



The R2D2 Radial Time Projection Chamber for $\beta\beta 0\nu$ Decay

A. Meregaglia on behalf of the R2D2 collaboration

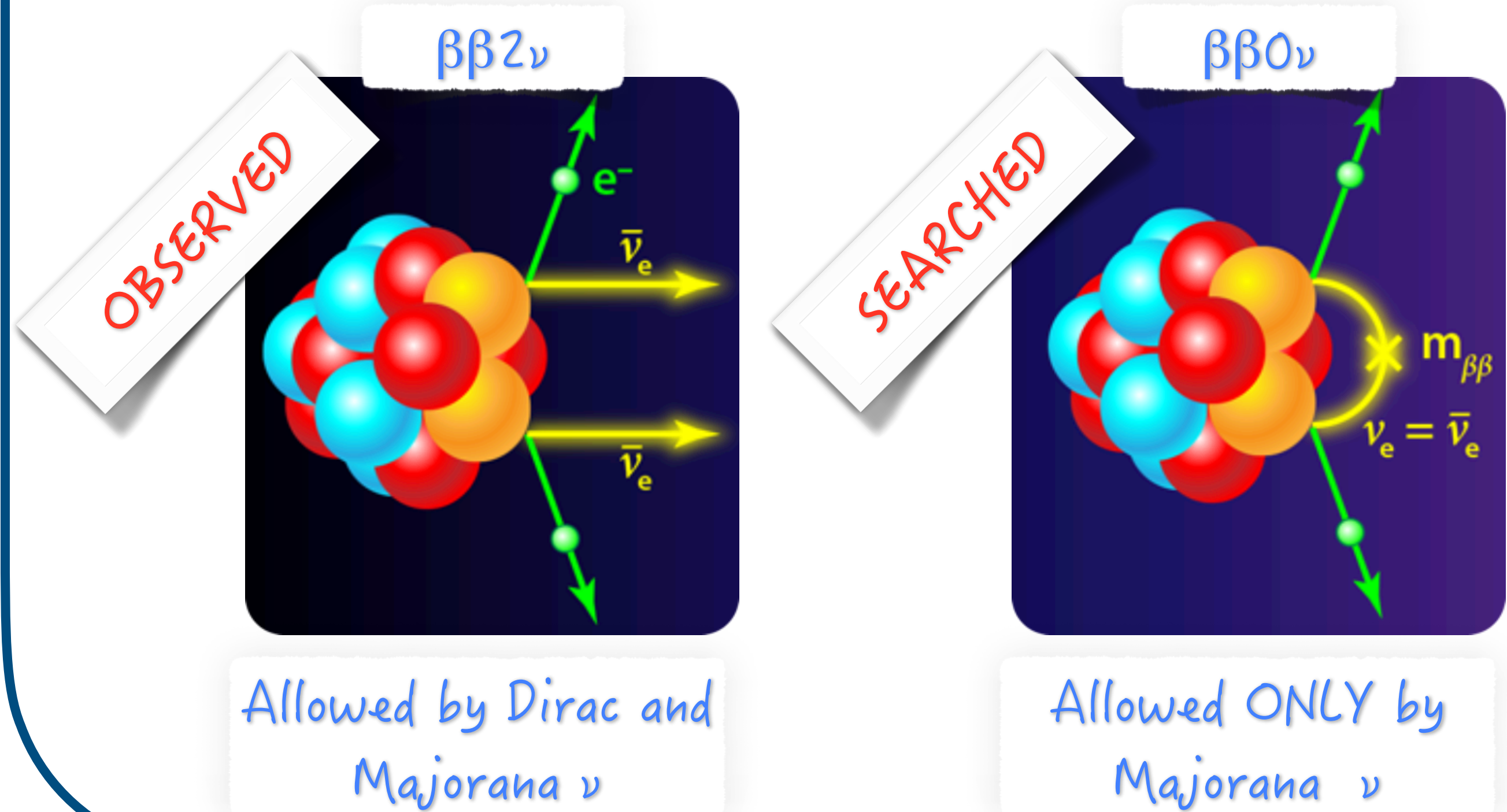
CNRS - IN2P3 - LP2i Bordeaux



Physics Case

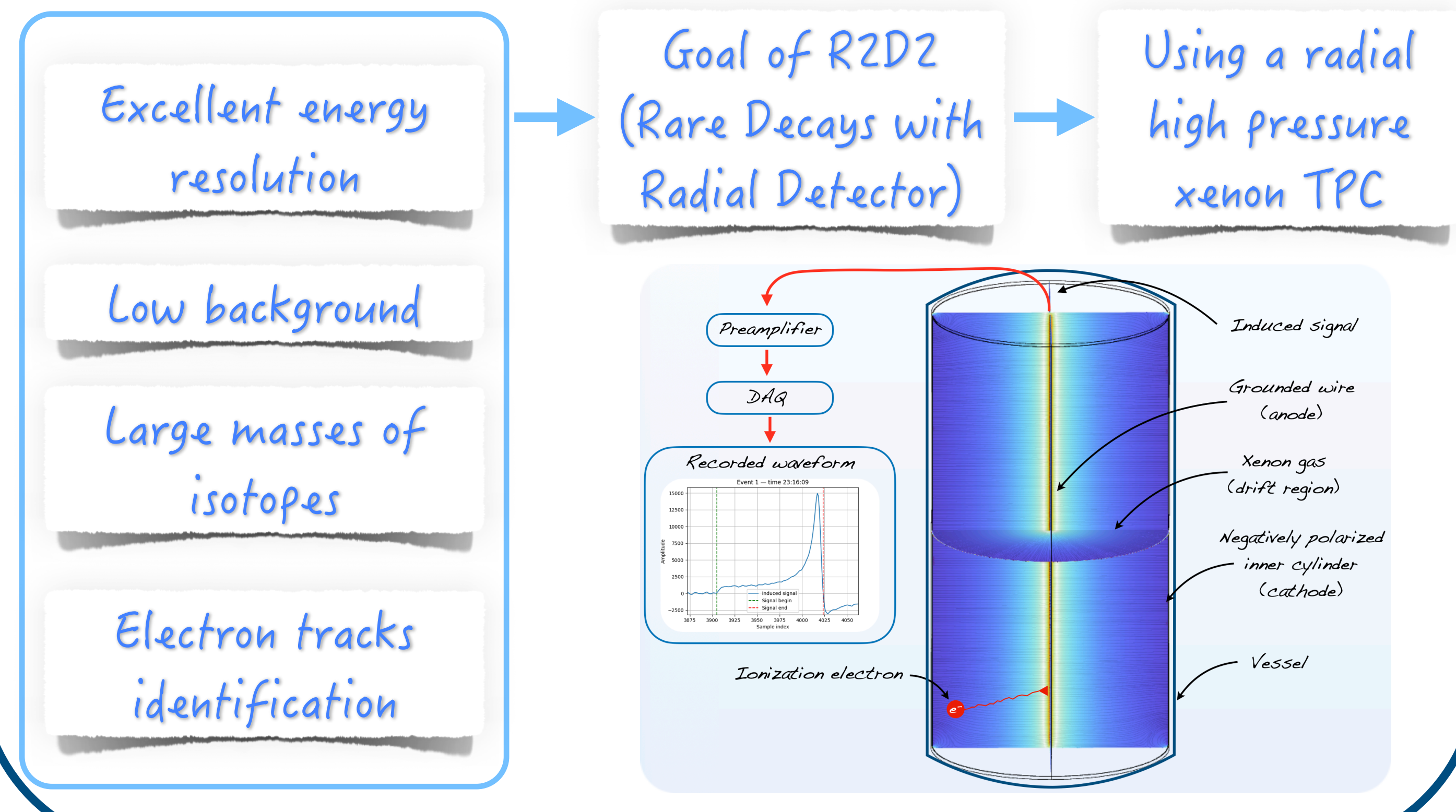
The observation of **neutrinoless double beta decay ($\beta\beta 0\nu$)** is fundamental to determine the nature of neutrino.

Dirac ($\nu \neq \bar{\nu}$)
Majorana ($\nu = \bar{\nu}$)



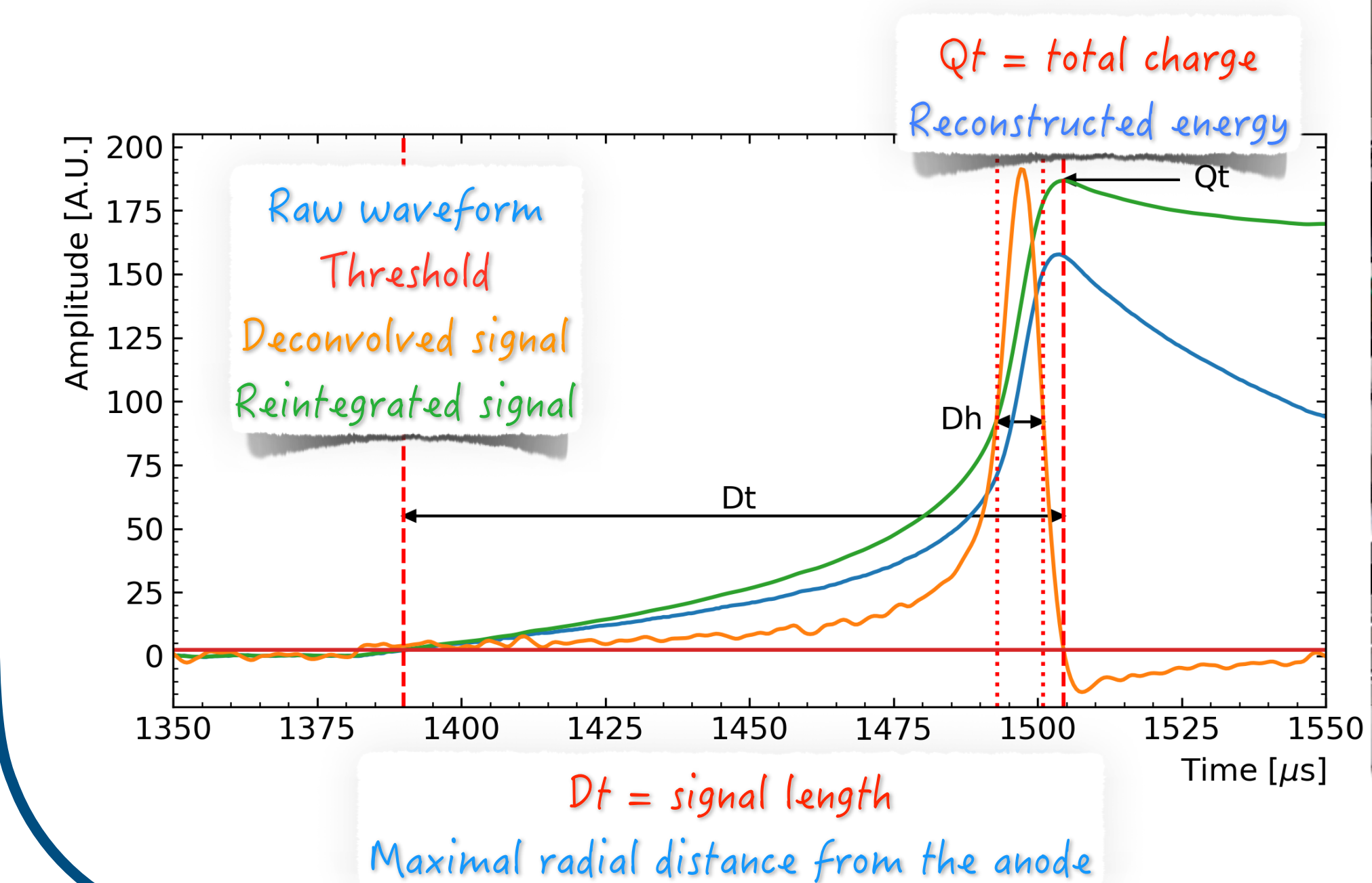
Concept

R2D2 (Rare Decays with Radial Detector), started as R&D in 2017 [1], aims to **develop a detector meeting all requirements for $\beta\beta 0\nu$ searches**.



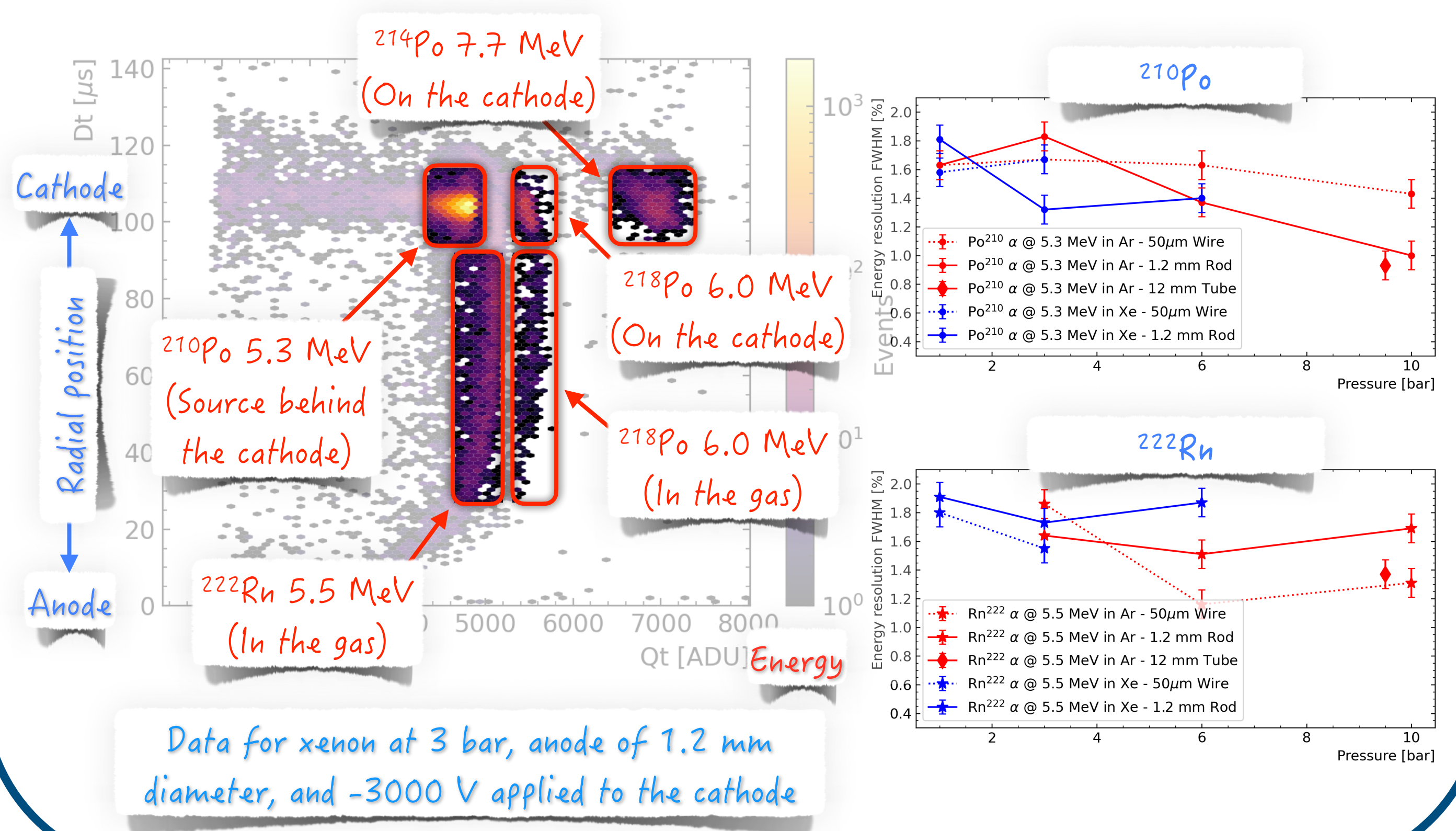
Prototype

Several prototypes were built and operated in **ionization mode** to avoid gain fluctuations and directly relate the signal length to the radial position of the deposited energy [2].



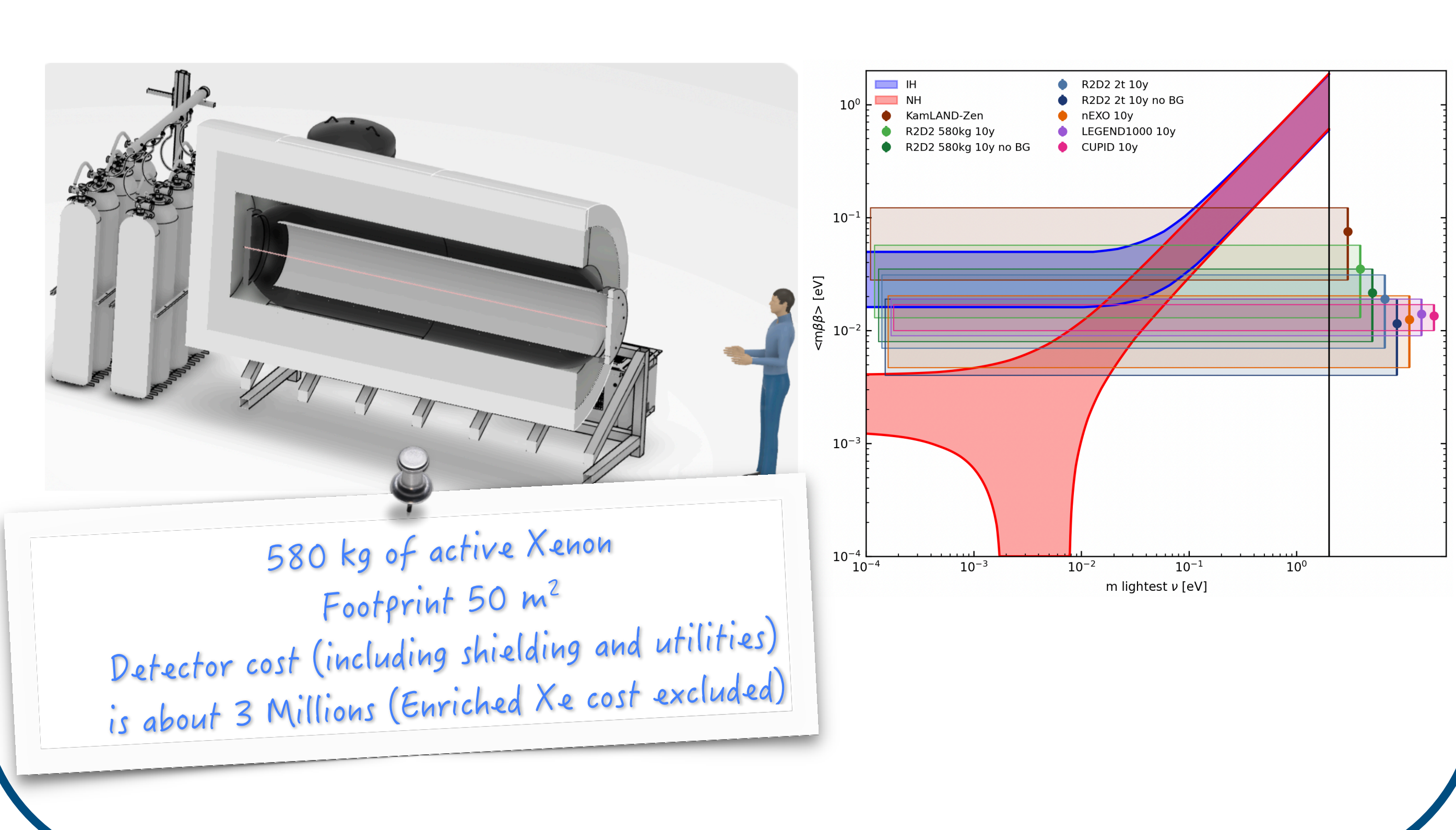
Results

The different alpha sources are well identified. The energy resolution at the per-cent level is **independent of gas type, pressure, and source position** [3].



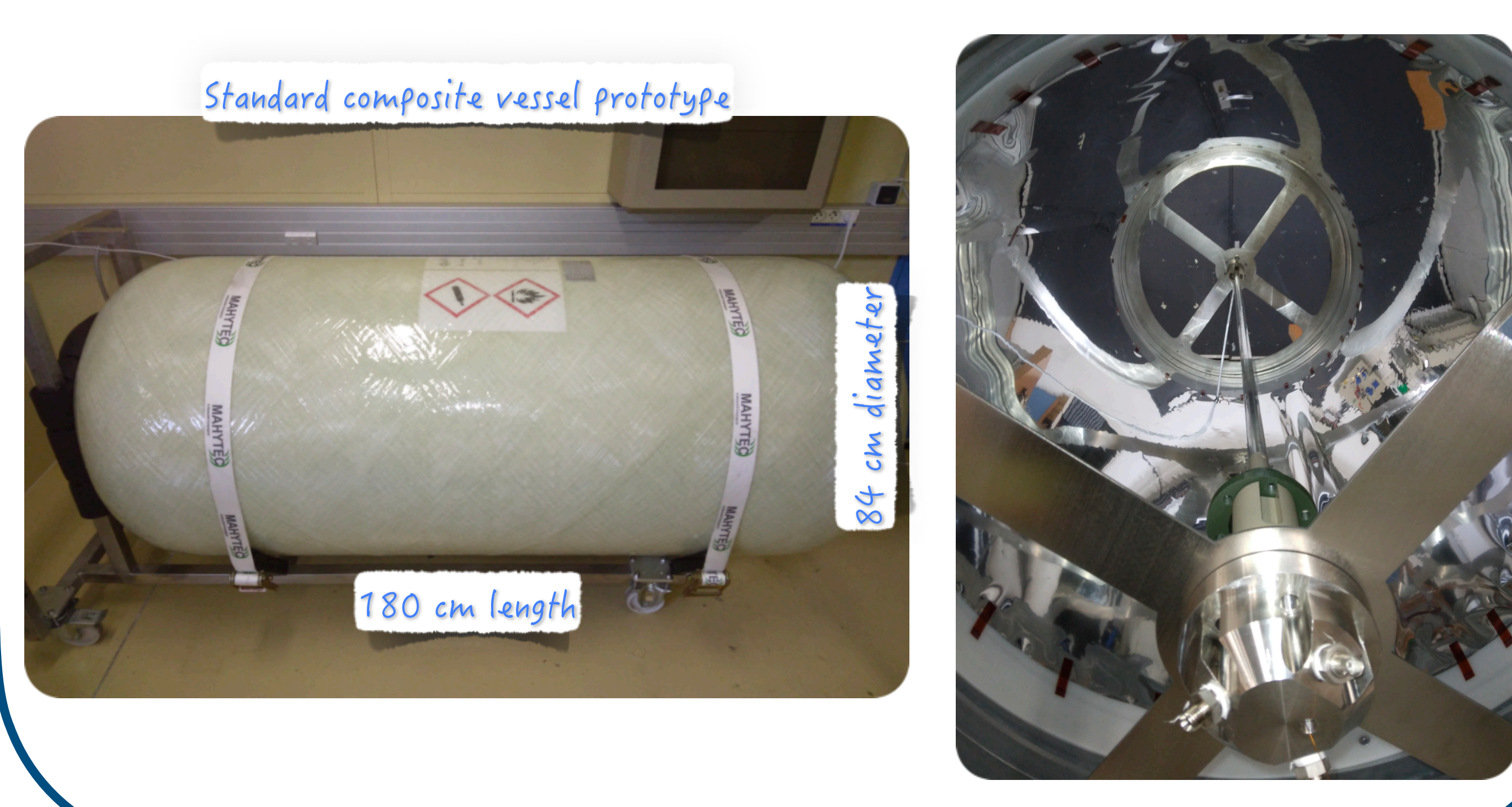
Sensitivity

Detailed background simulations show that the **sensitivity of an R2D2-based detector is comparable to that of other projects** [4].



Next Steps

The remaining step towards a full-scale experiment is to validate a **low-radioactivity composite pressure vessel** and demonstrate the feasibility of an almost zero-background detector at the ton scale.



[1] A. Meregaglia et al. [R2D2 Collaboration] *JINST* 13 (2018) 01, P01009
 [2] R. Bouet et al. [R2D2 collaboration] *JINST* 18 (2023) 10, T10001
 [3] R. Bouet et al. [R2D2 collaboration] *Eur.Phys.J.C* 84 (2024) 5, 512
 [4] R. Bouet et al. [R2D2 collaboration] *Eur.Phys.J.C* 85 (2025) 7, 732

R2D2 Collaboration

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