



CPT & Lorentz invariance tests by H & D hyperfine spectroscopy

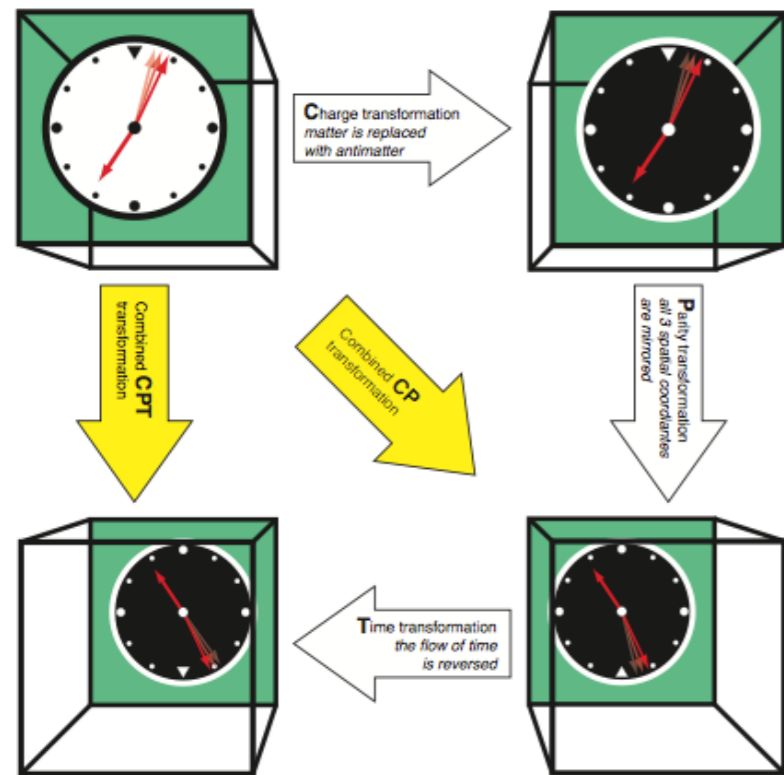
...and implications for ASACUSA's antihydrogen programme

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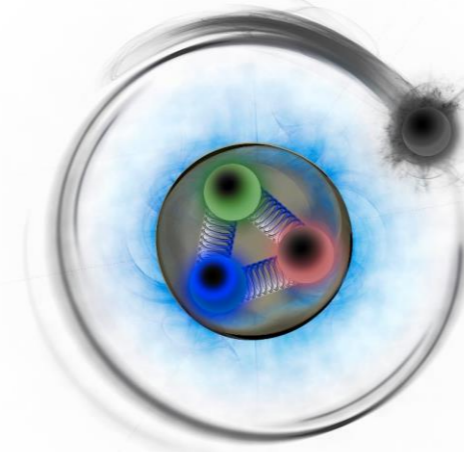
FAKT Workshop 2024: Particle Physics Retreat
22nd - 23rd Feb. 2024

Motivation

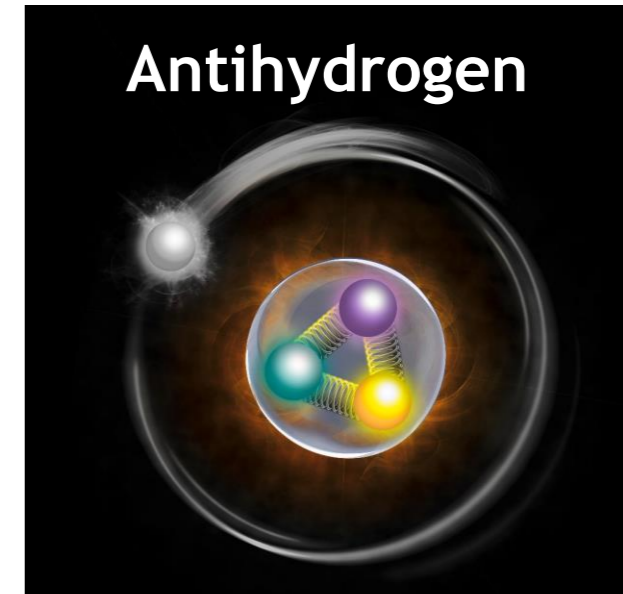
CPT symmetry \leftrightarrow matter-antimatter asymmetry



- Antihydrogen ideal test bench
- **Hyperfine splitting**
 $1\,420\,405\,751.768 \pm 0.001$ Hz
highest absolute precision
- **Standard Model Extension**
sensitivity governed by
absolute precision

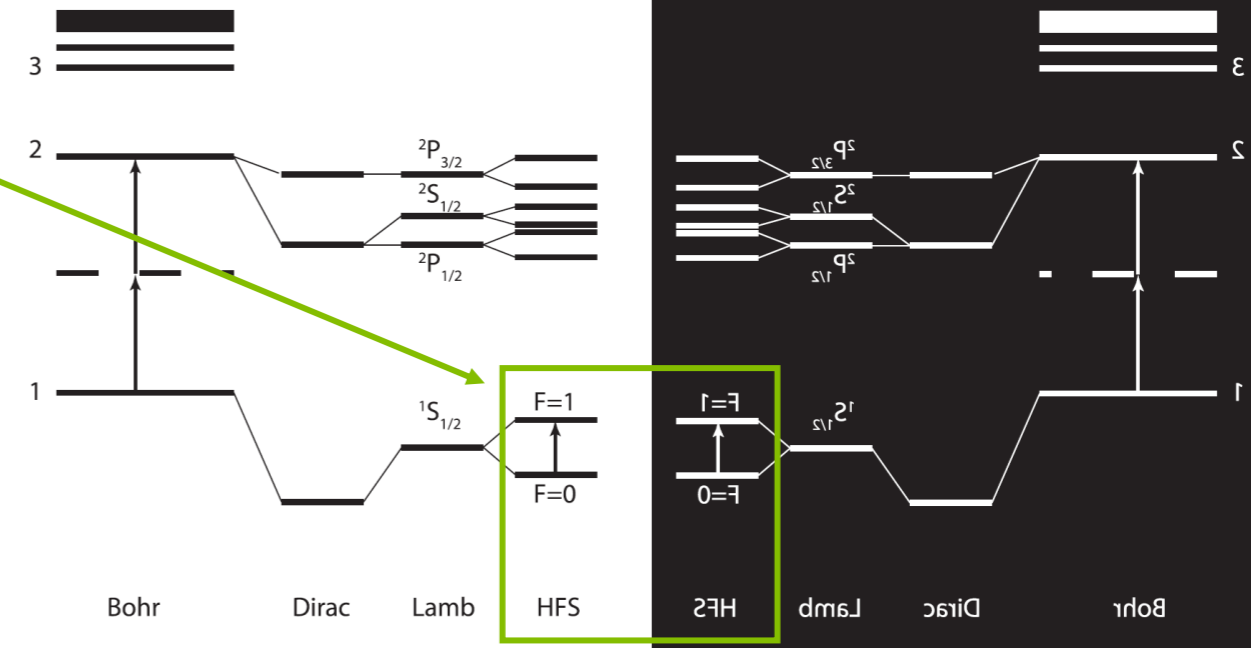


HYDROGEN

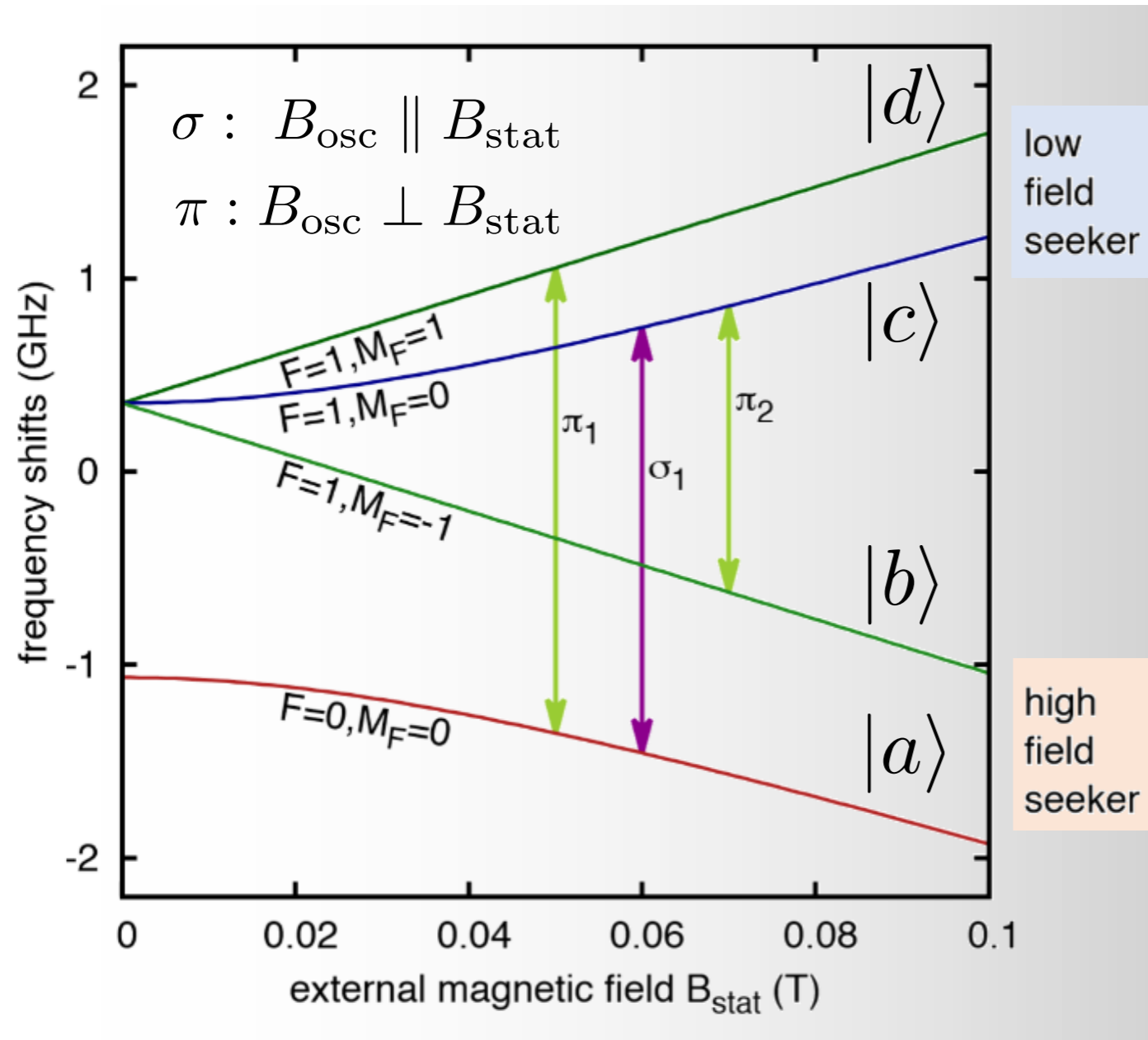


Antihydrogen

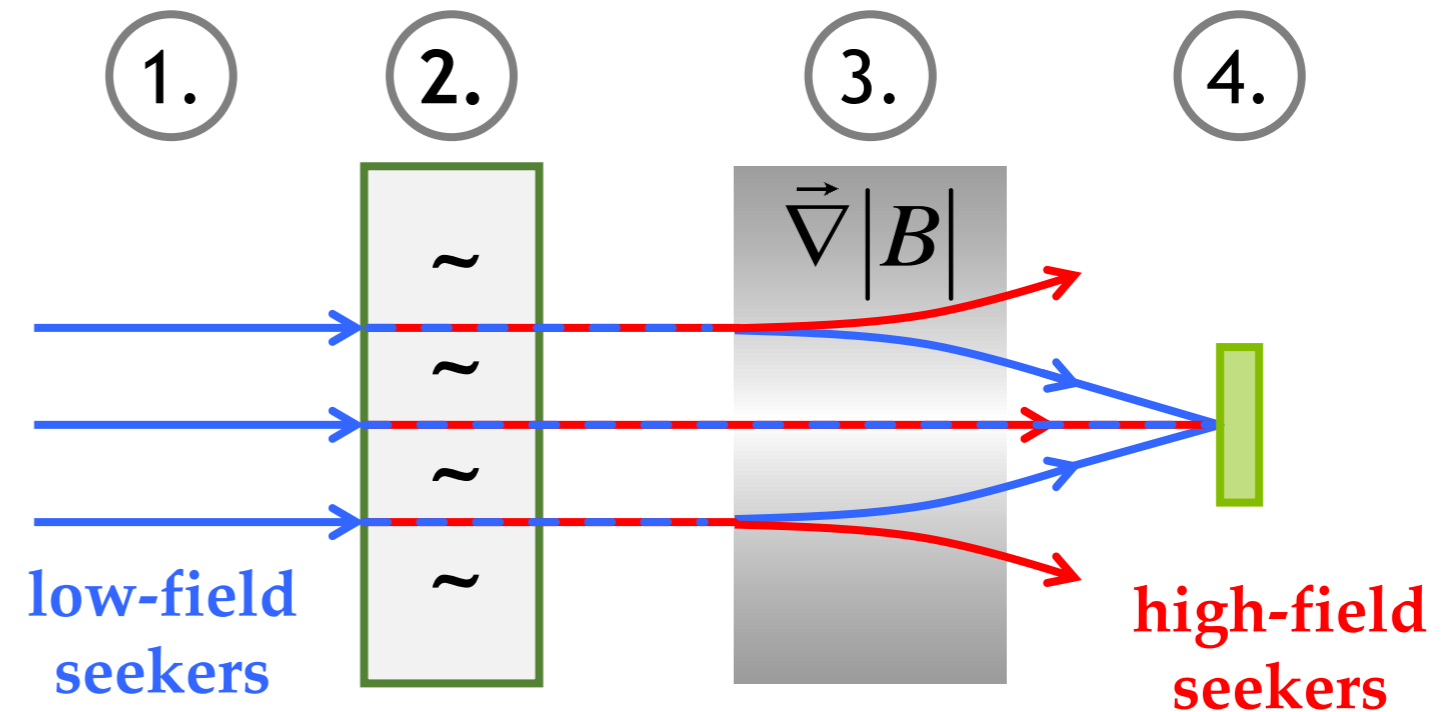
АНТІВІДРОГЕН



Breit-Rabi Diagram & Rabi Spectroscopy

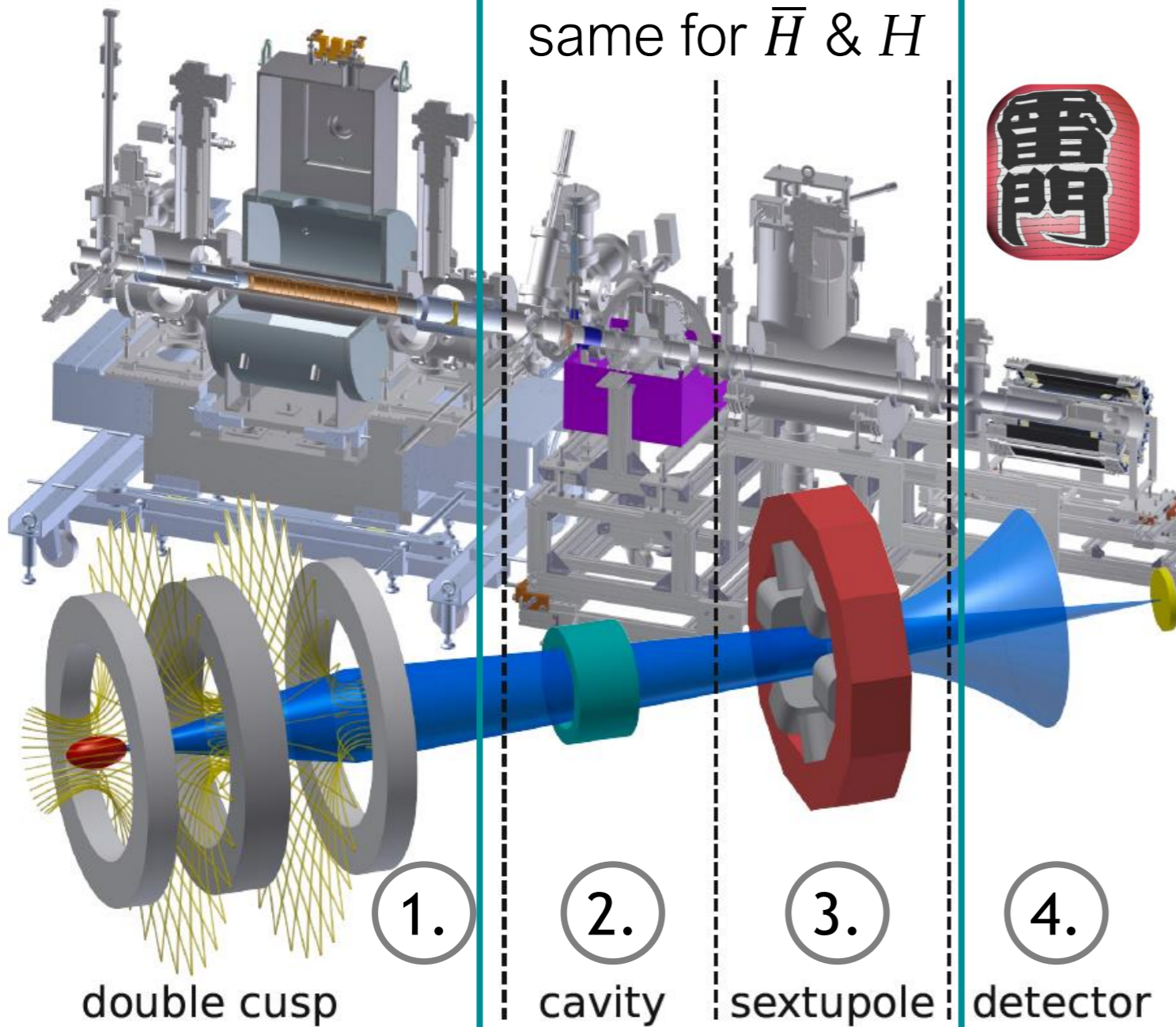


1. polarized beam (low-field seekers)
2. spin flip drive:
osc. B-field ~ 1.42 GHz & stat. B-field!
3. spin state analysis (Stern-Gerlach effect)
4. detection (count rate drop \rightarrow spin flip)

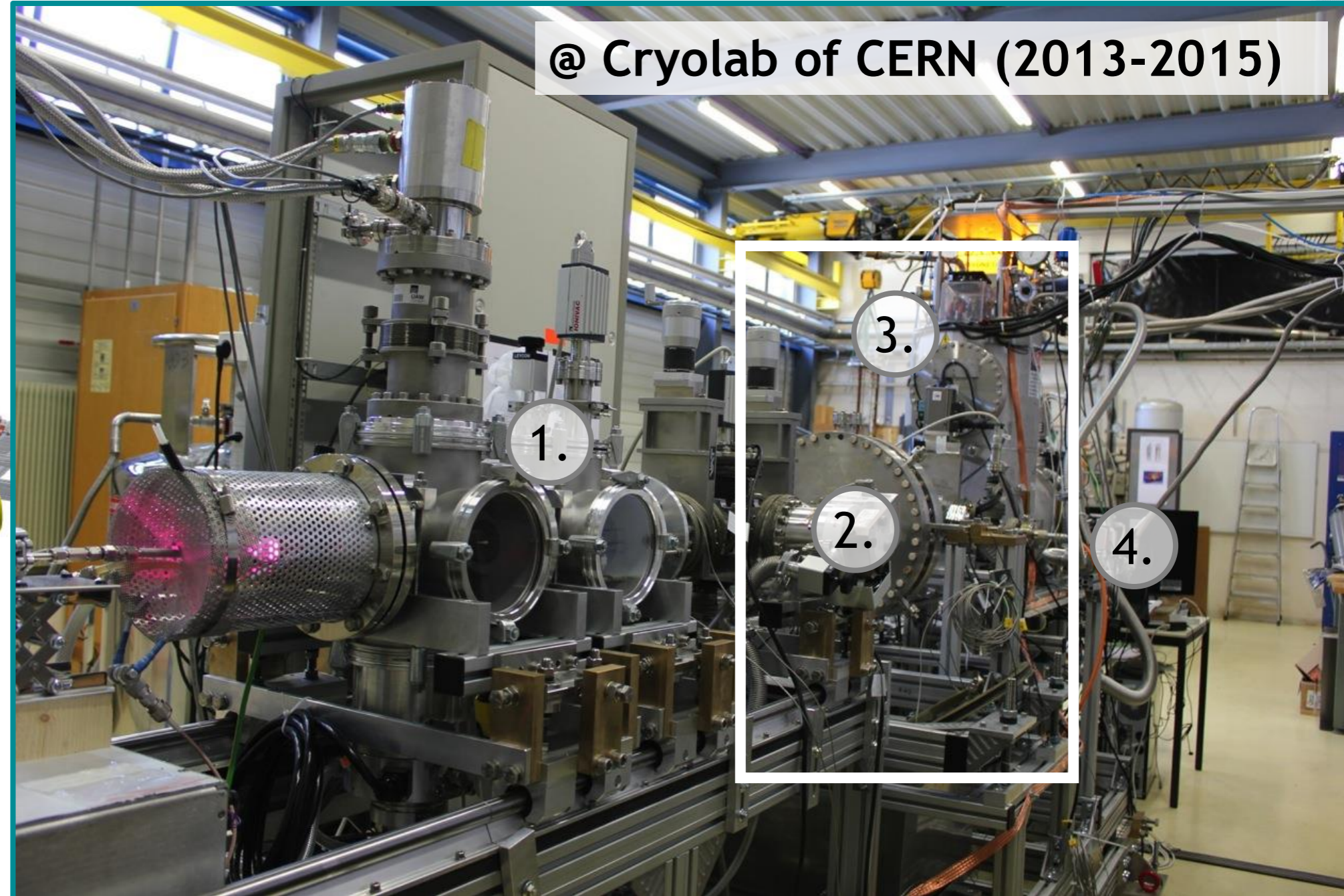


ASACUSA's HFS spectrometer

same for \bar{H} & H



@ Cryolab of CERN (2013-2015)



First results: σ transition

ASACUSA *Nat. Commun.* 8, 15749 (2017).

final result

1 420 405 748.4 (3.4) (1.6) Hz

agrees with literature (maser)

1 420 405 751.768 (0.001) Hz

H. Hellwig *et al.*, *IEEE Trans. Instrum. Meas.* 19, 200 (1977).

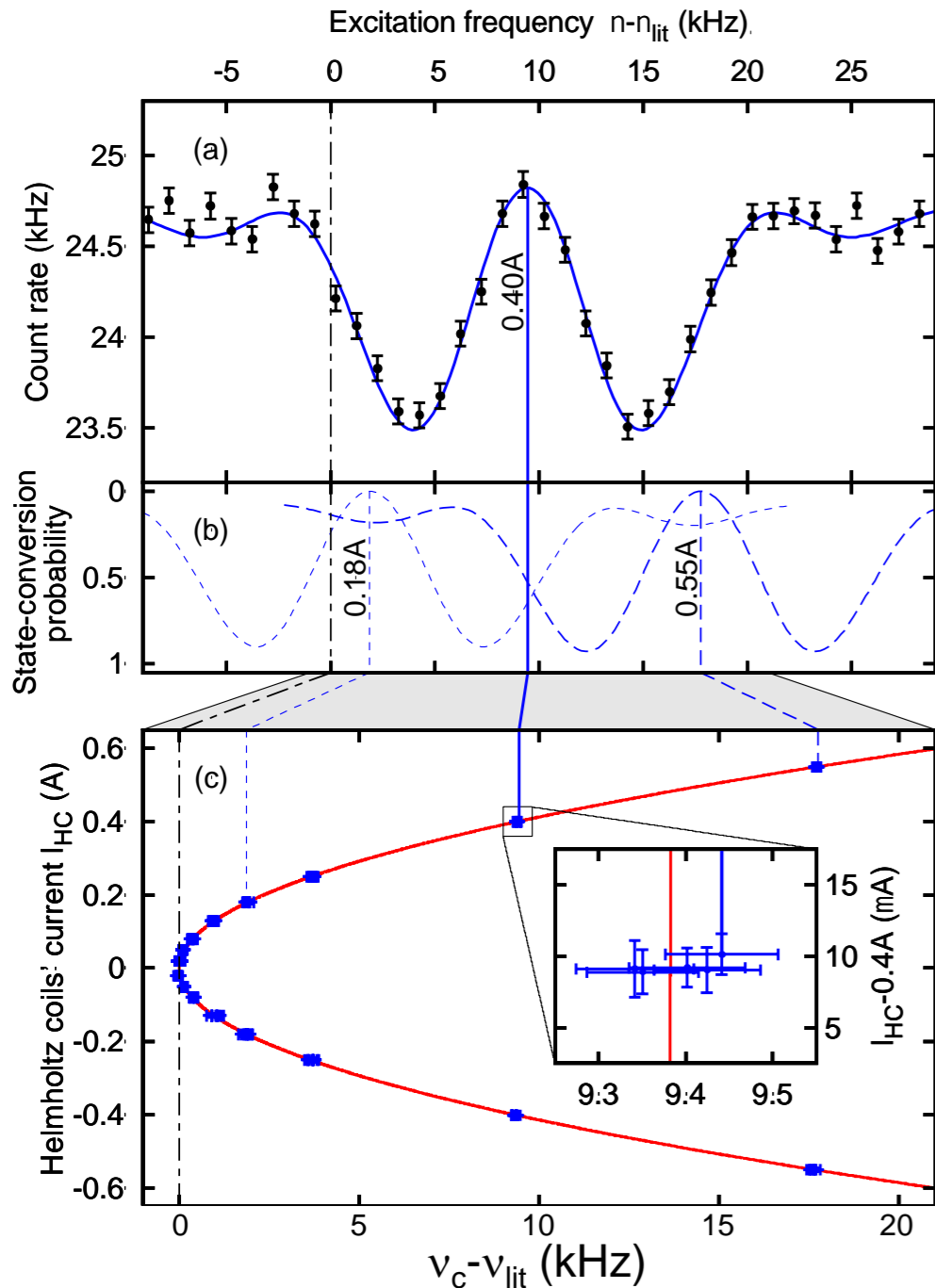
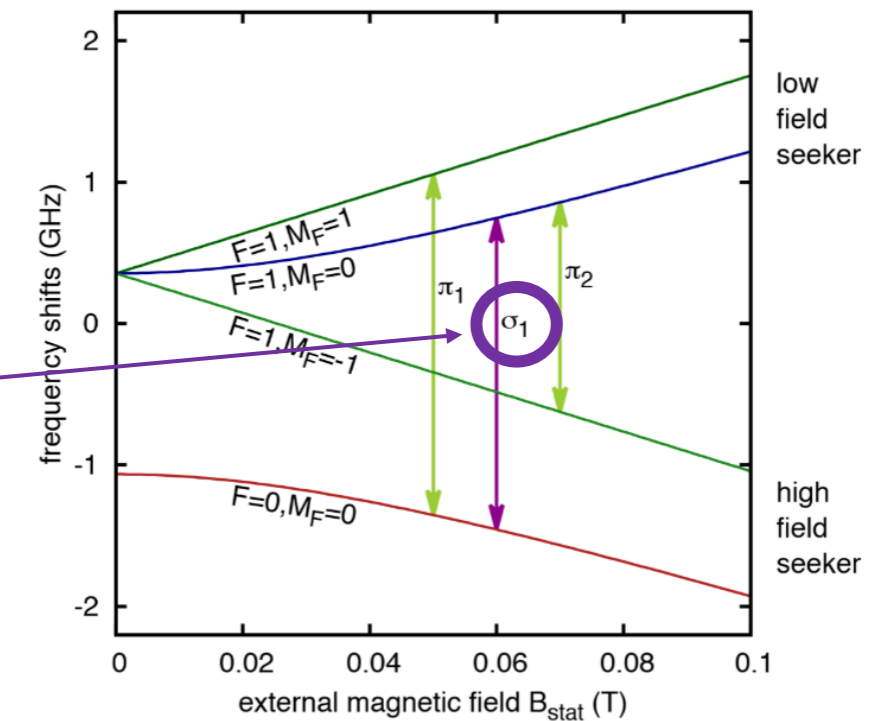
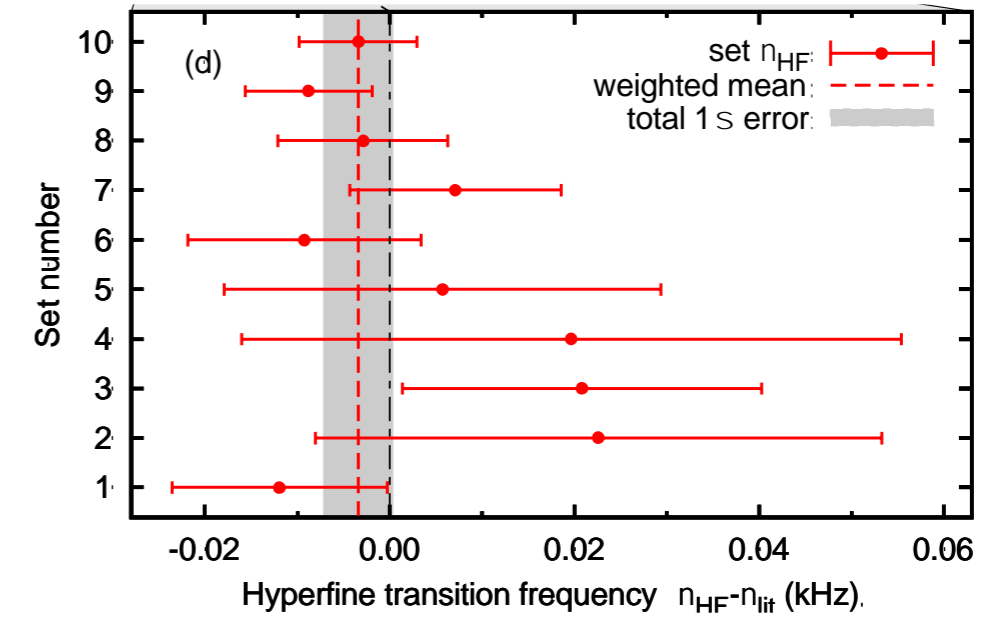
S. G. Karschenboim, *Can. J. Phys.* 78, 639 (2000).

$$v_{\sigma}(B_{\text{stat}}) = \sqrt{v_{\text{HF}}^2 + \left(\frac{\mu_{+}}{h}\right)^2 B_{\text{stat}}^2}$$

$$\mu_{+} = |g_e| \mu_B + g_p \mu_N$$

no syst. uncertainty on ~ppb level

⇔ anti-H 1st stage goal: ppm



SME: Standard Model Extension

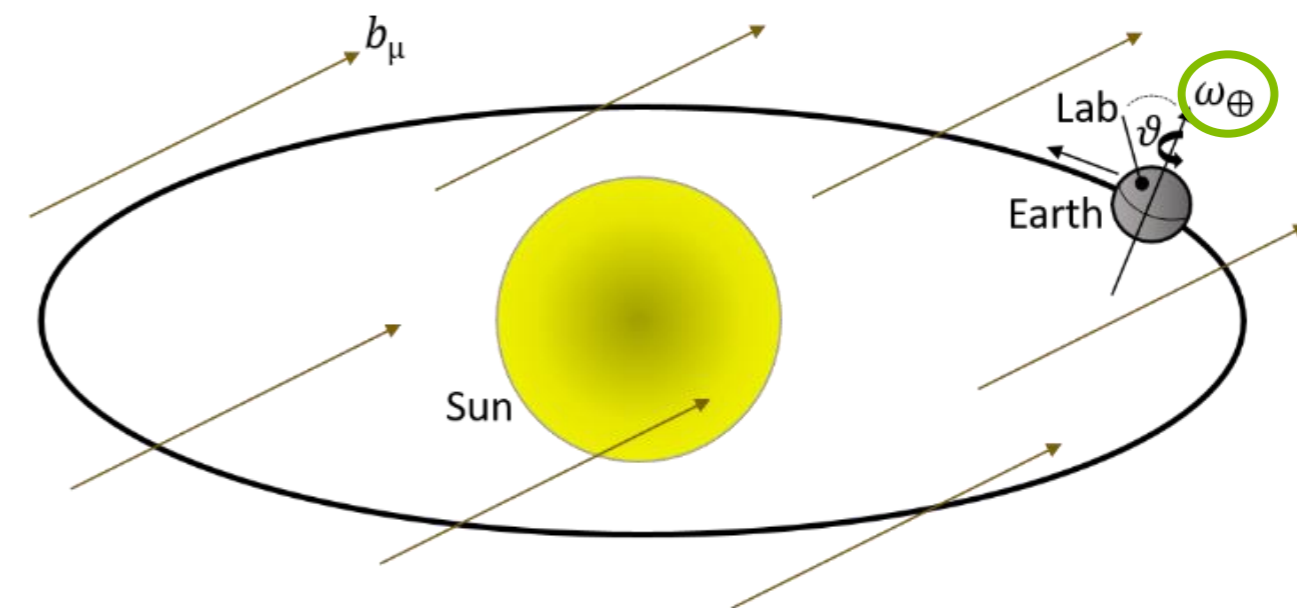
- Systematic framework for violation searches
- Coefficients for violating operators

D Colladay and V A Kostelecky, *PRD* **55** 6760 (1997).
V A Kostelecky and M Mewes, *PRD* **80** 015020 (2009).

$$\mathcal{K}_{\mathcal{W}_{k10}}^{Lab} = \mathcal{K}_{\mathcal{W}_{k10}}^{Sun} \cos(\theta) - \sqrt{2} \Re(\mathcal{K}_{\mathcal{W}_{k11}}^{Sun}) \sin(\theta) \cos(\omega_{\oplus} T_{\oplus}) + \sqrt{2} \Im(\mathcal{K}_{\mathcal{W}_{k11}}^{Sun}) \sin(\theta) \sin(\omega_{\oplus} T_{\oplus})$$

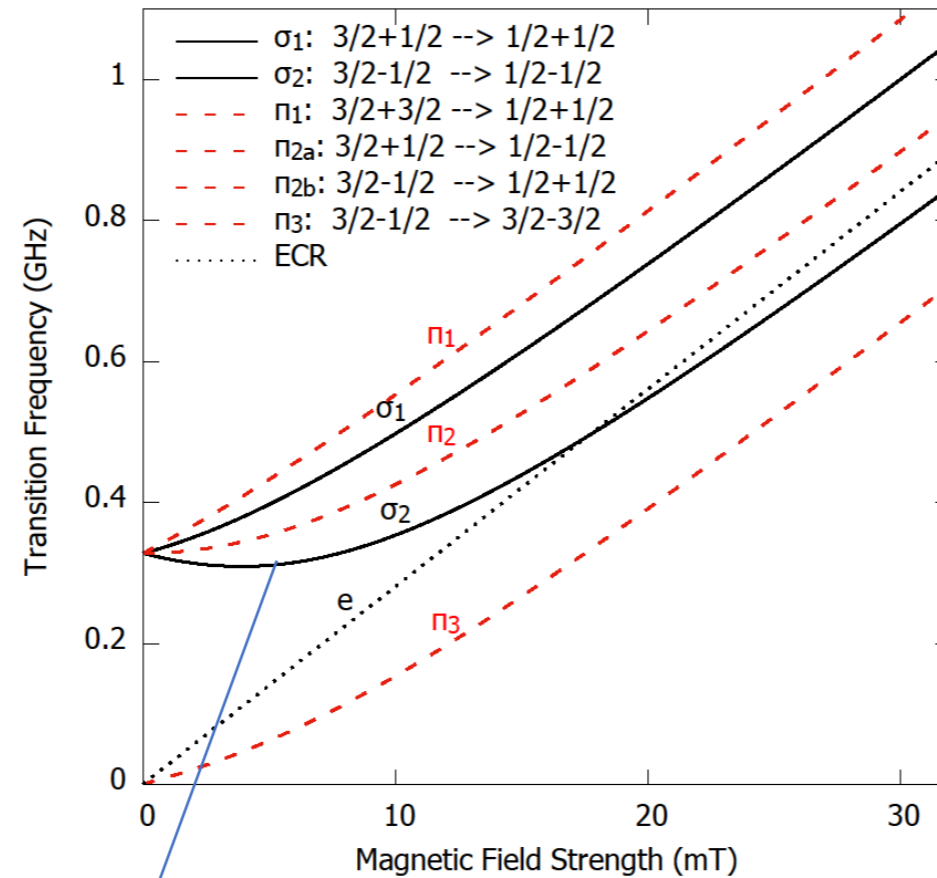
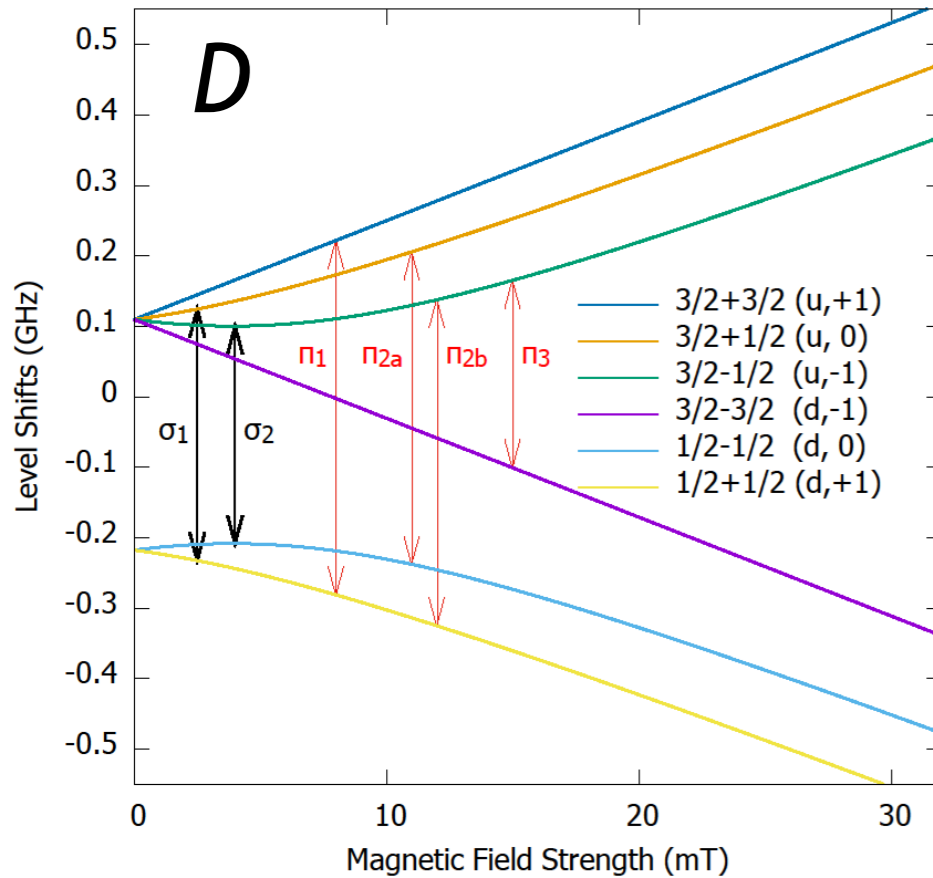
- Generic coefficient \mathcal{K} splits into
 - Spin-independent: \mathcal{V}
 - Spin-dependent: \mathcal{T}
- $\mathcal{T} [\mathcal{V}]$ splits further into
 - CPT even: H [c]
 - CPT odd: g [a]
- splits further by flavour w , mass order k ...
 - $w = e, p, n$ (electron, proton, neutron)

V A Kostelecky and A J Vargas, *PRD* **92** 056002 (2015).





Deuterium HFS



minima at 3.89 mT,
at 308.7 MHz

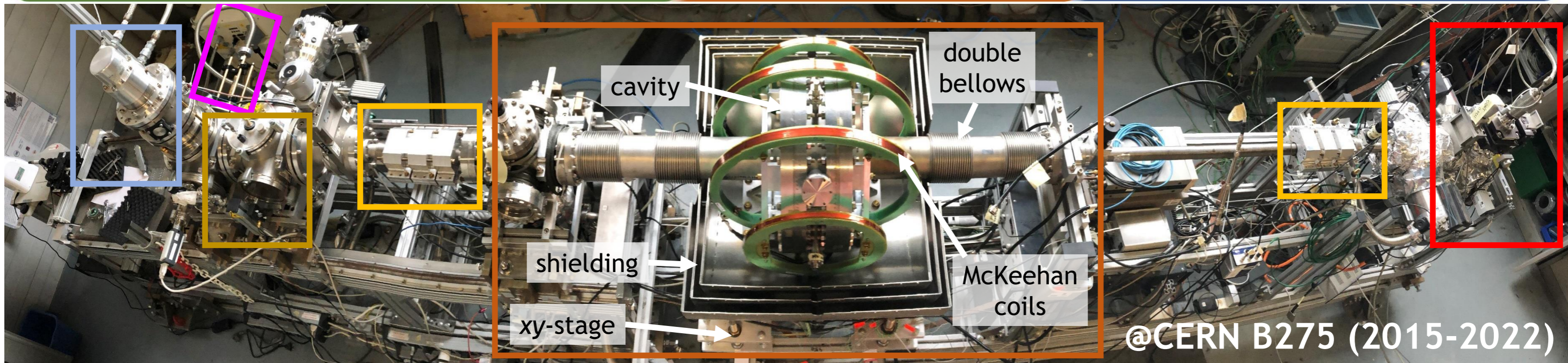
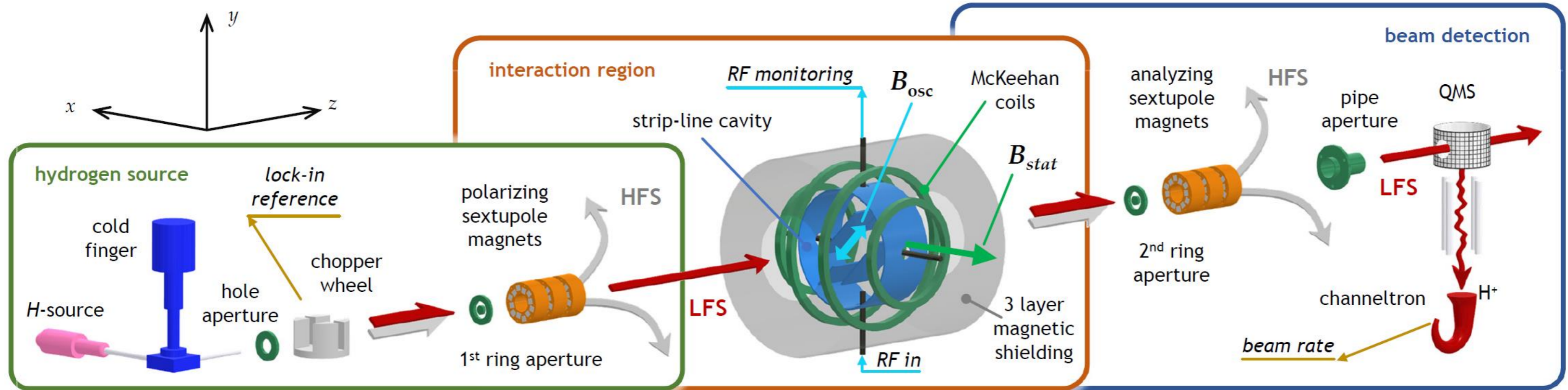
$$\delta\epsilon(F, M_F) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5\pi}} \frac{2F-1}{(8m_F^2-10)} \sum_{q=0}^2 \langle p_{pd}^{2q} \rangle \sum_{\mathcal{W}} \mathcal{V}_{\mathcal{W}(2q)20}^{NR} - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{6\pi}} \frac{m_F}{2^{F-2}} \sum_{q=0}^2 \langle p_{pd}^{2q} \rangle \times \sum_{\mathcal{W}} (\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{W}(2q)10}^{NR(0B)} + \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{W}(2q)10}^{NR(1B)}) - \frac{m_F}{3\sqrt{3\pi}} \sum_{q=0}^2 \frac{(\alpha m_r)^{2q}}{(2F-1)} (1 + 4\delta_q^2) \times (\mathcal{T}_{e(2q)10}^{NR(0B)} + \mathcal{T}_{e(2q)10}^{NR(1B)})$$

momentum of p in $H \sim$ a few keV
momentum of p in $D \sim 100$ MeV

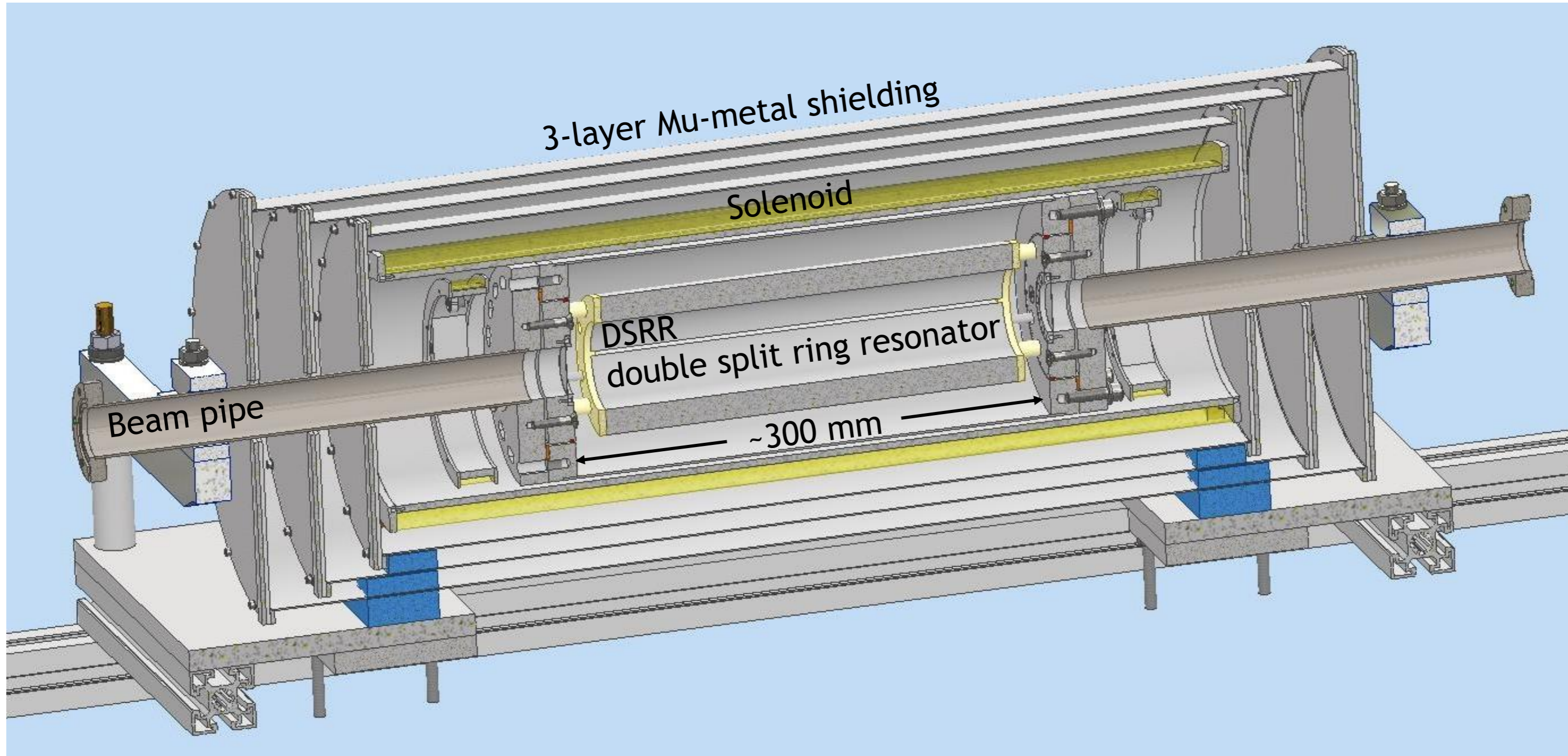
V A Kostelecky and A J Vargas
PRD 92 056002 (2015).

$\Delta F \neq 0$. Moreover, the dependence on the expectation values $\langle p_{pd}^{2q} \rangle$ acts to enhance the sensitivity to the coefficients for Lorentz and CPT violation by factors of a billionfold for coefficients with $k = 2$ and by 10^{18} -fold for



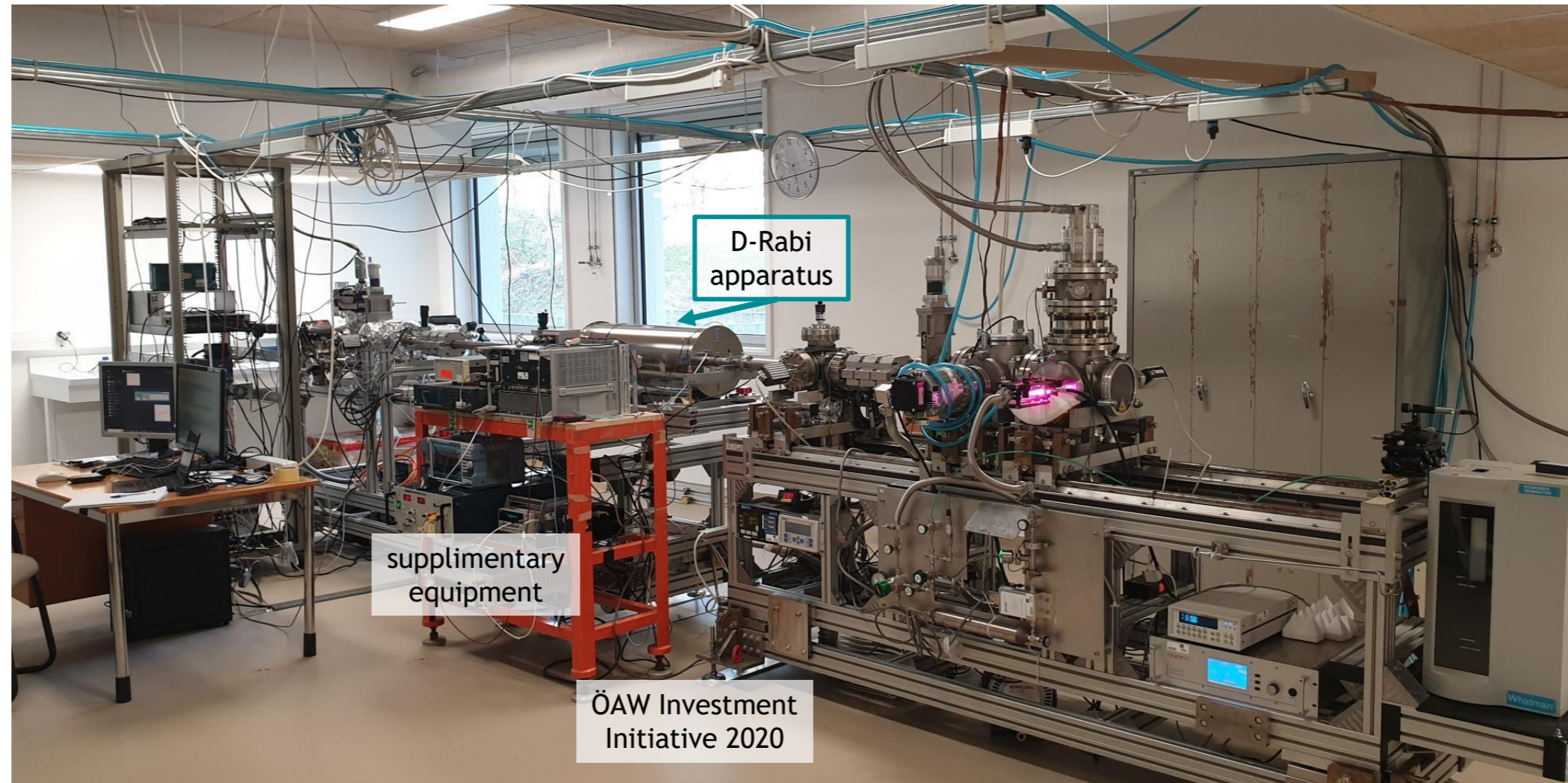


Interaction region for deuterium



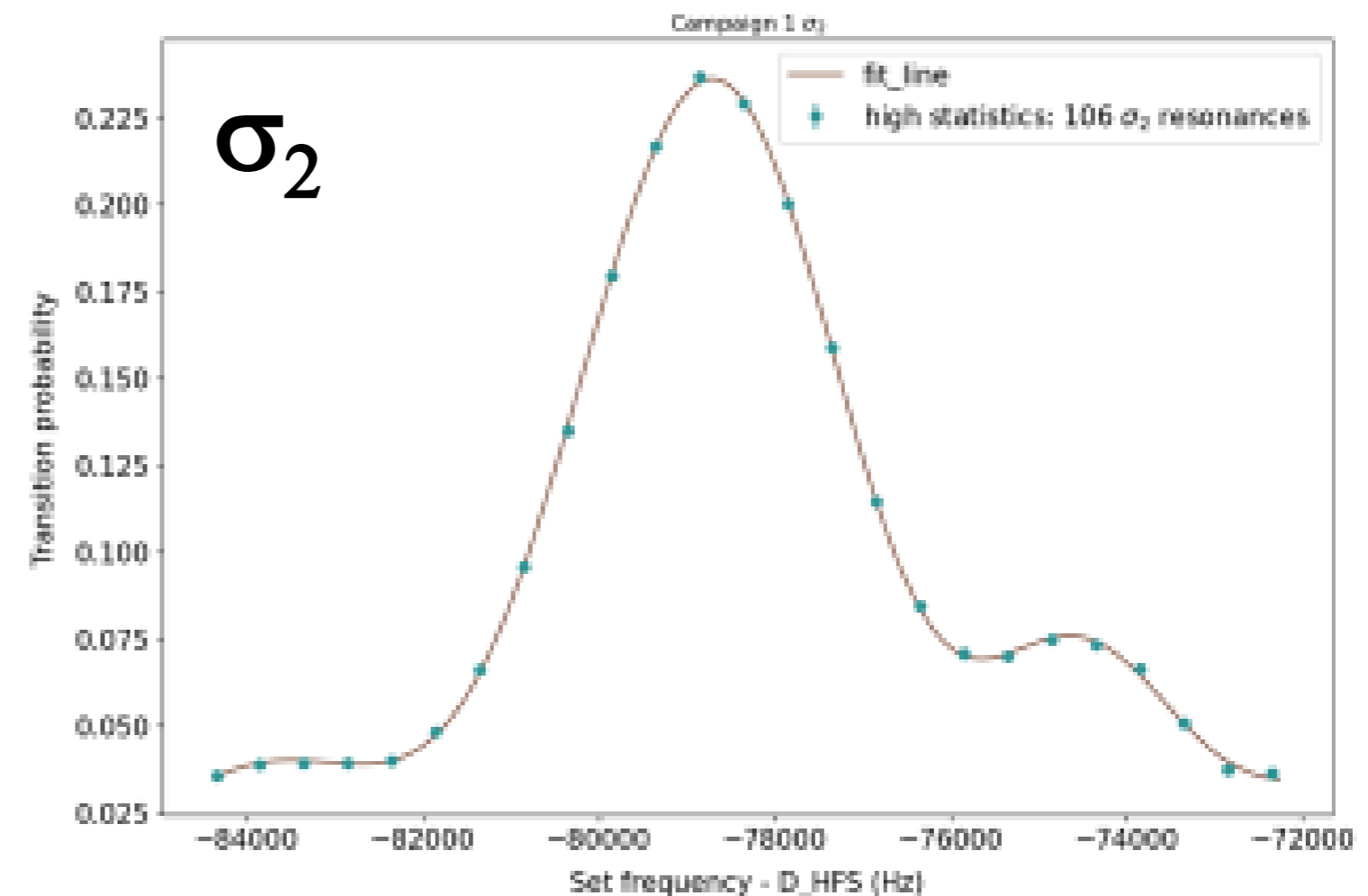
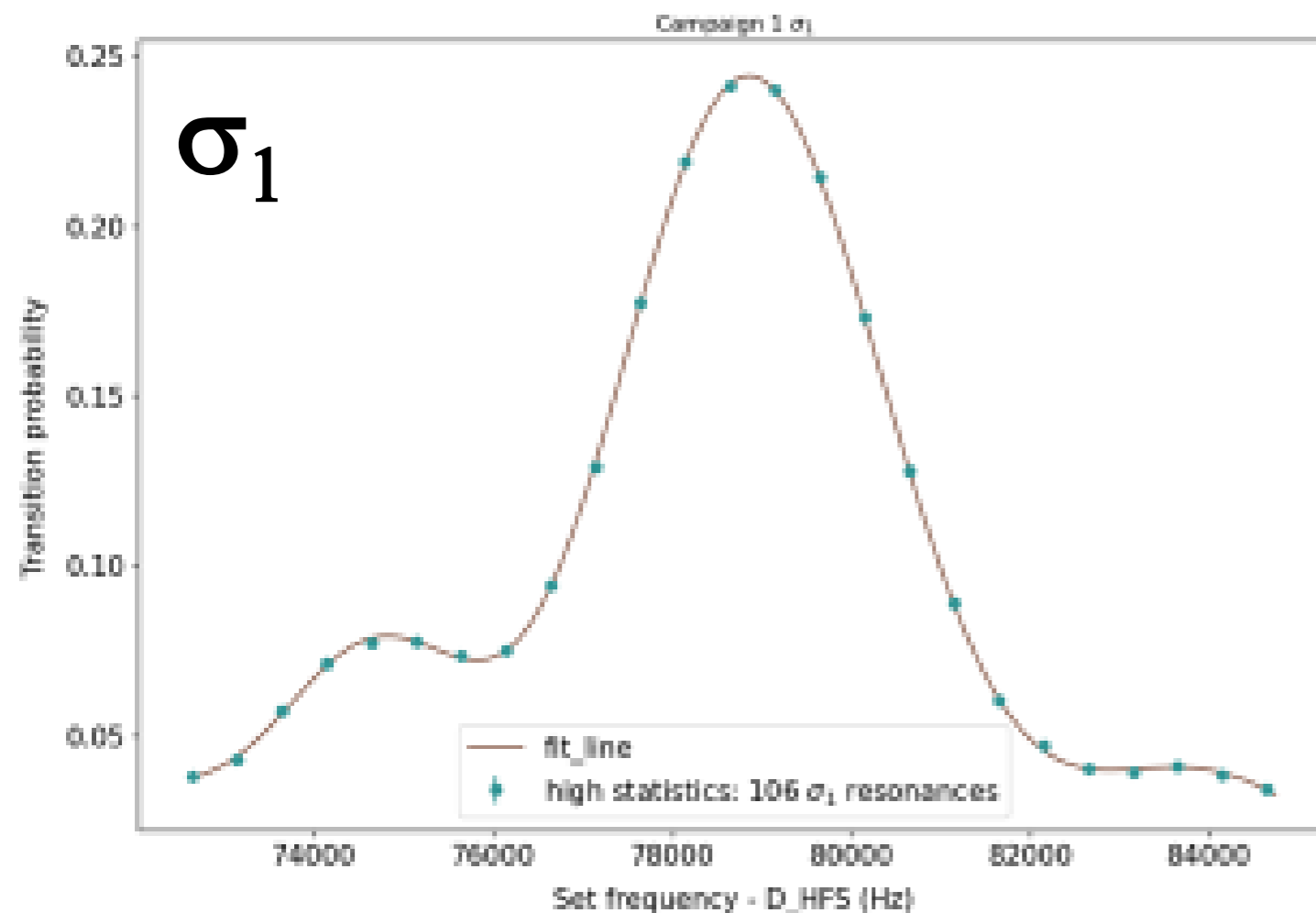
D-Beam in Paris

moved in October 2022 → new lab with stable conditions
2 campaigns in May and August 2023



Resonance lineshape

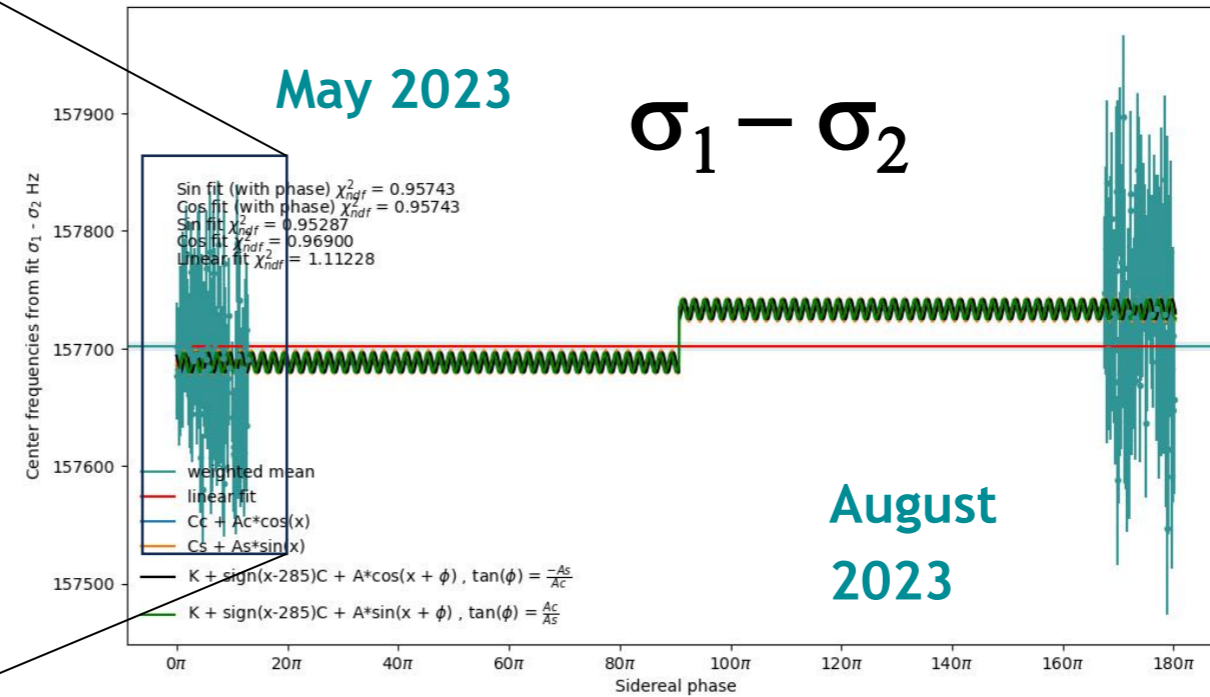
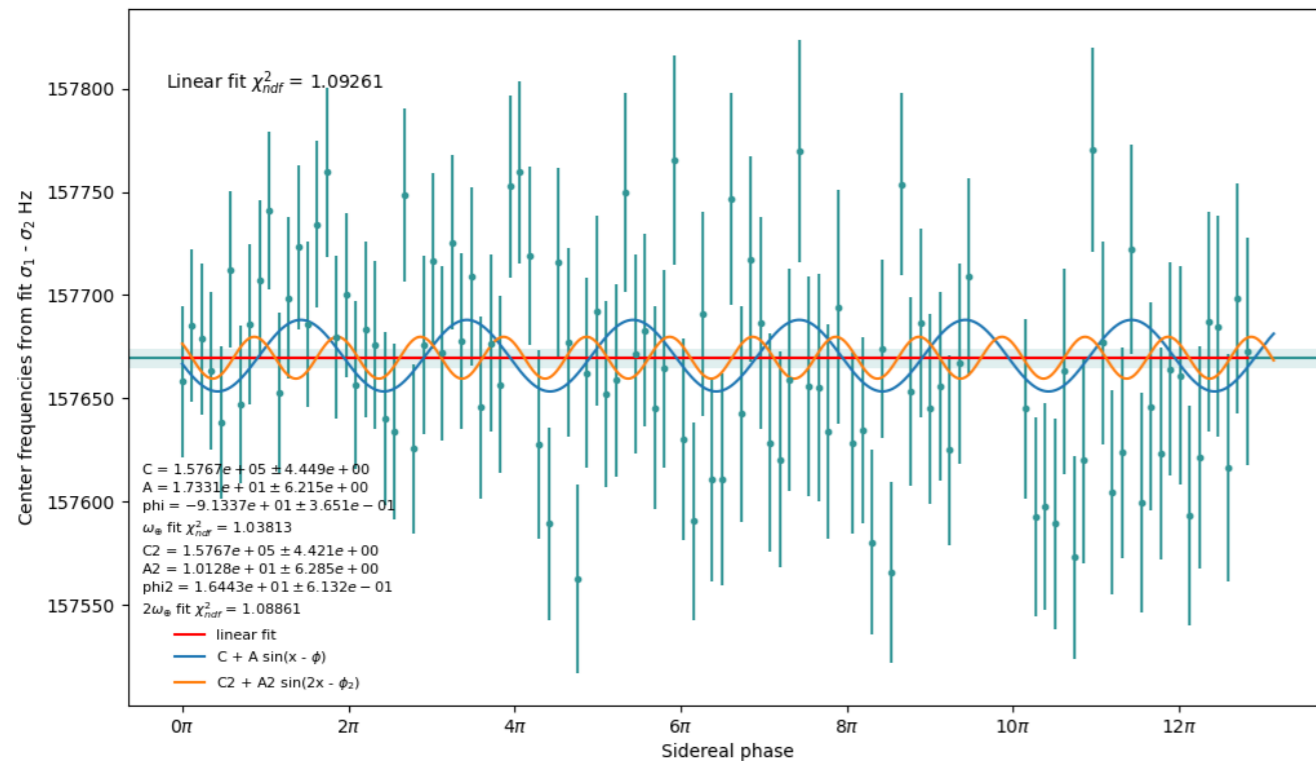
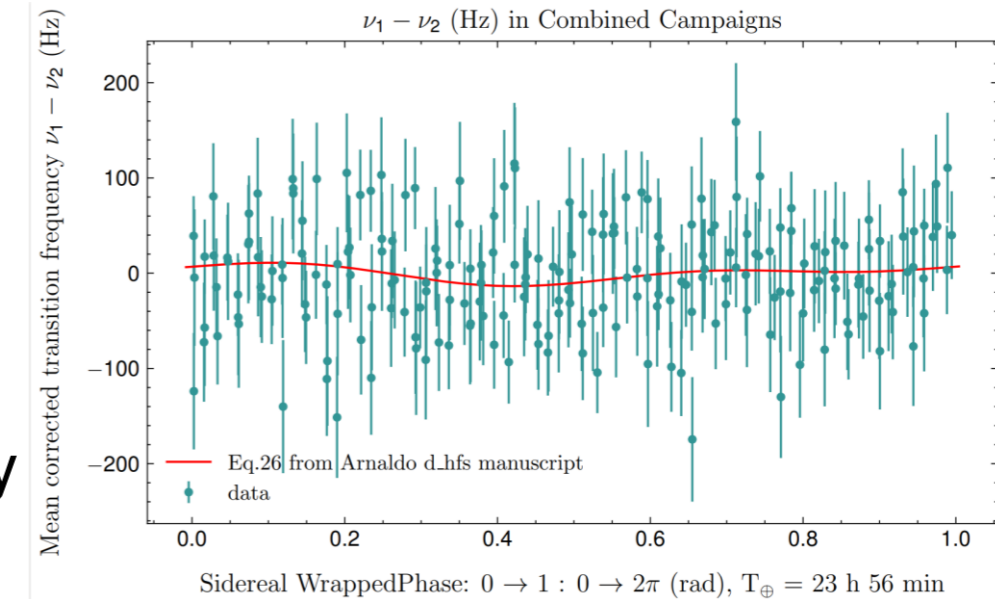
- Sidereal variation → fit template from summed data
- Point-by-point interleaved measurements with reference rates → plot probabilities





two completed campaigns

- May and August 2023:
 >100 σ_1 and σ_2 transition at $B \sim 8 \mu\text{T}$ ($I=2\text{mA}$ on solenoid)
- Fits based on template
- Use sum and difference of σ_1 and σ_2
- Use single campaign and combined data $\rightarrow \sim 5 \text{ Hz}$ limits
- Extract amplitudes for sin/cos of 1st/2nd harmonic for sidereal/solar day
- Systematic checks, Fourier transform / Lomb-Scargle periodogram





Theory status

- Dedicated calculations on deuterium by A. Vargas available on arXiv:
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2401.03272>
- “Paris nucleon-nucleon potential” used to evaluate momentum matrix elements
- Assumes 10 Hz experimental limit
- Improved constraints by D-HFS experiment for 16 SME-coefficients

TABLE VI. Potential sensitivity of the SMI/LAC experiment on the nonrelativistic coefficients.

Coefficient \mathcal{K}	Constraint on $ \text{Re } \mathcal{K} , \text{Im } \mathcal{K} $
$H_{w011}^{\text{NR}(0B),\text{Sun}}, g_{w011}^{\text{NR}(0B),\text{Sun}}$	$< 4 \times 10^{-22} \text{ GeV}$
$H_{w011}^{\text{NR}(1B),\text{Sun}}, g_{w011}^{\text{NR}(1B),\text{Sun}}$	$< 2 \times 10^{-22} \text{ GeV}$
w=p $H_{w211}^{\text{NR}(0B),\text{Sun}}, g_{w211}^{\text{NR}(0B),\text{Sun}}$	$< 3 \times 10^{-20} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$
$H_{w211}^{\text{NR}(1B),\text{Sun}}, g_{w211}^{\text{NR}(1B),\text{Sun}}$	$< 6 \times 10^{-20} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$
$H_{w411}^{\text{NR}(0B),\text{Sun}}, g_{w411}^{\text{NR}(0B),\text{Sun}}$	$< 7 \times 10^{-20} \text{ GeV}^{-3}$
$H_{w411}^{\text{NR}(1B),\text{Sun}}, g_{w411}^{\text{NR}(1B),\text{Sun}}$	$< 2 \times 10^{-19} \text{ GeV}^{-3}$
$c_{w221}^{\text{NR},\text{Sun}}, a_{w221}^{\text{NR},\text{Sun}}$	$< 4 \times 10^{-20} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$
$c_{w222}^{\text{NR},\text{Sun}}, a_{w222}^{\text{NR},\text{Sun}}$	$< 6 \times 10^{-20} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$
$c_{w421}^{\text{NR},\text{Sun}}, a_{w421}^{\text{NR},\text{Sun}}$	$< 2 \times 10^{-19} \text{ GeV}^{-3}$
$c_{w422}^{\text{NR},\text{Sun}}, a_{w422}^{\text{NR},\text{Sun}}$	$< 4 \times 10^{-19} \text{ GeV}^{-3}$

Reversing B-Field to Constrain SME-Coefficients

$$\mathcal{K}_{\mathcal{W}_{k10}}^{Lab} = \mathcal{K}_{\mathcal{W}_{k10}}^{Sun} \cos(\theta) - \sqrt{2} \Re(\mathcal{K}_{\mathcal{W}_{k11}}^{Sun}) \sin(\theta) \cos(\omega_{\oplus} T_{\oplus}) + \sqrt{2} \Im(\mathcal{K}_{\mathcal{W}_{k11}}^{Sun}) \sin(\theta) \sin(\omega_{\oplus} T_{\oplus})$$

V A Kostelecky and A J Vargas, *PRD* 92 056002 (2015).

sidereal variation constraints by maser (~mHz, 10^{-27} GeV):

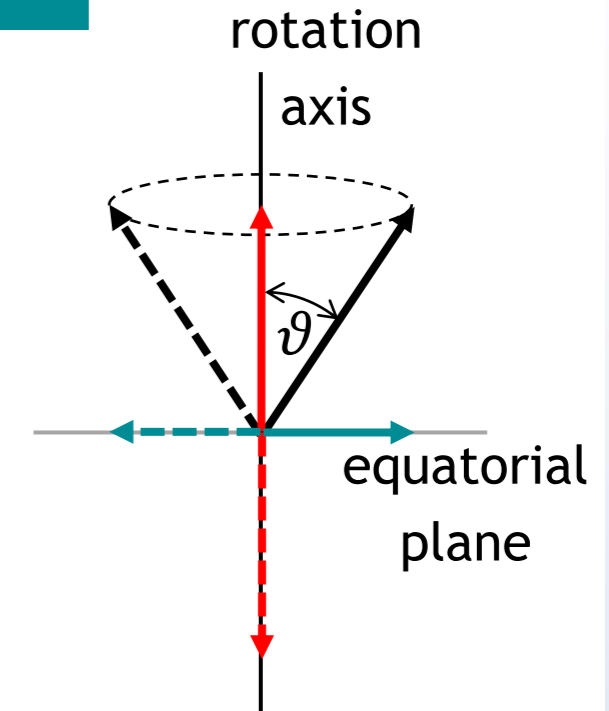
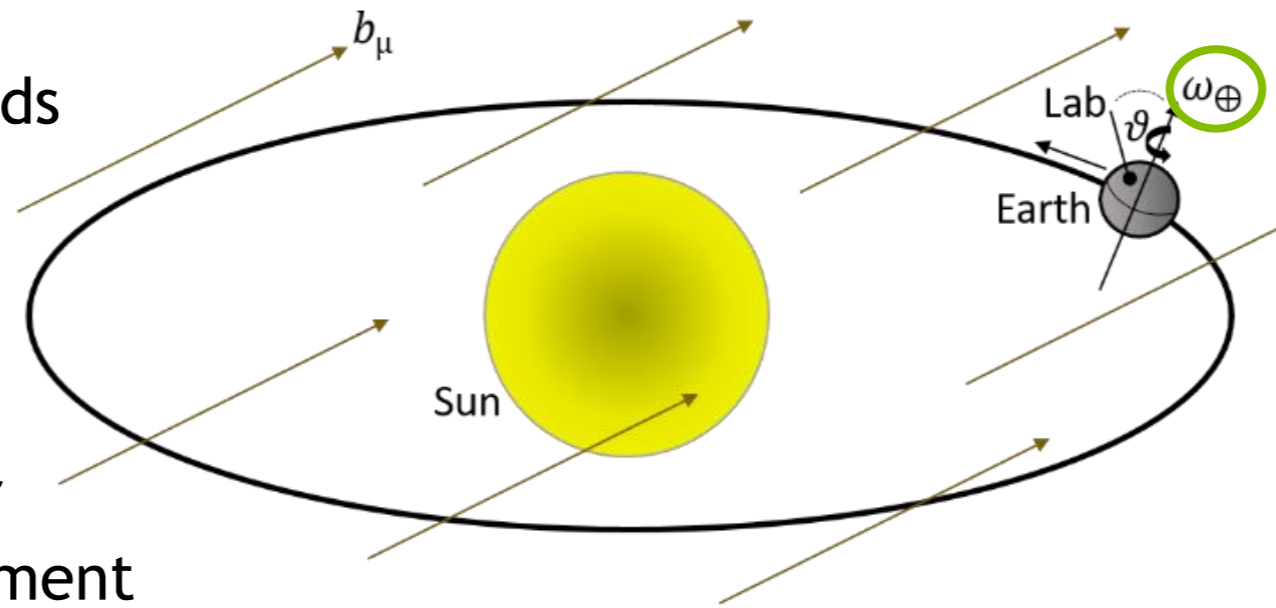
ASACUSA, *Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A* 376:20170273, (2018).

M A Humphrey et al., *PRA* 68 063807 (2003).

Principle: compare π transition in B-fields of same strength, **but opposite polarity**

Challenge: B-field determination

Approach: use σ transition ($\Delta M_F = 0$) for independent B-field measurement



$$2\pi\delta\nu(\Delta M_F) = \frac{\Delta M_F}{2\sqrt{3}\pi} \sum_{q=0}^2 \alpha m_r^{2q} (1 + 4\delta_{q2}) \times \sum_{\mathcal{W}} [-g_{\mathcal{W}(2q)10}^{0B} + H_{\mathcal{W}(2q)10}^{0B} - 2g_{\mathcal{W}(2q)10}^{1B} + H_{\mathcal{W}(2q)10}^{1B}]$$



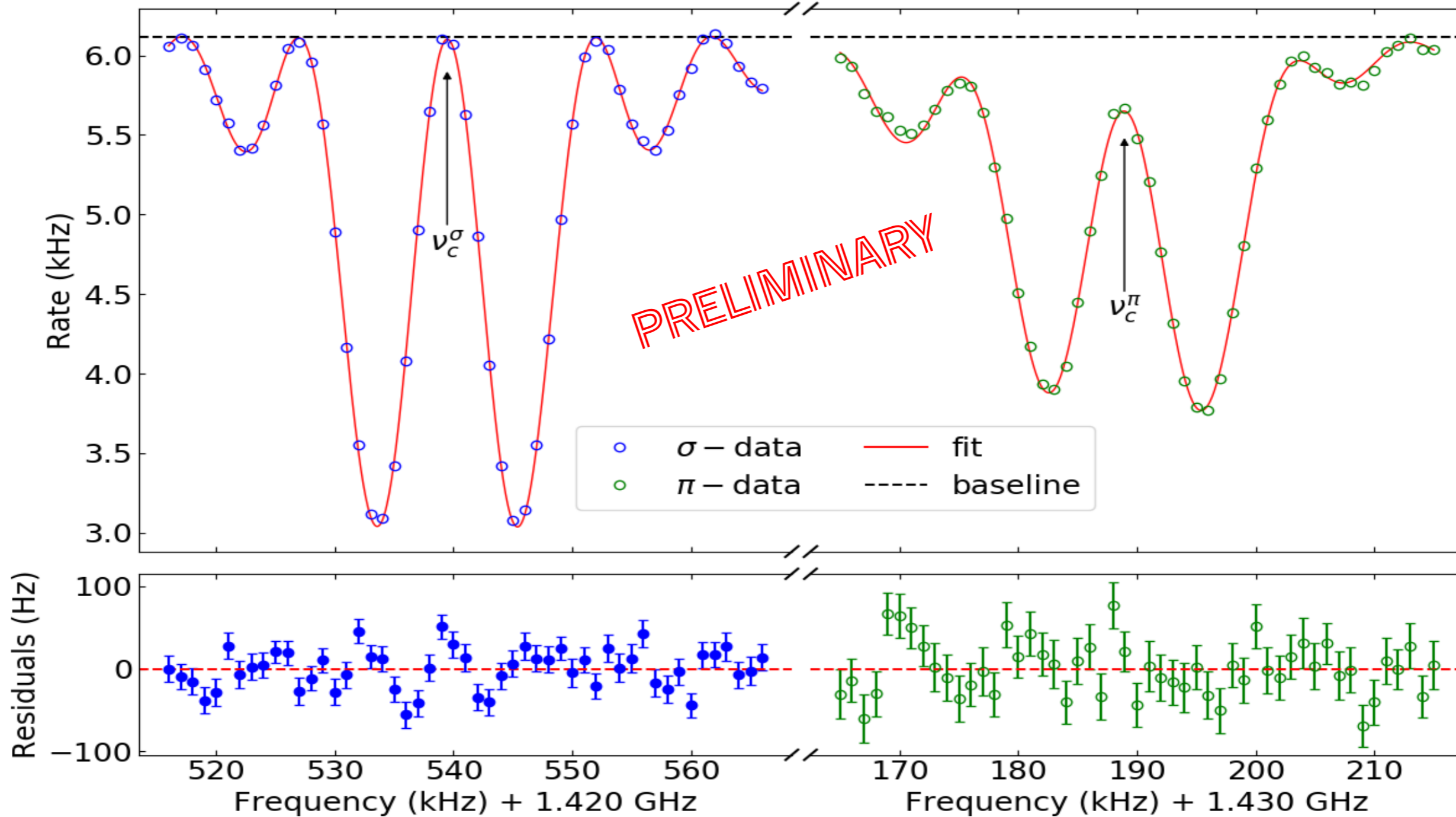


$\sigma - \pi$ resonance comparison

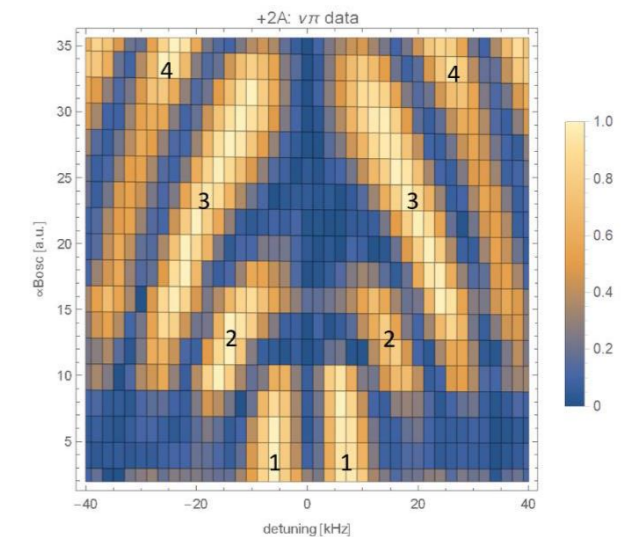
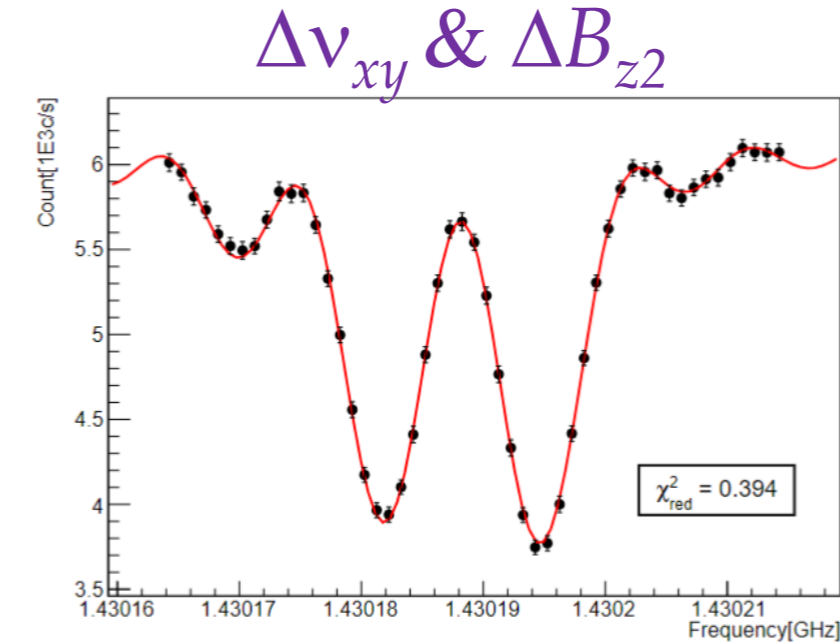
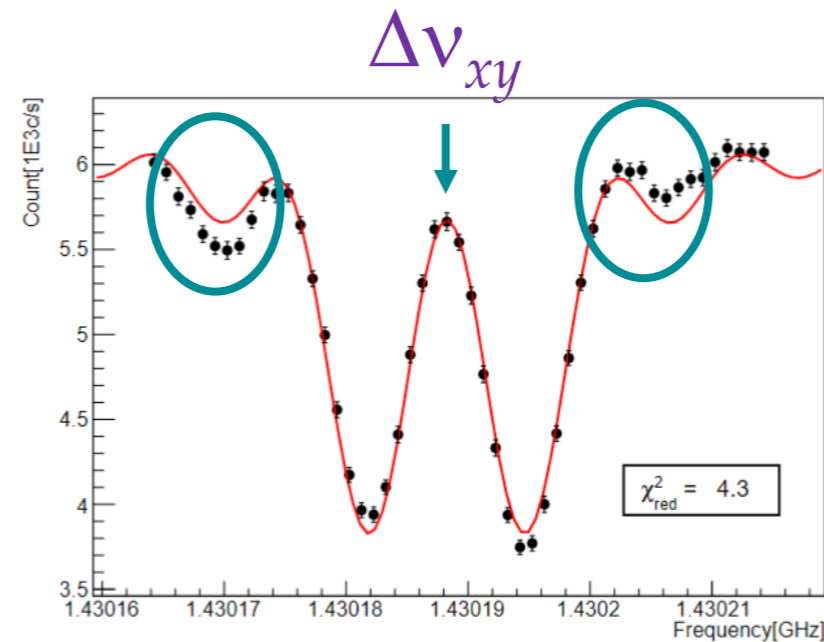
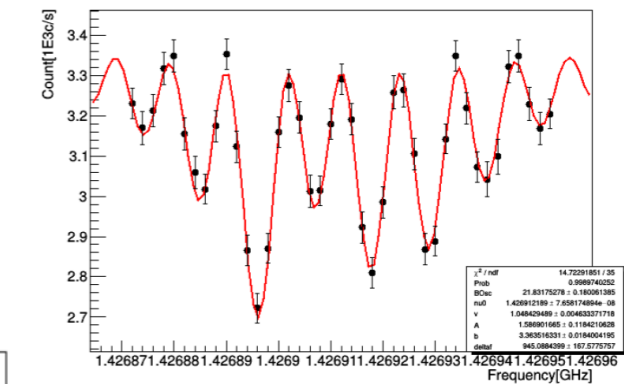
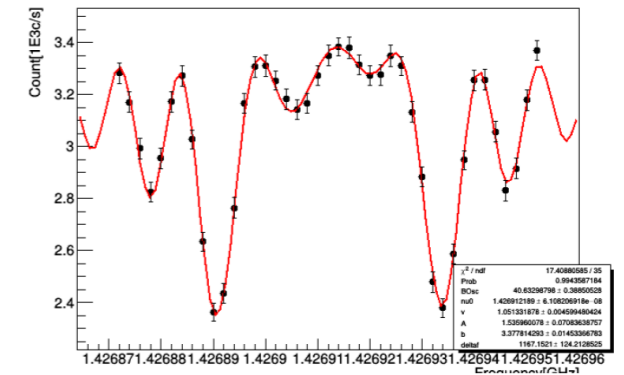
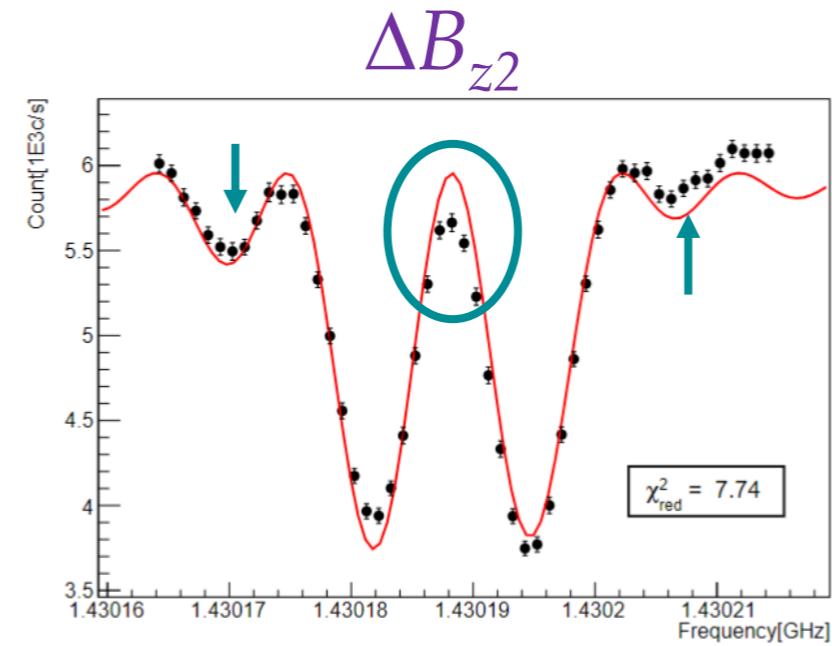
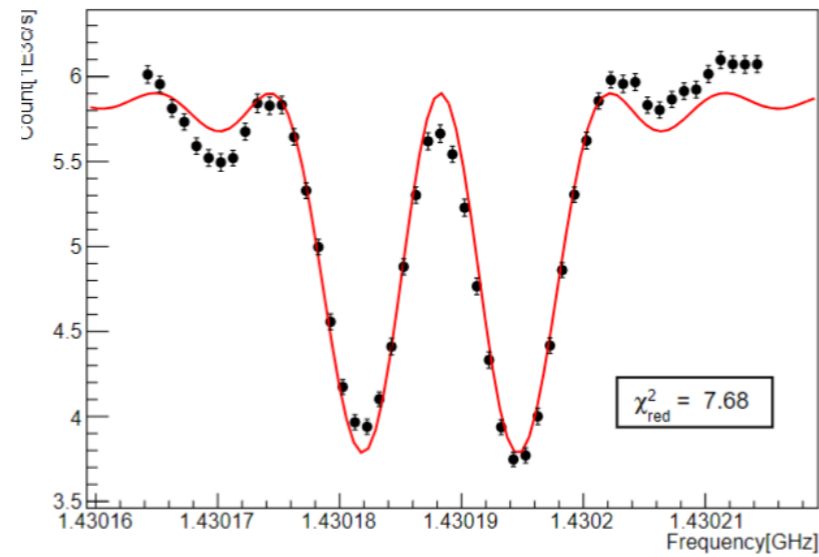
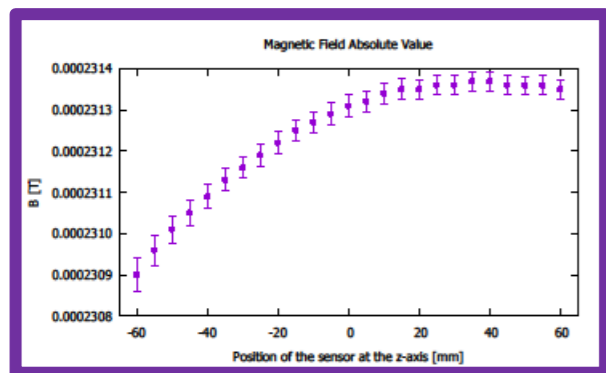
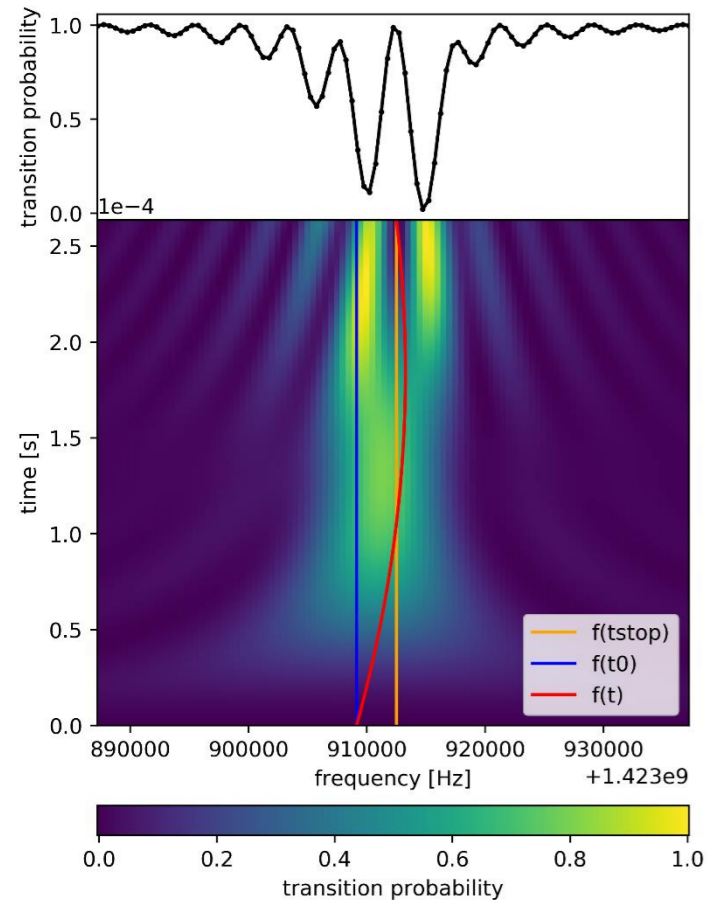
Example:
-0.68 mT (-3 A)

$\sigma - \pi$ pair data:

- Successively recorded
- σ : 45min
- π : 15min
- Polarisation close to 50:50 !

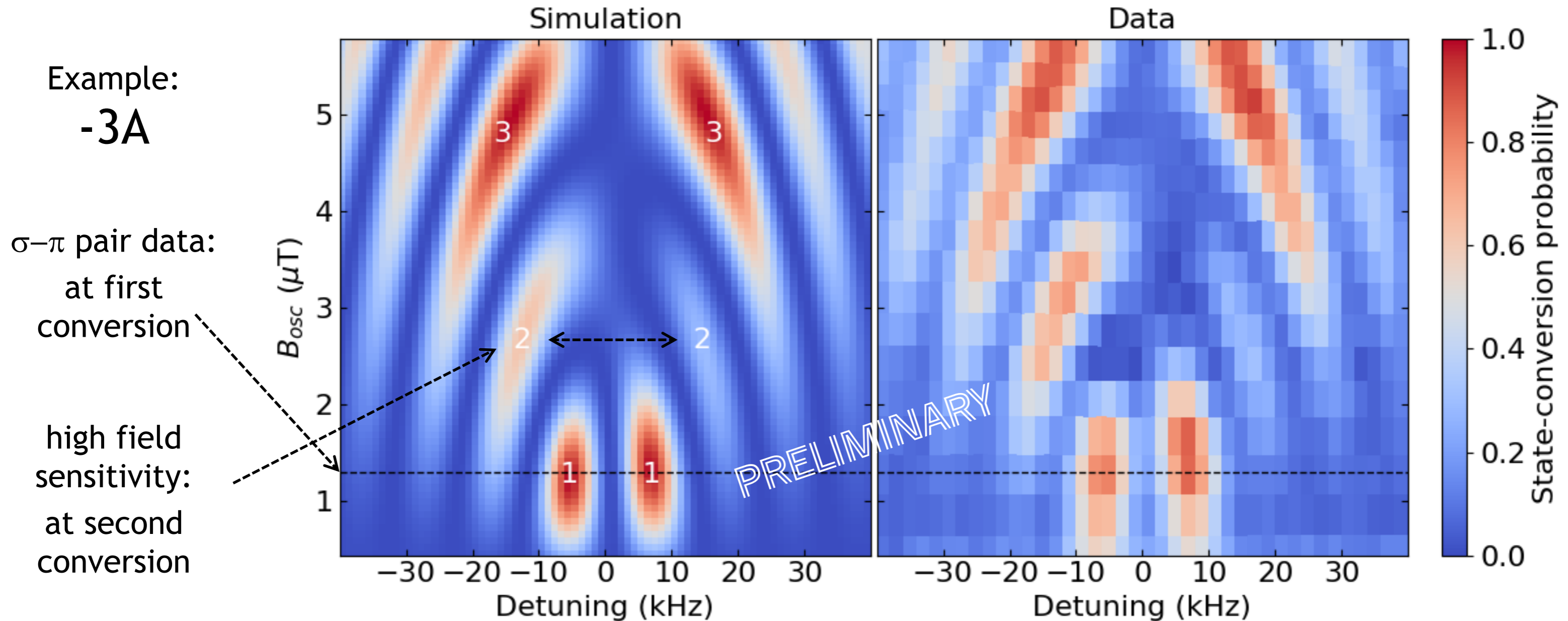


Combination of B-field parameters needed!



π - probability maps

Independent data sets: extract field parameters (ΔB_{z1} & ΔB_{z2}), fix probability map used in fitting routine





Error Budget (systematic)

$B_{osc} \rightarrow$ open fit parameter (like v_c, b, a)

$\Delta\nu_{xy}$
 v

	$\pi^+:$ $\overline{\Delta\nu_c} \pm \sigma_{\nu_c}^s$ [Hz]	$\pi^-:$ $\overline{\Delta\nu_c} \pm \sigma_{\nu_c}^s$ [Hz]	$\sigma^+:$ $\overline{\Delta\nu_c} \pm \sigma_{\nu_c}^s$ [Hz]	$\sigma^-:$ $\overline{\Delta\nu_c} \pm \sigma_{\nu_c}^s$ [Hz]
±3A shifts				
$\Delta\nu^{x,y} + \sigma_{\Delta\nu_{\pi/\sigma}}$	-0.24 ± 0.46	-0.41 ± 0.42	0.00 ± 0.00	0.00 ± 0.00
$\Delta\nu^{x,y} - \sigma_{\Delta\nu_{\pi/\sigma}}$	0.21 ± 0.43	0.38 ± 0.41	0.00 ± 0.00	0.00 ± 0.00
$vel + \sigma_{vel_{\pi/\sigma}}$	0.01 ± 0.71	1.20 ± 1.01	-0.19 ± 0.20	-0.15 ± 0.21
$vel - \sigma_{vel_{\pi/\sigma}}$	0.01 ± 0.70	-1.11 ± 1.00	0.22 ± 0.20	0.18 ± 0.20
±2.5A shifts				
$\Delta\nu^{x,y} + \sigma_{\Delta\nu_{\pi/\sigma}}$	-0.09 ± 0.27	-0.49 ± 0.60	0.00 ± 0.00	0.00 ± 0.00
$\Delta\nu^{x,y} - \sigma_{\Delta\nu_{\pi/\sigma}}$	0.06 ± 0.25	0.43 ± 0.57	0.00 ± 0.00	0.00 ± 0.00
$vel + \sigma_{vel_{\pi/\sigma}}$	0.02 ± 0.76	0.80 ± 1.00	-0.16 ± 0.20	-0.19 ± 0.23
$vel - \sigma_{vel_{\pi/\sigma}}$	-0.01 ± 0.75	-0.74 ± 0.99	0.17 ± 0.19	0.20 ± 0.22
±2A shifts				
$\Delta\nu^{x,y} + \sigma_{\Delta\nu_{\pi/\sigma}}$	-0.15 ± 0.31	-0.11 ± 0.20	0.00 ± 0.00	0.00 ± 0.00
$\Delta\nu^{x,y} - \sigma_{\Delta\nu_{\pi/\sigma}}$	0.12 ± 0.27	0.10 ± 0.19	0.00 ± 0.00	0.00 ± 0.00
$vel + \sigma_{vel_{\pi/\sigma}}$	-0.24 ± 0.41	0.30 ± 0.52	-0.12 ± 0.13	-0.18 ± 0.14
$vel - \sigma_{vel_{\pi/\sigma}}$	0.25 ± 0.41	-0.25 ± 0.51	0.13 ± 0.13	0.19 ± 0.13

shift type	π (+ current) [Hz]	π (- current) [Hz]	σ (+ current) [Hz]	σ (- current) [Hz]
$\Delta\nu^{x,y}$	0.46	0.60	0.00	0.00
v	0.76	1.20	0.22	0.23
ΔB_2^z	3.15	3.13	0.04	0.04
total (in quadr.)	3.27	3.41	0.22	0.23
ΔB_1^z	2.81	1.82		
low errorbar	4.38	3.86		

PRELIMINARY

ΔB_{z2}

+3 A transition	shift type	$\Delta\nu_c^i$ [Hz]	$\Delta\nu_c^{OBF}$ [Hz]	$ \Delta\nu_c^{OBF} - \Delta\nu_c^i $ [Hz]
π	$\Delta B_2^z + \sigma_{\Delta B_2^z}$	26.67	29.75 ± 0.33	2.99
π	$\Delta B_2^z - \sigma_{\Delta B_2^z}$	-26.56	-29.71 ± 0.35	3.15
σ	$\Delta B_2^z + \sigma_{\Delta B_2^z}$	0.71	0.73 ± 0.01	0.02
σ	$\Delta B_2^z - \sigma_{\Delta B_2^z}$	-0.69	-0.73 ± 0.01	0.04
-3 A transition	shift type	$\Delta\nu_c^i$ [Hz]	$\Delta\nu_c^{OBF}$ [Hz]	$ \Delta\nu_c^{OBF} - \Delta\nu_c^i $ [Hz]
π	$\Delta B_2^z + \sigma_{\Delta B_2^z}$	27.03	30.09 ± 0.29	3.06
π	$\Delta B_2^z - \sigma_{\Delta B_2^z}$	-26.92	-30.05 ± 0.30	3.13
σ	$\Delta B_2^z + \sigma_{\Delta B_2^z}$	0.70	0.73 ± 0.01	0.03
σ	$\Delta B_2^z - \sigma_{\Delta B_2^z}$	-0.69	-0.73 ± 0.01	0.04

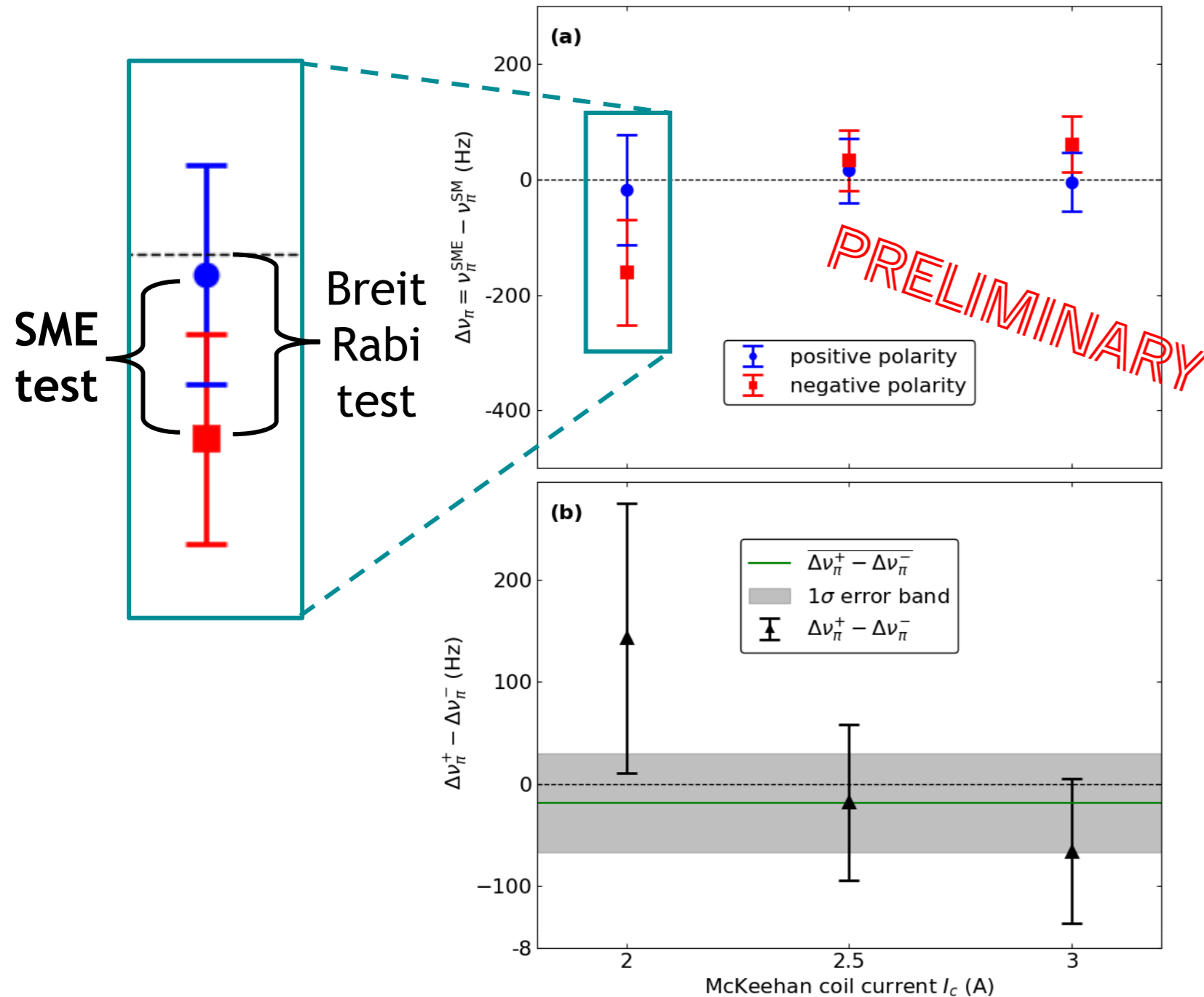
ΔB_{z1}

Current [A]	Transition	shift type	$\Delta\nu_c^i$ [Hz]	$\Delta\nu_c^{OBF}$ [Hz]	$ \Delta\nu_c^{OBF} - \Delta\nu_c^i $ [Hz]
+3 A	π	$\Delta B_1^z + 3\sigma_{\Delta B_1^z}$	2.81	2.81 ± 1.01	0.
-3 A	π	$\Delta B_1^z + 3\sigma_{\Delta B_1^z}$	1.82	1.77 ± 0.63	0.05

Polarity	σ_{σ}^{fin} [Hz]	$lo\sigma_{\pi}^{fin}$ [Hz]	$hi\sigma_{\pi}^{fin}$ [Hz]
+	0.22	4.31	3.27
-	0.23	3.86	3.41

Source \ Transition	σ^+	π^+	σ^-	π^-
$\Delta\nu^{x,y}$	<10 mHz	0.46	<10 mHz	0.60
v_H	0.22	0.76	0.23	1.20
ΔB_2^z	0.04	3.15	0.04	3.13
total (in quadr.)	0.22	3.27	0.23	3.41
ΔB_1^z (only positive shift)	<10 mHz	2.81	<10 mHz	1.82
Total lower error [Hz]	0.22	4.38	0.23	3.86
Total upper error [Hz]	0.22	3.27	0.23	3.41

Unblind: July 19th - CPT/LIV Test



Statistical uncertainties only:

Current (A)	Err ν_π (Hz)	Err ν_σ (Hz)	Err $\nu_\pi(\sigma)$ (Hz)	$\Delta\nu_\pi^+ - \Delta\nu_\pi^-$ (Hz)
+ 2.0	± 1.93	± 0.82	± 45.8	- 18.7 ± 48.3 $\mathcal{K}_{W_{k10}}^{\text{Sun}}$ $\sim < 10^{-21}$ GeV
+ 2.5	± 1.34	± 0.60	± 26.9	
+ 3.0	± 1.32	± 0.51	± 19.1	
- 2.0	± 2.28	± 0.84	± 46.9	
- 2.5	± 1.61	± 0.60	± 26.9	
- 3.0	± 1.70	± 0.51	± 19.1	

Figure of merit: double differential:

$$(\nu_\pi - \nu_{\pi(\sigma)})_{\text{pos}} - (\nu_\pi - \nu_{\pi(\sigma)})_{\text{neg}}$$

Uncertainty blows up due to:

$$\nu_\pi(B(\nu_\sigma)) \rightarrow \frac{\partial \nu_\sigma}{\partial B} / \frac{\partial \nu_\pi}{\partial B}$$

Implications for antihydrogen

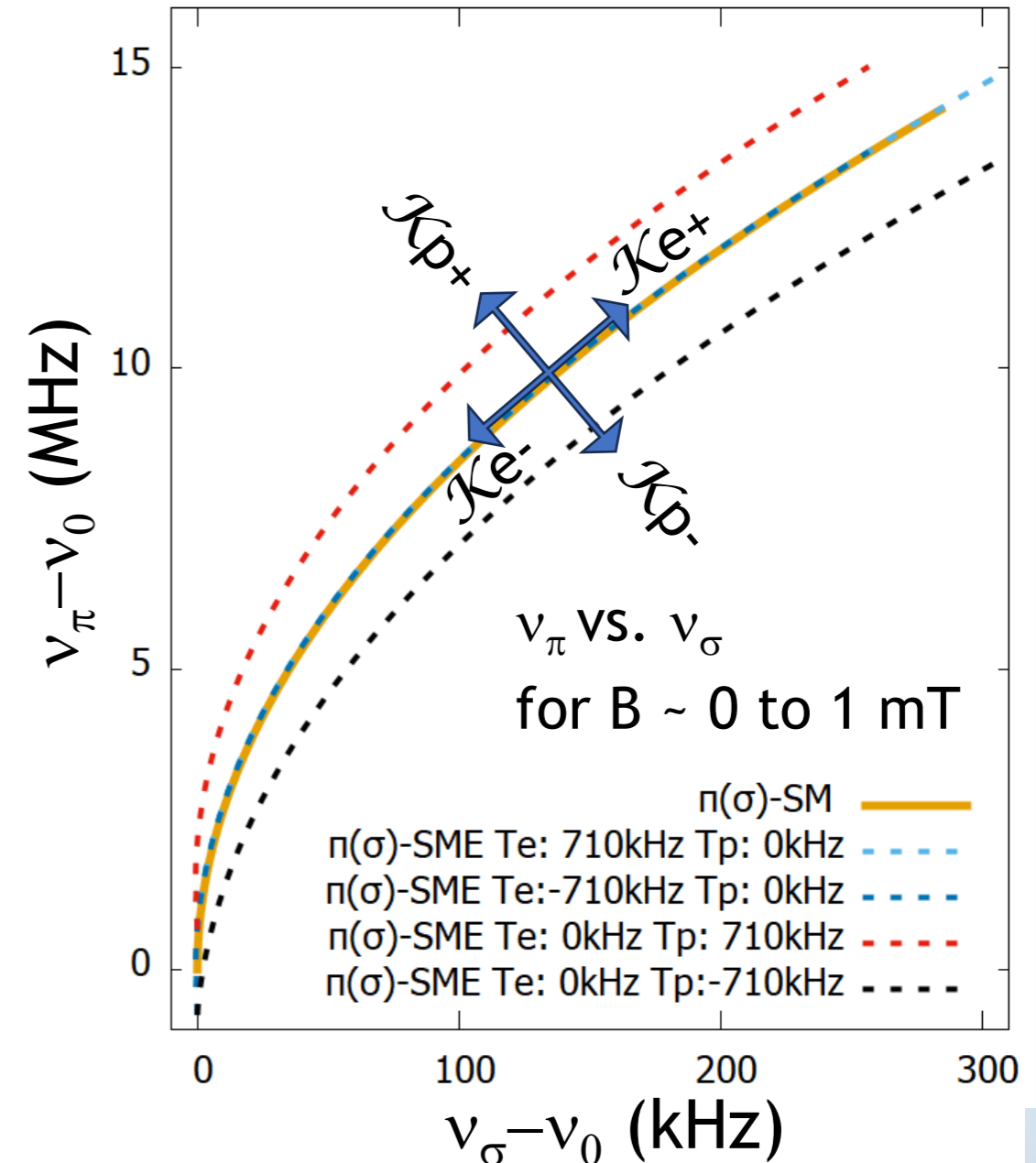
Coefficient \mathcal{K}	Constraint on $ \mathcal{K} $
proton	
$H_{p010}^{NR(0B),Sun}, g_{p010}^{NR(0B),Sun}$	$< 1.2 \times 10^{-21} \text{ GeV}$
$H_{p010}^{NR(1B),Sun}, g_{p010}^{NR(1B),Sun}$	$< 5.8 \times 10^{-22} \text{ GeV}$
$H_{p210}^{NR(0B),Sun}, g_{p210}^{NR(0B),Sun}$	$< 8.4 \times 10^{-11} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$
$H_{p210}^{NR(1B),Sun}, g_{p210}^{NR(1B),Sun}$	$< 4.2 \times 10^{-11} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$
$H_{p410}^{NR(0B),Sun}, g_{p410}^{NR(0B),Sun}$	$< 1.2 \text{ GeV}^{-3}$
$H_{p410}^{NR(1B),Sun}, g_{p410}^{NR(1B),Sun}$	$< 0.6 \text{ GeV}^{-3}$
electron	
$H_{e010}^{NR(0B),Sun}, g_{e010}^{NR(0B),Sun}$	$< 7.7 \times 10^{-19} \text{ GeV}$
$H_{e010}^{NR(1B),Sun}, g_{e010}^{NR(1B),Sun}$	$< 3.8 \times 10^{-19} \text{ GeV}$
$H_{e210}^{NR(0B),Sun}, g_{e210}^{NR(0B),Sun}$	$< 5.5 \times 10^{-8} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$
$H_{e210}^{NR(1B),Sun}, g_{e210}^{NR(1B),Sun}$	$< 2.8 \times 10^{-8} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$
$H_{e410}^{NR(0B),Sun}, g_{e410}^{NR(0B),Sun}$	$< 8.0 \times 10^2 \text{ GeV}^{-3}$
$H_{e410}^{NR(1B),Sun}, g_{e410}^{NR(1B),Sun}$	$< 4.0 \times 10^2 \text{ GeV}^{-3}$

← Our new constraints

- Different for e & p !
- Not on the level of maser:
 - Precision
 - Error propagation $\sigma \rightarrow \pi$
 - Sidereal scheme vs. flipping

TABLE III. Constraints on the moduli of the real and imaginary parts of electron and proton nonrelativistic coefficients determined from hyperfine Zeeman transitions in hydrogen using Eq. (52).

Coefficient \mathcal{K}	Constraint on $ \text{Re}\mathcal{K} , \text{Im}\mathcal{K} $
$H_{011}^{NR(0B)}, g_{011}^{NR(0B)}$	$< 9 \times 10^{-27} \text{ GeV}$
$H_{011}^{NR(1B)}, g_{011}^{NR(1B)}$	$< 5 \times 10^{-27} \text{ GeV}$
$H_{211}^{NR(0B)}, g_{211}^{NR(0B)}$	$< 7 \times 10^{-16} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$
$H_{211}^{NR(1B)}, g_{211}^{NR(1B)}$	$< 4 \times 10^{-16} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$
$H_{411}^{NR(0B)}, g_{411}^{NR(0B)}$	$< 9 \times 10^{-6} \text{ GeV}^{-3}$
$H_{411}^{NR(1B)}, g_{411}^{NR(1B)}$	$< 5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ GeV}^{-3}$





Unblind: July 19th - ν_0 result

Both measurements at the same field:

$$\nu_{Hfs}(\pm) = \frac{g_+^2 (2\nu_\pi - \nu_\sigma) \pm g_- \sqrt{\Delta}}{g_+^2 + g_-^2} = \left(\frac{a}{2\pi} \right)$$

PRELIMINARY

Claude Amsler
(SMI Retreat 03.'23)

Error propagation:

$\nu_\sigma \rightarrow$ basically 1:1

$\nu_\pi \rightarrow$ suppressed by $\sim 10^{-2}$

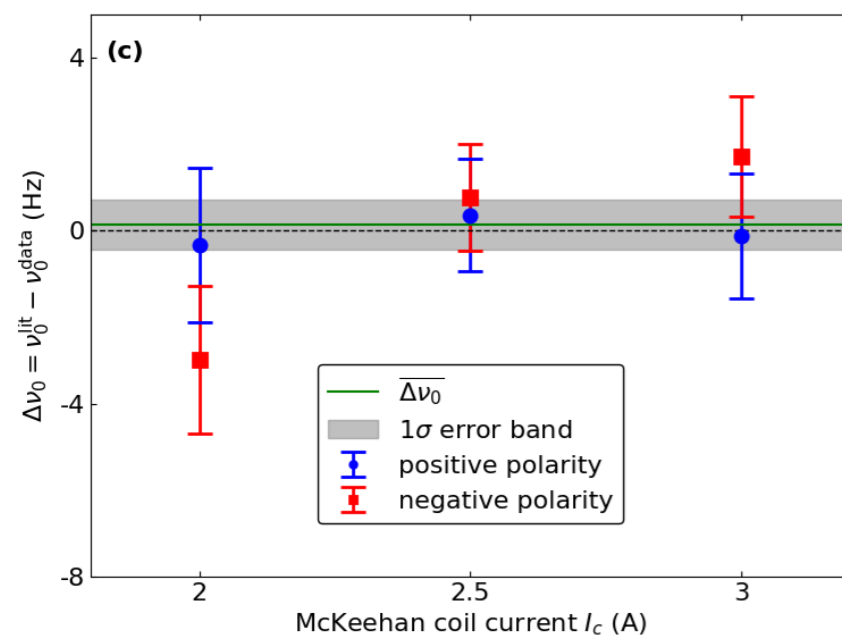
SME sensitivity reduced

but robust method w.r.t. B-field

with

$$\Delta \equiv \nu_\sigma^2 g_-^2 - 4g_+^2 \nu_\pi^2 + 4g_+^2 \nu_\pi \nu_\sigma.$$

$$g_\pm = g_e \pm g_p m_e/m_p.$$



new best ν_0 determination for hydrogen HFS in a beam

$$\nu_0^{\text{lit}} - \nu_0^{\text{data}} = 140 \pm 590(\text{stat}) \pm 260(\text{syst}) \text{ mHz}$$

<0.5 p.p.b. result
 \rightarrow improve systematics propagation
 \rightarrow check 2nd order QED effects (for π around 200 mHz - Shabeav)

Current (A)	Err ν_π (Hz)	Err ν_σ (Hz)	ν_0 (Hz)
+ 2.0	± 1.93	± 0.82	-0.34 ± 1.79
+ 2.5	± 1.34	± 0.60	0.35 ± 1.29
+ 3.0	± 1.32	± 0.51	-0.13 ± 1.45
- 2.0	± 2.28	± 0.84	-2.98 ± 1.70
- 2.5	± 1.61	± 0.60	0.77 ± 1.23
- 3.0	± 1.70	± 0.51	1.70 ± 1.39

Outlook & Summary

- Deuterium

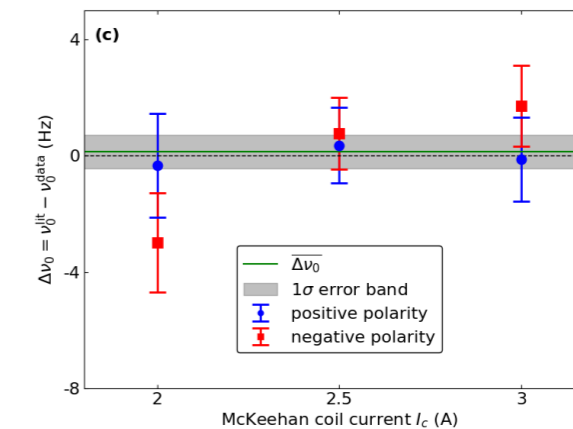
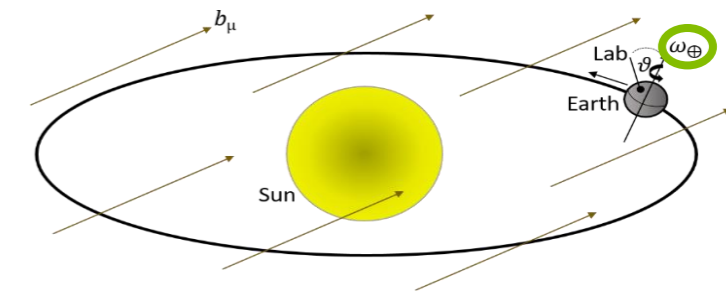
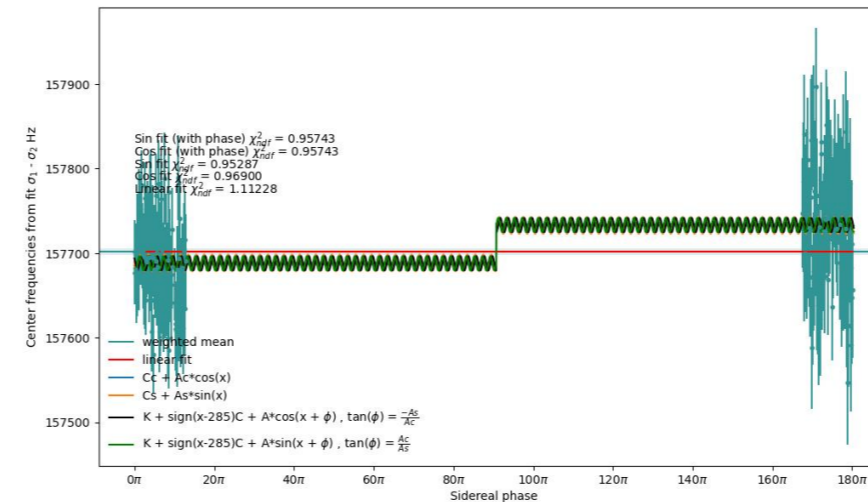
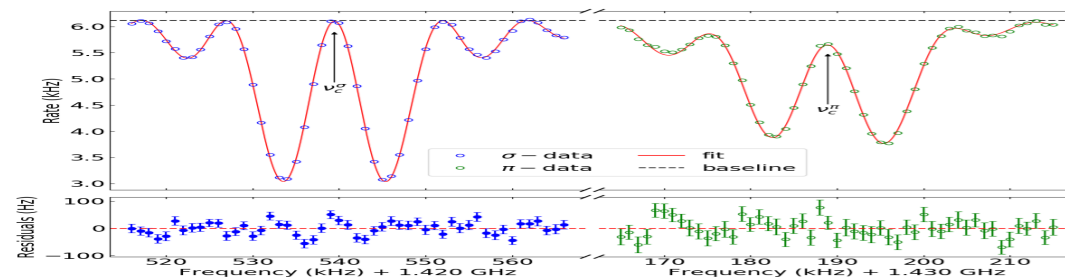
- Setup ready for next campaigns
- Add boost analysis
- Measure at other/stronger fields

- Hydrogen

- Presently no activity at CERN (return if needed for simultaneous measurements)
- Testing Ramsey for antihydrogen

- H&D

- Slower beams in Vienna/Paris
- Improved Magnetometry



- HFS Rabi-measurements on H & D → new SME constraints
- Sidereal variations (D) vs. field flips (H)
- Effects from B-field inhomogeneities well understood
- Apparatus for antihydrogen well characterized
- Best in-beam HFS values

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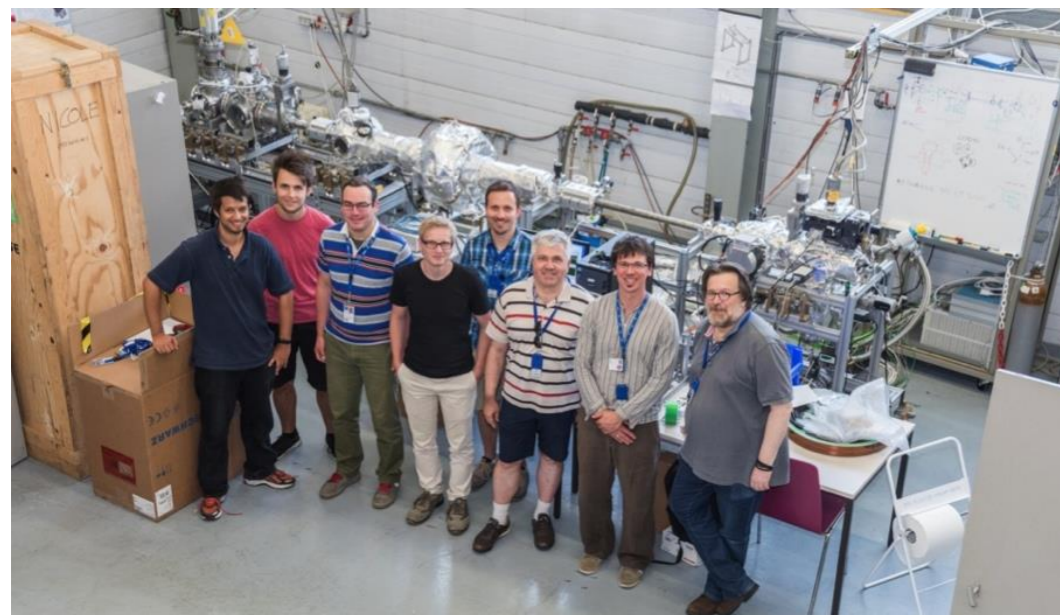
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