

XVth Quark Confinement and the Hadron Spectrum



Contribution ID: 300

Type: Oral

Tetraquark equations

Monday 19 August 2024 16:20 (20 minutes)

In a recent publication [Few Body Syst. 65 (2024), 59] we derived covariant equations describing the tetraquark in terms of an admixture of two-body states DD^* (diquark-antidiquark) and MM (meson-meson), with three-body-like states (where two of the quarks are spectators while the other two are interacting), and $q\bar{q}$ annihilation taken into account exactly. These equations have the feature of being exact in that all neglected terms are taken into account in a clear way through the inclusion of a single $q\bar{q}$ potential Δ . In addition, it was shown that the two-body t matrix T_a , describing the interaction of particle-pair a , enters the theory in terms of sums $T^+ = T_a + T_a'$ and products $T^\times = T_a T_a'$, and that by treating T^+ perturbatively, one can unify separate well-established models of tetraquarks. However, the presence of poles (associated with the formation of diquarks and mesons) in the single terms T_a and T_a' is a disadvantage of such a perturbative expansion. In the present work, by extracting the full information on the single-term poles contained within Δ , we are able to take into account T^+ in full, at once enabling us to propose a more practical expansion where the pole parts of T_a and T_a' are treated non-perturbatively.

Author: Dr BLANKLEIDER, Boris (Flinders University)

Presenter: Dr BLANKLEIDER, Boris (Flinders University)

Session Classification: Heavy Quarks

Track Classification: C: Heavy Quarks