## Exploring Dendritic Plasticity: How Synaptic and Ion Channel Adaptations Enable Single Neurons to Rival Artificial Neural Network Complexity

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In the traditional view, we often see a single neuron as less computationally efficient than a multilayer artificial neural network. But is this truly the case? Our investigation delves deep into the computational efficiency of morphologically complex neurons, especially their ability to distinguish between different synaptic patterns. We posed a question: What39;s the simplest dendritic structure that can master tasks usually reserved for multilayered artificial networks? This exploration not only challenges long-held beliefs about single neuron capabilities but also bridges the gap between biological and artificial neural computation. Furthermore, building upon the foundational homeostatic models pioneered by Eve Marder, we introduced an enhanced model tailored for morphologically complex neurons. Central to our method is the fine-tuning of diverse ion channel composition throughout the whole dendritic tree, ensuring a good balance of homeostatic activity. Our findings reveal that training to recognize synaptic patterns and the homeostatic tuning of ion channels can be unified under one computational strategy. This perspective encourages a more holistic understanding of dendritic tree adaptation, encompassing both synaptic and ion channel modifications. In essence, our study offers a fresh lens through which to understand neuronal learning, merging the worlds of artificial and biological neural networks.

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