Probing Blazar Emission Processes with Optical/γ-ray Flare Correlations

I. Liodakis

In collaboration with: R. W. Romani, D. Kocevski, A. V. Filippenko, and W. Zheng



TeV Particle Astrophysics Sydney – December 2019



Where is the high-energy emission coming from?



Where is the high-energy emission coming from?

Gao et al., (2019, arXiv: 1807.04275)



Zhang et al., (2019, arXiv:1910.11464)



Xue et al., (2019, arXiv: arXiv:1908.10190

Oikonomou et al. (2019, arXiv:1903.02006)



Zhang et al., (2018, arXiv:1807.11069)





Multiwavelength cross-correlations



OVRO: http://www.astro.caltech.edu/ovroblazars/ KAIT: http://herculesii.astro.berkeley.edu/kait/agn/ Fermi: https://fermi.gsfc.nasa.gov/ssc/data/access/

Liodakis et al., 2018 MNRAS, 480, 5517 arXiv:1808.05625

Focusing on Optical – y-rays

~8 year long light curves

+SMARTS

178 sources: 107 BL Lacs, 64 FSRQs, 4 Radio galaxies, 3 Unclassified

+Steward Observatory

80 LSPs, 27 ISPs, 35 HSPs, 36 No SED Info.



Estimating cross-correlations

Time-lags: Discrete correlation function (Edelson & Krolic 1988)



Estimating cross-correlations

Time-lags: Discrete correlation function (Edelson & Krolic 1988)



121/178 sources showed a >1σ significant correlation.

No statistically significant difference is found between different populations



Associated and orphan events.

~63% of all optical and ~26% of all γ-ray flares appear orphan.



Associated and orphan events.

~63% of all optical and ~26% of all γ-ray flares appear orphan.

56% of the optical and 21% of γ-ray events are truly orphan!



y-ray orphan flare rate: 0.3 flares/source/yr

Flux-Flux correlation: Linear or quadratic?

Compare the simultaneous flux variations throughout the entire light curve.

Linear variations : External Compton

Quadratic variations: Synchrotron Self-Compton



Flux-Flux correlation: Linear or quadratic?

Compare the simultaneous flux variations throughout the entire light curve.

Linear variations : External Compton

Quadratic variations: Synchrotron Self-Compton





Intrinsic Flux-Flux scaling.



Uncorrelated variations can significantly impact the scaling of the intraband relation.

Intrinsic Flux-Flux scaling.





Uncorrelated variations can significantly impact the scaling of the intraband relation.

Comparing observed to simulated distributions can be used to statistically associate sources with either EC or SSC!

Intrinsic Flux-Flux scaling.



Uncorrelated variations can significantly impact the scaling of the intraband relation.

Comparing observed to simulated distributions can be used to statistically associate sources with either EC or SSC!



Liodakis et al., 2019 APJ, 880, 32, arXiv:1905.11418

Explored the time-lags between optical and y-rays for the largest number of sources.

The majority of sources show a strong correlation between optical and y-rays. If your model can not produce simultaneous variations with a small number of orphan flares, its not a good model!

> 21% of γ-ray flares are truly orphan events. *Translation: only about 1 flare per 3 years is orphan!*

BL Lacs favor SSC for the production of γ-rays, FSRQs do not favor either EC or SSC!