



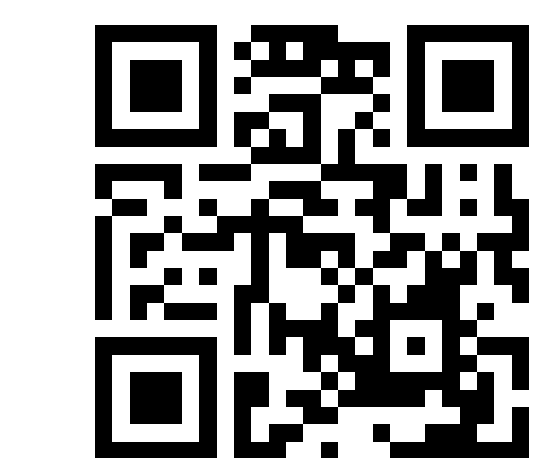
about me



Charged multi-sheet wormhole solutions

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1. Introduction

Axisymmetric & stationary solutions can be analyzed in the *Weyl formalism*.

Application to wormhole spacetimes

-> *multi-sheet wormholes* ^[1]

connecting **individual multiple spatial infinities**.

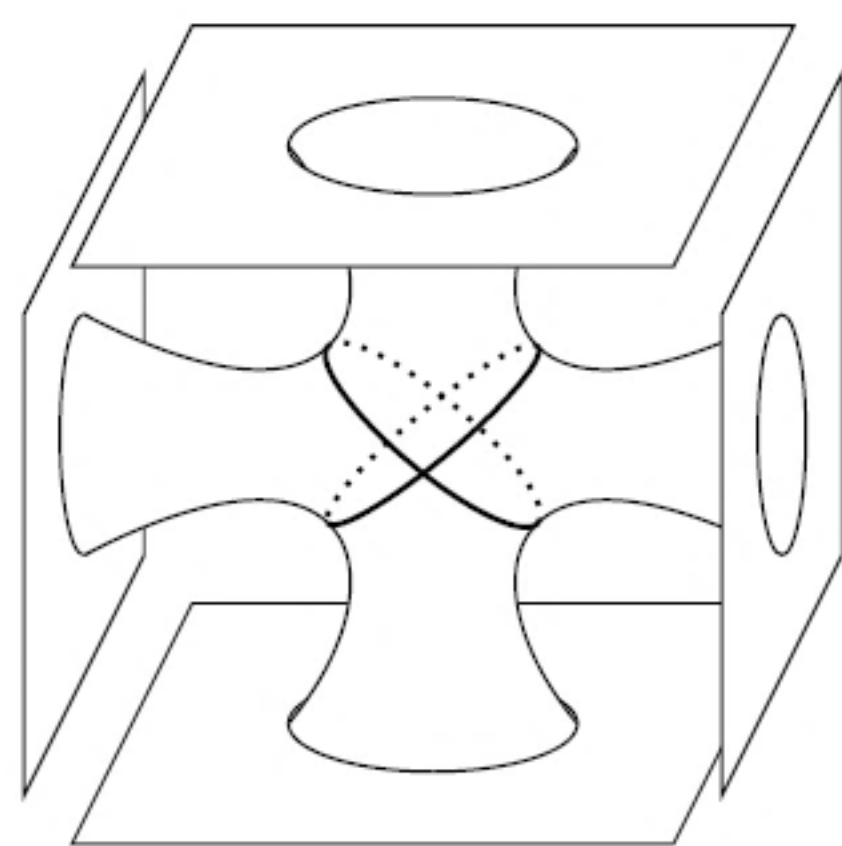
Wormholes require **negative energy**.

-> Assume *phantom scalar field* as an "exotic matter."

We aim for constructing

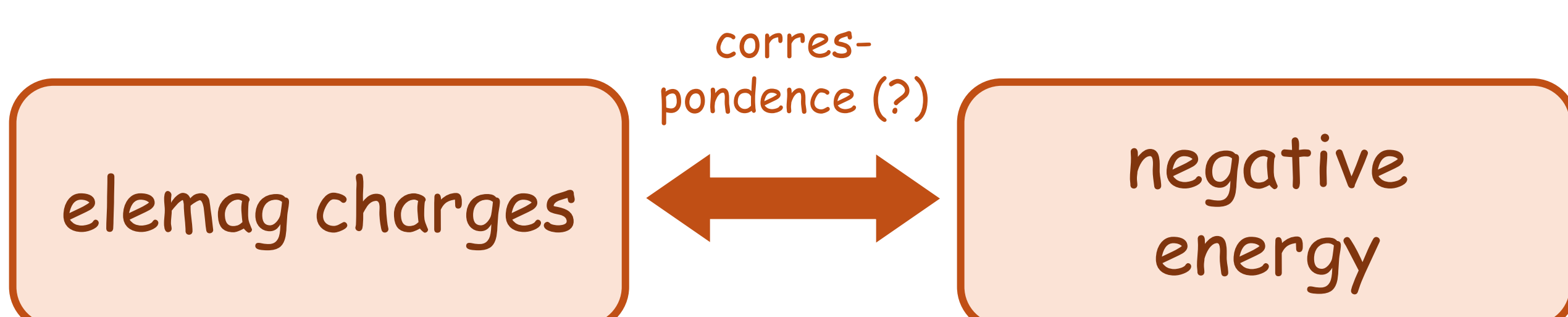
- globally regular (non-singular)
- **less negative energy**

solutions by a *charging method*.



Why charging?

Charged black hole spacetimes have wormhole-like structures, but its energy is still *positive*.



2. Multi-sheet wormholes

4-dim. Einstein- massless *phantom scalar* system :

$$S = \frac{1}{2\kappa} \int [R + 2g^{\mu\nu}(\partial_\mu \Psi)(\partial_\nu \Psi)] \sqrt{-g} d^4x$$

Static & vacuum solution in *Weyl formalism* :

$$ds^2 = -f(\rho, z)dt^2 + \frac{\rho^2}{f(\rho, z)}d\phi^2 + F(\rho, z)(d\rho^2 + dz^2)$$

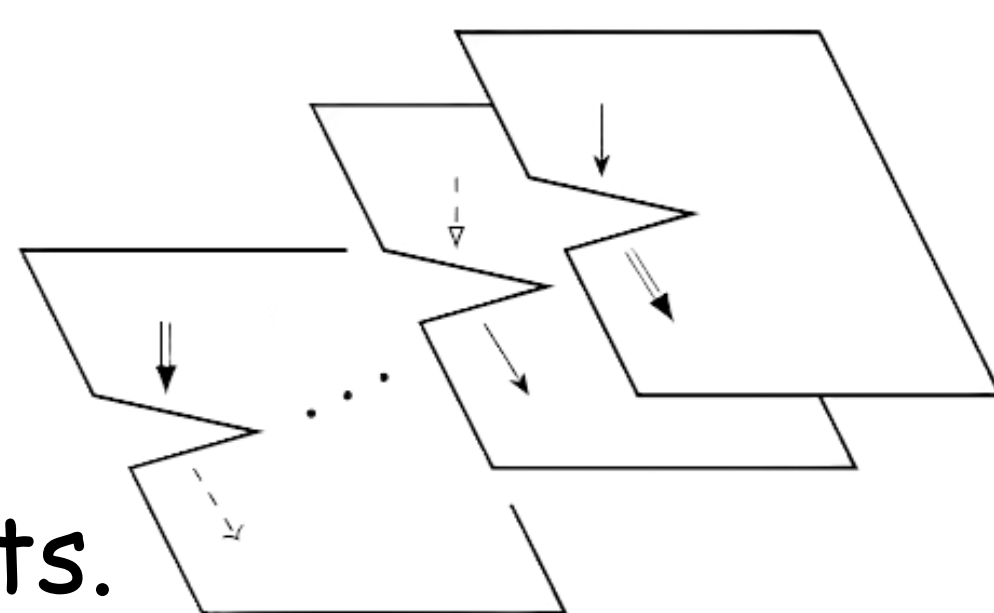
Solution Generating Procedure ^[1]

1. Find $f(\rho, z)$ & $\Psi(\rho, z)$ satisfying **Laplace eq.**

Einstein eq.
Klein-Gordon eq. $\xrightarrow{\text{reduce to}}$ Laplace eq.
in flat space

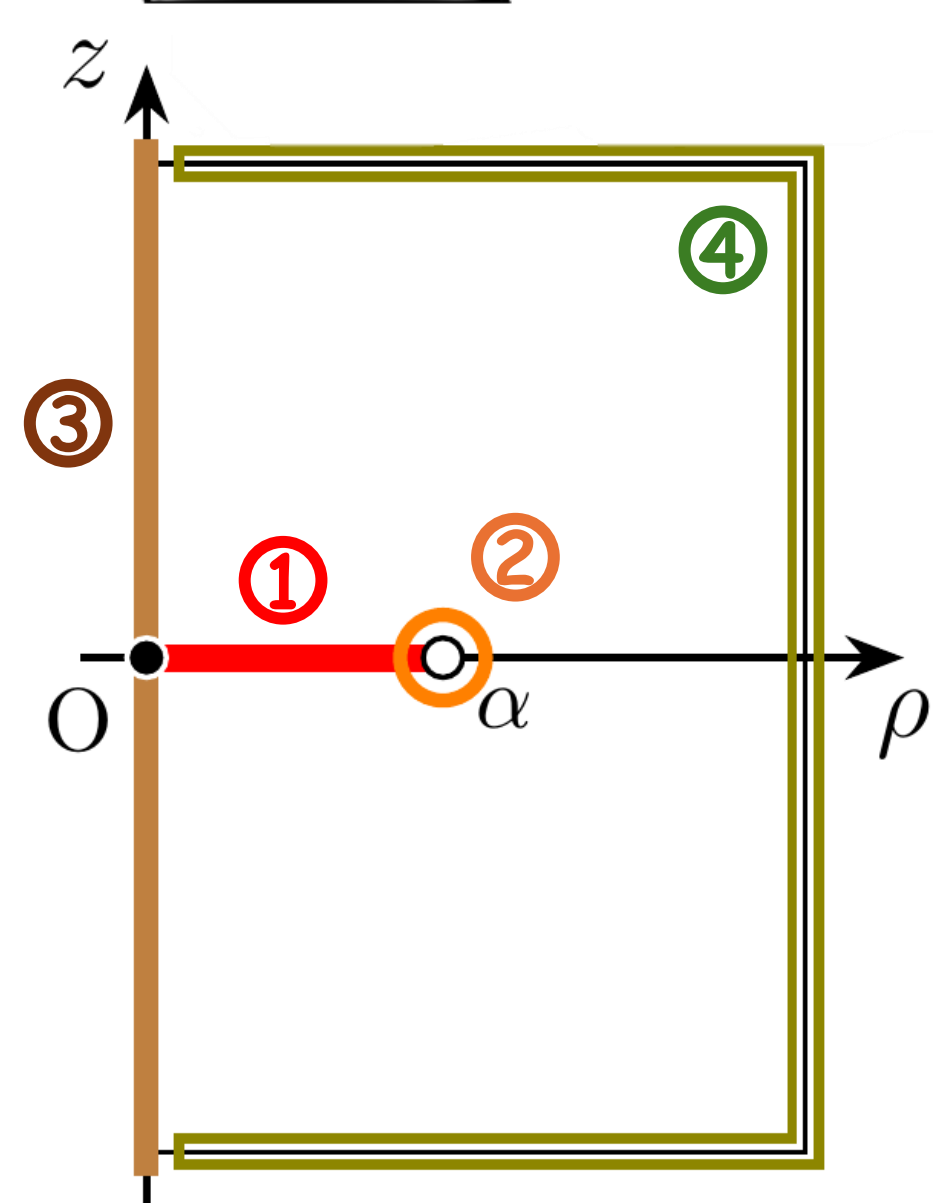
2. Find $F(\rho, z)$ by integral.

$$(\partial \ln F) \sim (\partial \ln f)^2 - (\partial \Psi)^2$$



3. **Analyze regularities** in ρz -sheets.

1. cut (continuity & smoothness)
2. edge of the cut
 - i. geometry
 - ii. field eqs. (= Laplace eq.)
3. the axis
4. asymptotic flatness



If one wants charged solutions, apply *Harrison transformation* before step 2.

$$f(\rho, z) = \frac{f_0}{(1 - |q|^2 f_0)^2} \quad (q \in \mathbb{C})$$

Harrison transformation

$$A_t(\rho, z) = (\text{Re } q) \frac{f_0}{1 - |q|^2 f_0} \quad \triangleleft \text{electric field}$$

$$\partial_j A_\phi(\rho, z) = (\text{Im } q) \rho \epsilon_j^k \partial_k \ln f_0 \quad \triangleleft \text{magnetic field}$$

3. The solution

Charged multi-sheet wormhole solutions :

$$ds^2 = -f_\pm(\rho, z)dt^2 + \frac{\rho^2}{f_\pm(\rho, z)}d\phi^2 + F_\pm(\rho, z)(d\rho^2 + dz^2)$$

$$\text{metric} \quad \begin{cases} f_\pm(\rho, z) = \frac{M^2 - Q^2}{Q^2} \frac{1}{\sinh^2 \Theta_\pm(\rho, z)} \\ F_\pm(\rho, z) = \frac{1}{f_\pm(\rho, z)} \left[1 - \frac{\rho^2}{4\alpha^2} (1 - w(\rho, z))^2 \right]^{-B} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Maxwell} \quad \begin{cases} \partial_j A_t^\pm(\rho, z) = -\frac{Q_e}{2\alpha} f_\pm(\rho, z) \partial_j \ln \left(\frac{\mu_{\mp i\alpha}}{\mu_{\pm i\alpha}} \right)^i \\ \partial_j A_\phi^\pm(\rho, z) = +\frac{Q_m}{2\alpha} i (\partial_j \mu_{\mp i\alpha} - \partial_j \mu_{\pm i\alpha}) \end{cases}$$

$$\text{scalar} \quad \Psi_\pm(\rho, z) = \frac{P}{2\alpha} \ln \left(\frac{\mu_{\mp i\alpha}}{\mu_{\pm i\alpha}} \right)^i$$

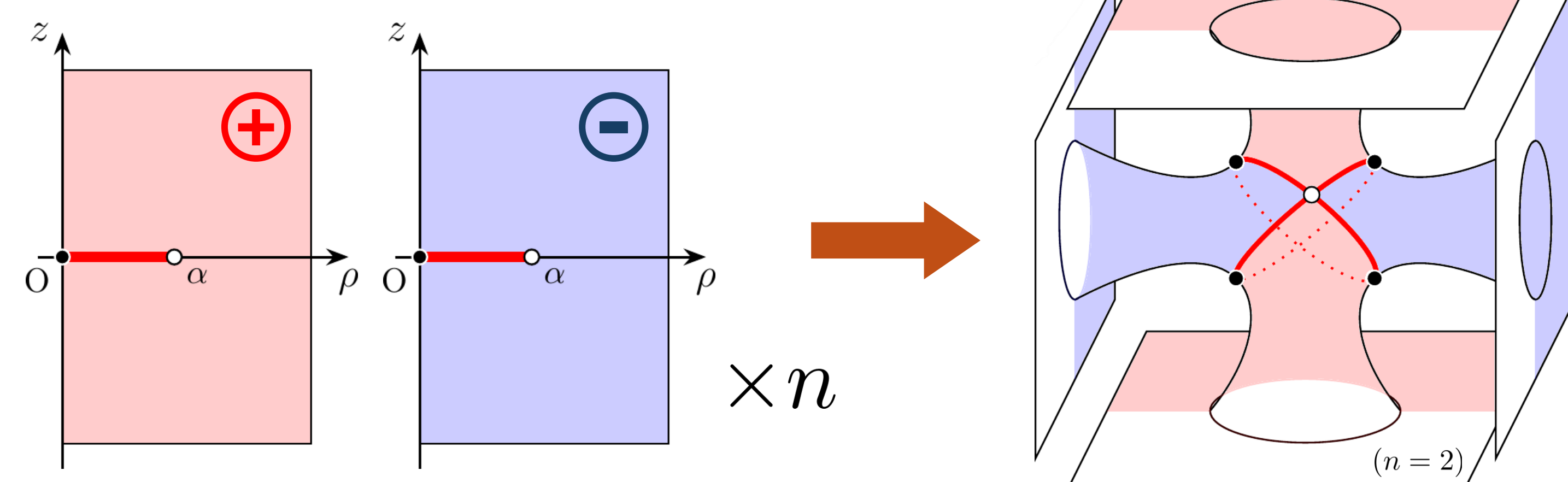
where

$$\Theta(\rho, z) = \frac{M^2 - Q^2}{2\alpha} \ln \left(\frac{\mu_{\mp i\alpha}}{\mu_{\pm i\alpha}} \right)^i + \ln \left(\frac{M + \sqrt{M^2 - Q^2}}{Q} \right)$$

$$\mu_{\pm i\alpha}(\rho, z) = -(z \mp i\alpha) + \sqrt{\rho^2 + (z \mp i\alpha)^2} \quad Q^2 := Q_e^2 + Q_m^2$$

$$w(\rho, z) = -\frac{z^2 + \alpha^2}{\rho^2} + \frac{\sqrt{(\rho^2 + z^2 - \alpha^2)^2 + 4\alpha^2 z^2}}{\rho^2}$$

(ρ, z) -coordinates are introduced in each sheet and smoothly **glued together** by "cut."



Physical quantities :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{mass} \quad M &= \frac{1 + |q|^2}{1 - |q|^2} m & \text{electric charge} \quad Q_e &= 2m \frac{\text{Re } q}{1 - |q|^2} \\ \text{throat radius} \quad \alpha & & \text{magnetic charge} \quad Q_m &= 2m \frac{\text{Im } q}{1 - |q|^2} \\ & & \text{scalar charge} \quad P & \end{aligned}$$

Constraints from regularity :

$$B := \frac{P^2 + Q^2 - M^2}{\alpha^2} = \frac{2n - 1}{n} \quad (Q^2 = Q_e^2 + Q_m^2)$$

4. Results

- Maxwell field & massless scalar are decoupled.
-> charged versions of multi-sheet wormholes can be generated via **Harrison transformation**.
- Regularity analyzing procedure does *not* change.
-> results in original one^[1] are still valid.
- EM charges Q_e & Q_m behave **as negative energy** in a viewpoint of regularity condition.

◆ but...

- Wormholes *still* require negative energy even if EM charges are extremely large.
-> one meets a singularity at the end of journey.
(Reissner-Nordström-like naked singularity)

if lacking negative energy

