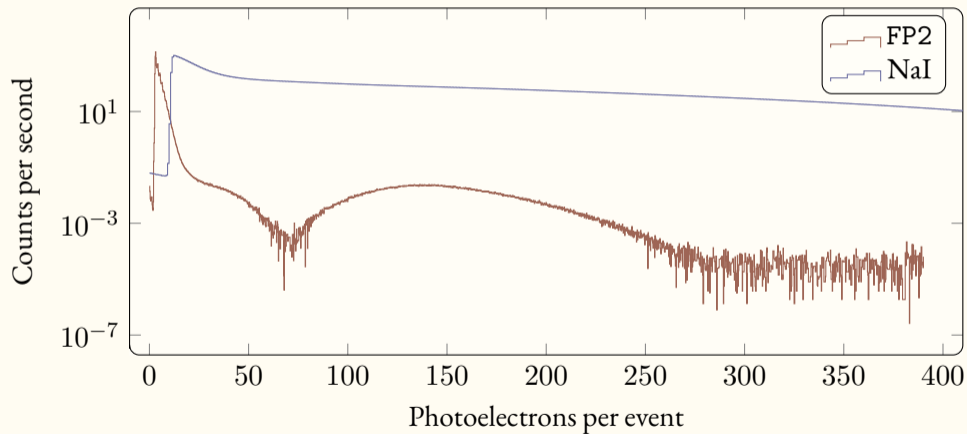
Scintillation Simulation

Simulation Without Scintillation (stacked)

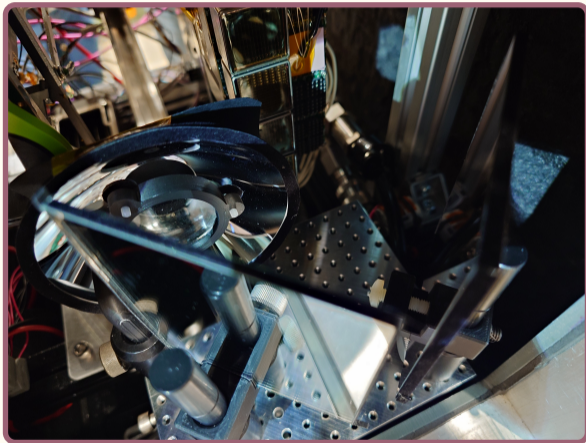
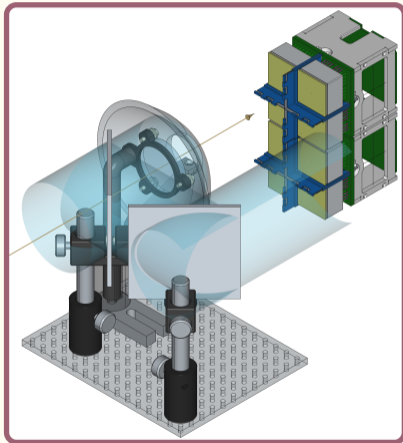


Scintillation Real

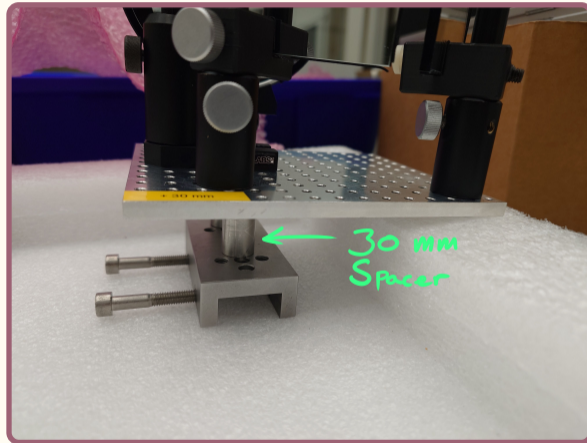
Background Subtracted Yields



Testbeams

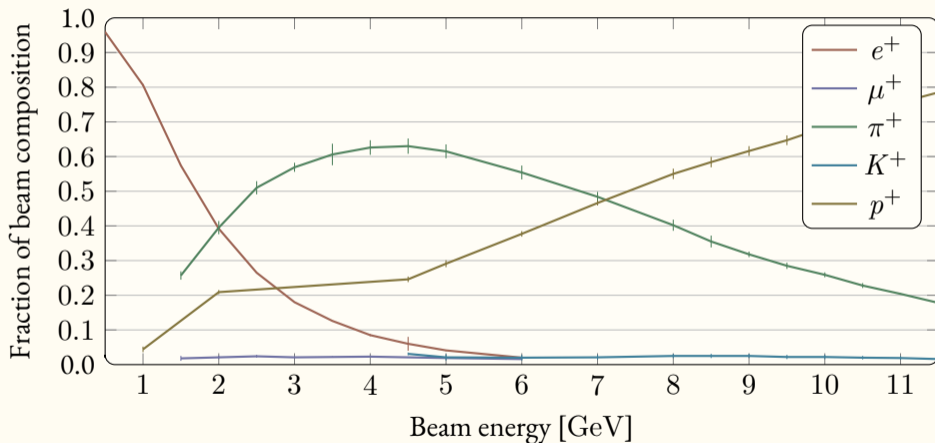


Testbeams



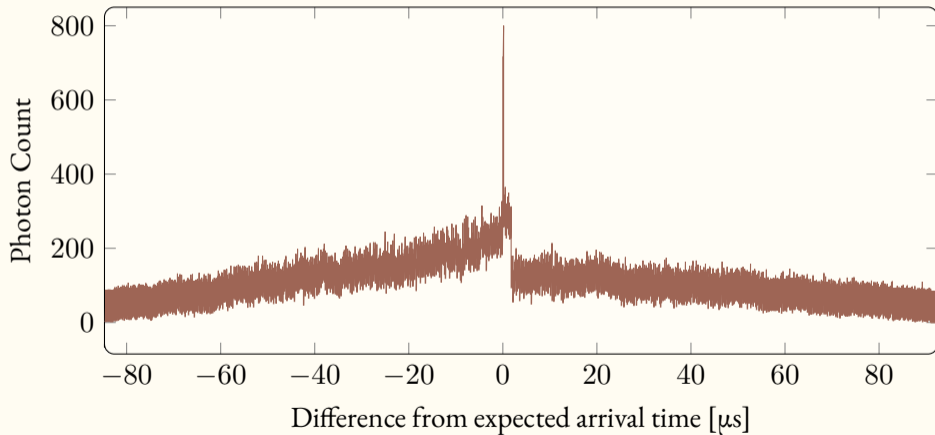
Testbeam composition

T10 Positive Particle Beam Composition

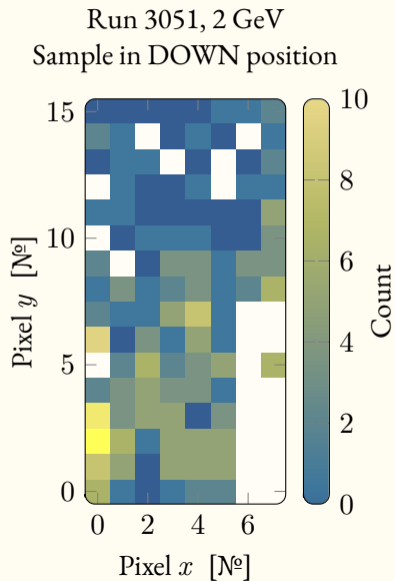
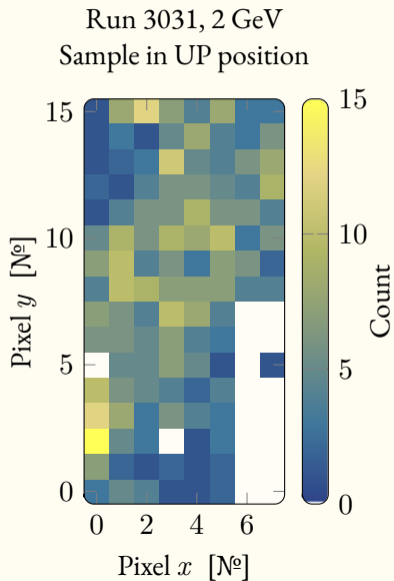


Testbeams

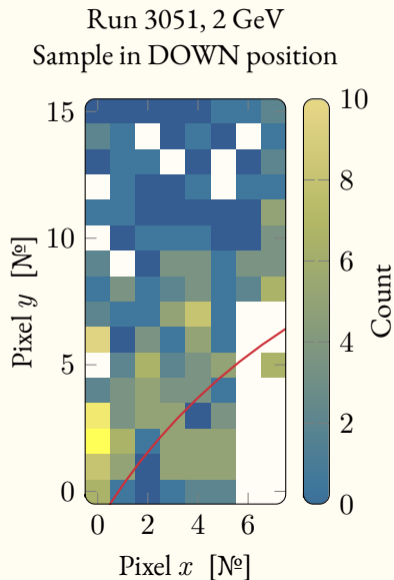
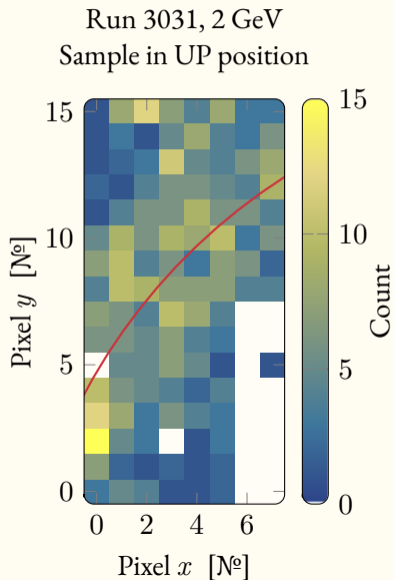
Signal Selection



Testbeams



Testbeams and Overly Suggestive Circles



Summary

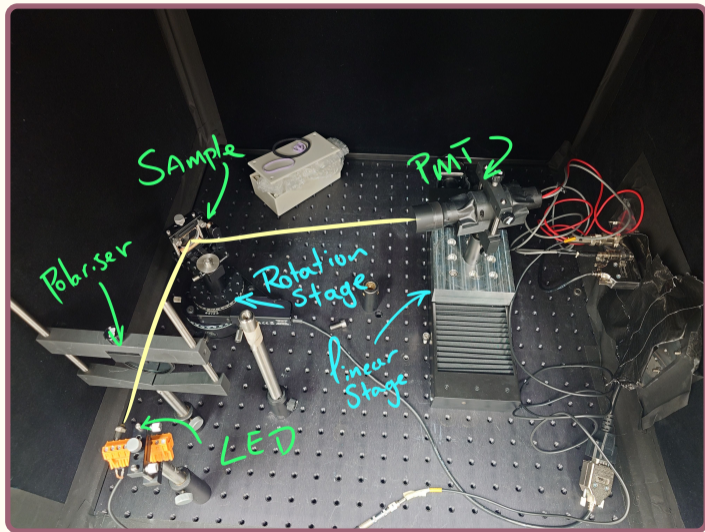
- ▶ Environmental and supply issues with C_4F_{10} prompt the search for its replacement as a Cherenkov radiator.
- ▶ I propose using a glass.
- ▶ Samples have been produced.
- ▶ and they generate Cherenkov light.
- ▶ and the distribution *seems* to be consistent with what we expect.
- ▶ Work is ongoing to further characterise the samples
(Dispersion and Radiation testing are in the works)

Novel Cherenkov Radiators

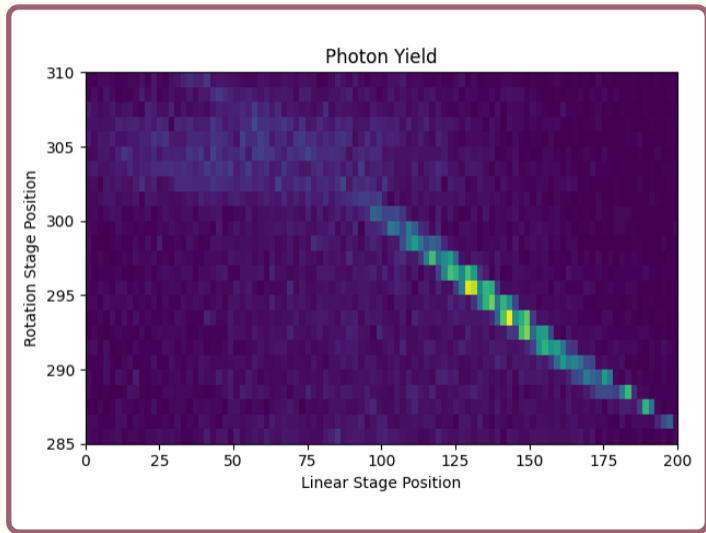
Henry Linton

Backup Frames

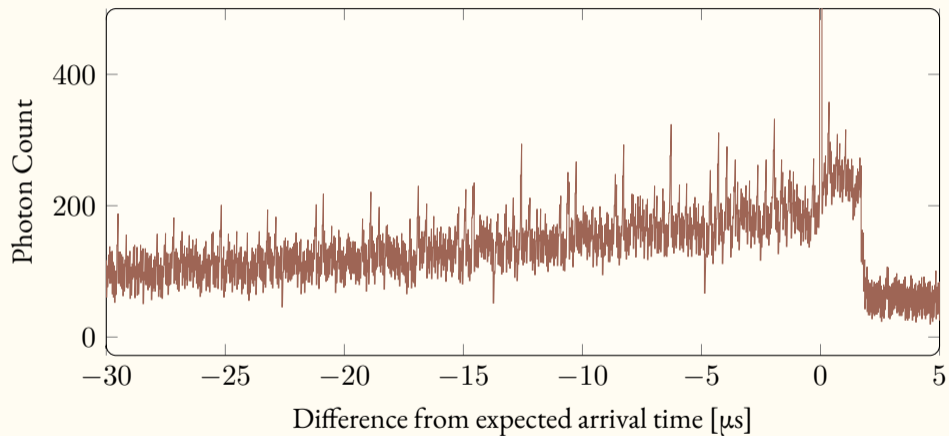
Ongoing: Dispersion



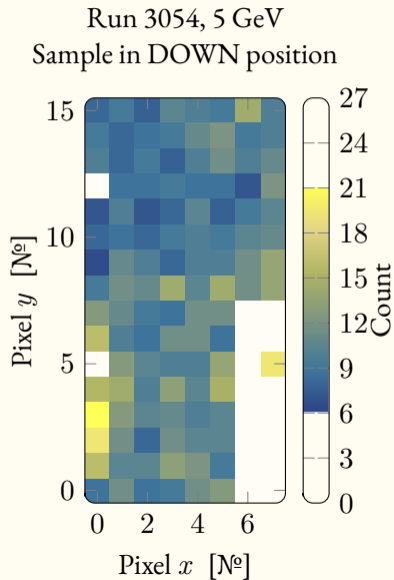
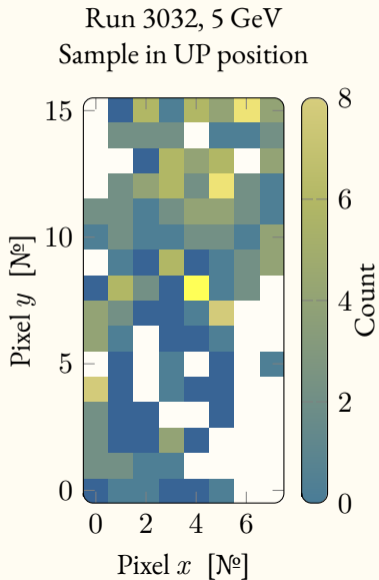
Ongoing: Dispersion



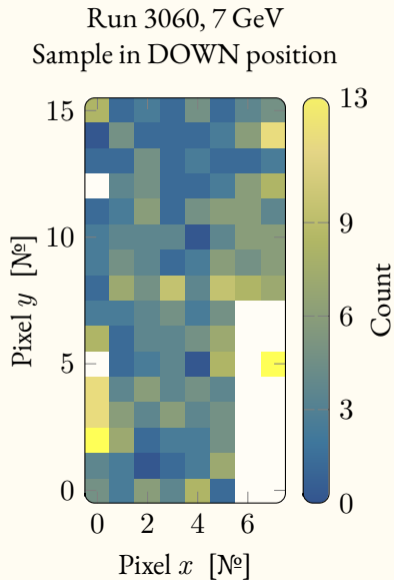
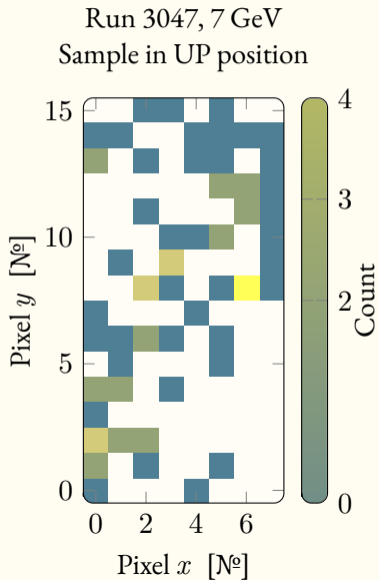
Testbeams



More Testbeams



More Testbeams



Cherenkov Theory

Cherenkov radiation is emitted with an angle

$$\cos \theta_{\text{Ch}} = \frac{1}{n\beta} \quad .$$

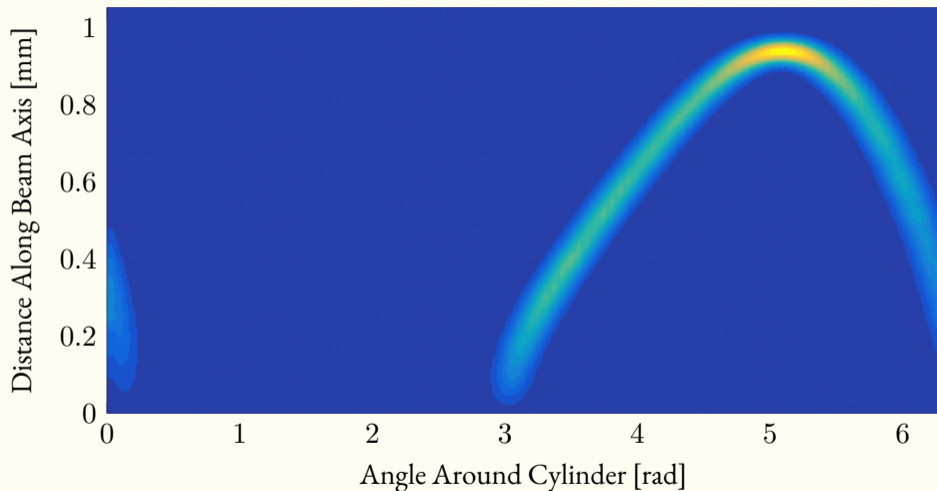
However it must escape the radiating medium into air. For this we use Snell's law.

$$n_{\text{air}} \sin \theta_{\text{air}} = n \sin \theta_{\text{Ch}} \quad .$$

Assuming $n_{\text{air}} = 1$, Arrange for $\sin \theta_{\text{air}}$

$$\sin \theta_{\text{air}} = \sqrt{n^2 - \beta^{-2}} \quad .$$

Distribution of Photons from off-axis particles



References

- [1] S. Solomon, *Climate Change 2007: The Physical Science Basis: Contribution of Working Group I to the Fourth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change*, I. P. on Climate Change and I. P. on Climate Change, Eds. Cambridge ; New York, 2007, 996 pp., ISBN: 978-0-521-88009-1.
- [2] *Regulation (EU) No 517/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on fluorinated greenhouse gases and repealing Regulation (EC) No 842/2006 Text with EEA relevance*, 16th Apr. 2014. Accessed: 27th Mar. 2026. [Online]. Available: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2014/517/oj>.
- [3] B. Johnston et al., *BradyAJohnston/MolecularNodes: V4.5.12*, Zenodo, 17th Mar. 2026. DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.19072617.
- [4] S. K. Basu and E. A. Mccutchan, 'Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 90,' *Nuclear Data Sheets*, vol. 165, pp. 1–329, 1st Mar. 2020, ISSN: 0090-3752. DOI: 10.1016/j.nds.2020.04.001.
- [5] M. van Dijk et al., 'Particle production and identification for the T10 secondary beamline of the CERN East Area,' *Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section B: Beam Interactions with Materials and Atoms*, vol. 569, p. 165 907, 1st Dec. 2025, ISSN: 0168-583X. DOI: 10.1016/j.nimb.2025.165907.