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## Probing the plasma with heavy quark azimuthal correlations

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The Glasma is produced in the pre-equilibrium stage of high-energy heavy-ion collisions within the Color Glass Condensate framework. These strong, classical, out-of-equilibrium gluon fields significantly influence the dynamics of heavy quarks, which are created early in the collision. Our study shows that the azimuthal correlations of  $c\bar{c}$  and  $b\bar{b}$  pairs are strongly modified by the Glasma, with the magnitude of this effect being comparable to that observed in the Quark Gluon Plasma phase [1].

To investigate this, we solve numerically the Glasma classical Yang-Mills equations together with the collisionless Boltzmann-Vlasov transport equations for heavy quarks [2]. We simulate the evolution of  $Q\bar{Q}$  pairs produced back-to-back in Glasma fields and extract their two-particle correlation function  $\mathcal{C}(\Delta\phi, \Delta\eta)$ . Focusing on the azimuthal  $\mathcal{C}(\Delta\phi)$ , we determine the correlation width  $\sigma_{\Delta\phi}$  as a function of the initial quark transverse momentum  $p_T$  and the Glasma saturation scale  $Q_s$ . We find that for pairs with moderate  $p_T$  in a Glasma characterized by sufficiently large  $Q_s$ , a pronounced decorrelation develops already within the first  $\tau = 0.3 \text{ fm}/c$ .

[1] D. Avramescu, V. Greco, T. Lappi, H. Mäntysaari, D. Müller - Phys. Rev. Lett. 134 (2025) 17, 172301 and Phys. Rev. D 111 (2025) 7, 074036

[2] D. Avramescu, V. Băran, V. Greco, A. Ipp, D. Müller, M. Ruggieri - Phys. Rev. D 107, 114021

**Authors:** AVRAMESCU, Dana (University of Jyväskylä); GRECO, Vincenzo; LAPPI, Tuomas; Dr MÄNTYSAARI, Heikki (University of Jyväskylä); Dr MUELLER, David (TU Wien)

**Presenter:** AVRAMESCU, Dana (University of Jyväskylä)

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