

REPORT ON LATTICE QCD PROGRAM ON τ DATA FOR $(g - 2)_\mu$

Mattia Bruno
with T. Izubuchi, C. Lehner, A. Meyer, X. Tuo and J. Parrino
for the RBC/UKQCD collaborations



Virtual mini workshop on tau decays, December 9th

a_μ ON THE LATTICE

Time-momentum representation

[Bernecker, Meyer, '11]

$$G^\gamma(t) = \frac{1}{3} \sum_k \int d\vec{x} \langle j_k^\gamma(t, \vec{x}) j_k^\gamma(0) \rangle \quad \rightarrow \quad a_\mu = 4\alpha^2 \sum_t w_t G^\gamma(t)$$

$$\rho_{\mu\nu}(p) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int d^4x e^{ipx} \langle 0 | j_\mu^\gamma(x) j_\nu^\gamma(0) | 0 \rangle = (p_\mu p_\nu - g_{\mu\nu} s) \rho(s), \quad [p^2 = s]$$

$$\text{e.g. restriction to } 2\pi \quad \rho(s) \stackrel{2\pi}{=} \frac{1}{48\pi^2} \left(1 - \frac{4m_\pi^2}{s}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} |F_\pi(s)|^2$$

Lattice correlation functions

$$G^\gamma(t) = \int ds \frac{\sqrt{s}}{2} e^{-\sqrt{st}} \rho(s)$$

fully inclusive: both channels and energy $s \in [0, \infty)$

RADIATIVE CORRECTIONS

Ward identity protects renormalization of EM current

$$-Q_u Q_d \times \left[\text{tree diagram} \right] + (Q_u^2 + Q_d^2) \times \frac{1}{2} \times \left[\text{self-energy diagram} \right]$$

Isospin decomposition of u, d current

$$j_\mu^\gamma = \frac{i}{6} (\bar{u} \gamma_\mu u + \bar{d} \gamma_\mu d) + \frac{i}{2} (\bar{u} \gamma_\mu u - \bar{d} \gamma_\mu d) = j_\mu^{(0)} + j_\mu^{(1)}$$

$$G_{II'}^\gamma \equiv \frac{1}{3} \sum_k \int d\vec{x} \langle j_k^{(I)}(x) j_k^{(I')}(0) \rangle$$

Examine low-energy regime

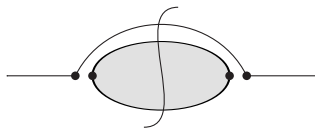
$j_k^{(0)}$ couples to 3π ; $j_k^{(1)}$ couples to 2π

$G_{01}^\gamma \rightarrow$ mixing between 3π and $2\pi \rightarrow \rho - \omega$ mixing

$G_{11}^\gamma \rightarrow$ QED and SIB corrections to 2π (and 4π)

HADRONIC τ DECAYS

Fermi theory



$$\begin{aligned}d\Gamma &= \frac{1}{4m} d\Phi_q \sum_f d\Phi_f \sum_{\text{spin}} |\mathcal{M}_f|^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{4m} d\Phi_q \frac{G_F^2 |V_{ud}|^2}{2} \mathcal{L}_{\mu\nu}(P, q) \rho_{\mu\nu}^w(p)\end{aligned}$$

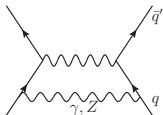
Charged spectral density isospin limit = $\rho^{w,0}$

$$\left[d\Phi_q = \frac{d^3q}{(2\pi)^3 2\omega_q} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d\Gamma(s)}{ds} &= G_F^2 |V_{ud}|^2 \frac{m^3}{16\pi^2} \left(1 + \frac{2s}{m^2}\right) \left(1 - \frac{s}{m^2}\right)^2 \rho^{w,0}(s) \\ &= G_F^2 |V_{ud}|^2 \frac{m^3}{16\pi^2} \kappa(s) \rho^{w,0}(s)\end{aligned}$$

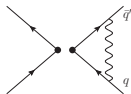
SHORT-DISTANCE EFFECTS

[Sirlin '82][Marciano-Sirlin '88][Brateen-Li '90]

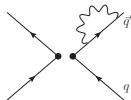


$$\frac{\alpha}{\pi} \left[(4Q_u - Q_d) \log \frac{m_W}{m_\tau} + \dots \right] \rightarrow \text{EFT } m_W \rightarrow \mu$$

“Hadronic” side $-\frac{\alpha}{2\pi} (Q_u - Q_d)^2 \log(\mu/m_\tau)$



$$\frac{\alpha}{\pi} Q_u Q_d \log \frac{\mu}{m_\tau} + \dots$$



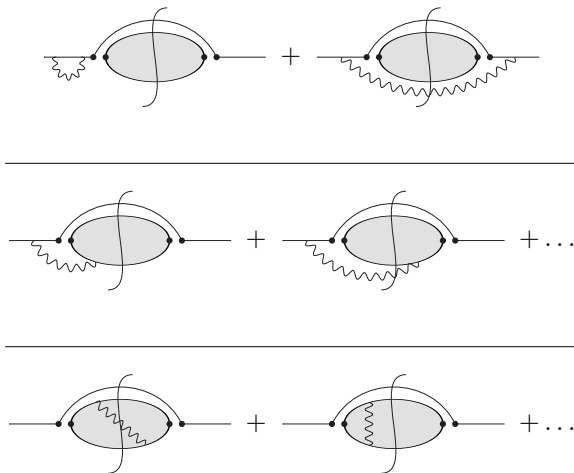
$$-\frac{\alpha}{2\pi} (Q_u^2 + Q_d^2) \log \frac{\mu}{m_\tau} + \dots$$

Adding all terms + τ self-energy $\rightarrow \frac{2\alpha}{\pi} \log \frac{m_W}{m_\tau}$
effects of Z boson $m_W \rightarrow m_Z$ leading to S_{EW}

Resummation of large logs via Renorm. Group (see [Erler '02])

$$\alpha^n \log^n m_Z^2 \text{ and } \alpha \alpha_s^n \log^n m_Z^2$$

IR SAFETY



This separation is IR safe, but problematic in the UV sector
scheme, scale and (QED) gauge dependence

ROADMAP

Goal: (several) intermediate to long Euclidean windows

τ data competitive

reduced sensitivity to high mult. channels ($a_\mu^W [4\pi] \approx 0.15 \times a_\mu^W [2\pi]$)

reduced sensitivity to missing spectrum $[m_\tau, \infty)$

0. experimental data	exclusive 2π	inclusive (non-strange)
1. initial state	analytic	analytic
2. interference τ -hadrons	EFTs or dispersive	Lattice (*)

Hadronic spectral density w/ radiative corrs

$$\frac{d\Gamma^{\text{exp}}}{ds} - 1. - 2. \text{ " = " } (1 + \alpha\delta Z)\rho^{w,0}(s) + \delta\rho^w(s)$$

scheme+scale dependent renormalization

gauge-dependent terms, cancel w/ 1. and 2.

WEAK EUCLIDEAN CORRELATOR

[MB et al. in prep]

Introduce charged isovector currents $j_k^{(1,-)}(x) = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{u}\gamma_\mu d)(x)$

$$G_{11}^W = \frac{1}{3} \sum_k \int d^3x \langle 0 | j_k^{(1,+)}(t, \vec{x}) j_k^{(1,-)}(0) | 0 \rangle$$

contains full mass spectrum

contains effects of both 2π and 4π channels

requires renorm. on lattice, e.g. momentum scheme

mom. scheme $\neq \overline{\text{MS}}$ so matching required

$\delta G_{11} = G_{11}^W - G_{11}^\gamma$ an interesting probe for IB effects

isosymmetric limit $\delta G_{11} = 0$

requires only 

From phenomenological point of view δG_{11} contains

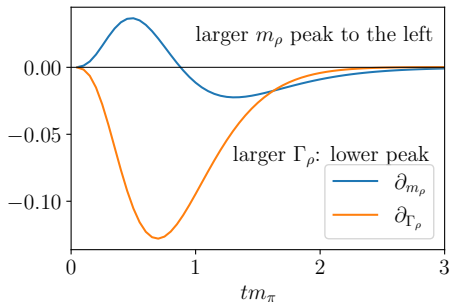
pion mass splitting on phase space

rho mass and width splitting

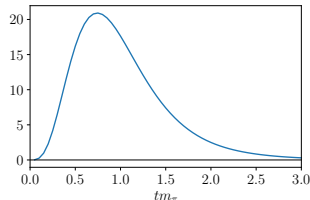
neutral vs charged final state radiation

δG_{11} VS MODELS

Model spectral density as $\beta(s, m_\pi)^3 |F_\pi(s)|^2$ using Gounaris-Sakurai shifts in m_ρ and Γ_ρ captured by δG_{11}



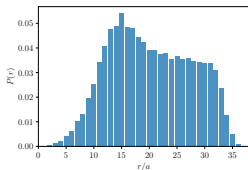
examine in Euclidean time effects of m_ρ and G_ρ



m_ρ shifts position of “HVP peak”; Γ_ρ shifts height of “HVP peak”

STATUS OF RBC/UKQCD EFFORT

$O(10^3)$ point sources
→ $O(10^6)$ pairs



Sampling strategy from stochastic point sources

Flagship ensembles at phys. pion mass

481, 96l first datasets generated

ongoing (blind) cross checks 2 groups

generation of new data

larger volumes and heavier pion masses

Data complete QED+SIB (w/ unquenching) by
end of January '25 → HVP program

Started renormalization program for τ
coarse lattice spacing $a^{-1} = 1.73$ GeV

INVERSE LAPLACE METHODS

Physical observables as **integrals of spectral densities** $P = \int ds \kappa(s) \rho(s)$

Euclidean correlator $C(t) = \int ds e^{-\sqrt{s}|t|} \rho(s) \frac{\sqrt{s}}{2}$

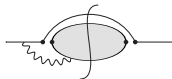
can we solve $P = \int dt f(t) C(t)$ for unknown f ?

analytic structure of $\rho(s)$ vs analytic structure of $\kappa(s)$

$\rho(s)$ typically branch cuts, $\kappa(s)$ typically poles

Recently lots of activity in Lattice community
promising methods and interesting results

open a path to study inclusively



CONCLUSIONS

Lattice QCD+QED program for $(g - 2)_\mu$ from τ decays
 G_{01}^γ and G_{00}^γ required for complete IB corrections
 τ -hadron γ exchange from EFTs first, later LQCD
paper spelling all this out in prep.

This talk: we propose δG_{11} as promising quantity for cross-checks
only two diagrams, shorter time scales
renorm. program started $\rightarrow \Gamma_\rho$ splitting
 m_ρ splitting even w/o renorm.
syst. errs. from $[m_\tau, \infty)$ and 4π to be addressed

Thanks for your attention