

# Testing the No-Hair & Area Theorems with LIGO

Saul Teukolsky

Cornell University & Caltech

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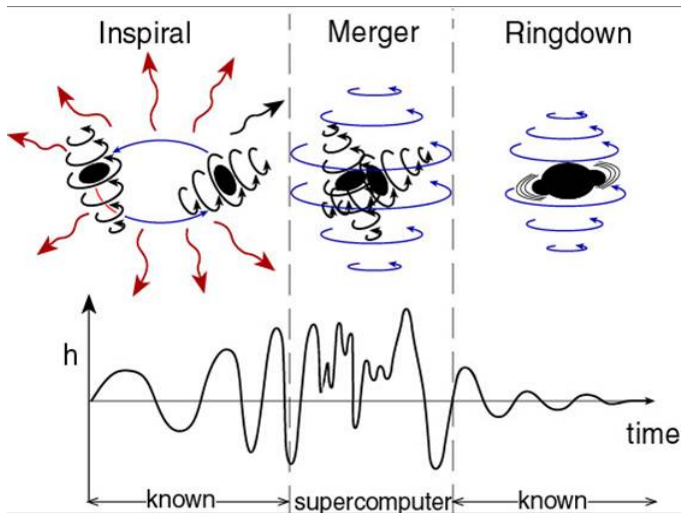


# Collaborators

- Matt Giesler (Caltech)
- Max Isi (MIT)
- Mark Scheel (Caltech)
- Will Farr (CCA/Stony Brook)

arXiv:1903.08284, 1905.00869, 2012.04486

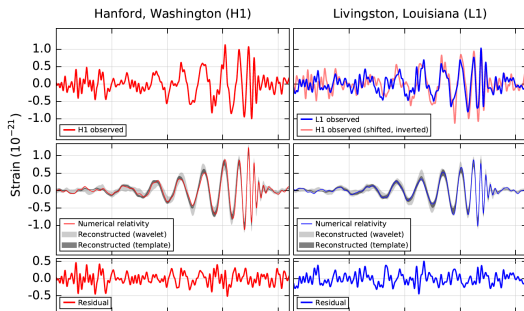
# Waves from Binary Black Holes



(Figure: Kip Thorne)

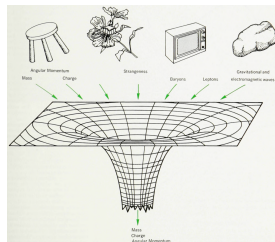
# GW150914: GR Is Pretty Good!

- No PN inspiral - all NR (or models)
- Residuals  $\sim$  noise. GR violations  $< 4\%$
- Consistency:
  - Inspiral  $\rightarrow M_1, M_2, S_1, S_2$
  - NR  $\rightarrow M_f, S_f$
  - Ringdown:  
1 QNM  $\rightarrow M_f, S_f$



# Quasi-normal modes: No Hair?

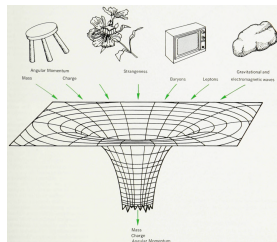
- Stationary BH described only by  $M$  and  $J$  (Kerr)
- “A black hole has no hair”
- Not necessarily true in alternative theories



(Ruffini & Wheeler 1971)

# Quasi-normal modes: No Hair?

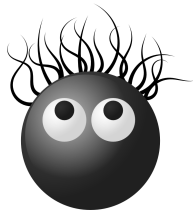
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(Ruffini & Wheeler 1971)

- Measure 2 least-damped QNMs
- Check  $M$ ,  $J$  from  $\omega$  and  $\tau$
- Low SNR: next-gen LIGO, LISA

Dreyer et al (2004)



# Kerr Perturbations

$$\Psi_4 = \int d\omega e^{-i\omega t} \sum_{lm} e^{im\phi} S_{lm}(\theta, a\omega) R_{lm}(r, \omega)$$

$$\frac{d^2 R}{dr_*^2} + [\omega^2 - V(r)] R = 0 \quad (a = 0)$$

$$\Psi_4 \sim \frac{d^2 h}{dt^2}$$

Late times:  $h \sim \sum C_{lmn} e^{-i\omega_{lmn}(t-r_*)} S_{lm}(\theta, a\omega_{lmn})$

Modes:  $h_{lm} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} C_{lmn} e^{-i\omega_{lmn}t} \quad (Y_{lm} \text{ vs. } S_{lm})$

# Overtones

Modes: 
$$h_{lm} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} C_{lmn} e^{-i\omega_{lmn}t}$$

$$\omega = \omega_r + i\omega_i = \omega_r - i/\tau$$

$$h \sim \cos(\omega_r t) e^{-(t/\tau)}$$

- $n$  = overtone index
- No-hair:  $\omega_{lmn} = \omega_{lmn}(M_f, a_f)$
- $n$  sorts by decreasing damping times
- Increasing  $n \rightarrow$  lower frequency
- overtones often ignored (“subdominant”)



# Ringdown Waveform Modeling

- Buoannano, Cook, Pretorius (2007): equal mass BBH
  - (2,2,0) + 3 overtones good even before peak of  $\Psi_4$ 
    - $t(\Psi_{4,\text{peak}}) \sim t(h_{\text{peak}}) + 10M$

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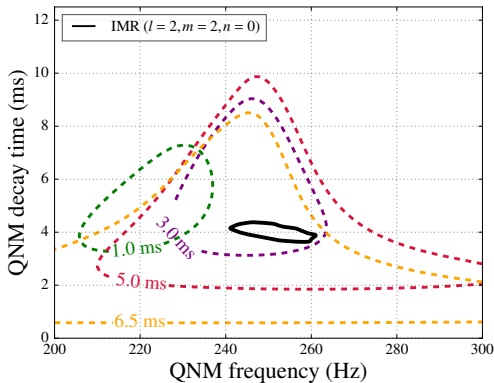
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- EOB ringdown modeled with QNMs including overtones
- Matching to inspiral-merger: sometimes pseudo-QNMs
- Community: QNMs good for modeling, but  $h$  still non-linear at  $t_{\text{peak}}$

# Observing the Ringdown

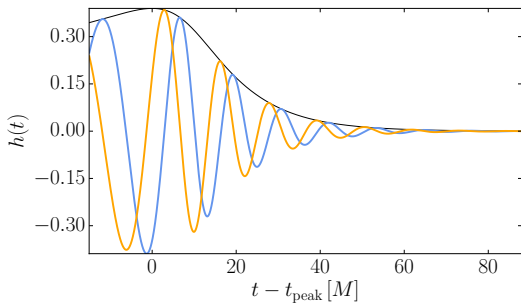


LVC 1602.03841

- IMR: NR  $\rightarrow (M_f, \chi_f) \rightarrow \omega_{220}$
- Single damped sinusoid model
- Sensitive to start time
- Discrepancy: non-linearities?
- When does ringdown start?

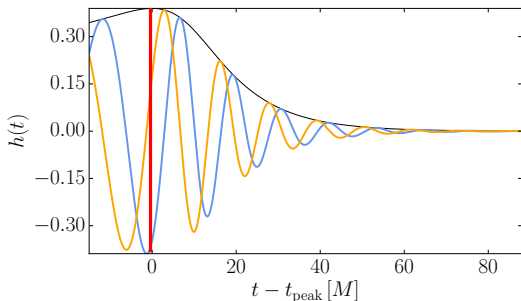
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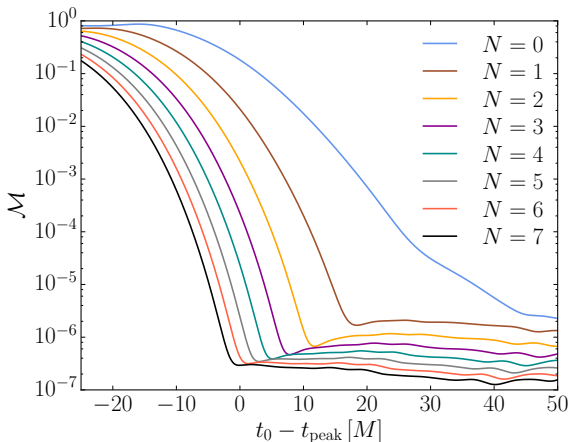
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At  $t_{\text{peak}}$  (or even before) by including overtones!

$$h_{22} = \sum_{n=0}^N C_{22n} e^{-i\omega_{22n}(t-t_0)}$$

Least-squares  $\rightarrow C_{22n}, (M_f^{\text{NR}}, a_f^{\text{NR}}) \rightarrow \omega_{22n}$



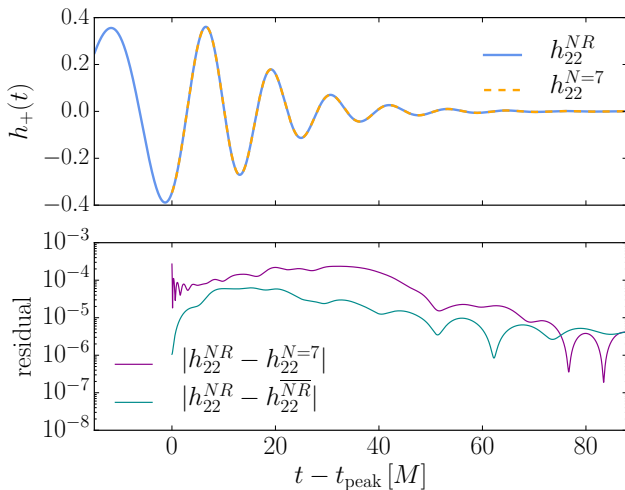
$$\mathcal{M} = 1 - \frac{\langle h_{22}^{\text{NR}}, h_{22}^N \rangle}{\sqrt{\langle h_{22}^{\text{NR}}, h_{22}^{\text{NR}} \rangle \langle h_{22}^N, h_{22}^N \rangle}}$$

$$\langle x(t), y(t) \rangle = \int_{t_0}^T x(t) \overline{y(t)} dt$$



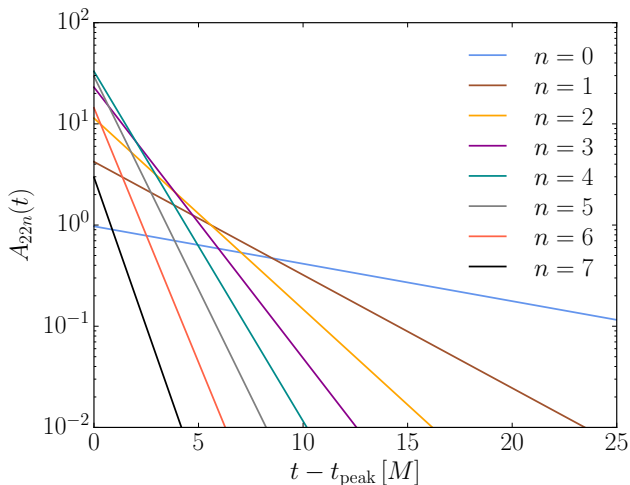
# Non-Linearities are Small!

Overtone  $\rightarrow$  linear description



$h_{22}^{NR} = \text{SXS:BBH:0305}$

# Overtone Decomposition



- Fundamental not dominant until  $\sim 10M$  (GW150914:  $\sim 3$  ms)
- Early part dominated by overtones, not non-linearities!

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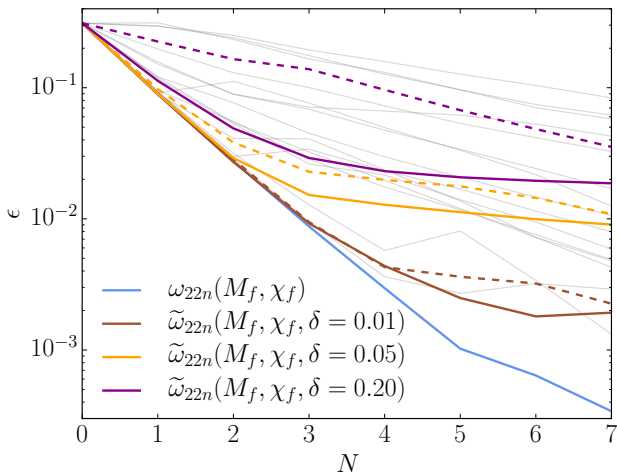
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  - Observationally irrelevant (arXiv:2205.08547)
- Math is an experimental science!

Consider *small* deviations from true  $(\omega, \tau)$ :

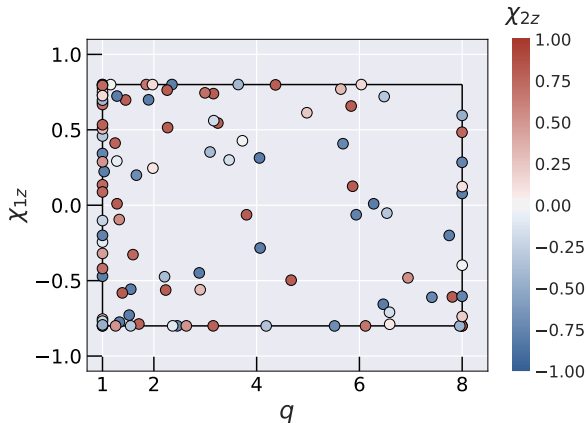
$$\tilde{\omega}_{22n}(M_f, \chi_f) = \tilde{\omega}_{22n}(M_f, \chi_f)(1 + \delta), \quad n > 0$$



$$\epsilon^2 = (\delta M_f / M_f)^2 + (\delta \chi_f / \chi_f)^2$$

# Robustness

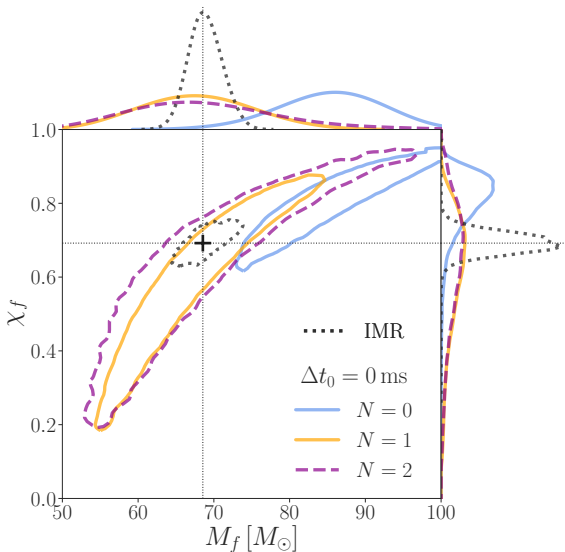
Tested on 80 waveforms:



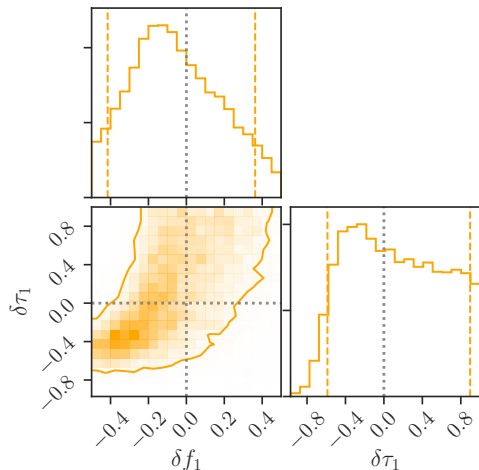
Recovered  $(M, \chi)$ : median  $\epsilon \sim 10^{-3}$

# Real Data: GW150914

Mass and spin with QNMs at  $t = t_{\text{peak}}$ :

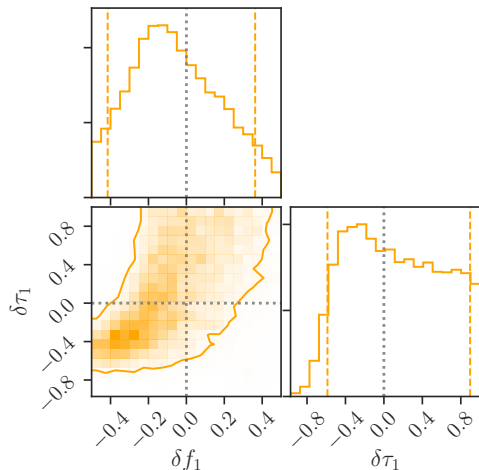


# Testing the No-Hair Theorem with GW150914



- $f_{221}(M_f, \chi_f)(1 + \delta f_1)$   
 $\tau_{221}(M_f, \chi_f)(1 + \delta\tau_1)$
- $\delta f_1 = 0$  to 20%  
( $\delta\tau_1$  to 100%)
- Bayes factor for no-hair vs. floating  $(f, \tau) = 1.75$
- SNR  $\approx 24$   
 $\approx 14$  in ringdown  
 $\approx 8$  in LSC analysis

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# The Area Theorem

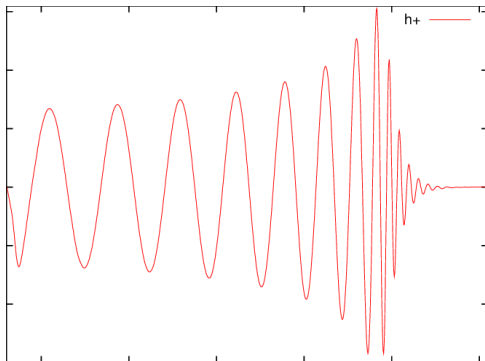
- Total horizon area of BHs cannot decrease

$$A = 8\pi M^2(1 + \sqrt{1 - \chi^2}), \quad \chi = J/M^2$$

- Get  $M$ 's and  $\chi$ 's for initial and final BHs:  
Split  $h$  at  $t_{\text{peak}}$   
Analyze inspiral and ringdown *separately*
- Premerger: Use NRSur7dq4 templates (PN as  $t \rightarrow -\infty$ )  
Postmerger: Fit overtone model

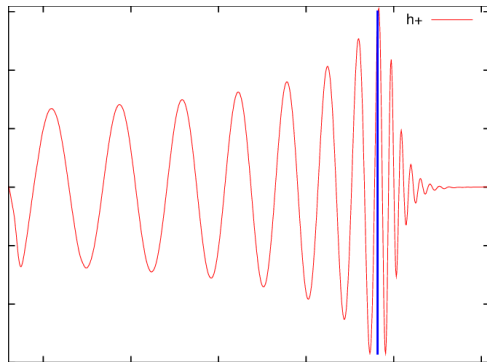


# Trickiness



- P.E.: Match computed in freq space
- Gibbs  $\rightarrow$  taper in  $t$ , then use  $f \rightarrow$  mixing or loss of SN
- Compute in  $t$ -domain!
  - Covariance = Toeplitz matrix,  $\mathcal{O}(N^2)$  inversion

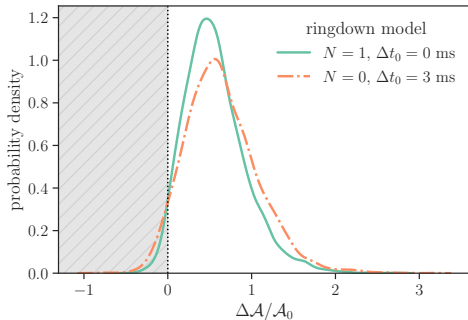
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# Results for GW150914

- Exclude  $\Delta A < 0$  with
  - 97% prob ( $N = 1$ )
  - 95% prob ( $N = 0$ )
- Area th OK to  $\gtrsim 2\sigma$



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- Similarly, first test of area theorem