

Toward SME-Sensitive Antihydrogen Hyperfine Spectroscopy

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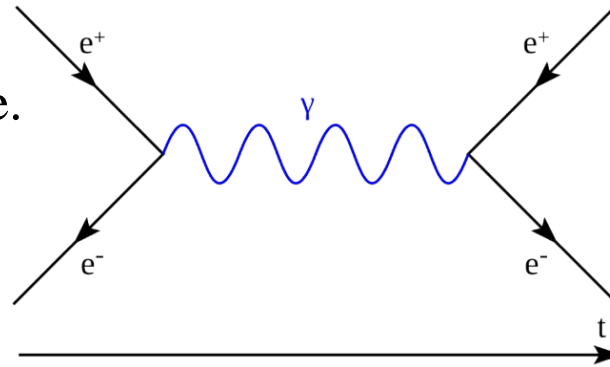
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Matter-Antimatter

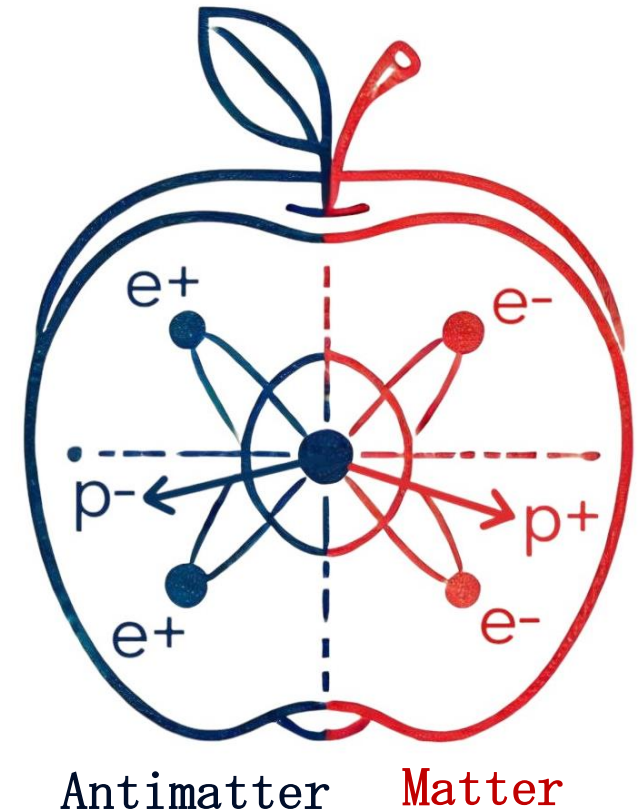
- Equal amount of Matter and Antimatter were created 14 B years ago.

- Whenever they meet, they annihilate.



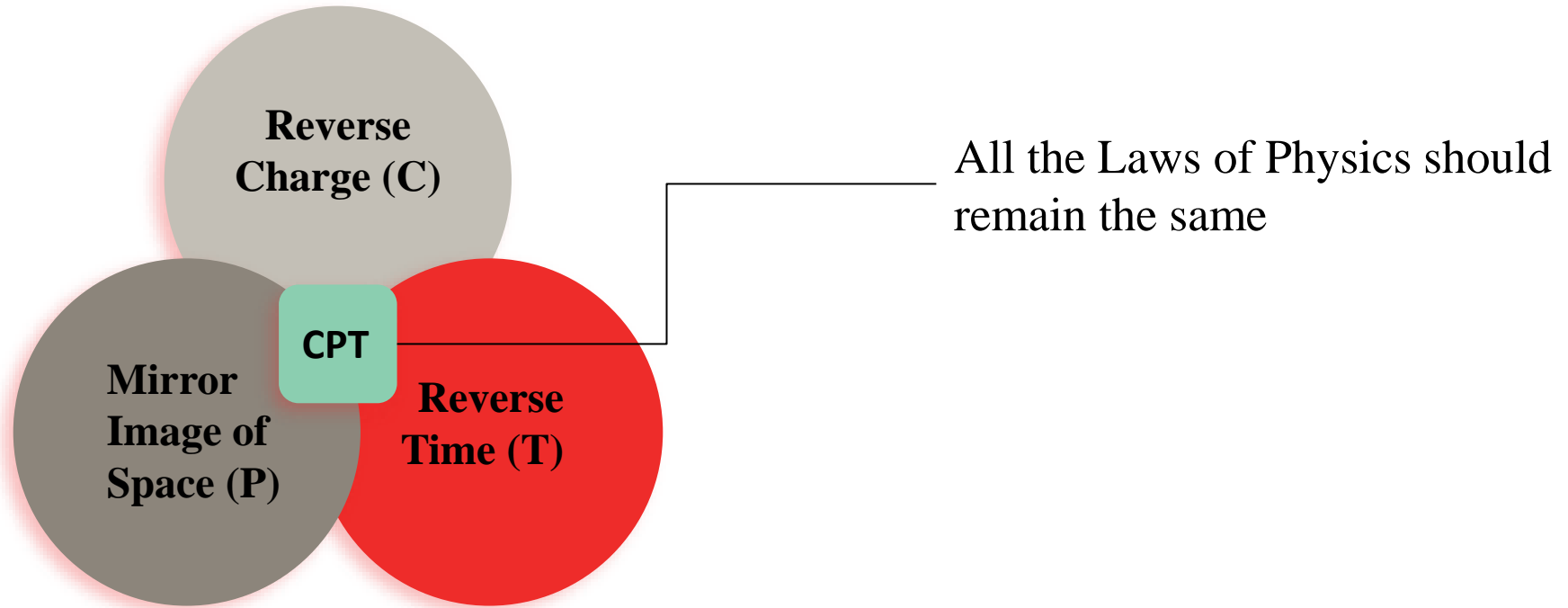
- For every billion pairs of matter and antimatter, one extra matter existed.

- After Annihilation, leftover matter formed the universe.



CPT and Lorentz Symmetry

- Where is the Antimatter?

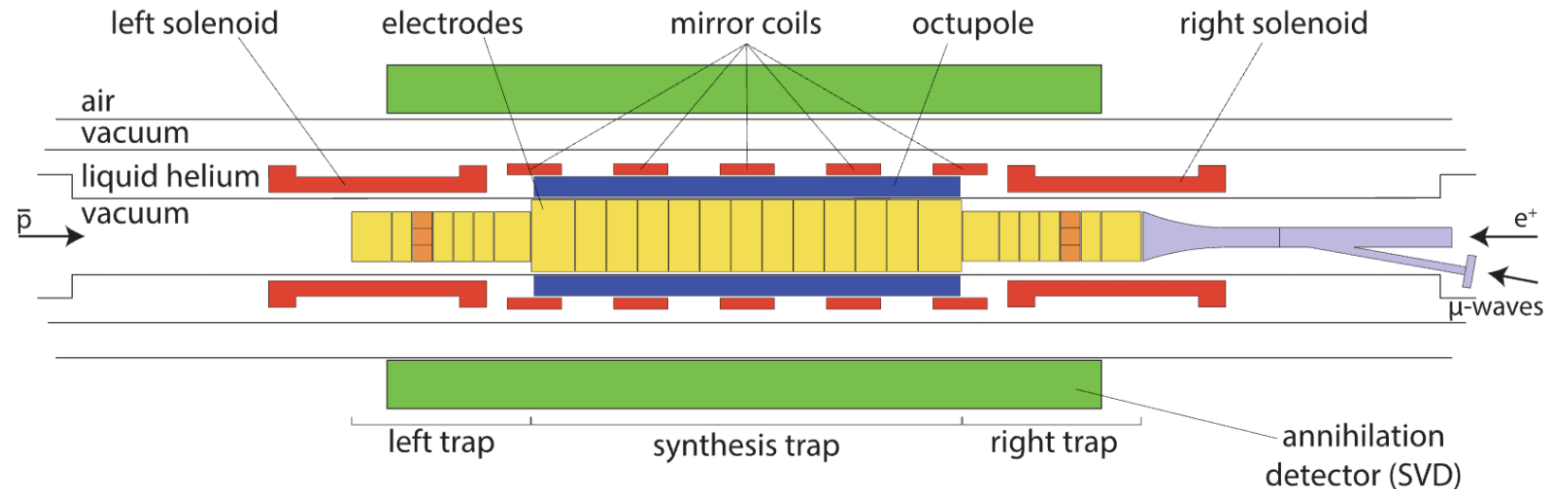


Any deviation from CPT Symmetry → Could explain why the universe is made of matter

- **Lorentz Symmetry:** The laws of physics should be unchanged under rotations and boosts of the observer's reference frame.

ALPHA Experiment

- ALPHA (Antihydrogen Laser Physics Apparatus)
- Located at Antiproton Decelerator (AD) facility at CERN
- At its core is a cylindrical Penning-Malmberg trap superposed with a magnetic minimum neutral atom trap.
- e^+ produced by the beta-plus decay
- The antiprotons and positrons are confined, manipulated, and mixed.
- \bar{H} atoms are trapped by a three-dimensional magnetic minimum generated by superconducting magnets.

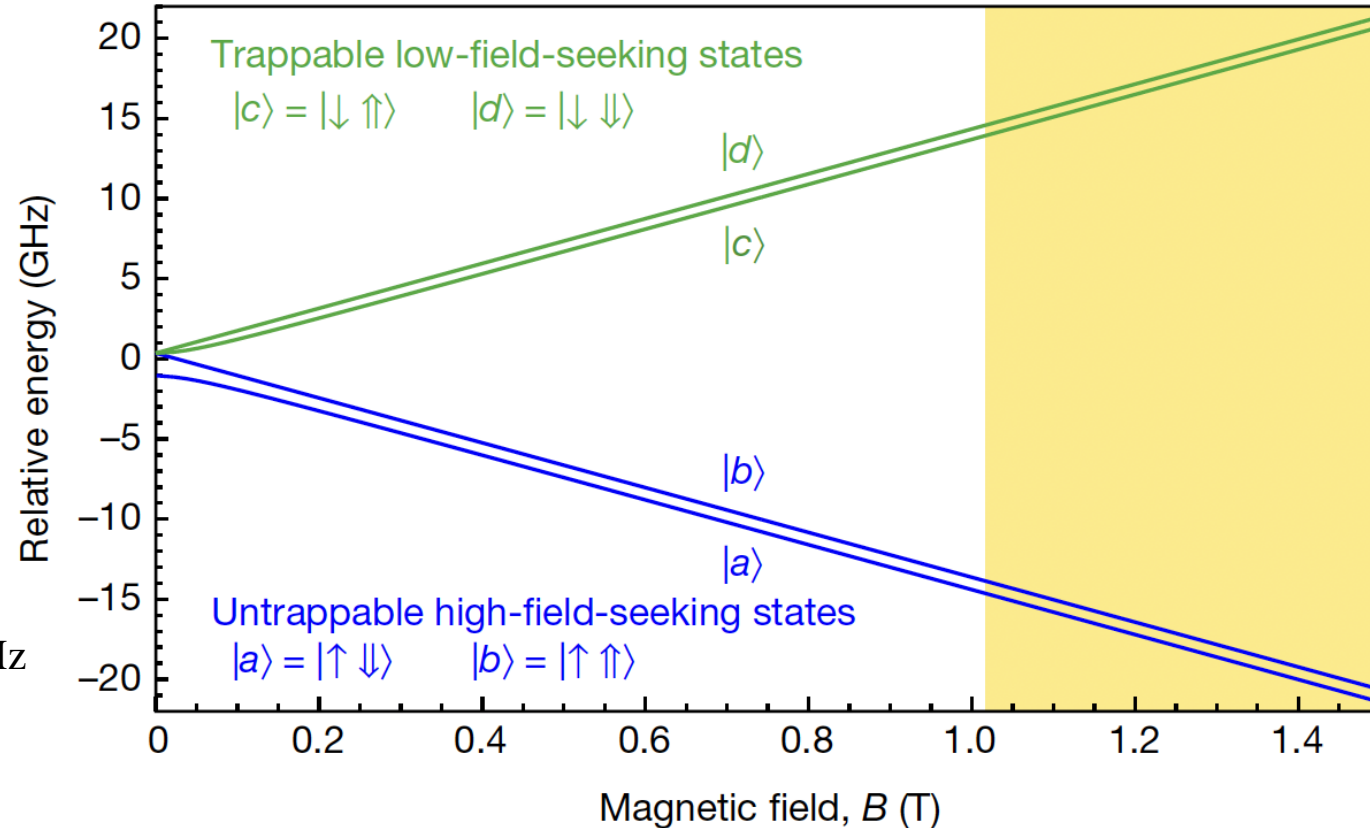


Hyperfine Splitting in ALPHA

$$\text{GSHFS} = f_{da}(B_{\min}) - f_{cb}(B_{\min})$$

Antihydrogen: $\nu_{\bar{H}}^{\text{HFS},1S} = 1,420,404.8 \pm 1.1(\text{stat.}) \pm 5.6(\text{sys.}) \text{ kHz}$

Hydrogen: $\nu_H^{\text{HFS},1S} = 1,420,405.751768 \pm 2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kHz}$



Hellwig, H. W. et al. IEEE TIM 19 (1970): 200-209

Akbari, R et al. (ALPHA Collaboration) Nature 653, 1022–1026 (2026)

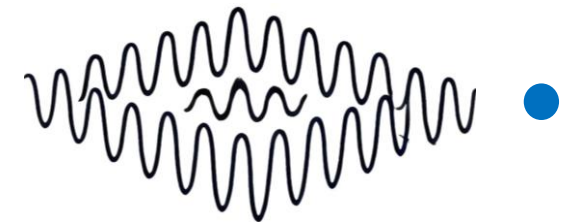
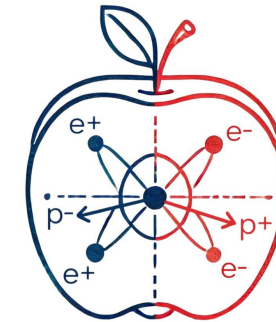
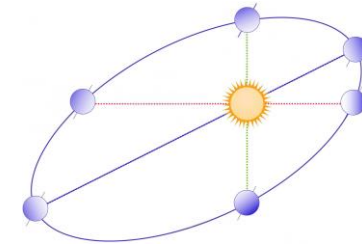
Standard Model Extension

- SME=Standard Model + all Lorentz/CPT-violating terms

1. Signals that vary with Earth's rotation
Sidereal/annual modulation

2. Matter-antimatter comparisons
 H vs \bar{H}

3. Precision spectroscopy / static bounds
Static spectroscopy bounds



SME Hyperfine Prediction

Spin independent

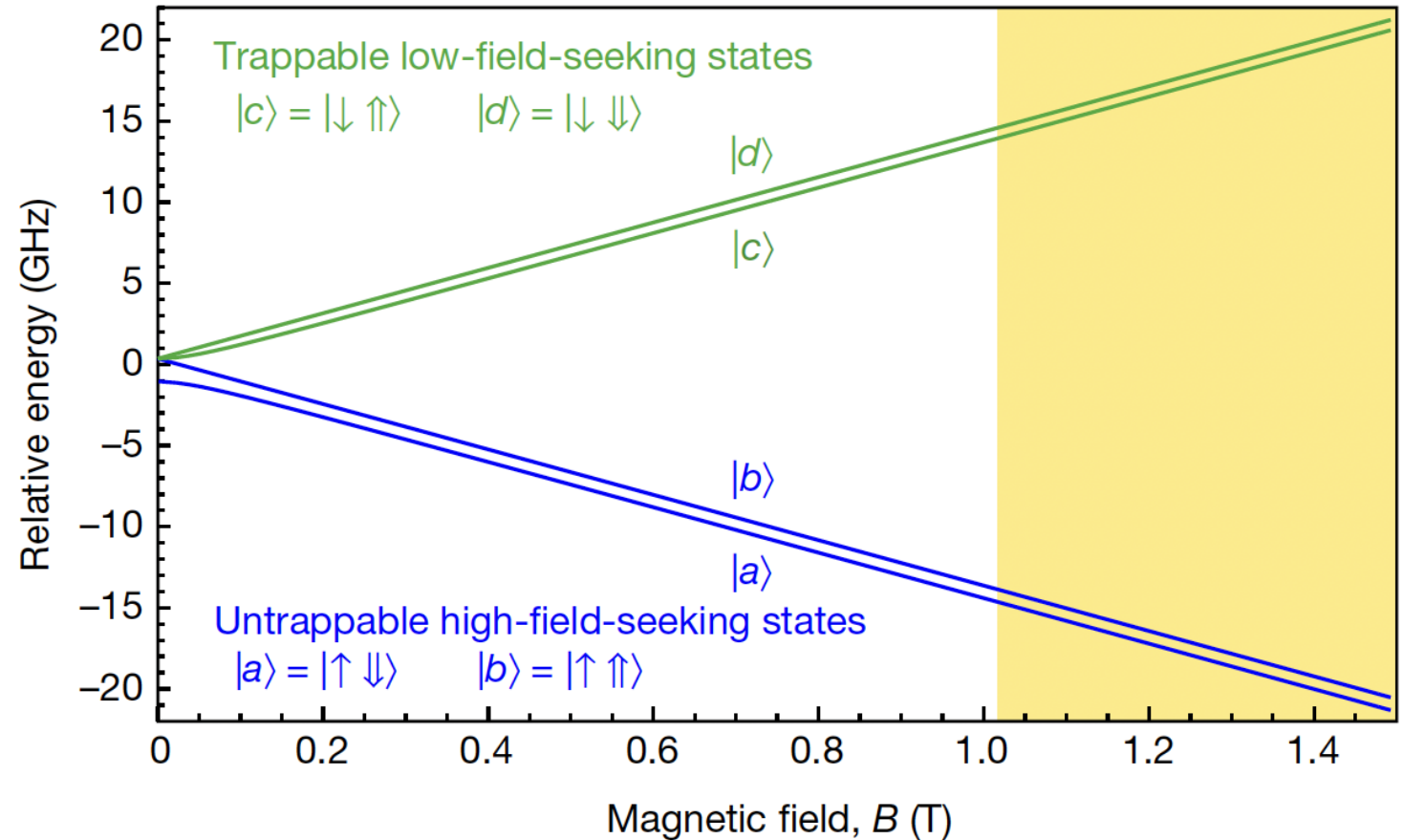
Spin dependent

$$E_d^{SME} = A^e + A^p - (B_3^e + B_3^p)$$

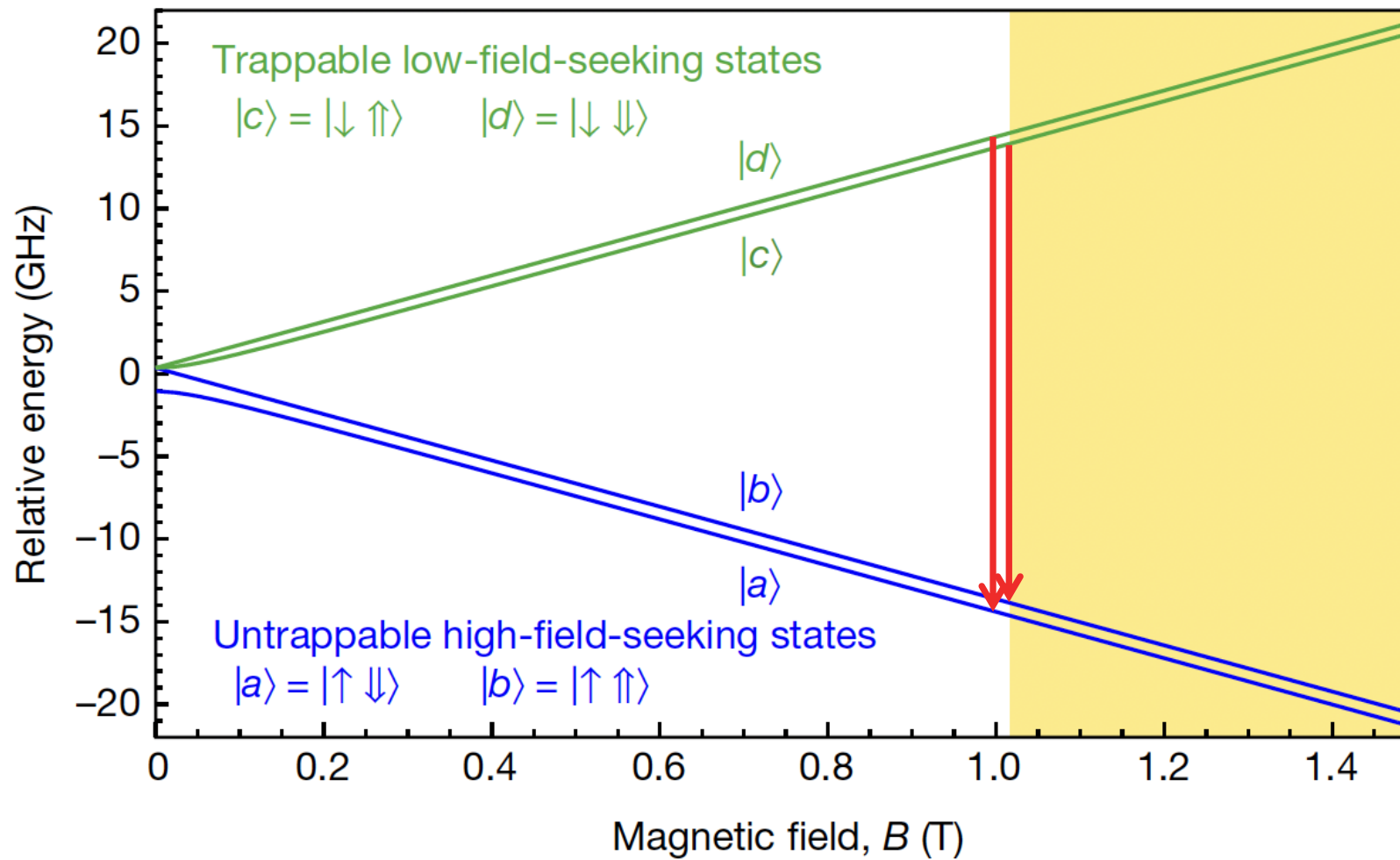
$$E_c^{SME} = A^e + A^p - \cos(2\theta_1) (B_3^e - B_3^p)$$

$$E_b^{SME} = A^e + A^p + (B_3^e + B_3^p)$$

$$E_a^{SME} = A^e + A^p + \cos(2\theta_1) (B_3^e - B_3^p).$$



$$\Delta E_{d \leftrightarrow a}^{\bar{H}, SME} = \Delta E_{c \leftrightarrow b}^{\bar{H}, SME} = -2 \cos^2 \theta_1 B_3^e - 2 \sin^2 \theta_1 B_3^p$$



Why are individual transition frequencies challenging?

- Magnetic field consideration:

- Zeeman sensitivity
- On-axis ECR vs 3D effective field
- Magnetic field drift and stability
- Non-uniform field

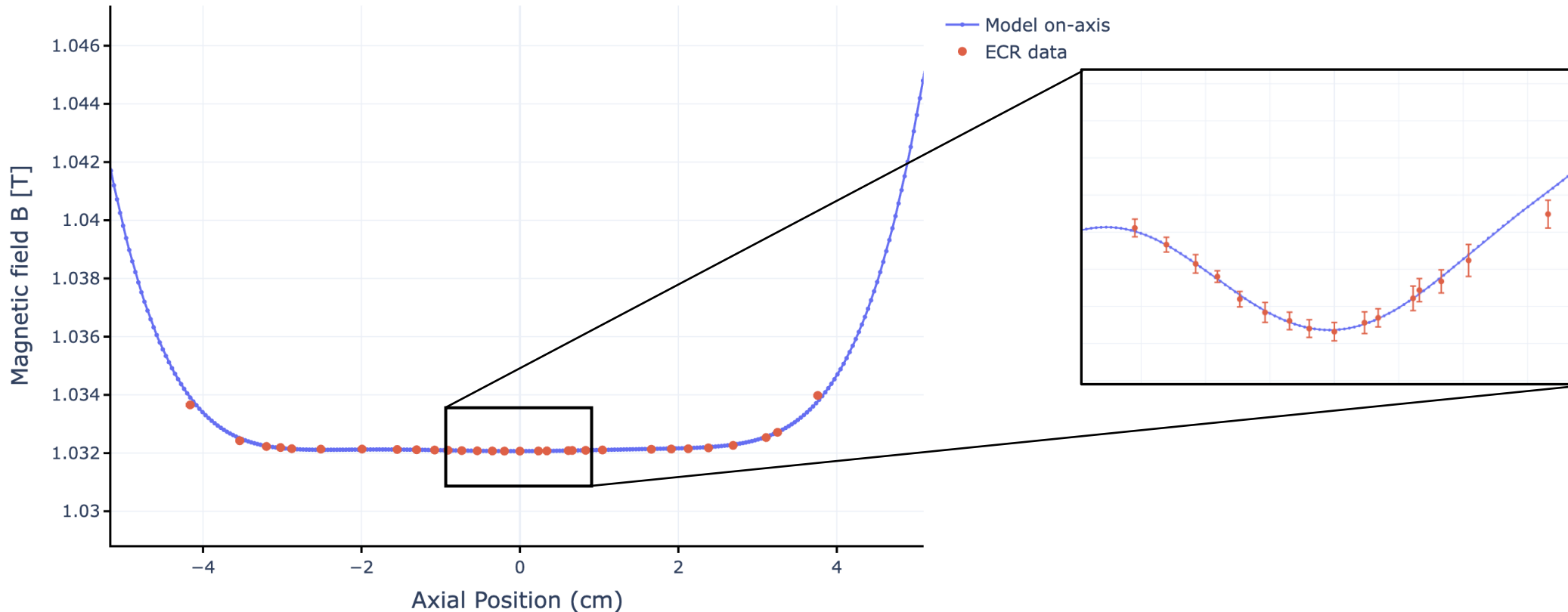
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial B} \approx 2.8 \text{MHz/G}$$

- Spectroscopy extraction challenges:

- Empirical onset/lineshape model
- Microwave coupling and power dependence
- Broadening
- Reproducibility and binning

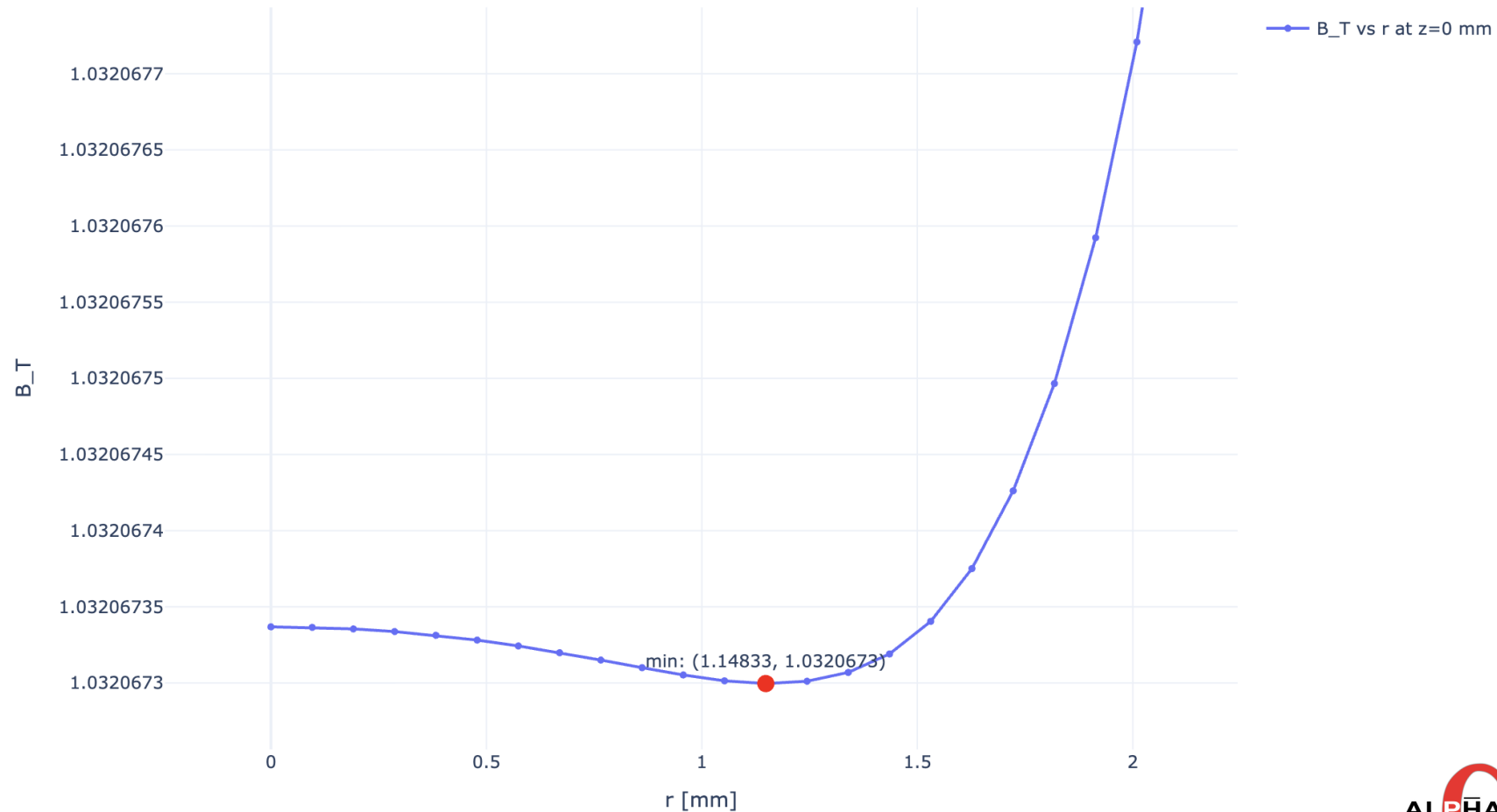
ECR-Constrained Magnetic Field Model

Microwave Flat Field: ECR vs On-Axis Model



ECR-Constrained Magnetic Field Model

Radial Magnetic Field Profile Near the Trap Minimum



Preliminary Magnetic Field Effects for Individual Transitions

- Reproducibility
- Binning
- Signal model

Contribution	Shift in Frequency	Uncertainty
Off-axis extrapolation	~165 kHz	TBD
Local on-axis ECR/model uncertainty	NA	~56 kHz
ECR field precision	NA	~30 kHz
B-drift / Timing correction	~30 kHz	~10 kHz

Preliminary magnetic field contribution only.

Summary

- ALPHA measures antihydrogen ground-state hyperfine transitions using microwave-induced spin flips.
- The published hyperfine splitting uses $f_{da}(B_{\min}) - f_{cb}(B_{\min})$ cancels the leading order of the magnetic field dependence and SME sensitive terms.
- SME sensitive interpretation motivates extracting individual transition.
- Individual transitions require careful magnetic field studies.

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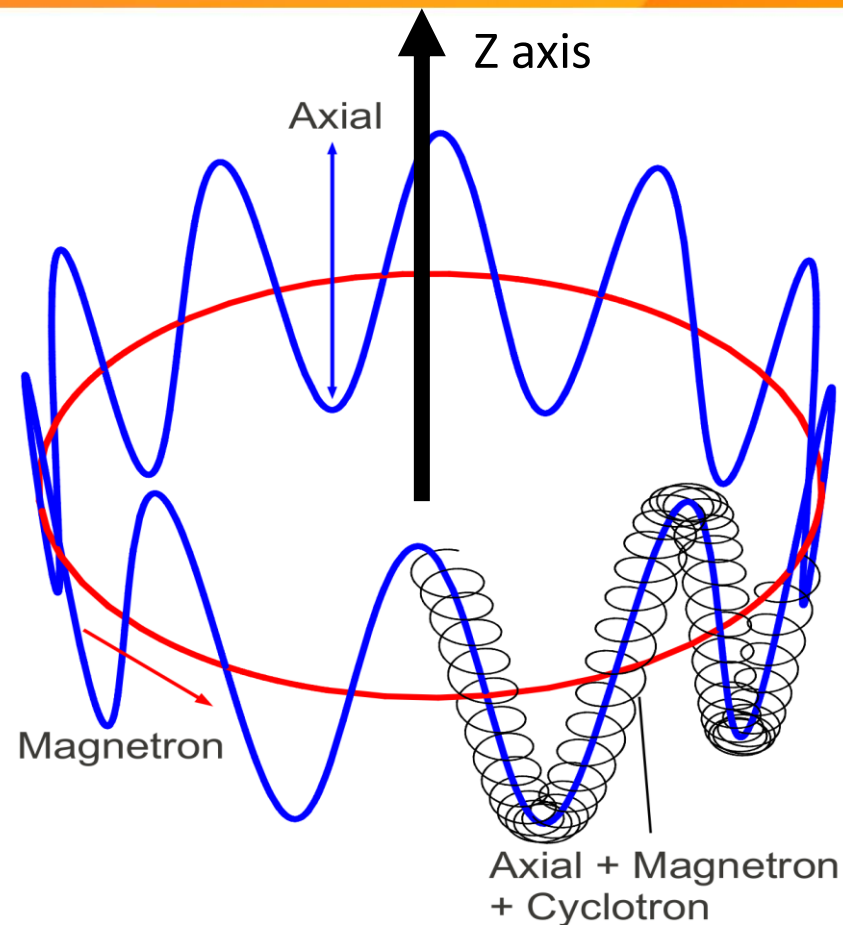
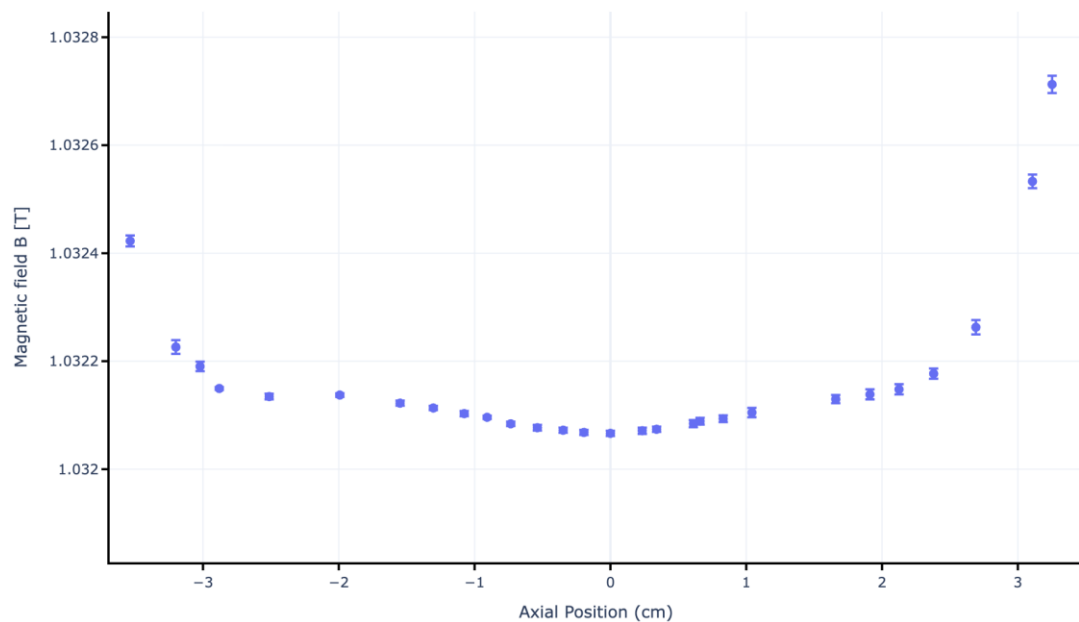
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Electron Cyclotron Resonance (ECR) Method

$$f_c = \frac{q |\vec{B}|}{2 \pi m}$$

Microwave Flat Field: ECR Data



Individual Transition Frequencies

