







Santiago Paredes Sáenz

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HEPHY Vienna March 2020



Overview

- Motivation for di-higgs to 4b searches
 - Higgs self-coupling
- hh→4b ATLAS analysis
- **Future** of **hh** searches
- Summary

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My recent work

ATLAS

hh→4b analysis

- Developed and maintained boosted analysis software framework
- Implemented use of Variable Radius track jets
- Tested background reweighting using boosted decision trees
- Performed statistical analysis, proposed new result interpretation

- Developed framework for performance monitoring plots
- Evaluated and monitored trigger performance during 2017 run

hh→4b phenomenology study

- Developed and maintained neural-network-based analysis
- Implemented baseline boosted analysis

My recent work

ATLAS

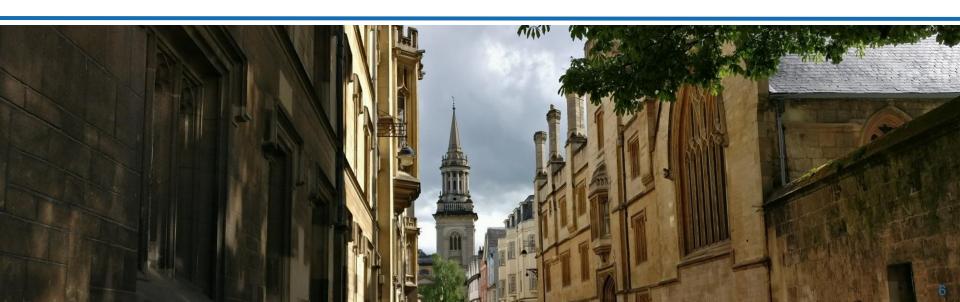
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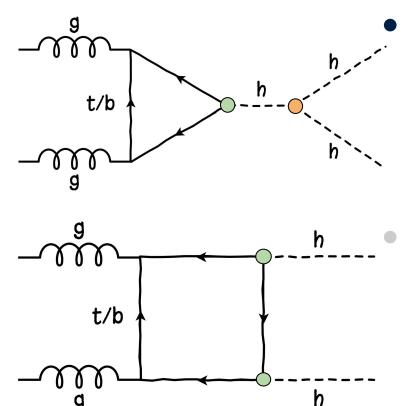
THIS

TALK

- hh→4b analysis
 - Developed and maintained boosted analysis software framework
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- **▶ MET Trigger**
 - Developed framework for performance monitoring plots
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- hh→4b phenomenology study
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Motivation



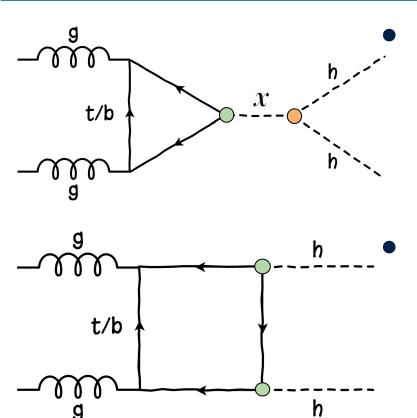


Standard Model

- Sensitive to the higgs self-coupling
- Also to the tth vertex

Beyond the SM

- ▶ New physics effects in 2 & loops
 - Heavy resonances (x) decaying to di-higgs

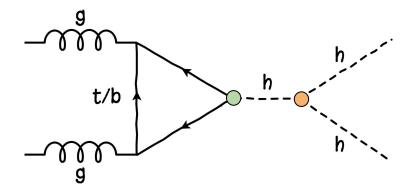


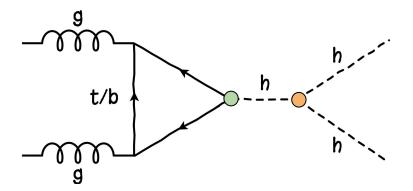
Standard Model

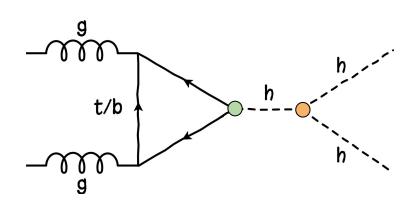
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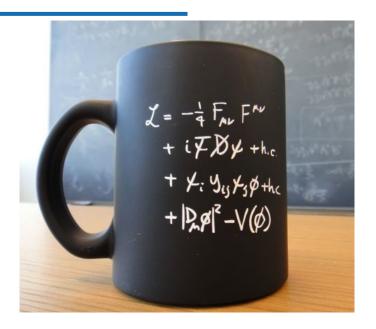
Beyond the SM

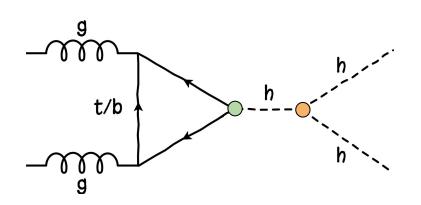
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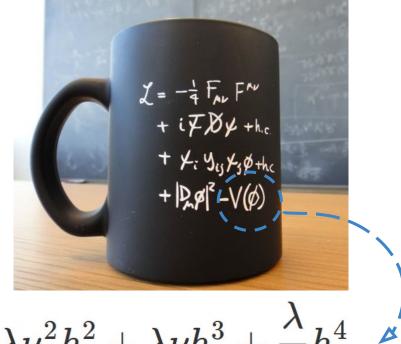




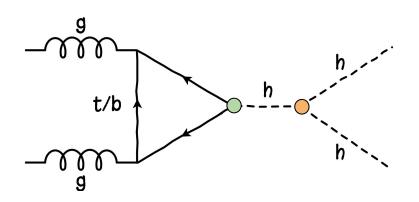


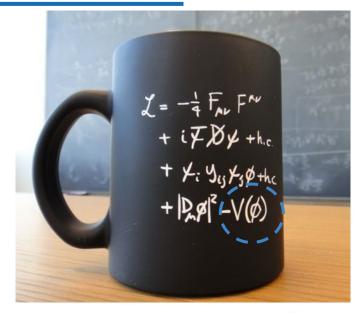




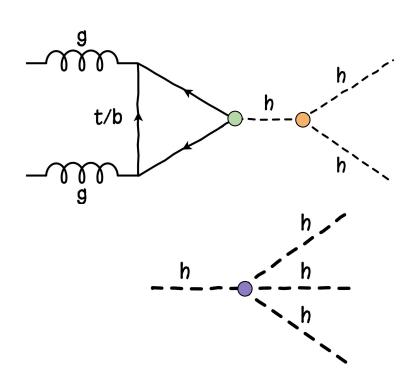


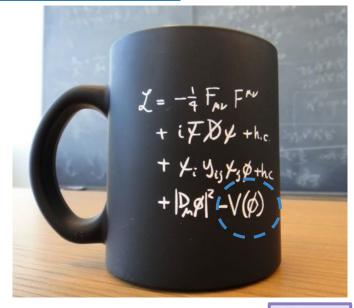
$$\lambda
u^2 h^2 + \lambda
u h^3 + rac{\lambda}{4} h^4$$

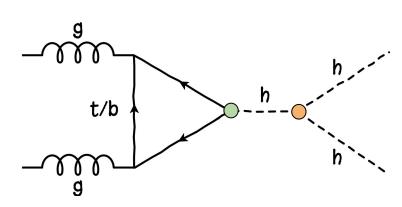




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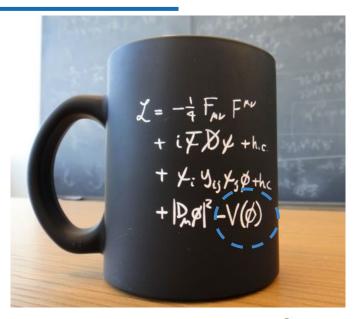






- Key missing measurement in SM
- Defines Higgs potential

 - Baryon asymmetry
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 Baryon asymmetry
- hh is the only way to directly measure self-coupling!

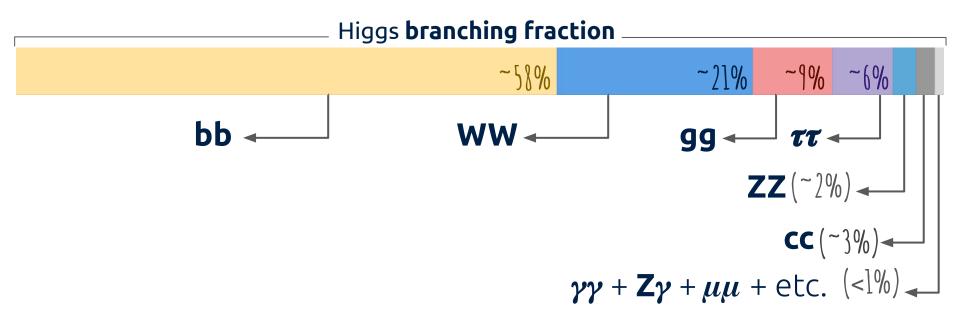


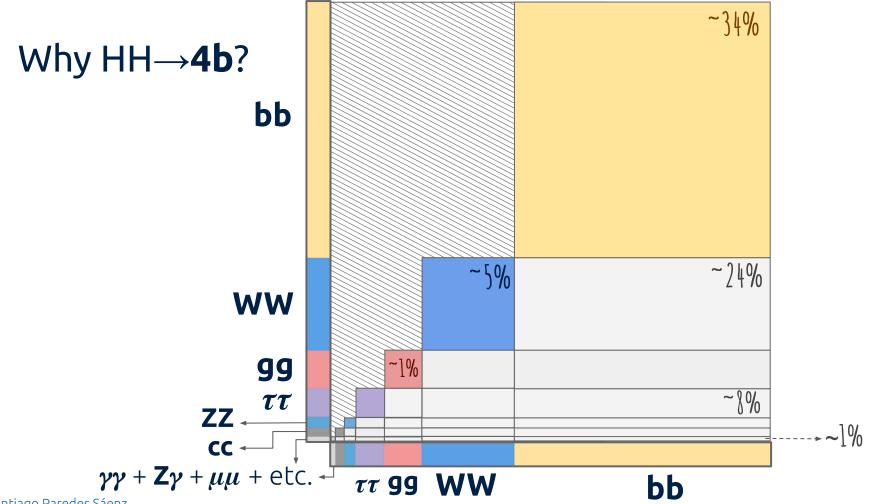
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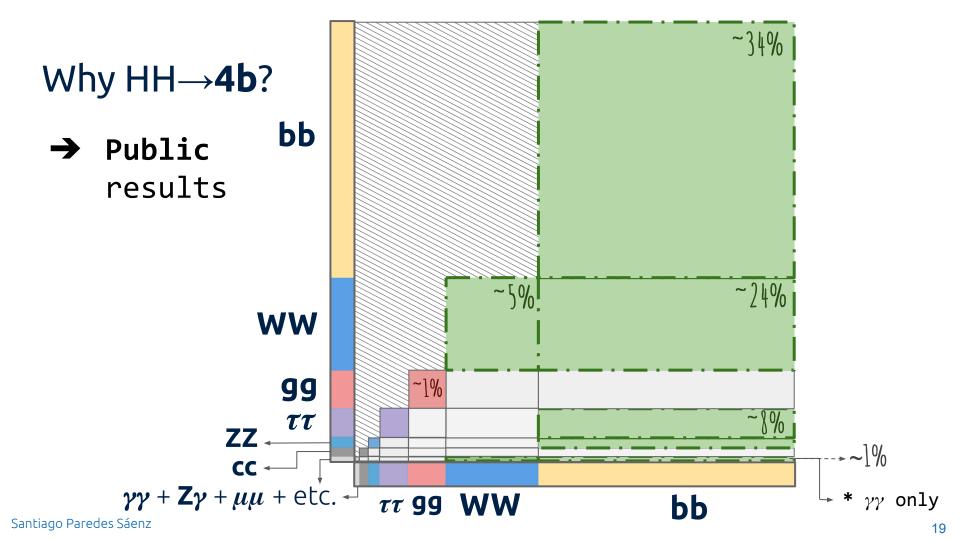
Which channels?

Higgs branching fraction _

Which channels?



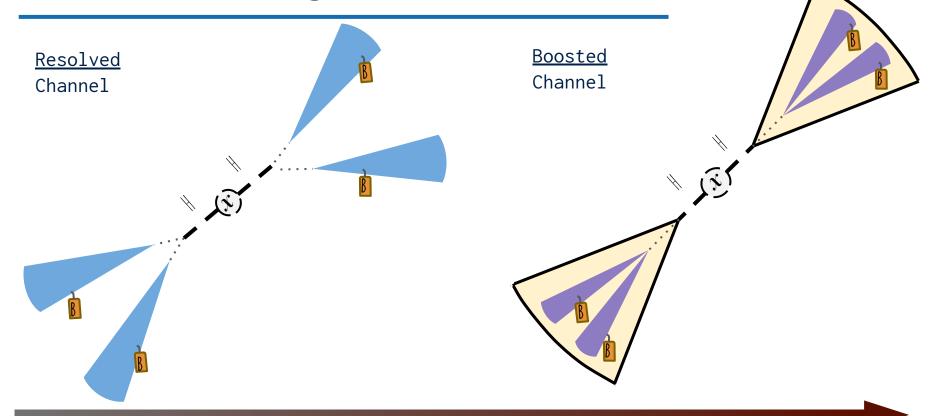




ATLAS hh→4b Analysis



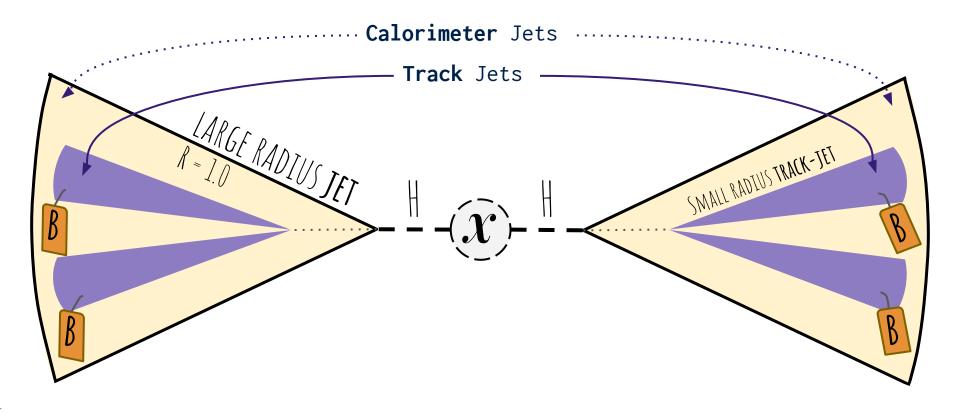
$HH \rightarrow 4b$: two regimes





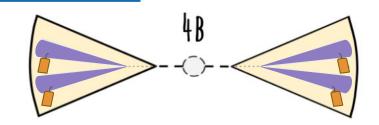
High higgs p_T

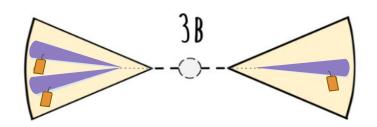
Boosted Signal Event Topology

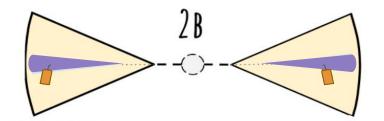


Separate signal regions

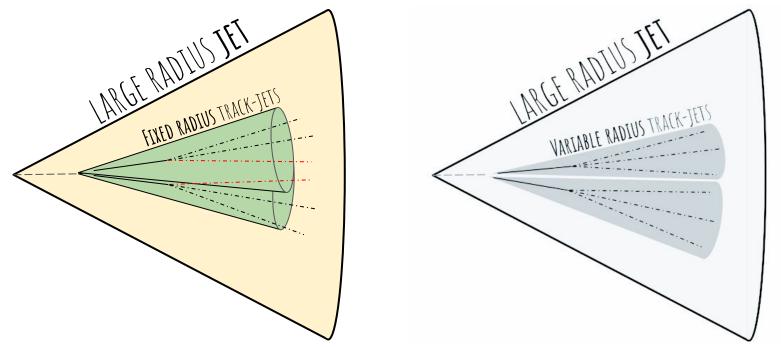
- Boosted higgs bosons
 - Decay to collimated b-jets
 - Jets start to overlap
 - ⇒ Three search regions





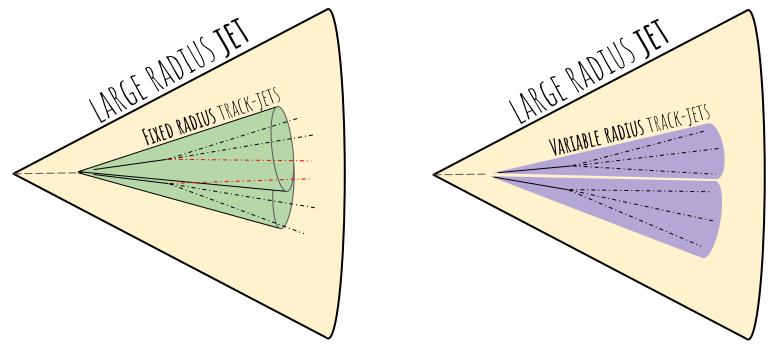


Introduction of Variable Radius Track-Jets



- How to avoid overlapping track jets as p_T increases?
 - ▶ Let the jet's size shrink!

Introduction of Variable Radius Track-Jets



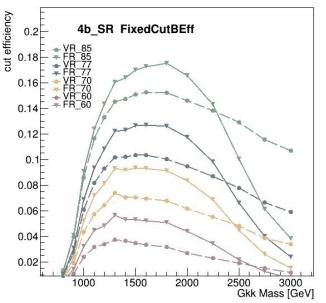
- How to avoid overlapping track jets as p_T increases?
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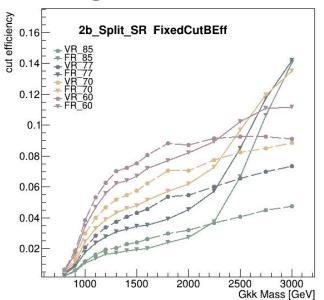
Acceptance Gain in the 4b Region

• Expected migration of events from 2b, 3b, to 4b

Acceptance Gain Loss in the 4b Region

- Expected migration of events from 2b, 3b, to 4b
- **Unexpected** drop in efficiency in the **4b** region
 - Events migrated to the 2b region

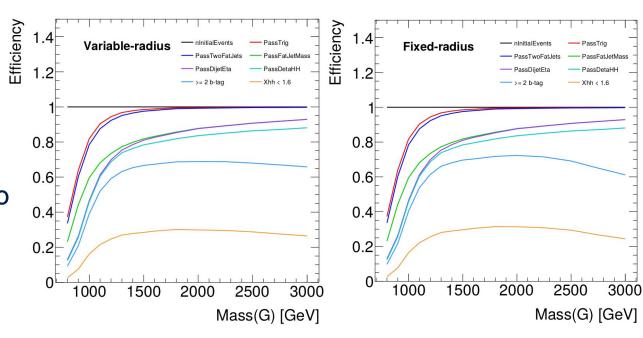




Traced down the problem...

 Working with the flavour tagging group

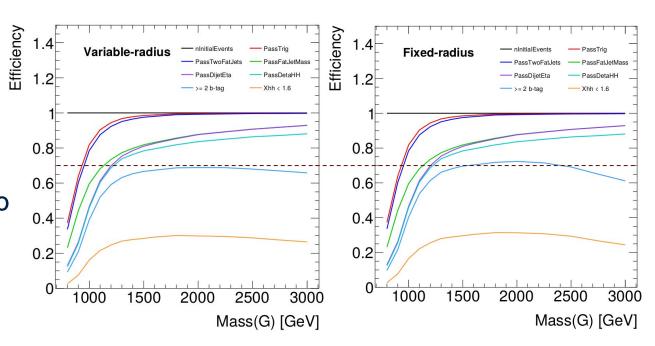
Issue was traced down to a small inefficiency in the b-tagger



Traced down the problem...

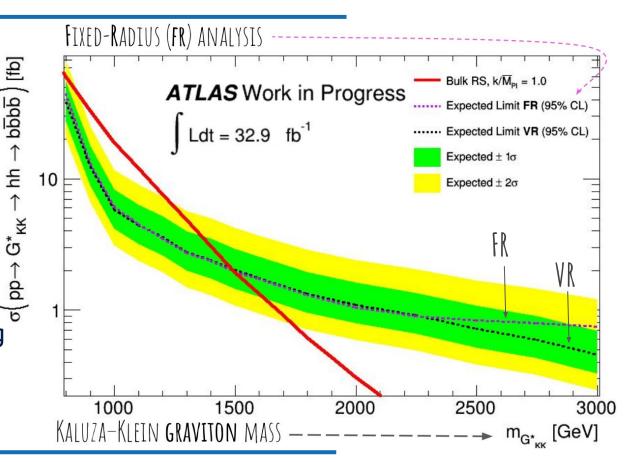
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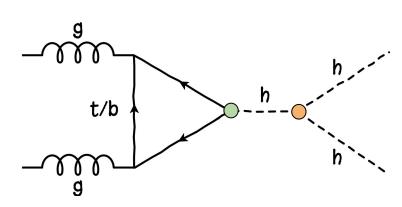
Impact on the Expected Limit

- VR track jets were implemented to the analysis
 - Improvements even with b-tagging issue!
- Input from our search
 prompted a re-training of btagging
 - Expected soon

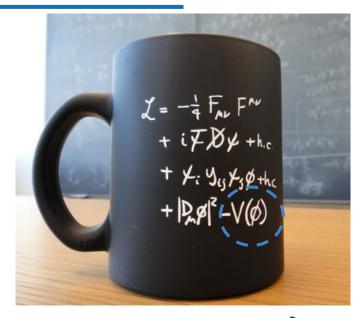


Future of hh searches

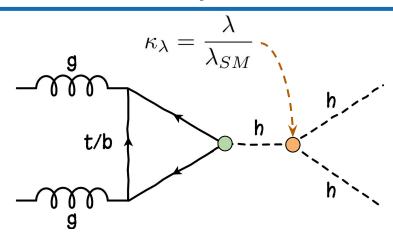




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- Defines Higgs potential
 - Evolution of early universe
 - Baryon asymmetry
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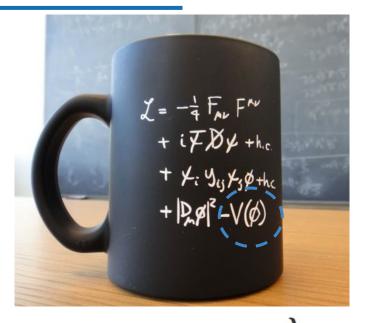
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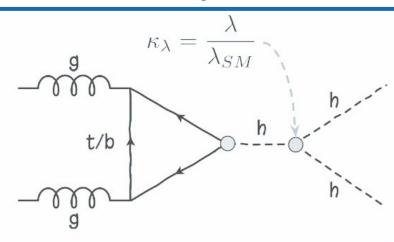


- **Defines** Higgs potential
 - Evolution of early universe



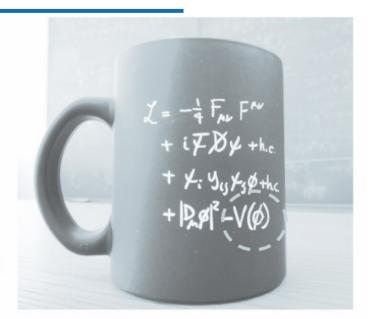


try
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- Defines Higgs potential
 - 4 Evolution of early universe
 - → Baryon asymmetry



$$\lambda
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u h^3 + \frac{\lambda}{4} h^4$$

hh is the only way to directly measure self-coupling!

```
Multiple channels making promising progress!

bbyy, bbvv, and bbbb
```

- Key n HL-LHC projections (<u>vellow report</u>)
- **Defir** \Rightarrow ~3 σ sensitivity for **hh** discovery \Rightarrow EV \Rightarrow ~50% precision on κ_{λ}
- **hh** is the **only** way to **directly measure** self-coupling!

Phenomenology Studies of Di-Higgs→4b

- Study the hh→4b process
 in HL-LHC conditions
 - Explore how to optimize for κ_{λ} precision
 - **techniques** to overcome difficulties

Higgs self-coupling measurements using deep learning and jet substructure

William Balunas, ^a Lydia Beresford, ^a Daniela Bortoletto, ^a James Frost, ^a Cigdem Issever, ^{a,b,c} Jesse Liu, ^d Santiago Paredes Saenz, ^a Michael Spannowsky, ^e and Beojan Stanislaus ^a

^a Department of Physics, University of Oxford, 1 Keble Road, Oxford OX1 3RH, UK

^bHumboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Institut für Physik, Newtonstraße 15, 12489 Berlin, Germany ^cDESY, Platanenallee 6, D-15738 Zeuthen, Germany

^dDepartment of Physics, University of Chicago, 933 E 56th St, Chicago IL 60637, USA

^eInstitute of Particle Physics Phenomenology, Durham University, Durham DH1 3LE, UK

Phenomenology Studies of Di-Higgs→4b

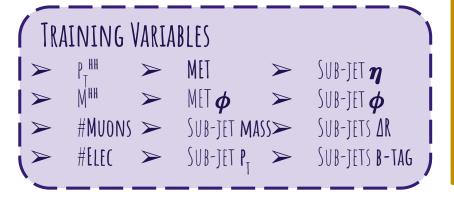
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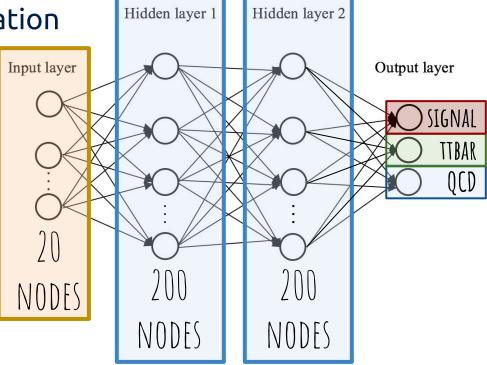
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      ment of Physics, University of Chicago, 933 E 56th St, Chicago IL 60637, USA
  nstitute of Particle Physics Phenomenology, Durham University, Durham DH1 3LE, UK
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Neural Networks Analysis

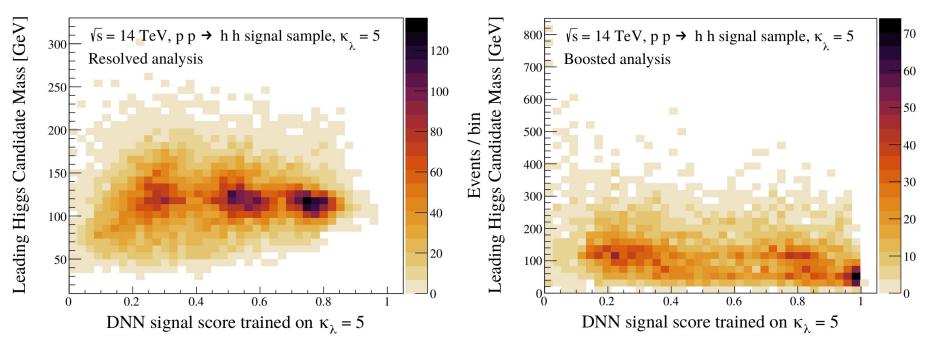
 One of the main challenges is signal-background discrimination

▶ Trained neural networks to improve separation





NN Validation: Signal Sample

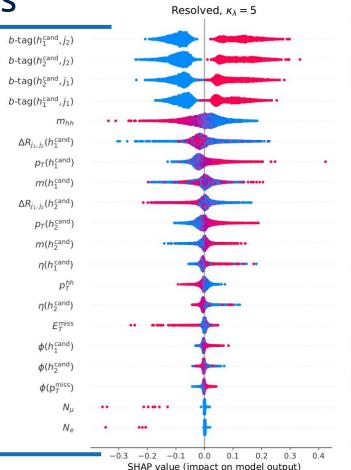


Correlation plots made to validate NN training

NN Feature impact: SHAP values

SHAP:

- SHapley Additive exPlanations
- Combines several feature importance methods
- Impact on signal score of each of the input variables



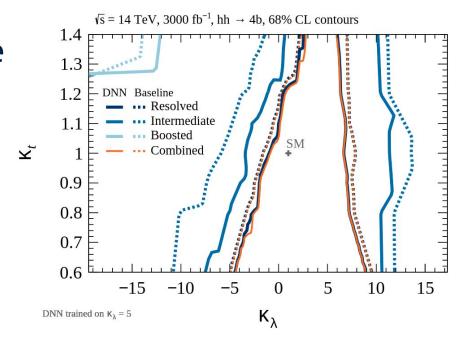
Santiago Paredes Sáenz

40

Feature value

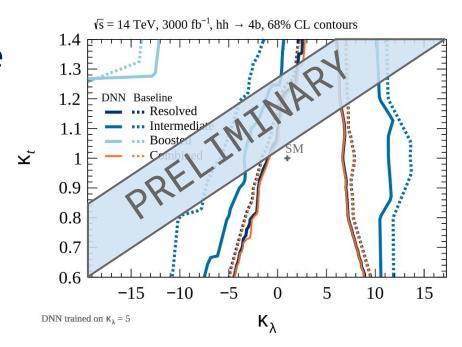
Neural Network Improvements

- Cuts on neural network
 signal score were set in the
 analysis
 - Significant
 improvements, even
 with proof-of-concept
 - Room to expand in the future



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Summary



Summary & Conclusions

- A variety of **di-Higgs** searches are doing good progress towards **discovery** and **constraining** λ_{hhh}
 - ightharpoonup hh
 ightharpoonup 4b and hh
 ightharpoonup bb au two most sensitive channels in ATLAS
- Di-higgs is a rich area for both SM and BSM searches
 - Promising results expected for run III and HL-LHC
 - With new approaches and novel techniques these expectations could even be exceeded!



<u>Latest ATLAS hh4b paper</u> <u>Latest ATLAS bbtautau paper</u> <u>h+hh self-coupling constraints</u>





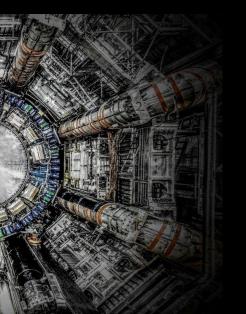
Thanks!

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Thanks!

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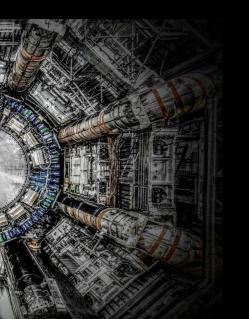
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Additional Slides

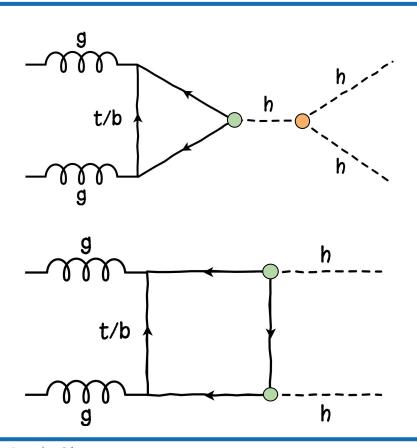
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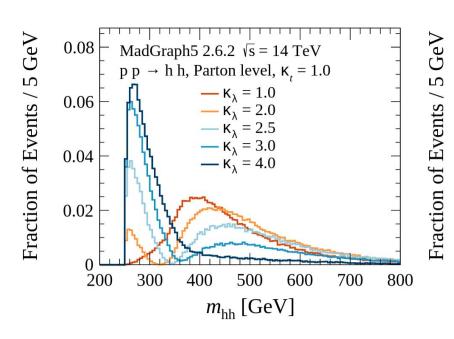
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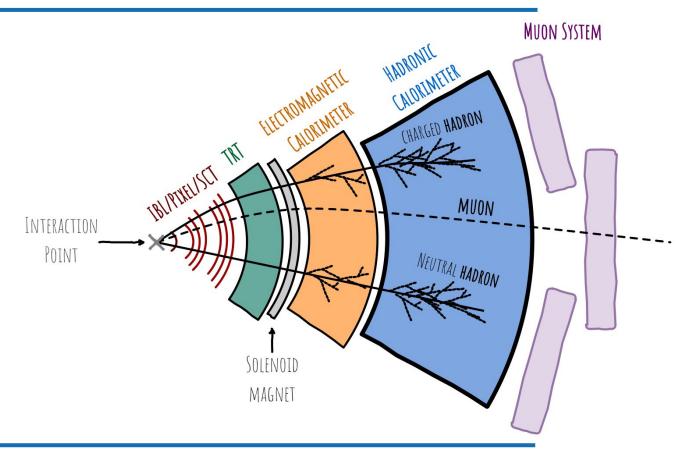


Di-Higgs Diagram Interference



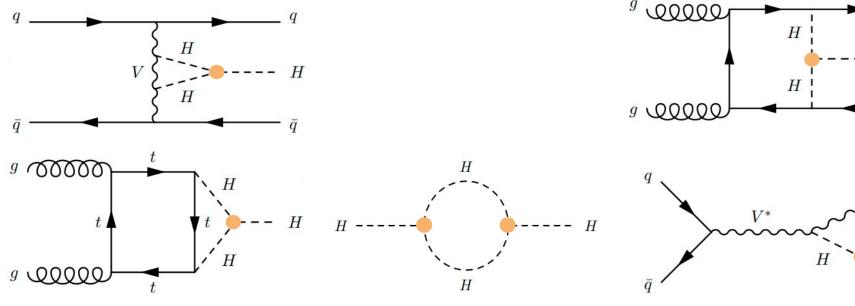


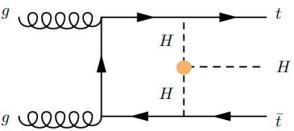
ATLAS Detector

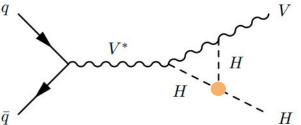


Self-Coupling from Single Higgs Production

Single Higgs also (indirectly) depends on λ_{hhh} !

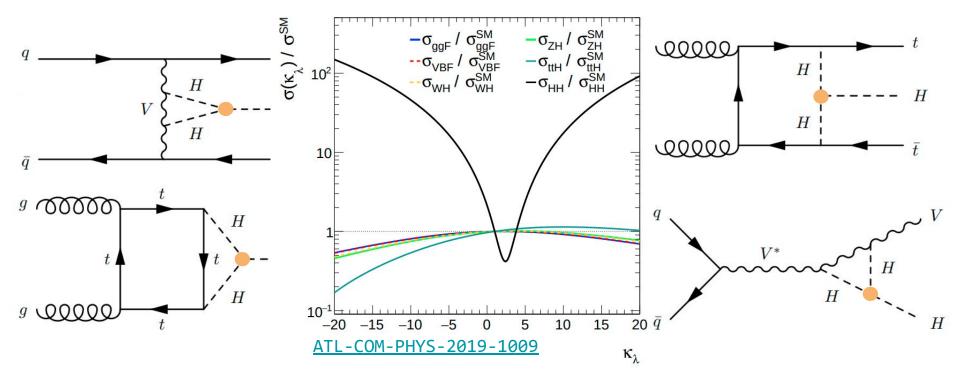






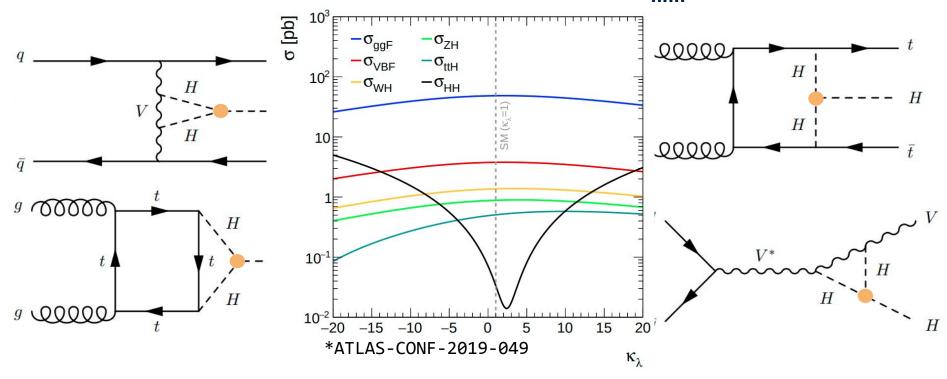
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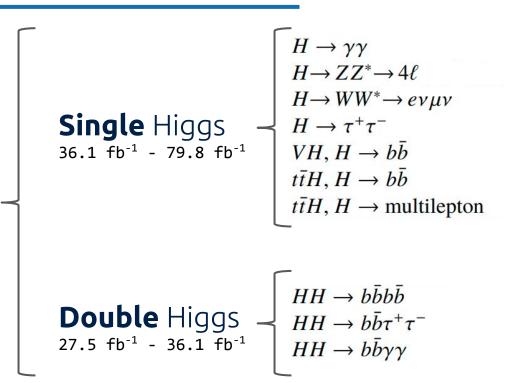
Self-Coupling from Single Higgs Production

• **Single Higgs** also (indirectly) depends on λ_{hhh} !



The Idea

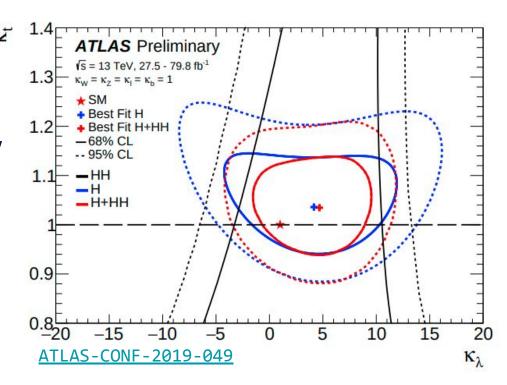
 Combine existing H and HH analyses for improved constraints



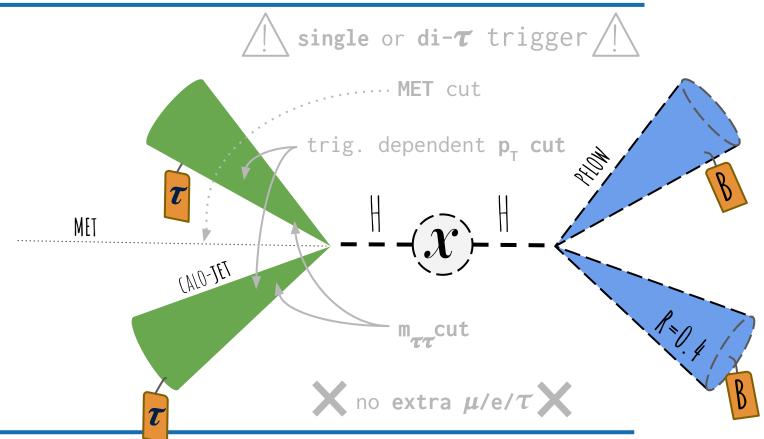
*Caveat: Overlap between H and HH analyses carefully considered

Improved Constraints!

- Constraints improved by combining H and HH
- Various results presented:
 - Varying self-coupling only
 - Vary self-coupling and coupling to top
 - Generic model (couplings to V, top, b, lep. may vary)

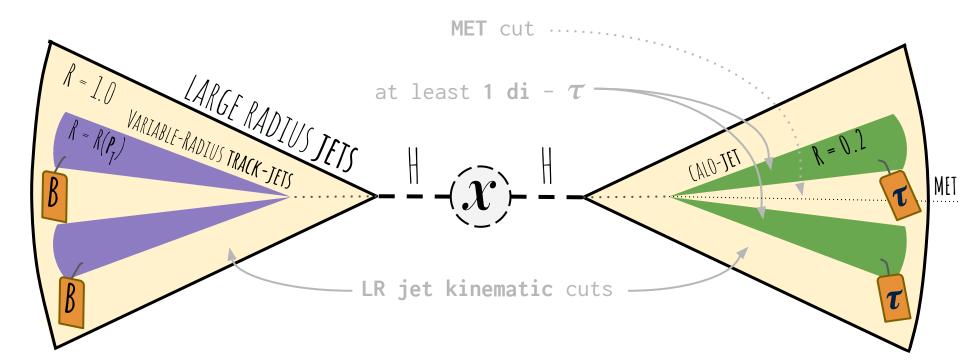


Resolved bb au au (had-had) Event Topology

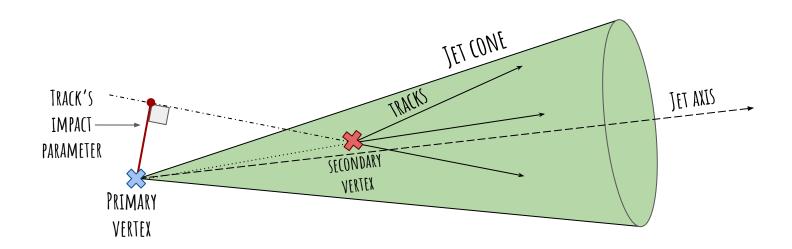


SaRbiaeque PSaceures Sáenz

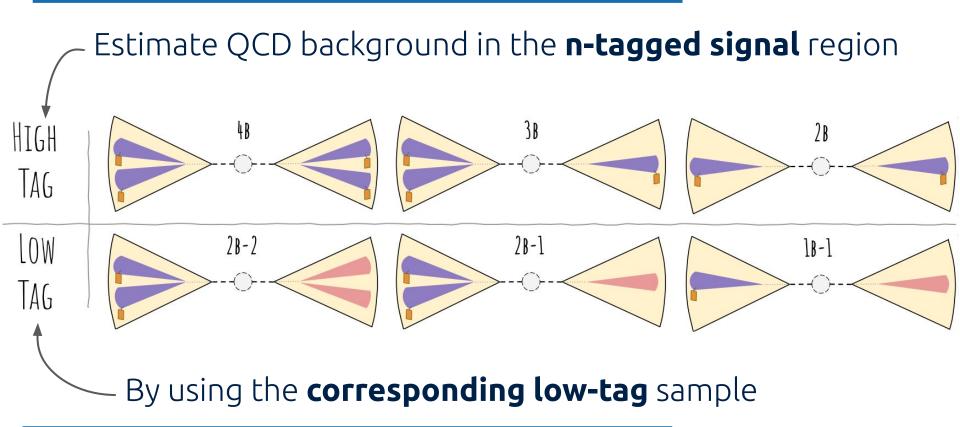




BTagging relevant variables

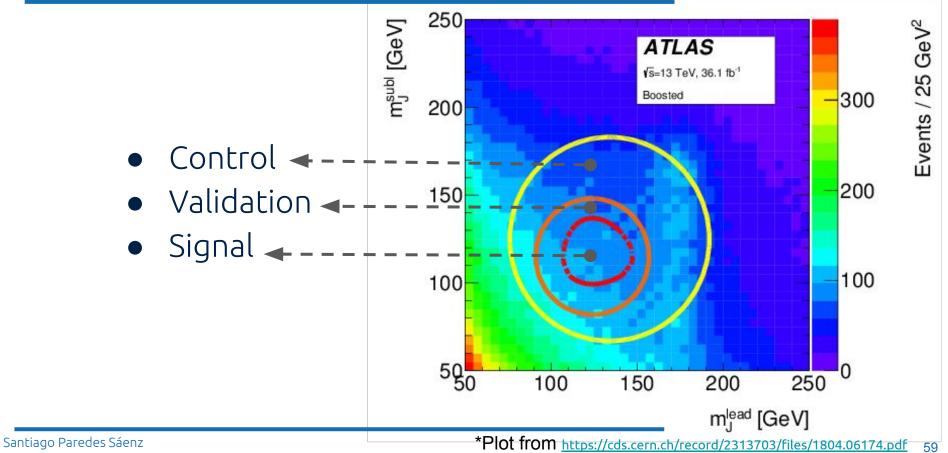


QCD Background Estimation



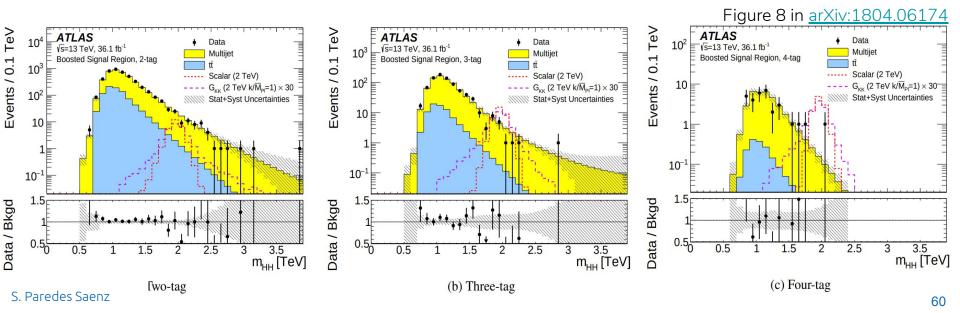
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Mass Plane Region Definition



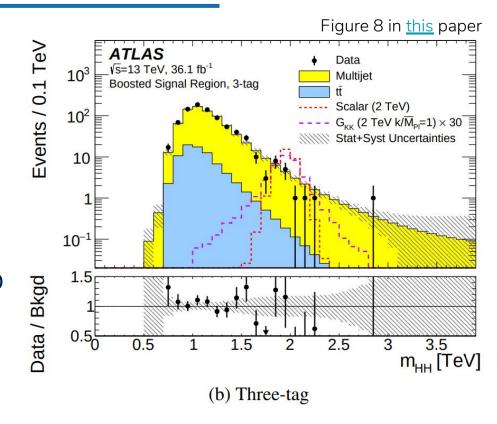
Backgrounds

- Main backgrounds: **ttbar** + **multijet**
 - Multijet is dominant
- Estimated separately for each signal region



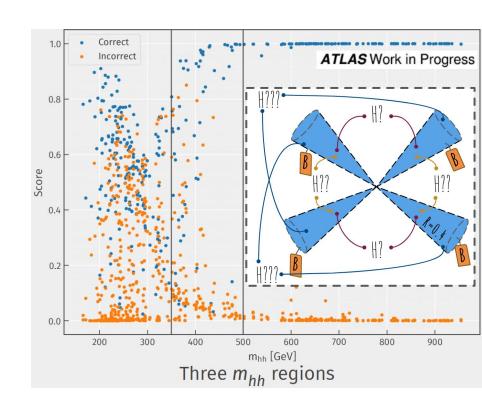
Background Estimation

- QCD multi-jet =
 - Estimated using data
 - Biggest contribution
- ttbar =
 - Shape from Monte Carlo
 - ▶ Normalized with data



Resolved hh4b analysis

- One of the main challenges is jet pairing
- Different approaches
 - Using dR between jets
 - Use a BDT to discriminate right/wrong pairs

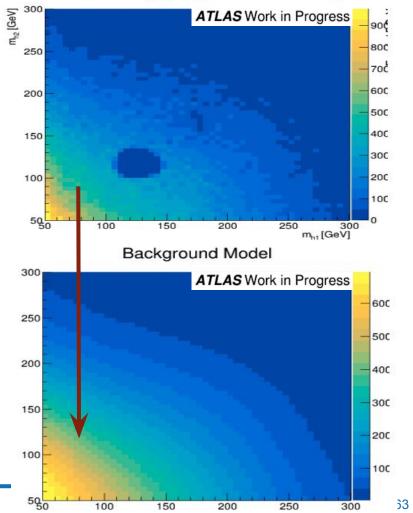


Boosted hh4b background

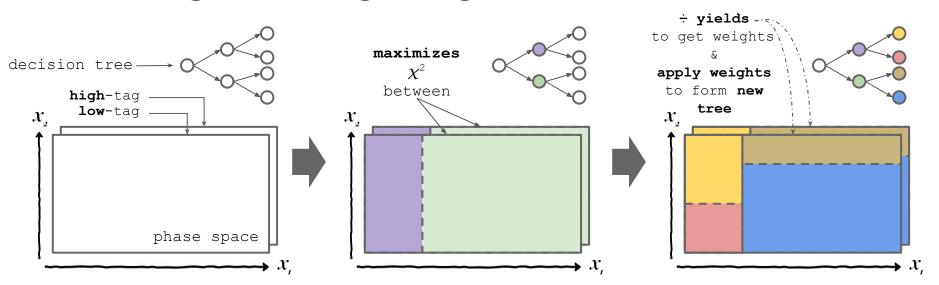
New idea:

Gaussian processes
 regression for background
 estimation + systematics



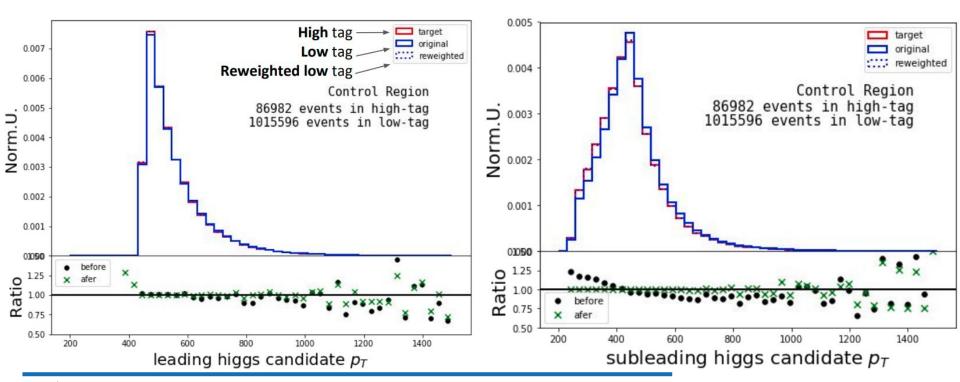


 Use a boosted decision tree to find the optimal multi-dimensional binning to re-weight low-tag to estimate the background in signal region



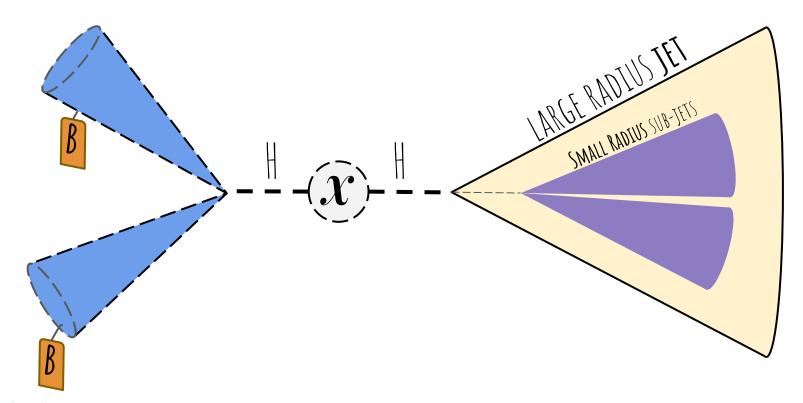
BDT re-weighting

Re-weighting variables, control region used for training



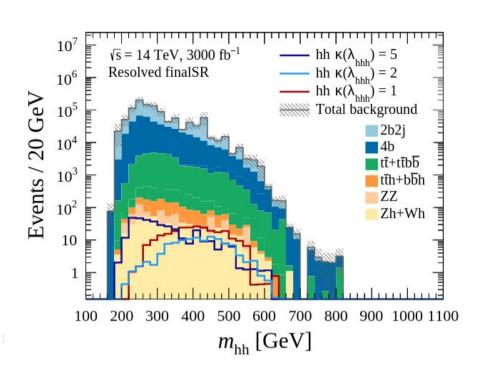
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Intermediate Signal Event Topology



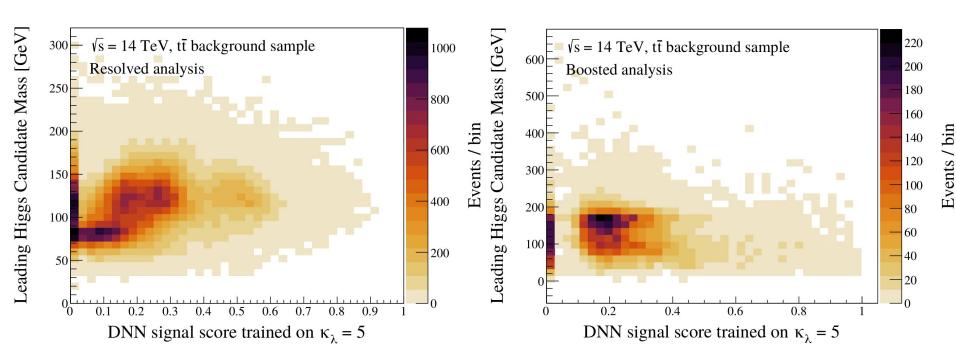
Datasets

- Generated MC samples:
 - QCD multijet
 - → 2 b-jets + 2 jets
 - **↓** ttbar
 - → ZZ, Zh, Wh + other bkg
 - hh→4b signal
 - \blacktriangleright 15 variations of κ_{λ}



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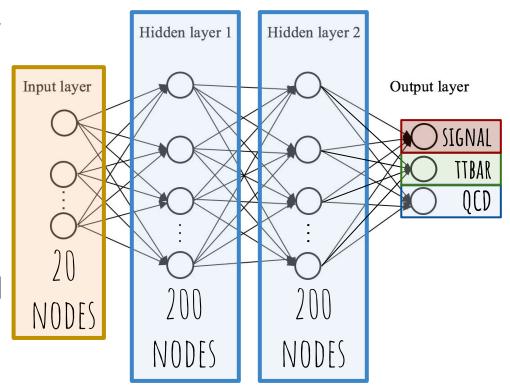
NN Validation: ttbar Sample



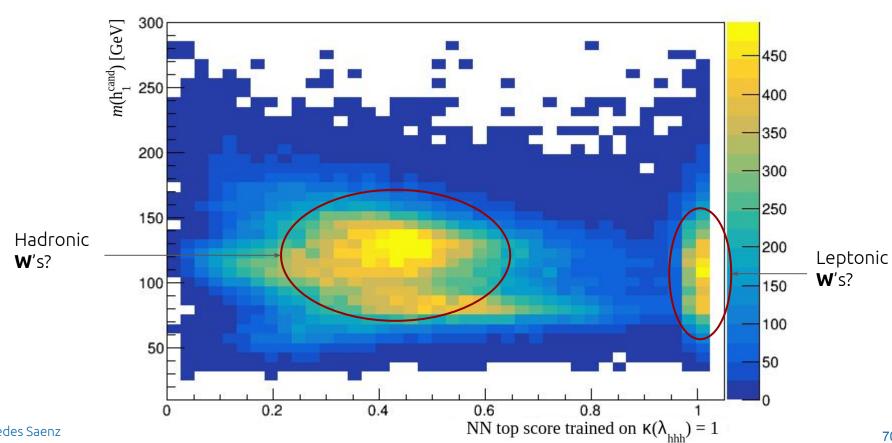
Correlation plots made to validate NN training

Neural networks and structure

- Loss
- Activations
 - → Hidden layers
 - **→ ReLU**
 - Output layer
 - softmax
- Adamax optimizer
- Learning rate, drop-out and batch size optimized using random search



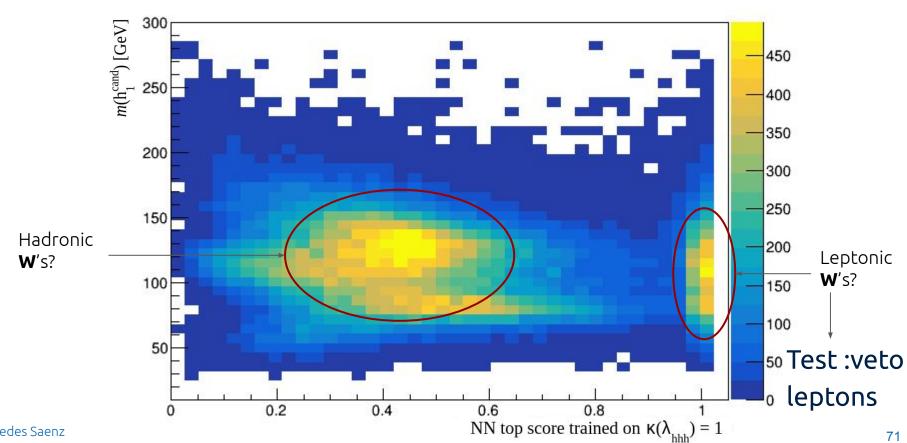
Validation: **ttbar** Sample



S. Paredes Saenz

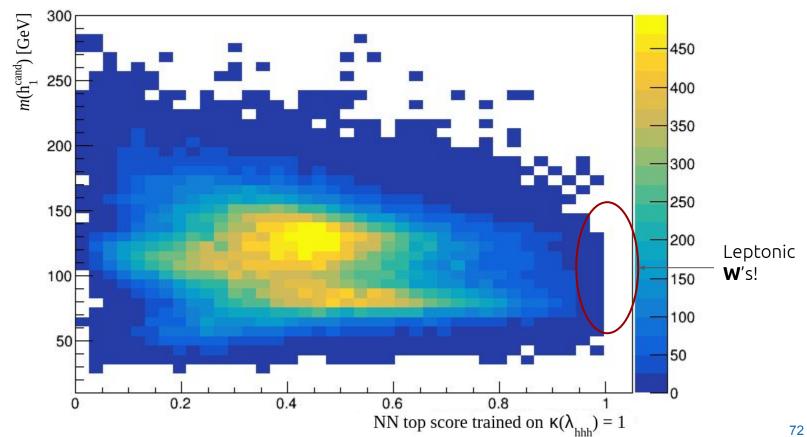
70

Validation: **ttbar** Sample



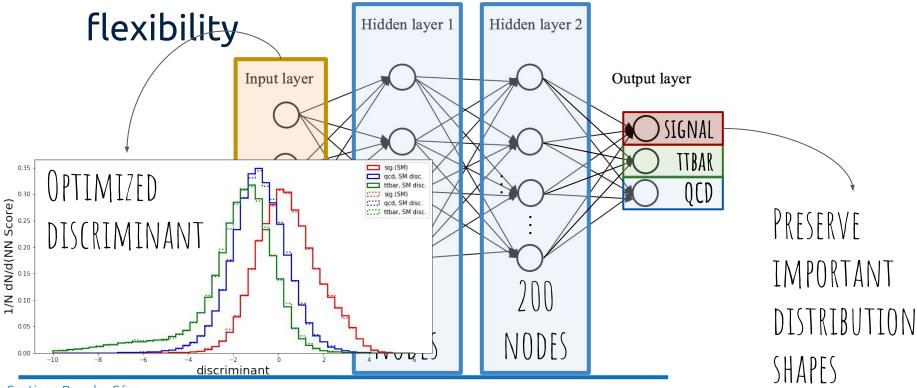
S. Paredes Saenz

Validation: **ttbar** Sample



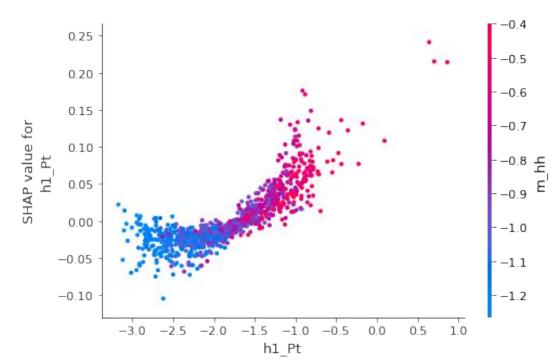
S. Paredes Saenz

This approach allows for extensions and more



Feature impact: SHAP values

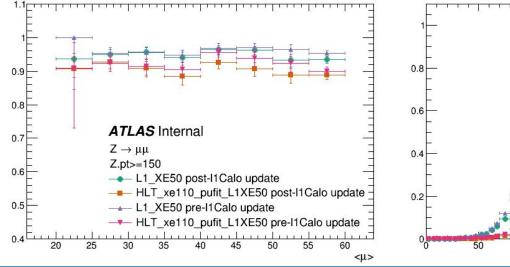
Can also study
 correlations this way

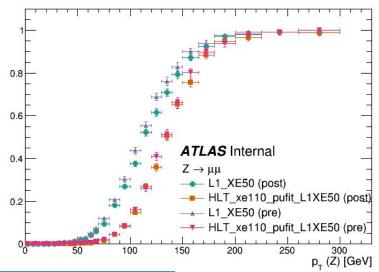


L1Calo Changes

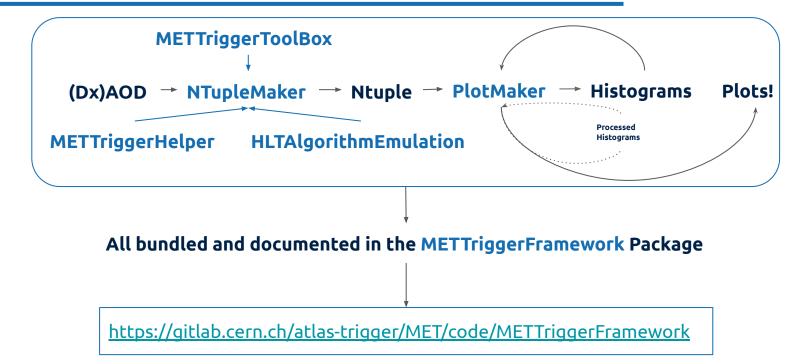
L1Calo updated its filter and noise cut coefficients, starting with run 339037

- Expect positive effect on rates
 - ▶ Needed to check the impact on MET trigger performance
- Comparing to the previous run 338987

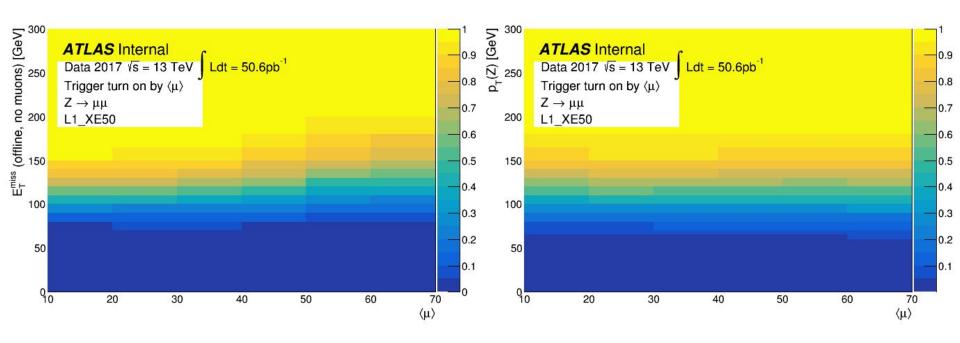




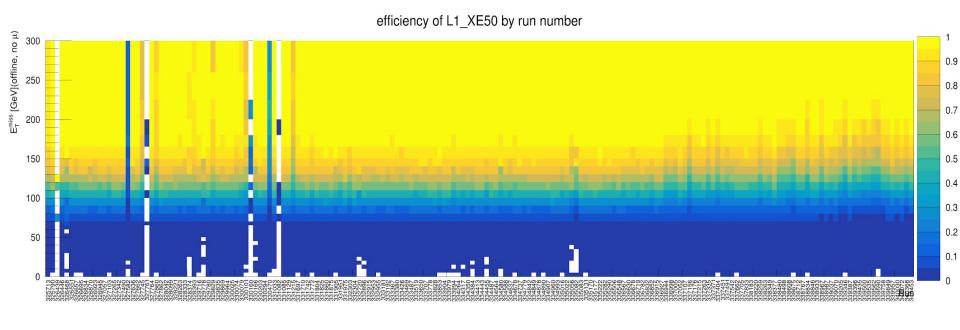
MET Trigger SW Framework Layout



Trigger turn-on by pileup



Trigger turn-on, run-by-run, $W \rightarrow \mu v$



Trigger turn-on, run-by-run, checks

