

# Listening for Right-Handed Neutrinos in Gravitational-Wave Backgrounds

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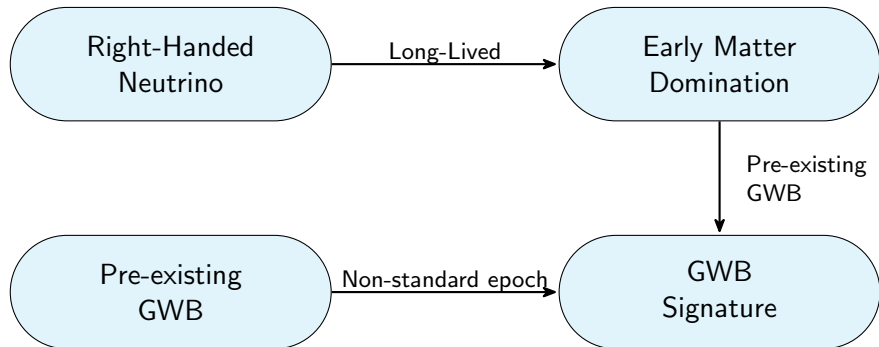
University of Southampton

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Based on 2511.01779 and 2604.20792

# Setting and Overview



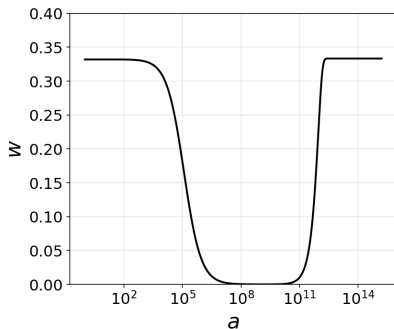
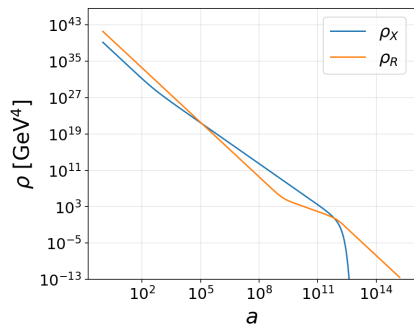
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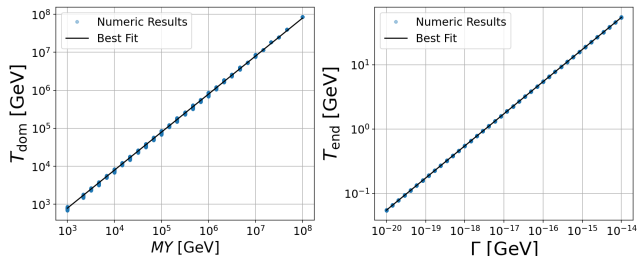
# Tracking Particles in the Early Universe

- BSM particles can come to dominate the universe if the decaying heavy species  $X$  is long-lived:

$$\dot{\rho}_X + 3(1+w)H\rho_X = -\Gamma_X\rho_X, \quad \dot{\rho}_R + 4H\rho_R = \Gamma_X\rho_X \quad (1)$$



# Onset and End of Early Matter Domination



The best-fit relations extracted from the numerical scan are

$$T_{\text{dom}} = 0.793 (Y_i M), \quad T_{\text{end}} = 0.16 \sqrt{\Gamma M_{\text{Pl}}} \quad (2)$$

The condition for matter domination is then,

$$\boxed{\frac{\Gamma M_{\text{Pl}}}{Y_i^2 M^2} < 24.6} \quad (3)$$

# Right-Handed Neutrinos

- For RHN decays,

$$\Gamma_N = \frac{\tilde{m} M^2}{8\pi v^2}, \quad \frac{\Gamma_N M_{\text{Pl}}}{Y_i^2 M^2} < 24.6. \quad (4)$$

so the explicit dependence on the RH neutrino mass cancels in the condition

$$\frac{\tilde{m} M_{\text{Pl}}}{8\pi v^2 Y_i^2} < 24.6. \quad (5)$$

- Using  $v = 174 \text{ GeV}$  and expressing  $\tilde{m}$  in eV,

$$\tilde{m}(\text{eV}) < 7.7 \times 10^{-3} Y_i^2. \quad (6)$$

- In the minimal Type-I seesaw with vanishing initial abundance, this condition cannot be satisfied.
- Non-thermal production mechanisms can evade this relation, allowing  $Y_i$  to be treated as a free parameter.

# Effect on Gravitational Waves

- The two key quantities  $\rho_{total}$  and  $\rho_{GW}$ . The fluid equations for each of the species is,

$$\dot{\rho}_{GW} - 4H\rho_{GW} = 0, \quad \dot{\rho}_{tot} - 3H(w(a) + 1)\rho_{tot} = 0 \quad (7)$$

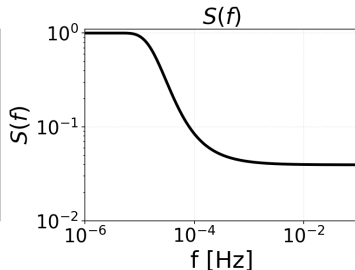
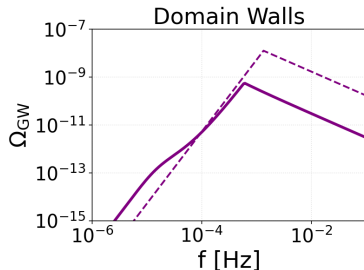
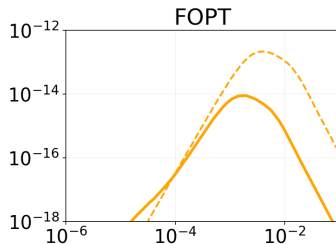
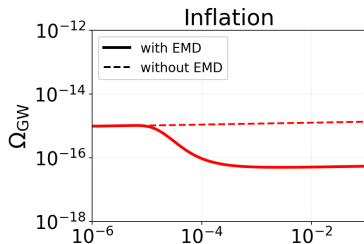
- The gravitational-wave energy density evolves according to

$$\Omega_{GW}(a, f) = \Omega_{GW}^i(f') C \exp \left[ \int_{a_{ent}(f)}^{a_f} (3w(a) - 1) d \ln a \right] \quad (8)$$

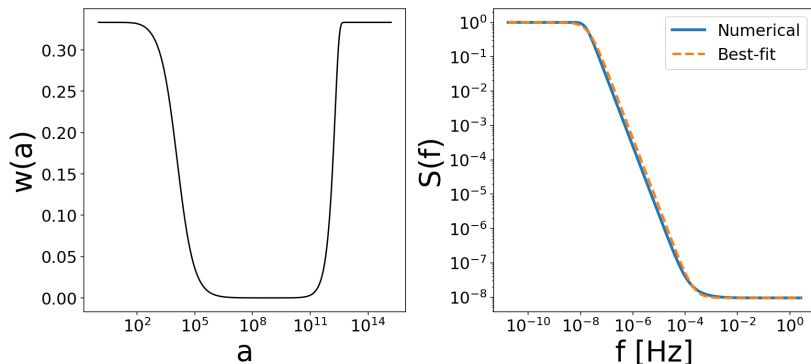
- During radiation domination ( $w = 1/3$ ) the spectrum remains unchanged.
- During matter domination ( $w = 0$ ) the spectrum is suppressed.
- We look to find the change which we

$$S(f) = \exp \left[ \int_{a_{ent}(f)}^{a_f} (3w(a) - 1) d \ln a \right] \quad (9)$$

# Benchmark

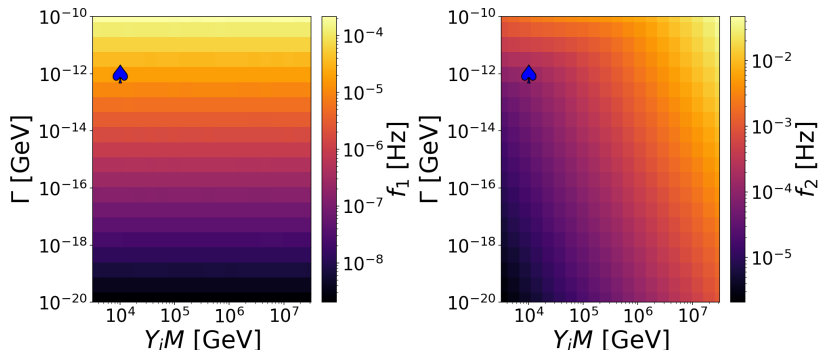


# Benchmark



Best fit described by,

$$S(f, f_1, f_2) = \frac{1 + (f/f_1)^2}{1 + (f/f_2)^2}, \quad (10)$$



these results have best fits,

$$f_1 = 20.6 \left( \frac{\Gamma}{\text{GeV}} \right)^{1/2} \text{ Hz} \quad (11)$$

$$f_2 = 2.10 \times 10^{-5} \left( \frac{Y_i M}{\text{GeV}} \right)^{2/3} \left( \frac{\Gamma}{\text{GeV}} \right)^{1/6} \text{ Hz}, \quad (12)$$

# Right-Handed Neutrinos

- Using the frequency relations we already have in generality,

$$f_1 = 20.6 \left( \frac{\Gamma}{\text{GeV}} \right)^{1/2} \text{ Hz} \quad (13)$$

$$f_2 = 2.10 \times 10^{-5} \left( \frac{Y_i M}{\text{GeV}} \right)^{2/3} \left( \frac{\Gamma}{\text{GeV}} \right)^{1/6} \text{ Hz}, \quad (14)$$

- We apply the initial abundance, Mass and effective neutrino mass

$$f_1 = 2.36 \times 10^{-6} \left( \frac{\tilde{m}}{\text{eV}} \right)^{1/2} \left( \frac{M}{\text{GeV}} \right) \text{ Hz} \quad (15)$$

$$f_2 = 1.01 \times 10^{-7} Y_i^{2/3} \left( \frac{\tilde{m}}{\text{eV}} \right)^{1/6} \left( \frac{M}{\text{GeV}} \right) \text{ Hz} \quad (16)$$

- So if a production mechanism is imposed, say thermal initial conditions from freeze-out. The Mass and effective neutrino mass of the dominating RHN can be determined.

# $U(1)_{B-L}$ Model

- One nice mechanism is the  $U(1)_{B-L}$  model that enforces RHNs and occurs in many GUT models.
- The RHNs can be produced thermally and then frozen out. Studied in 2511.01779

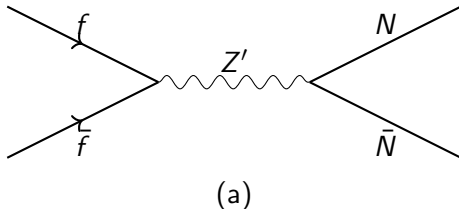
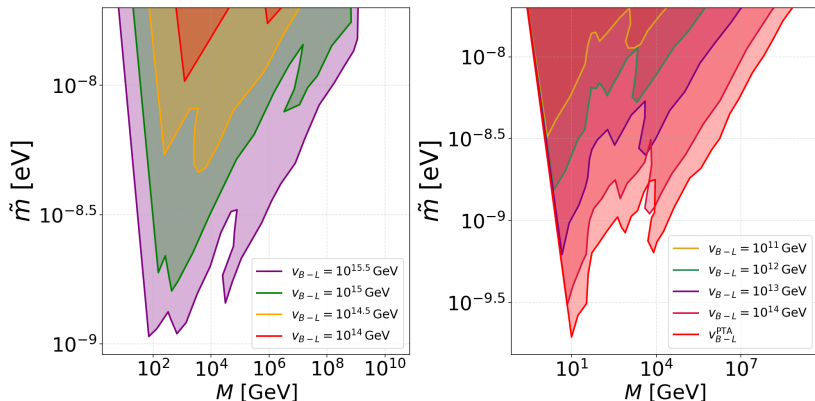


Figure: Thermal Production of right-handed neutrinos via a  $Z'$  mediator.

- Naturally get the early-matter domination from right-handed neutrinos and the GWB from Cosmic Strings.

# $U(1)_{B-L}$ Model



**Figure:** The panels show the detectable parameter space for global (left) and local (right) strings cases shown in the massm effective neutrino mass plane.

# Conclusions

- Long-lived RHNs generically induce a period of early matter domination.
- This non-standard expansion history leaves a universal imprint on primordial gravitational-wave backgrounds.
- The resulting spectral distortion is well described by two characteristic frequencies,  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ , corresponding to the onset and termination of the matter-dominated era.
- These frequencies are directly determined by microscopic parameters, with  $f_1 \propto \Gamma^{1/2}$  and  $f_2 \propto (YM)^{2/3}\Gamma^{1/6}$ , establishing a direct map between observables and particle physics.
- Gravitational-wave measurements therefore provide a model-independent probe of long-lived RHNs.